

CHENG GONG

成功

一个计划·改变一生

单元计划

总主编 刘增利

配 人民教育出版社 新目标英语

八年级英语 **上**

北京出版社出版集团

北京教育出版社
BEIJING EDUCATION PUBLISHING HOUSE



计划领先 成功领先

成功公式：计划+方法+习惯+悟性=成功

系统复习卷+系统训练卷+标准月考卷=三卷突破满分

Unit 1	系统复习卷 (1)
Unit 1	系统训练卷 (5)
Unit 2	系统复习卷 (13)
Unit 2	系统训练卷 (17)
Unit 3	系统复习卷 (25)
Unit 3	系统训练卷 (29)
Unit 4	系统复习卷 (37)
Unit 4	系统训练卷 (41)
Unit 5	系统复习卷 (49)
Unit 5	系统训练卷 (53)
Unit 6	系统复习卷 (61)
Unit 6	系统训练卷 (65)
Unit 7	系统复习卷 (73)
Unit 7	系统训练卷 (77)
Unit 8	系统复习卷 (85)
Unit 8	系统训练卷 (89)
Unit 9	系统复习卷 (97)
Unit 9	系统训练卷 (101)
Unit 10	系统复习卷 (109)
Unit 10	系统训练卷 (113)
Unit 11	系统复习卷 (121)
Unit 11	系统训练卷 (125)
Unit 12	系统复习卷 (133)
Unit 12	系统训练卷 (137)
第一次标准月考卷	(145)
第二次标准月考卷	(153)
第三次标准月考卷	(161)
第四次标准月考卷	(169)
期中检测卷	(177)
期末检测卷	(185)
参考答案	(193)

“北京万向思维幸运之星奖学金”评选活动

参加办法:凡购买北京万向思维任意产品,填写下面的“幸运之星奖学金申请表”,并于2006年11月30日之前邮寄至“北京市海淀区王庄路1号清华同方科技广场B座11层北京万向思维抽奖活动办公室(邮编100083)”,或者编辑短信发送至下面“编读往来”7个短信号码中任意一个,就有机会获得“万向思维幸运之星奖学金”。

抽奖时间:第一次:2006年12月10日 第二次:2007年6月10日

奖学金:每次均抽出以下奖项(各奖项中均含1/2短信抽奖名额):

一等奖2名,奖学金5 000元

二等奖20名,奖学金1 000元

三等奖300名,奖学金100元

鼓励奖2 000名,各赠送两套价值10元的学习信息资料

一、二、三等奖奖学金均为税前,个人所得税由北京万向思维国际教育科技中心代扣代缴。以上获奖者还将有幸成为“万向思维幸运之星”,参加全国性、地方性宣传推广活动。

中奖概率:0.12%

抽奖结果:中奖名单分别于2006年12月31日和2007年6月30日在万向思维学习网上公布,届时我们还将以电话或信件方式通知本人,并以邮寄的方式发放奖学金及奖品,敬请关注。

开奖地点:北京市海淀区王庄路

1号清华同方科技广场B座11层。

详情请登陆www.wxsw.cn

本次抽奖活动的最终解释权归

北京万向思维国际教育科技中心。

本次抽奖活动经

北京市海淀区公证处公证。

北京万向思维幸运之星奖学金申请表

姓名:_____ 学校:_____ 班级:_____

通信地址:_____ 邮编:□□□□□□

联系电话:_____ E-mail:_____

购书书店:_____ 书店电话:_____

班主任:_____

任课老师: 语文_____ 数学_____ 英语_____

物理_____ 化学_____ 政治_____

历史_____ 地理_____ 生物_____

请将本申请表寄至:

北京万向思维国际教育科技中心抽奖活动办公室

地址:北京市海淀区王庄路1号清华同方科技广场B座11层

邮编:100083

电话:010-82378880 传真:010-62340468

网址:www.wxsw.cn

E-mail:KF@wanxiangsiwei.com

编读往来

销售服务短信

中国移动用户发至 625551001

中国联通用户发至 725551001

小灵通用户发至 9255551001

建议咨询短信

中国移动用户发至 625556018

中国联通用户发至 725556018

小灵通用户发至 9255556018

主编邮箱:zhubian@wanxiangsiwei.com

专家咨询邮箱(含各省特级教师32人):zhuanjia@wanxiangsiwei.com

免费服务电话:800-810-8160

图书质量监督电话:010-82378880 010-58572245

传真:010-62340468

地址:北京市海淀区王庄路1号清华同方科技广场B座11层万向思维(邮编100083)

想知道更多的图书信息,更多的学习资源,请编辑手机短信“万向思维”发送至50120;想知道更多的考试信息,更多的学习方法,请编辑手机短信“小学学习方法”“初中学习方法”或“高中学习方法”发送至50120。所有短信均参加上述的“北京万向思维幸运之星奖学金”评选活动,会带给你意外的惊喜哟!

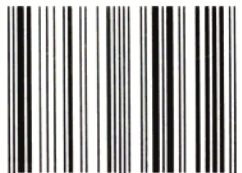
成功单元计划·八年级英语(上)人教新目标

策划设计	北京万向思维基础教育教研中心英语教研组	出版	北京教育出版社
总主编	刘增利	发行	北京出版社出版集团
学科主编	王立英	印刷	陕西思维印务有限公司
本册主编	张卓	经销	各地书店
责任编辑	马一杰 蒋卫武	本	787 mm×1092 mm 1/16
责任审读	李业双 李丽琴	开	13
责任校对	伊红娟 肖娟	印	200千字
责任编排	屈毅 李含	字	2006年6月第1版
封面设计	魏晋	版	2006年6月第1次印刷
版式设计	董奇娟	次	ISBN 7-5303-5461-2/G·5380
执行策划	刘燕	书	号
		定	16.80元

版权所有 翻印必究

发行业务专线电话:13381013806 13380103832

ISBN 7-5303-5461-2



9 787530 354612 >



Unit 1 系统复习卷

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共4页,不限完卷时间,学生直接在试题上答卷;
2. 本卷既可用于每单元自测,又可用于期末集中复习,请务必保留以备期末装订之用。

第一部分 词汇

一、单词互译

- | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. _____ <i>adv.</i> 曾经 | 2. _____ <i>adv.</i> 一次 | 3. _____ <i>n.</i> 互联网 |
| 4. _____ <i>n.</i> 采访者 | 5. _____ <i>n.</i> 不同 | 6. _____ <i>n.</i> 生活方式 |
| 7. _____ <i>adv.</i> 两次;两倍 | 8. _____ <i>n.</i> 次数 | 9. _____ <i>n.</i> 健康;健康状况 |
| 10. _____ <i>n.</i> 节目;程序 | 11. _____ <i>n.</i> 习惯 | 12. _____ <i>adj.</i> 不健康的 |
| 13. result <i>n.</i> _____ | 14. hardly <i>adv.</i> _____ | 15. although <i>conj.</i> _____ |

二、短语互译

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. 一周三次 _____ | 2. 去看电影 _____ |
| 3. 当然 _____ | 4. 对……有益 _____ |
| 5. 每月两次 _____ | 6. 看电视 _____ |
| 7. 放学回家 _____ | 8. 每日 _____ |
| 9. 上网 _____ | 10. 许多 _____ |
| 11. 饮食习惯 _____ | 12. 每年一次 _____ |
| 13. 得到好成绩 _____ | 14. as for _____ |
| 15. hardly ever _____ | 16. the same as... _____ |
| 17. look after _____ | 18. junk food _____ |

三、根据句意填空

1. Here is a card for you _____ our best wishes.
2. —What's the _____ of the blouse? —Eighty yuan.
3. Mr Smith is not good _____ playing football, but he loves watching football games.
4. He is a good student; he _____ comes late to school.
5. How many hours _____ sports do you do every day?
6. Sometimes his sister goes _____ in the river.
7. I hardly ever exercise, so I am _____ of unhealthy.
8. Drinking milk every day is good _____ my health.

9. I am not very healthy, although I _____ have one healthy habit.

10. He usually starts the day _____ breakfast.

第二部分 句型

四、根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 你喜欢她的生活方式吗?

_____ you _____ ?

2. 多吃蔬菜对你的健康有好处。

Eating more vegetables _____ .

3. 这对你有什么不同吗?

_____ it _____ you?

4. 尽量别吃垃圾食品。

Try _____ junk food.

5. ——他多久给你发一次电子邮件? ——一周一次。

— _____ he send you an e-mail?

— _____ .

五、句型转换

1. Lin Tao does his homework every evening. (对画线部分提问)

_____ Lin Tao _____ every evening?

2. He always helps others. (改为否定句)

He _____ helps others.

3. He often visits his uncle. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ he often _____ his uncle?

4. My mother is watching TV at home now. (用 sometimes 改写)

My mother sometimes _____ at home.

5. She goes shopping once a week. (对画线部分提问)

_____ she go shopping?

6. Jim does his homework at 7 every day. (改为否定句)

Jim _____ his homework at 7 every day.

7. She practices playing the piano two hours every day. (对画线部分提问)

_____ hours does she practice playing the piano every day?

8. Her favorite program is Animal World. (对画线部分提问)

_____ her favorite program?

9. This English book interests me. (改为同义句)

I am _____ this English book.

10. The old man is not in good health. (改为同义句)

The old man is .

六、对话配对,将正确的答语与问题连线

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. How many hours do you sleep every night? | A. Yes, I do. |
| 2. What sports do you play? | B. Because it's not good for my health. |
| 3. Why don't you eat junk food? | C. Every day. |
| 4. How often do you do your homework? | D. Eight hours. |
| 5. Do you like to drink milk? | E. I play volleyball. |

第三部分 语法

七、单项选择题

- () 1. —How often does he exercise?
—_____.
A. He is twelve
B. He exercises by bus
C. Twice a week
D. About one hour
- () 2. My father wants me _____ vegetables every day.
A. to eat
B. eating
C. eat
D. eats
- () 3. Mickey is a _____ boy. He does exercise every day.
A. health
B. unhealthy
C. healthy
D. healthily
- () 4. Is your book _____ as mine?
A. same
B. some
C. a same
D. the same
- () 5. Drinking milk and eating vegetables _____ our health.
A. are good for
B. are good at
C. is good for
D. is good at
- () 6. Kitty reads English books three _____ four times a week.
A. at
B. in
C. to
D. of
- () 7. —_____ students in your class are from Beijing?
—Only one.
A. How often
B. How many
C. How much
D. How
- () 8. Although he is very old, _____ he works very hard.
A. and
B. but
C. /
D. so
- () 9. What _____ she _____ on weekends?
A. is; do
B. does; does
C. do; do
D. does; do

()10. He's a very lazy student; as a result, he always gets _____ grades.

A. a good

B. high

C. terrible

D. an awful

八、用方框内所给词或词组的适当形式填空

always every day often never hardly ever



1. He _____ gets up at six o'clock, seven days a week.
2. Some boys hardly ever eat junk food, but most of them eat junk food _____.
3. I can't swim. So I _____ go swimming. I only run on the beach.
4. How _____ do you go to the movies?
5. It _____ rains here. It's usually sunny and warm.

九、改错

1. My father's eat habit is very good. _____
2. —How long does he watch TV?
—Twice a week. _____
3. I eat a lot of vegetables ten time a week. _____
4. Junk food is not good for your healthy. _____
5. Some students surf the Internet once and twice a week. _____
6. Although he is only six years old, but he can look after himself. _____

第四部分 篇章

十、根据图示,完成文章

Yesterday I asked some of my classmates about what they usually do on weekends. My best friend Sam usually  1 _____ on Saturday and  2 _____ on Sunday.

The monitor, Lucy, never  3 _____, but she likes  4 _____.

As for me, I sometimes  5 _____ with Dad on Saturday, and never  6 _____ because it's too tiring. On Sunday, I always  7 _____ with my

brother Harry in the morning and  8 _____ in the afternoon.



Unit 1 系统训练卷

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共 8 页, 满分 120 分, 时间 120 分钟, 学生直接在试卷上答题;
2. 本卷既可用于统一考试, 又可用于学生自我测评。

题 号	一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	总分
得 分													

得分	自我评价				
	听力部分	基础知识	阅读	综合语言运用	附加题

I. 听力部分 (共 20 分)

一、听问句, 选答语 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

- | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| () 1. A. 8 hours. | B. 7~8 times. | C. Every day. |
| () 2. A. Milk, please. | B. Water. | |
| | C. Two cups of coffee. | |
| () 3. A. Twice a day. | B. I like exercising. | |
| | C. I play soccer. | |
| () 4. A. She likes to play the piano. | B. She is a good basketball player. | |
| | C. She watches TV. | |
| () 5. A. I chat with my friends. | B. I like milk. | |
| | C. I wash clothes. | |

二、听句子, 选择与所听句子意思相近的选项 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| () 6. A. I don't like playing soccer. | B. I like playing soccer. |
| | C. I sometimes play soccer. |
| () 7. A. I play tennis once a year. | B. I play tennis once a month. |
| | C. I play tennis once a day. |

- () 8. A. She sometimes sees films. B. She sometimes watches videos.
C. She often goes to the cinema.
- () 9. A. Some students exercise 4 to 8 times a month.
B. Some students exercise once or twice a month.
C. Most students exercise 4 to 8 times a month.
- () 10. A. How often do you go shopping? B. How often do you work?
C. How many hours do you shop?

三、听对话和问题,选择正确答案(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

- () 11. A. Foods. B. Sports. C. Drinks.
- () 12. A. They're playing in the park. B. They're boating in the river.
C. They're swimming in the river.
- () 13. A. England. B. America.
C. One is from England and the other is from America.
- () 14. A. Hardly ever. B. Every day. C. Every Sunday.
- () 15. A. Most students. B. All students. C. Some students.

四、听短文,选择正确答案(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

- () 16. There are _____ teachers in our school.
A. 55 B. 56 C. 57
- () 17. I'm in _____.
A. Class One, Grade Two B. Class Three, Grade Two C. Class Six, Grade One
- () 18. There are _____ students in our class.
A. 44 B. 45 C. 46
- () 19. We go to school at _____.
A. 6:30 B. 7:00 C. 7:30
- () 20. I usually go to school _____.
A. on foot B. by bus C. by bike

II. 基础知识 (共 45 分)

五、词汇分类(每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

often, milk, Internet, ever, table tennis, twice, grade, junk food, vocabulary, key, translate, sometimes, never, usually, always, skateboarding, vegetables, fruit, basketball

21. 食品: _____

22. 频率词: _____

23. 运动: _____

24. 学习: _____

25. 工具: _____

六、单项选择(每小题1分,共15分)

() 26. — _____ does he do sports every day?

—He does sports for two hours every day.

A. How many B. How often C. How long D. How

() 27. _____ you'd like to keep in good health, please try to have more fruit.

A. And B. So C. If D. As for

() 28. Milk is good _____ our _____.

A. to; healthy B. to; health C. for; healthy D. for; health

() 29. —What does your father do in the evening?

—He usually _____.

A. watch TV B. exercises C. read books D. take a shower

() 30. — _____ boys are there in your class?

—Twenty-one.

A. How often B. How many C. How much D. How

() 31. Is her lifestyle _____ yours?

A. the same B. the same as C. same as D. the same to

() 32. I like English very much, so I _____ listen to the tape in the morning.

A. usually B. hardly ever C. never D. sometimes

() 33. — _____ do you go skating?

—Every day.

A. How often B. How many C. When D. How long

() 34. Most students in my class _____ exercise every day.

A. does B. do C. is doing D. are doing

() 35. — _____ do your grandparents come to see you?

—Twice a week.

A. How often B. How many C. When D. How

() 36. What _____ your mother usually _____ on Sundays?

A. is; do B. does; does C. do; do D. does; do

() 37. The old man is in a good health because he often _____.

A. exercises B. drinks C. sleeps D. plays

- () 38. My father tries _____ vegetables eleven to twelve times a week.
A. eat B. eating C. to eat D. ate
- () 39. If you want to be healthier, you must eat _____ junk food, I think.
A. more B. less C. fewer D. many
- () 40. I eat junk food once a month. So you see, I _____ my health.
A. take after B. look at C. look after D. look for

七、用方框内所给词或词组的适当形式填空(每小题 0.5 分,共 5 分)

health watch go nine swim surf be help look after with

41. September is the _____ month of the year.
42. I _____ the Internet now.
43. Thanks for _____ my dogs these days.
44. If you want to be _____, you must eat lots of vegetables and fruits.
45. What about going _____ tomorrow afternoon?
46. There _____ some milk in the cup.
47. You must _____ to see the doctor.
48. Good food and exercise _____ me study better.
49. He sometimes _____ TV in the evening.
50. China is a country _____ a long history.

八、对话排序(每空 0.5 分,共 5 分)

- _____ 1 Hi, Mary. You look so healthy!
- _____ Yes, I like it very much.
- _____ I drink milk almost every day.
- _____ I think I should try to drink more.
- _____ Yes, you will be healthy then. See you later.
- _____ How often do you drink milk?
- _____ My mother says it's good for my health. And I also think so.
- _____ Do you like it?
- _____ Why do you like it so much?
- _____ See you.
- _____ Thank you. I often drink milk.

九、完形填空(每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

What do people usually do on weekends? Some people like to 51 at home, but others like to go out for a walk or play football. Mr Smith 52 hard in a factory during the 53. On the weekends, he usually doesn't 54 the same things. On Saturday he washes his car and on 55 he goes with his family to a village by car. His uncle and aunt 56 a farm there. It isn't a big one, but there is always 57 to do on the farm. The children help with the animals and give them some 58. Mr and Mrs Smith help in the field. At the end of the day, they are all 59 and Mr Smith's aunt 60 them a big meal.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| () 51. A. play | B. stay | C. be | D. do |
| () 52. A. works | B. does | C. makes | D. studies |
| () 53. A. day | B. year | C. week | D. month |
| () 54. A. does | B. do | C. make | D. has |
| () 55. A. Sunday | B. Saturday | C. Thursday | D. Friday |
| () 56. A. have | B. has | C. bring | D. find |
| () 57. A. much | B. many | C. any | D. most |
| () 58. A. food | B. rice | C. cakes | D. fruit |
| () 59. A. hungry | B. angry | C. full | D. happy |
| () 60. A. give | B. puts | C. makes | D. does |

Ⅲ. 阅读 (共 30 分)

十、阅读理解(每小题 2 分,共 30 分)

A

Many children love junk food. It's bad for their health. Their parents don't want them to eat too much junk food. Although they know it's not a good habit, they still eat it. Some of them eat this kind of food every day. Some eat only once or twice a week.

Paul is kind of unhealthy. He hardly ever exercises. He eats lots of junk food because he loves it. When he has money, he'll buy junk food. His parents are worry about him. But he says, "Maybe I'm not very healthy, but I enjoy myself."

根据短文内容,判断句子正(T)误(F)

- () 61. Few children love junk food.
- () 62. Many parents don't want their children to eat junk food.

() 63. Children know it's a bad habit to eat junk food.

() 64. Paul is very healthy.

() 65. Paul often borrows money to buy junk food.

B

In every language there are words that have some interesting stories behind them. The word "sandwich", for example, is very common in English. It comes from a nobleman(贵族) named Sandwich in England.

Sandwich lived in the 18th century, he was rich, but he liked to play cards for money. He often played for 24 hours, and did not even stop to have his meals. He ordered his servant(仆人) to bring some meat and bread, and he played while eating. He put the meat between two pieces of bread, and he held the food in his left hand while he played with his right hand. People liked Sandwich's idea and began to eat bread and meat in this way.

From the name of the man Sandwich, we have the word "sandwich" today.

() 66. "Sandwich" is from a man's name. The man was _____.

A. a Chinese B. an Englishman C. an American D. a Frenchman

() 67. Sandwich lived between _____.

A. 1700~1800 B. 1800~1900 C. 1701~1800 D. 1801~1900

() 68. Sandwich was _____.

A. a common man B. a rich man C. a servant D. a poor man

() 69. Sandwich often played cards _____.

A. from morning till afternoon B. from morning till the end of evening
C. from morning till the end of night D. from evening till morning

() 70. Now "sandwich" means _____.

A. some meat between two pieces of bread B. two pieces of bread between some meat
C. two pieces of bread among some meat D. some meat between pieces of bread

C

People can have heart problems. So can dogs. Ginger, a ten-year-old dog, had such a serious heart problem that her life was in danger. Ginger's owner, Mrs Brown, loved her dog very much and couldn't lose her.

The newspaper in the town, where Mrs Brown lived, carried a story about Ginger and her problem. A manufacturer of heart pacemakers(起搏器) came to save Ginger. Pacemakers are usually used for people, but the manufacturer gave one to help save the dog's life. The cost of the pacemaker would be 850 dollars, but Mrs Brown received one as a present. The doctor who installed the pacemaker in Ginger was a veterinarian(兽医). Ginger was operated on for 45 minutes, and Mrs Brown hoped that the dog would be able to live a healthy life.

Pacemakers are often used to help people with heart problems, but an operation like this is quite unusual for an animal. A pacemaker is installed to help regulate(调节) the heartbeat(心跳). For a heart that beats weakly, the pacemaker helps keep a strong beat.

- () 71. A heart problem almost _____.
 A. made Mrs Brown die
 B. didn't need an operation
 C. cost Ginger life
 D. killed several doctors
- () 72. A manufacturer of pacemakers _____.
 A. buys them
 B. makes them
 C. does dangerous work
 D. hurts broken hearts
- () 73. Few animals have pacemakers because the pacemakers _____.
 A. don't help animals
 B. are too large for animals
 C. make too much noise
 D. cost a lot of money
- () 74. Something that's installed is _____.
 A. found in a house
 B. put in place
 C. out of the way
 D. always too expensive
- () 75. The newspaper story caused(made happen) _____.
 A. many people to be worried
 B. veterinarians to be out of work
 C. Mrs Brown to understand
 D. Ginger to get some help

IV. 综合语言运用 (共 15 分)

十一、书面表达(15 分)

根据下面的表格,写一篇介绍 George 一周活动的短文。

活动	频率
get up at 6:00	always
exercise	three times a week
do homework at home	every evening
watch TV	once a week
eat junk food	hardly ever
drink milk	every day
sleep	for nine hours every night

V. 附加题 (共 10 分)

十二、根据短文内容填写下表, 每空词数不限

I've got some information for everyone going to Britain next month. As you know, you'll be staying with a family for two weeks. Now the most important thing is money. You should take about £30 in cash(现金) and about £200 in travelers cheques(支票). Then when you arrive at the airport you'll be met by our host(主人) family. You must remember to wear a red shirt so the family will find you easily. I've told them to look out for the red shirts. You'll also need to take with you 4 photos of yourself and, of course, it's very important that you take the school letter. While you are there, if you have any problems, you can call our agent(代理人). I'll give you her office phone number now. It's 334-4436 and the person to ask for is Mrs Willing. She's in the office from 9 to 5 every day. OK! That's everything. Have a good trip.

GOING TO BRITAIN

Money-cash: £30

Traveler cheques: 76

Wear: 77

Take: 78

Office phone number: 79

Ask for: 80

装

订

线



八年级英语第一学期·人教新目标

Unit 2 系统复习卷

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共4页,不限完卷时间,学生直接在试卷上答题;
2. 本卷既可用于每单元自测,又可用于期末集中复习,请务必保留以备期末装订之用。

第一部分 词汇

一、单词互译

- | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. _____ n. 胳膊 | 2. _____ n. 耳朵 | 3. _____ n. 脚;足 |
| 4. _____ n. 腿部 | 5. _____ n. 鼻子 | 6. _____ n. 事情;问题 |
| 7. _____ n. 头疼 | 8. _____ n. 疾病 | 9. _____ adj. 传统的;惯例的 |
| 10. _____ n. 发烧 | 11. _____ v. 休息 | 12. _____ adj. 生气的;愤怒的 |
| 13. _____ adv. 早;提早 | 14. _____ adj. (身体)虚弱的;无力的 | |
| 15. _____ n. 后背 | 16. _____ n. 眼睛 | 17. _____ n. 头 |
| 18. _____ n. 脖子 | 19. _____ n. 手 | 20. _____ n. 感冒;伤风 |
| 21. problem n. _____ | 22. should modal v. _____ | 23. ago adv. _____ |
| 24. important adj. _____ | 25. western adj. _____ | 26. medicine n. _____ |
| 27. believe v. _____ | 28. so pron. _____ | 29. late adv. _____ |
| 30. until conj. _____ | 31. hear v. _____ | 32. everybody pron. _____ |

二、短语互译

- | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. 以……开始 _____ | 2. 当然 _____ |
| 3. 喉咙痛 _____ | 4. 三年前 _____ |
| 5. (表肯定)有些;几个 _____ | 6. 照顾 _____ |
| 7. 保持健康 _____ | 8. 感觉疲惫 _____ |
| 9. 胃痛 _____ | 10. 躺下 _____ |
| 11. hot tea with honey _____ | 12. on weekends _____ |
| 13. see the dentist _____ | 14. on the other hand _____ |
| 15. at the moment _____ | 16. be stressed out _____ |
| 17. healing food _____ | |

三、根据句意及首字母填空

1. I have a t _____, so I want to see a dentist.
2. I'm t _____; I would like something to drink.
3. It's important for you to eat a b _____ diet.
4. We hear with our e _____ and see with our e _____.
5. The t _____ festival in China is the Spring Festival.
6. What's the m _____ with you?
7. Exercising enough can help you s _____ healthy.
8. Don't get s _____ out. It will make you sick.
9. Something is wrong with his back. He has a b _____.
10. My spoken English doesn't i _____, so I need some conversation practice.

四、选词填空

1. —What's the matter, Tony? —I am stressed _____ (out/ in).
2. My grandmother isn't feeling _____ (good/ well) at the moment.
3. Everyone gets _____ (tired/ tire) sometimes.
4. If you have a sore throat, you should drink some hot tea _____ (with/ has) some honey.
5. It's easy to stay _____ (health/ healthy).
6. I brush my _____ (tooth/ teeth) twice a day.

第二部分 句型

五、根据汉语意思完成句子

1. 多吃蔬菜可以帮助你保持健康。

Eating _____ vegetables _____ you to _____ in good health.

2. 你必须尽量少吃肉。

You _____ eat _____ meat.

3. 每个人都有累的时候。

_____ tired sometimes.

4. 我相信学好英语是重要的。

I believe _____ study English well.

5. 我有压力因为我的英语提高不上去。

I'm _____ because my English isn't _____.

六、句型转换

1. He can't hear anything. (改为同义句)

He _____ hear _____.

2. She has a backache. (对画线部分提问)

What's _____ with _____?

3. I believe you are right. (改为否定句)

I _____ you _____.

4. He has to do his homework first. (改为一般疑问句)

_____ to do his homework first?

5. He has a pain in his head. (改为同义句)

He has _____.

七、对话配对,将正确的答语与问题连线

1. What's the matter?

A. I'm very tired.

2. Do you have a sore throat?

B. He has a toothache.

3. I have a headache. What should I do?

C. Yes, it is.

4. What's wrong with you?

D. No, I don't. I have a backache.

5. Is your English improving?

E. You should lie down and have a rest.

第三部分 语法

八、单项选择

() 1. We shouldn't eat _____ junk food. It's bad for our health.

A. much too

B. too much

C. too many

D. many too

() 2. It has no _____, but it can walk.

A. foots

B. foot

C. footes

D. feet

() 3. Can you tell me how to stay _____?

A. health

B. healthy

C. healthily

D. healthly

() 4. I often study late every night, sometimes _____ 2:00 am.

A. before

B. after

C. until

D. when

() 5. Drinking hot tea _____ honey is good _____ sore throat.

A. with; for

B. with; at

C. and; for

D. for; at

() 6. Chinese doctors believe that we should eat more *yin* foods, _____ tofu or bean sprouts.

A. like

B. likes

C. liking

D. liked