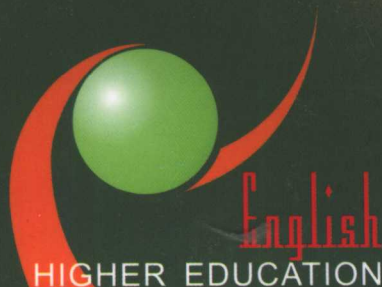


2006年

高等学校英语
应用能力考试



全真试卷及详解

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(B级)

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西北工业大学出版社

高等学校英语应用能力考试 全真试卷及详解

(B 级)

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西北工业大学出版社

【内容简介】 本书以《高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲》为依据,是在认真分析和研究市场上同类书籍的基础上精心编写而成的。本书主要包括 2000 年 6 月至 2005 年 6 月共 11 套 B 级真题试卷,参考答案与试题透析两大部分。在参考答案与试题透析部分中,编者对所有试题进行了透彻的分析,对所涉及知识点进行了系统的讲解。另外附录部分还提供了听力原文,以便参考。本书另附听力磁带两盒。

本书适用于高职高专院校、电大、夜大、学历文凭考试及专升本入学考试的学生和教师作为复习和辅导用书。

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

高等学校英语应用能力考试全真试卷及详解(B级)/魏水利主编. —西安:西北工业大学出版社,2005.10

ISBN 7-5612-2005-7

I. 高… II. 魏… III. 英语—高等学校—水平考试—解题 IV. H319.6

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2005)第 110227 号

出版发行:西北工业大学出版社

通信地址:西安市友谊西路 127 号 邮编:710072

电 话:(029)88493844,88491757

网 址:<http://www.nwpup.com>

编辑信箱:rbook@nwpup.com

印 刷 者:陕西丰源印务有限公司

开 本:787 mm×1 092 mm 1/16

印 张:13.125

字 数:318 千字

版 次:2005 年 10 月第 1 版 2005 年 10 月第 1 次印刷

定 价:20.00 元

前 言

为了贯彻《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求(试行)》(以下简称《基本要求》),使广大学子真正提高实际运用英语的能力,并帮助其顺利通过高等学校英语应用能力考试(PRETCO),编者以《高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲》(以下简称《考试大纲》)为依据,在认真研究市场上同类书籍的情况下,博采众家之长,精心编写出一套高等学校英语应用能力考试丛书,共5册,即《高等学校英语应用能力考试全真试卷及详解(A级)》,《高等学校英语应用能力考试全真试卷及详解(B级)》,《高等学校英语应用能力考试模拟试题及详解(A级)》,《高等学校英语应用能力考试模拟试题及详解(B级)》和《高等学校英语应用能力考试专项辅导及实战训练(A/B级)》。

本册为《高等学校英语应用能力考试全真试卷及详解(B级)》,主要内容包括:2000年6月至2005年6月共11套B级真题试卷,参考答案与试题透析,并附有听力原文及磁带。

本书的突出特点在于:考点总结精辟,试题分析透彻,讲解通俗易懂,知识点归纳系统。通过对历年实考试题进行精解,一方面使考生很快熟悉真题的类型及难易程度;另一方面使考生能够系统地学习各个部分可能会考查到的知识要点,掌握各个部分的答题技巧,从而帮助考生学会触类旁通,举一反三。总之,本书能够帮助学生尽快掌握高等学校英语应用能力考试的语法考点,提高听力、阅读及写作能力,是考生自主学习的好助手,也是教师考前辅导的必备用书。

本套书由长期在高职高专英语教学一线工作、有丰富教学经验、一直从事高等学校英语应用能力考试考前辅导的老师编写。编者非常了解PRETCO的命题规律,能够精确把握考生的薄弱环节。因此本套书对高职高专学生及同等程度的学生一定会有很大帮助。

本套书适用于高职高专院校、电大、夜大、学历文凭考试及专升本入学考试的学生和教师作为教材和学习辅导用书。

在编写过程中,编者参阅了众多同类书籍和资料,未能一一罗列,在此谨向其作者表示衷心的感谢。

由于时间仓促,作者水平有限,书中错误和疏漏之处在所难免,恳请广大读者能够谅解和指正。

编 者

2005年7月

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第一部分 试题部分

2000 年 6 月全真试卷

Part I

Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark [C] on the Answer Sheet.

Now the test will begin.

1. A) Yes, I did. B) No, I didn't.
C) It was a waste of time. D) It lasts two hours.
2. A) It's over there. B) It's 9:30.
C) It's too late. D) It sounds good.
3. A) No, that's not good. B) Yes, it is.
C) It doesn't matter. D) So do I.
4. A) Yes, I look pale. B) I've got a headache.
C) Nor am I. D) Don't mention it.
5. A) I'm looking for a gift for my wife. B) You can do it right now.
C) I'd rather not. D) Thank you very much.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. The dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper.

Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

6. A) She didn't know the time. B) She forgot her class.
C) She didn't catch the bus. D) The bus was late.
7. A) 9:00. B) 9:50. C) 8:45. D) 8:15.
8. A) In a store. B) On a plane.
C) In the hospital. D) At the theatre.
9. A) Vegetables. B) Clothes. C) Fruit. D) Books.
10. A) Jason Daniel isn't at home right now.
B) Jason Daniel doesn't want to answer the phone.
C) The man can call back later.
D) The man got the wrong number.

Section C

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases that you hear on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

Since World War Two, especially in the last few decades of the 20th century, large groups of foreigners have come and settled in the United States. The 11 is that many Americans speak a foreign language at home. Today, one in seven Americans speaks a language 12 English. Spanish is the leading foreign language spoken by 17 million Americans. All together 31.8 million Americans speak 329 foreign languages in the 13. That means there is an increase of 34 percent in foreign language usage since 1980. Asian languages are used by 14 percent of foreign language speakers. That 14 the new wave of immigrants from Asian countries 15 India, Japan, Korea and the Philippines. However, fewer European languages are heard in American families than before.

Part II

Vocabulary & Structure

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases to construct meaningfully and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

Section A

Directions: There are 10 incomplete sentences here, each with a blank. You are required to complete each statement by choosing the appropriate answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

16. One of my foreign friends is looking forward to _____ my country.
A) visit B) visiting C) having visited D) be visiting
17. It is thought to be a wise way to have some money _____ for old age.

- A) put aside B) taken off C) given in D) set out
18. Not until I began to work _____ how much time I had wasted.
A) have I realized B) I have realized
C) did I realize D) I realized
19. The ship took machines and other goods back to the port _____ it had set off.
A) from which B) to which C) which D) in which
20. The new general manager is trying to find _____ to the company's financial problem.
A) a reaction B) a reply C) a solution D) an answer
21. The new evening dress _____ her as much as 400 dollars.
A) paid B) took C) spent D) cost
22. The chair looks rather hard but actually it is very comfortable to sit _____.
A) at B) on C) over D) under
23. This is one of the longest bridges that _____ on this river.
A) is ever built B) has ever been built
C) was ever built D) has ever built
24. He suddenly left for Paris yesterday, _____ was more than we had expected.
A) that B) what C) which D) this
25. You should take care that you have not _____ any detail in the design.
A) disappeared B) thrown C) delivered D) neglected

Section B

Directions: *There are also 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.*

26. I didn't see your boss at the meeting. If he (come) _____, I would have told him the news.
27. We have been informed that the (equip) _____ will be arriving here in ten days.
28. It is advised that we (sign) _____ an agreement right after the discussion.
29. I sincerely thank you for your (invite) _____ to the Industrial Exhibition.
30. That was the most (attract) _____ program they could think of.
31. I was (please) _____ to have received your letter dated May 20th last month.
32. He rushed (danger) _____ across the busy street to catch the bus.
33. I am sorry to learn that you have made no (improve) _____ on the design at all.
34. I'm afraid you have been speaking too fast to make yourself (understand) _____.
35. The machine does not seem to work properly. I think it needs (repair) _____.

Part III

Reading Comprehension

(40 minutes)

Directions: *This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.*

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

The sense of sound is one of our most important means of knowing what is going on around us. Sound has a wasted product, too, in the form of noise. Noise has been called unwanted sound. Noise is growing and it may get much worse before it gets any better.

Scientists, for several years, have been studying how noise affects people and animals. They are surprised by what they have learned. Peace and quiet are becoming harder to find. Noise pollution is a threat that should be looked at carefully.

There is a saying about it being so noisy that you can't hear yourself think. Doctors who study noise believe that we must sometimes hear ourselves think. If we don't we may have headaches, other aches and pains, or even worse mental problems.

Noise adds more tension (紧张) to a society that already faces enough stress.

But noise is not a new problem. In ancient Rome, people complained so much about noise that the government stopped chariots (四轮马车) from moving through the streets at night!

Ways of making less noise are now being tested. There are even laws controlling noise. We can not return to the "good old days" of peace and quiet. But we can reduce noise—if we shout loudly enough about it.

36. Why are scientists surprised by the findings in their noise study?

- A) Because the world is becoming more and more noisy.
- B) Because they have learned that noise is also a kind of pollution.
- C) Because noise is an unwanted waste for human beings.
- D) Because people knew little about the danger of noise before.

37. What may be the result if we can not hear ourselves think?

- A) We may forget what we have thought about.
- B) Our thoughts may be interfered.
- C) Our mind may be harmed.
- D) We may have difficulty using the right words.

38. When the writer says we can not return to the "good old days", he means that _____.

- A) our society is becoming much worse than before
- B) in our modern society it is hard to lead a quiet life
- C) the old days were much happier than the present time
- D) it is impossible for us to deal with noise as we did before

39. From the last sentence of the passage we can learn that _____.

- A) we can put noise under control if our measures are effective
- B) sometimes we have to shout loudly so that others can hear us

- C) shouting is a chief cause of noise pollution
 - D) it is important to warn people of the danger of noise pollution
40. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
- A) Only recently did people realize the harmfulness of noise.
 - B) Noise pollution is the worst kind of pollution we suffer from.
 - C) People are now trying to find ways to make noise as low as possible.
 - D) The writer thinks that it is almost impossible for people to avoid noise.

Task 2

Directions: This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

A budget (预算) is a spending plan. It can help you spend money wisely. It can do this by cutting out wasteful spending. Of course, preparing a budget takes planning, and following a budget takes willpower (自制力). Your budget should meet your family's needs and income.

The first step in creating a budget is to set your goals. What does your family need and want? You must know this to work out the details of the budget. Keep goals realistic, in terms of income available. Then decide which goals are the most important.

The next step is estimating family income. Before you can plan wisely, you need to know how much money you have to spend! Write down all the money you expect to receive (wages, savings, interest, etc.) during the planned budget period.

After you have calculated how much money will be available, it is time to estimate expenses (消费). List all of your family expenses.

If you are not satisfied with what you got for your money, look carefully at your spending. Studying your records will show where overspending has occurred. It will also point out poor buying habits.

It is also a good idea to set aside a small amount of money for emergencies. Every family has small emergencies: a blown tire, a broken device, or the need for minor medical care.

41. According to the passage, what is the advantage of a budget?

- A) It can help you set your goals clearly.
- B) It can help you save a lot of money.
- C) It can help you get rid of poor buying habits.
- D) It can help you spend money in a reasonable way.

42. In carrying out your budget, you need _____.

- A) to have the ability to control yourself
- B) to ask your family members for advice
- C) to cut it down as much as possible
- D) to take care not to buy expensive things

43. One advantage of keeping a record of your spending is that _____.

- A) you will remember how much you have already spent

- B) you will know if you have spent more money than you planned
 C) you will be able to tell your family what should not be bought
 D) you will learn how to make a better budget next time
44. The writer suggests that it is a good idea to set aside some money because _____.
 A) you probably will not be able to follow your budget
 B) people usually spend more than they plan to do
 C) things can happen unexpectedly
 D) others may want to borrow some money from you
45. This passage is mainly about _____.
 A) the meaning of a budget
 B) the relation between budget and income
 C) the way a budget is made
 D) the importance of making a budget

Task 3

Directions: *The following is an advertisement by a travel service. After reading it, you should fill in the blanks marked 46 through 50 in the table below.*

Whether you're looking for a quiet place or a holiday trip, Florida's natural beauty and various tourist activities let you make your dream alive. Nature lovers can explore hundreds of acres (英亩) of lakes, forests and wetlands filled with native birds, fish and wildlife (野生动物).

Florida is a sportsman's paradise (乐园) as well, with plenty of opportunities for water sports lovers, and Florida is also the nation's best tennis place, with over 7,700 tennis facilities. With thousands of rivers and lakes, plus over 1,000 miles of beaches on the Atlantic Ocean and Gulf (海湾) of Mexico, Florida is a water sports wonder land. Florida is also home to some of the best attractions in the United States, from technologically advanced parks to historic museums.

Welcome to Florida, ladies and gentlemen!

Florida

Florida is most attractive because of

1. its 46, and
2. its 47.

Visitors to Florida are mainly

1. 48 and
2. sportsmen.

Among the various sports Florida offers, the most wonderful are 49.

Florida has a beach as long as 50 miles.

Task 4

Directions: *The following is a list of different parts of a desktop calculator. After*

reading it, you are required to find the Chinese equivalents in the table below. Then put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

A—Feature

B—Dual (双重) power (both solar and battery backup) desktop calculator

C—Liquid crystal display

D—Square root calculation

E—Floating or fixed decimal (小数的) point operation

F—Percentage calculation

G—Comma (逗号) punctuation display to show thousand point decimal

H—Shift right key function

I—Power off automatically

J—Specification

K—Type

L—Display: with signs that denote minus, error, memory-loading, and the grand total

M—Capacity

N—Decimal position selection

O—Memory: set of memory

P—Calculation

Q—Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

R—Constant calculation

S—Select switches

T—Major components

U—Operation temperature

Example: (T) 主要部件

(U) 运行温度

51. () 四则运算

() 键右移的功能

52. () 计算平方根

() 容量

53. () 计算器类型

() 自动关闭电源

54. () 以逗号显示千位数

() 浮点或定点小数点运算

55. () 选择开关

() 液晶显示

Task 5

Directions: Read the following passage. After reading it, you are required to complete the statements below it (No. 56 through No. 60). You should write your answers briefly on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

Job-hunting Myths (误区)

Don't defeat yourself by accepting common myths, says the head of an international consulting (咨询) company.

Myth 1: If there's nothing available in your field, switch careers.

Fact 1: That's one of the worst things you can do. You compete against others with experience, and you will not approach your old salary level.

Myth 2: Lower your salary demands. You'll be more attractive to employers in an uncertain economy.

Fact 2: People who ask for less are viewed as "undesirable property". If you are considered anything less than first-class, you are not likely to be hired.

Myth 3: If you are over 50, it will be very hard to find another job.

Fact 3: Workers over 50 win new jobs almost as quickly as youngsters do. Today's employers place a premium (额外补贴) on experience.

Myth 4: Bring up salary as quickly as possible in the first interview.

Fact 4: That's a fast way to be removed (取消) from consideration. It tells employers you are more concerned with yourself than with the company.

Myth 5: You can only get interviews between 9a. m. and 5p. m. on weekdays.

Fact 5: Employers are often available before and after regular hours when the office is quieter. If you get an interview then, you've got an employer's concentrated attention.

56. What is the disadvantage of changing your career?

You will not reach _____.

57. What will be the result if you are not considered as first-class?

You are less possible to _____.

58. What actually will experienced older people get?

They are likely to get _____.

59. What will happen if you ask a high salary in the first interview?

It will make you _____ the job.

60. What is a better time for an interview?

Not _____.

Part IV

Translation—English to Chinese

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part, numbered 61 through 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. After each of the sentences numbered 61 to 64, you will read 4 choices of suggested translation. You should choose the best translation and mark the corresponding on your Answer Sheet. And for the paragraph numbered 65, write your translation in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

61. A busy shopping centre is usually also a good location for a restaurant.

- A) 繁华的商业中心通常也是开设餐厅的好地方。
- B) 一处忙碌的购物中心是个开一家饭店的好位置。
- C) 繁华的商业中心通常有好位置留给饭店。
- D) 忙碌的购物中心通常有好饭店。

62. Customers prefer to purchase our products though they seem higher in price.

- A) 虽然我们的产品价格高,顾客还是喜欢购买。
- B) 顾客因为我们产品价格高而愿意购买。
- C) 尽管我们产品价格较高,可顾客还是喜欢购买。

- D) 尽管价格似乎较高,但顾客还是喜欢购买我们的产品。
63. I have to come to discuss with you about the measures we shall take to cope with the situation.
- A) 为了应付目前局面,我不得不和你讨论一下我们要采取的措施。
- B) 我不得不和你讨论一下我们已采取的对付目前局面的措施。
- C) 我们应该采取措施来应对目前局面。
- D) 我不得不和你讨论一下关于如何对付目前局面的措施。
64. If you can provide satisfactory after-sale service, your products will surely have a wide market here.
- A) 假如对售后服务满意,你们的产品会大有市场。
- B) 如果你们能提供令人满意的售后服务,你们的产品在这里会有广阔的市场。
- C) 假设你们能提供令人满意的售后服务,你们的产品将会占领大市场。
- D) 令人满意的售后服务会让你们的产品大有市场。
65. A) It is important to realize that the same technology that helps us may also harm us. We can prevent this from happening by carefully controlling the new technology. As one expert says, "We must remember that it is the intelligent application of technology that will lead us to success."
- B) Dear Customer,
- In this month's newsletter (通讯), you'll find an interesting and useful topic (主题): Gardening (园艺).
- It's really true that gardens can add not only beauty but also value to your home. Many experts recommend gardening as a way to relax and reduce stress. April is the perfect time to start planning a new garden.

Part V

Writing

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a letter according to the following instructions given in Chinese. Remember to write the letter on the Composition/Translation Sheet.

给 John Brown 先生写一封信。内容:已收到他 3 月 12 日来信。请他于本月 25 日来我公司,讨论合作的细节(details)。请他将航班告诉你。你公司的李小姐将去机场接他。

注意:必须包括对收信人的称谓、写信日期、发信人的签名等基本格式。

2000 年 12 月全真试卷

Part I

Listening Comprehension

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark [C] on the Answer Sheet.

Now the test will begin.

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1. A) He leaves for school at 7. | B) He's studying in Paris. |
| C) He's doing well. | D) He likes his school. |
| 2. A) He came to our company last year. | B) I think he is a nice person. |
| C) He was in London 5 years ago. | D) I have met him somewhere before. |
| 3. A) It's a good one. | B) It's a good idea. |
| C) You are right. | D) Tomorrow morning. |
| 4. A) Also coffee. | B) Tea, please. |
| C) Thank you very much. | D) That's all right. |
| 5. A) Hold on, please. | B) Whom do you want? |
| C) Don't go away. | D) Well, you can't. |

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. The dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

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|-------------------|----------------------|
| 6. A) In a hotel. | B) In a bank. |
| C) At a meeting. | D) At a post office. |

7. A) A recorder.
C) A computer.
8. A) She did well on the test.
C) She needed more time to finish the test.
9. A) To the seaside.
C) To the countryside.
10. A) She is sad.
C) She is nervous.
- B) A heater.
D) A motorbike.
- B) She found the test difficult.
D) She could answer most of the questions.
- B) To the city centre.
D) To the new bridge.
- B) She is upset.
D) She is ill.

Section C

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases that you hear on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

Jim is my brother-in-law. He was 11 a toothache last week. But he didn't want to see a doctor. Finally, 12, my mother-in-law decided that she would go and see the doctor herself. She carefully 13 that although her son had a lot of pain, he was refusing to get treatment. Her son was 14 doctors. The nurse told her that they were used to dealing with this 15 fear and would be able to fit Jim in right away. "How old is your little boy?" she asked. My mother-in-law replied, "He's 40 years old."

Part II

Vocabulary & Structure

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases correctly to construct meaningfully and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

Section A

Directions: There are 10 incomplete sentences here, each with a blank. You are required to complete each statement by choosing the appropriate answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

16. How many computers will the company _____ this year?
A) turn up B) turn out C) turn on D) turn over
17. He told me that I _____ be present at the ceremony.
A) could B) would C) should D) might
18. _____, he can quickly find out what's wrong with the machine.
A) Having been well trained B) Having well trained
C) To be well trained D) To have been well trained
19. In that country, the cost of living _____ quickly after the war broke out.
A) raced B) raised C) arose D) rose
20. It was in that small village _____ our president was born.