



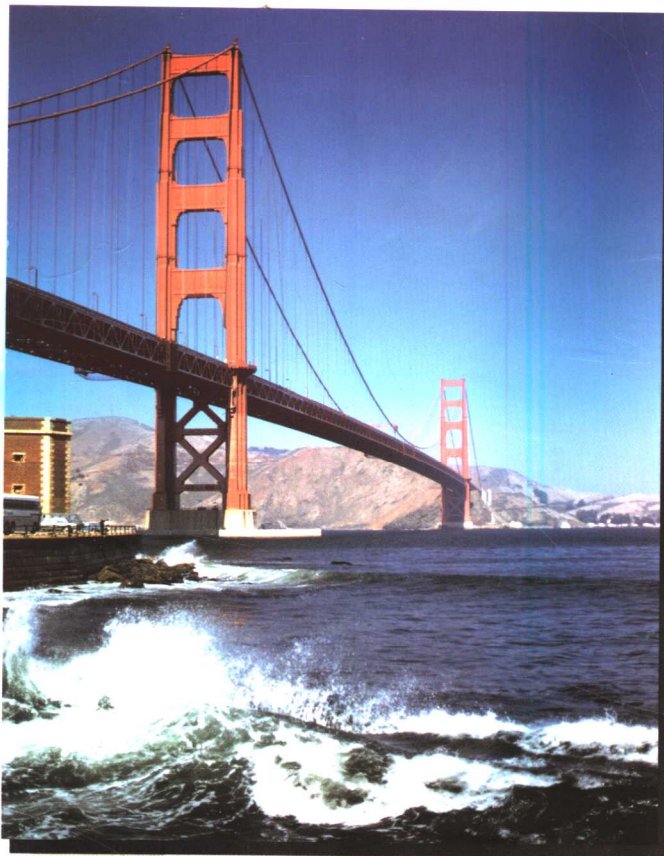
高等学校大学英语教材配套辅导丛书

COLLEGE ENGLISH

# 学习指南

丛书主编 张 建 廖亦斌

本书主编 付天军 郭卫玲 刘 俏



知藏出版社

全新版

new

# 大学英语

综合教程

# 2

# 全新版大学英语(综合教程)学习指南

(第二册)

丛书主编: 张建 廖亦斌

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## 前 言

《全新版大学英语(综合教程)学习指南》是根据教育部大学英语改革思路,结合全新版《大学英语综合教程》教与学的需要而编著的一套教材学习辅导丛书(1-4级共四册)。此书体例新颖,结构合理,条理清晰,十分有助于学生课外预习和复习。每册书有八个单元,每单元又分Text A和Text B。其中,Text A(主课文)为每课的重点讲习内容,分三大部分:课文讲解(单词、短语、难句)、课后练习答案及课文参考译文。课文讲解部分行文精炼,例句充实,且有译文;同时强调知识的串联与贯通,多数知识点都引伸出常用搭配或习惯搭配以及同义词、反义词、辨析等内容条目,对知识点进行明晰讲解。Text B(副课文)也配有详细的练习参考答案及解析。

本书有三大显著特点:

**一重例句,举一反三。**课文讲解从生词、短语和难句着手,每个知识点根据其难易程度给出适当的例句。这样,一方面为细碎、孤立的知识点提供了使用的语境,一方面又便于学生举一反三,最终达到以例句为载体,领会、掌握要点的目的。

**二重理解性翻译。**本书针对中国人学习英语的难点对课文的练习和例句都安排了相关的翻译。例如,对于课文讲解中给出的每个例句,我们都配上了相应的翻译(英译汉);主课文课后习题中的每道题,也以句子为单位给出了汉语译文。这样大大方便了学习者自学,同时,也让他们更深刻、更准确到位地掌握知识要点。此外,翻译专项练习(汉译英)译文纯熟精炼,可为学习者参照使用。在这种以例句和翻译为载体的对比学习中,学习者通过遣词造句、对比汉英两种语言的差异打下扎实的英语基本功,提高学习英语的能力。这也是本书区别于其它同类书籍的显著特点,也是其创新点。同时,该书还借鉴英语专业的paraphrase训练,对课文中重、难点句型进行了解释。一方面便于学习者准确理解句子的意思,另一方面也是有意识地培养学生用英语思维的能力。这是本书的第二个创新点。

**三重技能培养。**为帮助学生掌握英语的各种技能,每册书的最后一个单元专门讲授了英语不同技能的学习方法,做题技巧并提供适当的练习资料,这有助于学生系统掌握各种技能和其学习策略并在实践中增长学识,提高学习成绩。这是本书的第三个创新点。

此书的编写既有系统性,又有针对性;既有知识性,又有时间性。它重在解决大学英语学习过程中的实际问题,切合实用,因此既可用作教学参考书,又可供学生自学使用。尽管该书的编者大多为长期从事大学英语教学的资深教师,但因时间仓促,难免有疏漏之处。敬请其他同仁多提宝贵意见,使之逐渐完善,能更好地为教学服务。

编者

2005年7月

于石家庄经济学院外语国学院

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# ***Unit 1***

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## ***Ways of Learning***

*Text A      Learning , Chinese – style*

*Text B      Children and Money*



## Text A

### Learning, Chinese - style

#### Part One Vocabulary, phrases and difficult sentences 词汇、短语和难句

1. **attach** *vt.* (1)fasten or join (one thing to another) 贴, 系上, 附上

【例句】We'd better attach labels to these pots before we put them in place.

我们最好先把这些罐子贴上标签, 再将它们放好。

(2)attach sth. to sth., consider to have; connect with 认为有; 使与...相关联

【例句】When it comes to education of the children, Prof. Li attaches great importance to games and recreations. 说起儿童教育, 李教授认为游戏和娱乐非常重要。

(3)be attached to, be bound to by love or affection 依恋; 为情感等所束缚

【例句】He is foolishly attached to old customs. 他愚昧地执著于旧习俗。

【辨析】attach, fasten, connect, associate

attach 与 fasten 都有“系在一起”的意思。attach 强调贴、附着, 使紧密结合, 也有“使与...有关系”之意, 此时更强调人主观上认为事物之间有关联。fasten 则强调捆在一起, 系住以使牢固; connect 意为连接, 侧重于物和人事关系等的连结, 或在思想中使不同的事物和人联系起来; associate 意为联合, 结伙, 结交, 侧重与...常在一起。

2. **not in the least**: not at all 一点也不

【例句】I don't like that. Not in the least. 我不喜欢那样, 一点都不喜欢。

The idea of going abroad for further study does not in the least appeal to him.

到国外留学深造的想法一点也吸引不了他。

3. **find one's way**: get somewhere by choosing the right way to go; arrive at 到达; 进入; 流入

【例句】He was an expert at finding his way, even in strange surroundings.

他很擅长辨认路向, 即使在陌生的环境里。

After a while I pulled myself to my feet and found my way to the street.

过了一会儿, 我起身来到街上。

【常用搭配】lose one's way 迷路; wind one's way 蜿蜒前进, 迂回地走; force / push one's way

挤着往前走; make one's way (努力) 往前走; make one's way in life 发迹, 成功。

5. **phenomenon** *n.* (*pl* phenomena) sth. that is observed to happen or exist 现象

【例句】There were no scientific explanations of this natural phenomenon at that time.

那时,还没有对这一自然现象的科学解释。

This is not a particularly new phenomenon. 这并非一种新现象。

6. **Any Chinese staff member** nearby would come over to watch Benjamin and, noting his lack of initial success, attempt to assist; Any Chinese staff member standing nearby would go up to watch Benjamin. If he or she found he failed in his first try, he or she would offer to help. (汉语见译文)

**initial** *adj.* of or at the beginning 最初的, 开始的

【例句】The initial talks were the base of the later compromise.

起初的会谈是后来达成妥协的基础。

The aim of this initial meeting is to clarify the issues.

这次预先的会议, 目的在于划清引起讨论的问题。

**assist** *v.* help 帮助

【例句】My husband offered to assist me with the housework, which pleased me a lot.

丈夫主动提出帮我做家务, 让我非常高兴。

**come over** 走过来, 走上前

【例句】He came over and handed in his term paper. 他走上前来, 把学期论文交了。

**lack of** 缺乏, 缺少

【例句】The drought is due to the lack of rain for four months on end.

这场旱灾归因于连续四个月干旱少雨(的天气)。

7. **hold onto (on)**: keep one's hand on or around something 握住, 拿住

【例句】He struggled to hold onto a branch of the tree and thus survived.

他拼命抓住树枝, 逃过了一劫。

Grandpa held onto a teacup while looking into the magazine.

祖父手握茶杯, 浏览着杂志。

【常用搭配】**hold back**: keep back 阻止; 抑制(情绪、情感等); **hold in** 抑制; **hold off**: put off 延期, 拖延

【例句】Whoever attempts to hold back the wheel of history will inevitably fail.

任何试图阻止历史车轮前进的人都要失败。

He held back his tears (anger/laughter, etc.). 他忍住了自己的眼泪/怒火/抑制住笑声。

The committee will hold off making a decision until next Tuesday.

委员会将推迟到下星期二才做出决定。

8. **insert** *v.* put, place, fit (in, into, between); put something inside 插入, 嵌入

【例句】He took the key from his pocket and inserted it into the lock.

他从口袋里拿出钥匙, 插入锁里。

They inserted an additional paragraph in the revised edition of this book.

他们在这本书的修订版里加插了一个段落。

【辨析】insert, implant, enter

三者字面意思相近。insert 插入,意为用一物嵌入另一物之中,强调嵌的动作;implant 指注入思想、感情等,或灌输以观念、主观认识性的东西;enter 意为“进来,入内”,强调调动作本身。

9. The “teacher” would then smile somewhat expectantly at Ellen or me, as if awaiting a thank you: The Chinese staff member would then smile at Ellen and me, with some expectations of gratitude from us. (汉语见译文)

as if / as though 引导表示状态的从句,从句内用过去时态(一般过去、过去完成或过去进行);如果主从句主语一致,时态也一致,则从句中可以省略主语和谓语动词(用非谓语动词即可)。as if 后也可接带 to 的不定式,如: Lucy opened her mouth as if to say something. 路茜张开嘴好像要说什么。

somewhat adv. rather; in some degree 颇为;稍稍;有几分

【例句】He felt somewhat disappointed / surprised. 他略感失望 / 吃惊。

Somewhat to my surprise, she managed to keep her figure.

让我颇为吃惊的是,她保持住了自己的(好)身材。

await vt. (fml) wait for 等候,等待

【例句】I have been awaiting the answer ever since I sent my application form.

自从我寄出申请表后,一直在等待结果。

10. on occasion: sometimes(not very often); now and then 有时;间或;偶而

【例句】He translated not only from French but also, on occasion, from German.

他不仅翻译法语,偶尔也翻译德语。

Father treated us seriously and, on occasion, entertained us with tricks.

父亲对我们很严肃,偶尔,也会变戏法逗我们开心。

occasion n. a particular time when something happens 时机,场合,时刻

【例句】Mr. Li seemed to be very excited on the occasion of his daughter's wedding.

在女儿的婚礼上,李先生显得很激动。

I've met her on several occasions. 我已见过她几次了。

11. neglect vt. give too little care or attention to 忽视,疏忽

【例句】Mr. Green had given too much to his career and neglected his son.

格林先生在职业上太投入了,忽视了孩子。

The general manager was accused of neglecting his duties. 总经理被指控玩忽职守。

【辨析】neglect, ignore, disregard, overlook

四个词都可理解为“忽视”,但侧重点不同。neglect 强调因不够认真而疏忽、遗漏(往

往造成某种后果); ignore 意为不理、不顾, 强调主观上忽视, 不拿...当回事儿; disregard 则强调不注意, 漠视, 没有给与应有的尊重; overlook 本意为(从高处)俯视, 俯瞰, 也可引申为忽略, 没有注意到细微处。

12. **relevant** *adj.* directly connected with the subject 有关的, 相关的

【例句】To finish my term - paper, I've borrowed all the relevant reference books.

为完成学期论文, 我借了所有相关的参考书。

The witnesses are supposed to supply facts relevant to the case.

目击者应该提供与该案件相关的事实。

13. **investigate** *v.* look into; try to find out information about 调查, 审查; 探究

【例句】Police are still investigating how the accident happened.

警方仍在调查事故是如何发生的。

The local government promised to investigate the cause of an explosion.

当地政府承诺调查一起爆炸事故的起因。

【辨析】investigate, examine, explore, inspect

investigate 指通过调研、调查了解真实情况, examine 则指通过考试、询问等手段来检查, 检验; inspect 强调官方的检查、视察, 检阅, 比较正式; explore 意为探索, 可以指探测, 踏勘某个领域, 也可以指仔细探查、探究(事物的可能性等)。

14. ...and to throw light on Chinese attitudes toward creativity: ... and to make Chinese attitudes toward creativity easier to understand. (汉语见译文)

throw/cast/shed light on: make clear (or easy to understand); make sth. known to people 阐明某事, 使某事非常清楚

【例句】This newspaper article has thrown light on the situation there.

这篇报纸文章使人们进一步了解了那里的形势。

Their investigation has shed light on the cause of this explosion.

他们的调查报告使人们了解了爆炸事故的起因。

15. **exception** *n.* a particular thing, person, or situation that is not included in a general statement or rule 例外

【例句】Is there any exception to this grammatical rule? 这条语法规则有例外吗?

The majority of aged people dislike popular music, but there are exceptions.

大多数老年人不喜欢流行音乐, 但也有例外。

16. **He may well get frustrated and angry:** He is very likely to get depressed and angry.

may well (not) do: be very likely(not) to do 很可能(不)...

【例句】He may well arrange for the secretary to sign the contract.

他很可能安排秘书去签署合同。

John may well not pass the examination. 约翰很可能考不及格。

【辨析】may well do 很可能; may / might as well 也可以; 不妨

【例句】It may well rain today. 今天很有可能下雨。

We may as well walk there now that it is such a fine day.

既然天气这么好, 我们不妨一路走过去。

17. **accomplish** *v.* manage to do...; succeed in doing... 完成(某事); 做成

【例句】If you fool around like this all day long, you will accomplish nothing.

如果整天这样游手好闲, 你将一事无成。

We can accomplish our goal if we strive hard together.

如果我们共同努力, 我们就能达到目标。

【辨析】**accomplished** *adj.* 熟练的; 技巧的; 精于...的; **accomplishment** *n.* 完成(之事); 成绩; 成就; 教养; 技艺

**accomplish**, **fulfil** (**fulfill**), **achieve**, **complete**

**accomplish** 攻克, 做成, 含有达到某种效果之意; **fulfill** 指实现或完成需要做或想做的事, 强调实践、履行(工作, 任务等); **achieve** 则指获取成绩、有一番成就, 如愿以偿。

**accomplish** 与 **complete** 都有完成之意, 但前者指成功地完成某事, 强调达到某种效果, 后者则较为具体, 表示经过进一步努力把未完成的工作做完。

18. **in due course**: at the proper time; eventually 在适当时机; 最终

【例句】Be patient. Your article will be published in due course.

别着急。你的文章在时机成熟时就会出版。

The manager suggests that a committee be elected in due course.

经理建议, 在适当时机选举一个委员会。

【常用搭配】**in course of** 在...过程中; **in the course of** 在...期间; **in the course of nature / events / things** 照正常情形; 依自然发展的常理; **in course of time** 终于; 总有一天; **run / take its course** 听其自然发展; (**as**) **a matter of fact** 当然之事; **a matter of course** 当然

19. **He was having a good time and was exploring two activities that did matter to us: He was enjoying himself and learning in his own way. That was what really counts. / That was the most important thing to us.** (汉语见译文)

**matter** *vi.* be important, be of importance 有关系; 要紧, 重要

【例句】Money seems to be the only thing that matters to them.

钱对他们来说好像是唯一重要的事。

My parents usually see eye to eye on the things that really matter.

对于真正要紧的事儿, 我父母总是看法一致。

20. **critical** *adj.* very important (serious or dangerous); of or at a crisis 紧要关头的,危机期中的

【例句】His confidence deserted him at the most critical moment. 紧要关头,他没了自信。

The patient's condition is critical, but these doctors will try to pull him through.

病人情况危急,但医生们会努力使他度过危机。

21. **principal** (1) *adj.* (*fml*) main; first in order of importance 主要的,首要的

【例句】Their principal concern is bound to be that of winning the next general election.

他们首要关注的,一定是赢得下次大选。

All problems will be readily solved once the principal contradiction is grasped.

一旦抓住主要矛盾,所有问题就会迎刃而解。

(2) *n.* a person in charge of the school or college 校长

【例句】Mr. Green was promoted from dean to principal.

格林先生从教务主任被提升为校长。

【辨析】principal, primary, main, chief, essential

principal 主要的,指按重要性排第一位的,强调首要;primary 较为正式,指第一的,主要的,基本的,强调在时间、次序或发展上领先;main 与 chief 都仅用作定语,且无比较级或最高级,main 强调在几个或多个相似事物里为主要的、最重要的;chief 则强调(职位等)主要的,级别或等级最高的;essential 基本的,强调因为必要、不可缺少而最重要。

22. **make up for**: repay with sth. good; make the situation better 补偿,弥补

【例句】Let's speed up to make up for the lost time.

让我们加快速度,补回失去的时间,好吗?

How can the factory make up to the villagers for what they have suffered now that the river is no longer drinkable because of the pollution?

由于污染,这里的河水不能再饮用了。工厂如何能补偿村民所遭受的损害呢?

23. **figure out**: calculate; think about until one understands 演算出;想出;理解

【例句】I can't figure her out. She puzzles me. 我不了解她,她让我很迷惑。

It didn't take long before he figured out that problem. 很快,他就算出了那道题。

**figure** *v.* 想象;*n.* 数字;图形,图表;身材,体态;人物(的性格或影响力)

【例句】The government figures predicts that one out of four marriages will end in divorce.

政府的(统计)数字预测,每四个婚姻就有一个以离婚结束。

I could only see his figure in the darkness. 黑暗中,我只能看到他的身影。

You know, he is a political figure. That is his way of doing things.

别忘了,他是个政治人物。那是他做事的方式。

24. **on one's own**: without any help from other people; alone 独立地;独自

【例句】Don't worry. He can manage it on his own. 别担心,他能独立应付。

She was too young to be left at home on her own for hours.

她年龄太小,不能把她独自留在家里呆几个小时。

25. **in retrospect**: upon reflection; on evaluating the past 回顾

【例句】It was a very strange feeling in retrospect—I was frightened, but excited at the same time. 回想起来,那是一种很奇怪的感觉:我很害怕,但同时也很激动。

In retrospect, she should have chosen telecommunication as her major.

回想起来,她本该选择电信为专业的。

26. **In the best Chinese tradition, they were ba zhe shou jiao** ——“teaching by his hand”——so much so that he would happily come back for more: “Teaching by holding his hand” was very popular in traditional Chinese teaching method. Benjamin himself would happily accept it and ask for more. (汉语见译文)

**so much so that**: to such a degree that... 如此……以至

【例句】These boys are spoiled so much so that they are not considerate in the least.

这些男孩子被溺爱到了一点也不为他人着想的地步。

In America, children were treated as separate individuals, so much so that those who remain dependent on their parents are thought to be immature. 在美国,孩子们被看作是独立的个体,以至于那些仍然依赖父母的孩子被认为是不成熟的。

27. **continual** *adj.* happening again and again; repeated 一再重复的;不断的

【例句】They felt continual pressure to perform well.

他们一再(不断)感到要做好的压力。

People in the whole neighborhood were made sleepless by the dog's continual barking.

不断的狗叫声使得整个街坊的人无法入睡。

【辨析】continual, continuous

两者都表示“连续的”,区别为:continual 意为“时有间断之连续的”,强调有间断的行为动作一再发生、重复,因而“频繁的”;continuous 则表示“不间断的,连续的”,侧重于某一行为动作不停地进行。

【例句】We were not happy with those continual interruptions.

我们对那些不断的打扰很生气。

My work has been delayed by his continual visit.

我的工作被他频繁的拜访给耽搁了。

The residents there reported that they heard continuous gunfire.

那里的居民报告说他们听到枪声响个不停。

28. **apply** *v.*

【常用搭配】**apply (to sb.) (for sth.) / apply to do**: ask for (正式)请求; 申请;

**apply (to sb./sth.)**: have an effect(使)与...有关系; 适用

【例句】Have you ever applied to the Consul for a visa? 你向领事申请签证了吗?

This rule cannot be applied in every case, however.

然而,这条规则并不适用于所有情形。

What I've mentioned does not apply to her. 我所提到的跟她没有关系。

**applied adj.** 实用的; **appliance n.** 器具; 工具; 器械; **applicable adj.** 适用的; 合适的;

**applicant n.** 申请人; (尤)求职者; **application n.** 申请(书); 应用; 运用

29. **work on / at**: pursue; try to improve or achieve 从事, 钻研

【例句】John sets aside three hours a day to work on his new invention.

约翰每天抽出三个小时来钻研他的新发明。

【常用搭配】**work out**: 制定出; 解决; 找到答案; 通过工作或努力完成

【例句】They have to work out a new plan for their summer vacation because of the continual rain.

由于雨一直不断,他们不得不为暑假制定出新的计划。

It was incredible that little Bill worked out the equations on his own.

小比尔自己解出了方程式,真令人难以相信。

It worked out that the new strategy was a failure. 结果,新战略失败了。

30. **priority n.** (1)sth. that must be done or dealt with before everything else 优先考虑的事

【例句】The government's priority is to build more power plants.

多建发电厂是政府优先考虑的事。

(2)sth. that holds a high place among competing claims 重点

【常用搭配】**give priority to**: treat...as more important than anything or anyone else

对...优先考虑; 把...列为重点

【例句】The proposal deserves support as it gives priority to the needs of children.

这项计划值得支持,因为它优先考虑孩子们的需要。

**prior adj.** (be prior to) 较早的; 顺序在先的; 更重要的

【辨析】**prior, earlier, former, previous, preceding**

**prior** 指顺序排在前面的,含“需优先考虑或处理”之意,强调更为重要; **earlier** 是 **early** 的比较级,指事物发生的时间较早的,强调“与...相比更早”; **former** 定语形容词,指早先的,曾经的,以前的、从前的,如 **in former times** 往昔; **her former students** 她以前的学生,等; 也作代词, **the former** 前者(与 **the latter** 后者相对); **previous** 指时间上或顺序上在先的,强调发生在现在之前; **preceding** 是动词的分词形式,亦作形容词用,强调居先、在前。

31. **evolve v.** (cause to) change gradually and develop into different forms 逐步发展,演变,进化

【例句】The American constitution was planned while that of the Britain evolved.

美国的宪法是依法制定的,而英国的宪法是自然演进的。

【常用搭配】**evolve from**: 由…演变/进化而来; **evolve into**: 发展成为; 进化为

【例句】According to Darwin's Theory of Evolution, man has evolved from the ape.

根据达尔文的进化论,人是从类人猿进化来的。

Popular music evolved from folk songs. 流行音乐由民歌演变而来。

It is reported that the peace demonstrations have evolved into a violent conflict.

据报道,和平示威已发展为暴力冲突。

32. **summarize vt.** make a short account of the main points; give a summary of 摘要; 总结、概述

【例句】Table 1.3 summarizes all the information given above.

表 1.3 总结了以上给出的所有信息。

Basically, this article can be summarized in four sentences.

基本上,这篇文章可以用四句话来概述。

**summary n.** 摘要; 概略; *adj.* 简短的; 简明的; 扼要的

【例句】Here's the summary of today's news. 这儿有今天的新闻摘要。

What follows is a summary account of the process. 以下是该过程的简要说明。

33. **contrast n.** a great difference between two or more things when you compare 对比, 对照

【例句】The two applicants provided a startling contrast in appearance.

两位求职者的外表反差惊人。

【常用搭配】**by/in contrast (with)**; **in contrast (to)** 与…成对比

【例句】His white hair was in sharp contrast to his dark skin.

他的白头发与黑皮肤形成鲜明的对比。

Bill's marks were excellent by contrast with John's.

比尔的分数跟约翰的分数比起来算是优秀的。

*vt. vi.* compare (two people or things) so that differences are made clear 对比, 对照

【例句】It was interesting to contrast the two applicants. 把这两位求职者比较一下, 真是有趣。

His behavior contrasts sharply with his promises. / His actions and his promises contrast sharply. 他的言行相差太远。

34. **promote v.** help or encourage sth. to happen, increase or spread; help to develop; give a higher position or rank 促进, 推进; 提升, 升职

【例句】We cannot sacrifice environmental protection to promote economic growth.

我们不能牺牲环境保护来提高经济增长。

To promote physical and mental health, we should set aside enough time for games and sports. 为了促进身心健康, 我们应该留出足够的时间去做游戏或者运动。