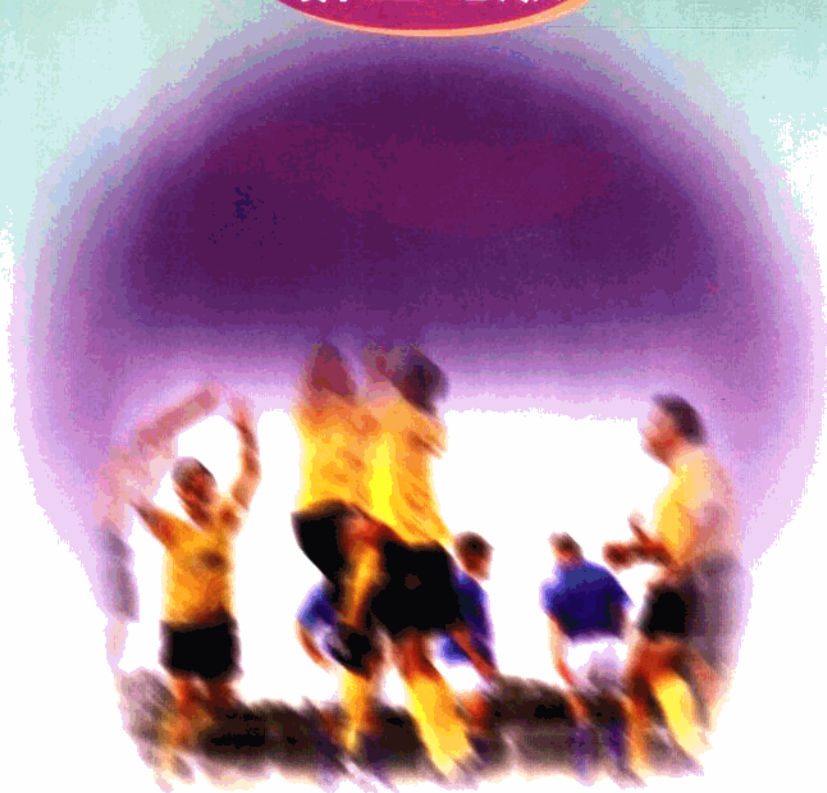


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初二年级下英语能力测试

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新世纪版



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前 言

为配合上海市中小学课程改革,协助新世纪初中英语教材的教学工作顺利开展,我们编写了这套新世纪版英语能力测试书。参加本书编写的是一批具有丰富外语教学经验的教师,又是新世纪教材的中心组成员。

编写此书的目的在于帮助学生有效复习、巩固所学英语知识,提高学生的听力、阅读、会话及写作能力,以及应试能力。本书按新世纪教材内容编写,供初二年级第二学期使用。

本书内容紧扣新教材教学重点,注重学生语言应用能力的培养。本书形式新颖多样,难易适中,循序渐进,逐步提高。每阶段主要语言知识点和重要词汇均有复现。除每课配有同步练习外,还配有单元测试题和期中、期末测试题。

为便于学生学习,听力部分配有录音磁带。

编者

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Lesson One

Part One Listening

I. Listen to the sentence and tick the right picture. (听句子, 将正确的图片代码填入框内) (共5分)

题号	1	2	3	4	5
代码					



A



B



C



D



E



F

II. Listen and choose the best response to the sentence you hear. (根据你所听到的句子, 选出最恰当的应答) (共5分)

- () 1. A. So did I. B. So do I. C. Neither did I. D. Neither do I.
- () 2. A. Yes, we shall. B. That's good.
C. No. Thanks. D. Yes, let's.
- () 3. A. I think so. B. Really? Are you kidding?
C. I couldn't agree more. D. Yes, you're right.
- () 4. A. Interesting. B. It's delicious.
C. I enjoyed every minute of it. D. It was difficult.
- () 5. A. Yes, they need. B. No, they needn't.
C. Yes, they attend. D. No, they don't.

III. Listen to the short dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear. (根据你所听到的对话和问题,选择最恰当的答案) (共5分)

- () 1. A. Advertisement section. B. Sports section.
C. News section. D. Fun Time section.
- () 2. A. They're doing an interviewing. B. They're planning an outing.
C. They're having a meeting. D. They're discussing what to eat.
- () 3. A. May 5. B. May 20. C. March 3. D. March 15.
- () 4. A. Attractive. B. Interesting. C. Instructive. D. Not beautiful.
- () 5. A. A teacher. B. A reporter. C. A manager. D. An editor.

IV. Listen to the passage and mark the following sentences true or false according to what you have heard. (听短文,根据短文内容判断下列句子的正误) (共5分)

- | | True | False |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Anna, Jane and Dick are looking at the employment (招聘) section of their local newspaper. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. Anna advises Dick to apply (申请) for the job as a waiter. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. Anna thinks Dick is honest and energetic. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. Jane will apply for the job as a reporter because she has a lot of experience. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. Anna also finds a job for herself in the newspaper. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

V. Listen to the dialogue and complete the table. (听对话,然后填写下列表格,每格限填一词) (共5分)

Class Seven's Newspaper	
Name:	Big Big <u>1</u>
Number of section:	<u>2</u>
Section:	News <u>3</u>
	<u>4</u> of the World
	Teachers' Star
	Young Voice
	English <u>5</u> Park

Part Two Reading and Writing

I. Fill in the blanks with the words in the box in their proper forms. (用所给单词的适当形式填空) (共5分)

read, edit, decide, suggest, reporter

- Have you made a _____ to be a volunteer editor of your school newspaper?
- Xinming Evening Paper attracts a lot of _____.

3. The _____ need to discuss the name and sections of their school newspaper.
4. How do you feel about those _____?
5. I'd like to write a _____ on the art festival.

II. Choose the best answer. (选择最恰当的答案) (共 12 分)

- () 1. Do you read _____ every day?
A. evening paper B. evening papers
C. a piece of evening paper D. a evening paper
- () 2. We _____ any help.
A. don't need B. needn't C. needn't to D. don't need to
- () 3. I _____ to Tom's birthday party unless he invites me.
A. don't go B. will go C. won't go D. am going
- () 4. I suggest he _____ a business trip to Beijing.
A. taking B. can take C. would take D. take
- () 5. Dick, _____ of Class Two, is presiding _____ the class meeting.
A. the monitor...over B. monitor...over
C. a monitor...at D. the monitor.../
- () 6. We are going to make _____ final decision on what _____ focus on.
A. the...will our school newspaper B. a...our school newspaper should
C. a...does our school newspaper D. the ...our school newspaper should
- () 7. What's your view _____ pets?
A. on keeping B. about keeping C. to keep D. for keeping
- () 8. What are you going to _____ at the meeting?
A. tell B. speak C. say D. talk
- () 9. _____ do you _____ the film?
A. What...feel about B. How ...feel about
C. How ...find about D. What...like
- () 10. That sounds _____.
A. like more attractive B. like a lot of fun
C. more fun C. interested
- () 11. Please e-mail us _____ full details _____ yourself _____
cs_dfis@public.sta.net.cn.
A. with...about...on B. about...of...at
C. with...about...at D. in...on...to
- () 12. _____ you've finished your homework, you can take a rest.
A. Though B. Before C. Since D. When

III. Fill in the blanks with the verbs in their proper forms. (用所给动词的适当形式填空) (共 10 分)

1. Tom usually _____ (preside) over our class meeting.
2. They _____ (publish) their school newspaper already.

3. Our class teacher _____ (take) photographs this time yesterday.
4. I'm sorry, Mr. Li. I _____ (leave) my textbook at home this morning.
5. You _____ (not pass) the exam unless you study harder.

IV. Rewrite the sentences as required. (按要求改写下列句子) (共 10 分)

1. I don't know what I should do next. (保持原句意思)
I don't know _____ do next.
2. The police started to look for the lost boy. (保持原句意思)
The police _____ to look for the lost boy.
3. A school newspaper should pay special attention to what happens on campus. (保持原句意思)
A school newspaper should _____ what happens on campus.
4. We will go to the museum if it doesn't rain. (保持原句意思)
We _____ go to the museum _____ it is fine.
5. Jack surfs the Internet twice a month. (对划线部分提问)
_____ does Jack surf the Internet?

V. Reading (共 15 分)

(A)

Read the passages and tick the right boxes. (阅读信件, 辨别下列句子的正误, 并在相应的方框内打勾)

Lars Madsen is from France. Mr. Green was his English teacher there. Now Lars is studying at a university in the United States.

Dear Mr Green,

My classes started last week, and I am enjoying them very much. I am taking three subjects: English, maths and art history. I am living with an American student. He is studying physics. He often helps me with my school work.

My sister and I arrived in the United States two weeks ago. She is studying library science at the University of Michigan.

We visited my aunt in New York and she showed us some interesting parts of the city. Do you know New York well?

How was your holiday? How many students are you teaching now? Which books are you using this year? I always remember your classes. They were very helpful to me.

Sincerely,
Lars Madsen

- | | True | False |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Mr. Green used to be Lars Madsen's English teacher. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. Lars Madsen studies English, maths, art history and other subjects. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. Lars Madsen isn't good at physics, so an American student helps him. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. His sister studies library science at the University of Michigan. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. Their aunt showed them some interesting places in New York. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

(B)

Read the passage and choose the best answer. (根据短文内容, 选择最恰当的答案, 用 A, B, C 或 D 表示, 填入括号内)

Somebody once asked Mark Twain whether he could remember the first money he ever earned (挣钱).

"It happened at school. Schoolboys in those days had very little respect for their teachers and even less for their desks. The boys used pens and pencils and even knives to draw stars and faces, or to write their names on the desks. At last the school headmaster said, 'If somebody does such a thing the next time, he will have to pay five dollars, or he will receive a beating in front of the whole school.'"

"Soon after that, I had to go to my father and ask him to give me five dollars before going to school. I was honest enough to explain that I couldn't agree to receive a beating instead. But he said, 'No, I can't allow you to connect our family name with such a thing. So I'll pay the five dollars. But you must suffer for what you have done. I'll give you the beating here, at home.'"

"Soon he beat me, and gave me the five dollars to take to school. But I decided that beating at school wouldn't be worse. So I told them to give me a beating in front of the whole school, and I kept the five dollars. And that was the first money I ever earned.

- () 1. Mark Twain remembered he earned money for the first time _____.
 A. when he met his classmates B. when he was at school
 C. when he received a beating D. when he used pens
- () 2. If somebody _____ the next time, he will have to pay five dollars.
 A. uses pens and pencils B. uses knives
 C. writes names on the desks D. doesn't respect their teachers
- () 3. Mark Twain asked his father to give him dollars because _____.
 A. he didn't want to go to school
 B. he was honest enough to explain
 C. he didn't want to receive a beating
 D. he couldn't agree what the headmaster said
- () 4. Although his father beat him at home, _____.
 A. he didn't take him to school

- B. he allowed him to connect with their family name
 C. he didn't let him suffer for what he had done
 D. he gave him five dollars
- () 5. Mark Twain _____ at last though he was beaten twice.
 A. could get five dollars B. could get nothing
 C. didn't go to school D. had to explain

(C)

Read the passage and answer the questions. (根据短文内容回答下列问题)

Many people who work in London prefer to live outside it, and to go to their offices, factories or schools every day by train, car or bus, even though this means they have to get up earlier in the morning and arrive home later in the evening.

One benefit (益处) of living outside London is that houses are cheaper. Even a small flat in London without a garden cost quite a lot to hire. With the same money, you can get a little house in the country with a garden of your own.

Then, in the country one can be free from noise and hurry of the town. Although one has to get up earlier and spend more time in trains or buses, one can sleep better at night, and, during weekends and on summer evenings, one can enjoy the fresh clean air of the country.

Some people, however, take no interest in country things; for them, happiness lies in the town, with its cinemas and theatres, beautiful shops and busy streets, dance-halls and restaurants, such people would feel that their life was not worth living if they had to live it outside London. A walk in one of the parks and a visit to the sea every summer is all the enjoyment they want.

1. What do people working in London and living outside London have to do?

They have to _____.

2. What's a benefit of living outside London?

It's that _____.

3. Where can you get a little house with a garden with the same money?

_____.

4. When can you enjoy the fresh clean air of the country?

_____.

5. What would some people feel if they had to live outside London?

_____.

VI. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words. (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,使其内容通顺,每空格限填一词,首字母已给)(共6分)

There are usually three school terms in Britain: autumn, spring and summer terms.

The schools usually have a five-day holiday halfway in each term. S _____ the schools take their pupils on trips at half-term. Holidays can be different in different places. The schools usually have ten days at Christmas and six weeks in summer f _____ the end

of July to the b _____ of September.

Students can eat lunch in the school d _____. In recent years more and more students have brought their o _____ lunch. They don't like eating in the dining-room. All pupils enjoy talking about h _____ bad school food is.

VII. Complete the following dialogue with proper sentences in the box. (选出适当的句子, 完成下列对话) (共 10 分)

- A. Perhaps we may give it a good name and interesting sections.
B. What sections should we include in our Campus Star then?
C. I couldn't agree more.
D. Who'd like to set the ball rolling?
E. What's your opinion?
F. How do you feel about it?
G. I quite agree with you.
H. We should focus on what happens in school.
I. That's just what I was thinking.
J. If there is no school news section.

A: We're going to start our class wall-newspaper this term. We used to discuss about it at the meeting. _____ 1 _____

B: Let me speak first. Shall we write some English proverbs on it?

C: _____ 2 _____

A: We can call it Campus Star.

B: _____ 3 _____

C: _____ 4 _____ It sounds attractive.

A: _____ 5 _____

C: I suggest Students' Voice, English Study, National News and Advice pages.

B: They sound fine. _____ 6 _____

A: _____ 7 _____

C: I suggest we add school news. _____ 8 _____ we'll know little about what's happening in our school.

A: _____ 9 _____ Besides, we should give some advice to us students how to study English well.

C: _____ 10 _____

IX. Write at least 50 words about the topic "Junior Students' Post". Please use the question cues. (根据所给题目“初中学生报”写 50 词) (共 7 分)

1. What sections do you want to include?
2. Why do you choose these sections?
3. Which sections are you interested in? Why?

Lesson Two

Part One Listening

I. Listen to the sentence and tick the right picture. (听句子, 将正确的图片代码填入框内) (共5分)

题号	1	2	3	4	5
代码					



A



B



C



D



E



F

II. Listen and choose the best response to the sentence you hear. (根据你所听到的句子, 选出最恰当的应答) (共5分)

() 1. A. Yes, you may.

B. Yes, please.

C. Yes, thank you.

D. No, you can't.

() 2. A. You can recall it.

B. You can renew it.

C. You have to pay a fine.

D. You don't have to return it.

() 3. A. It's very attractive.

B. I find it interesting.

C. It's very big and modern.

D. Yes, it's hard to say.

() 4. A. That's OK.

B. Thank you for your advice.

C. All right.

D. Sounds like a lot of fun.

() 5. A. For a week. B. Once.

C. Once a week. D. In a week.

III. Listen to the short dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear. (根据你所听到的对话和问题, 选择最恰当的答案) (共5分)

() 1. A. Tuesday.

B. Tomorrow.

C. Monday.

D. Thursday.

- () 2. A. Computers. B. Records.
C. Books and newspapers. D. Magazines.
- () 3. A. At a school. B. At a police station.
C. In the street. D. At a restaurant.
- () 4. A. Photography. B. Reading. C. Singing. D. Table tennis.
- () 5. A. Because she's gone to the library.
B. Because she hasn't finished her project.
C. Because she has recalled the books.
D. Because she hasn't got the books.

IV. Listen to the passage and mark the following sentences true or false according to what you have heard. (听短文, 根据短文内容判断下列句子的正误) (共5分)

- | | True | False |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. People begin their day by reading newspaper. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. In all cities there're many kinds of papers with several different editions (版本) every day. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. We need more time to read Saturday or Sunday newspapers because the edition is longer than usual. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. You can learn much information from the world in the newspaper as well as in the magazines. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. There are magazines for everybody's taste and interest and you can read them every day. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

V. Listen to the passage and complete the table. (听短文, 然后填写下列表格, 每格限填一词) (共5分)

SCHOOL LIBRARY

The library has a collection of 1 books and reading room with 60 seats. Opening hours are from 2 a. m. to 5:00 p. m., every weekday. The following is an introduction to the library rules for every reader to obey:

- Use your 3 library card to borrow and read books in the library.
- Borrow at most 4 books at a time.
- Keep a book no longer than two weeks.
- Renew a book before it is due.
- Pay a fine of RMB 0.1 a day for each book overdue.
- Return a book in four days if another reader has 5 the book.
- Keep 6 in the reading room.

Part Two Reading and Writing

I. Fill in the blanks with the words in the box in their proper forms. (用所给单词的适当形式填空) (共5分)

collect, library, full, due, call

1. We have to pay a fine of RMB 0.1 a day for each book _____.
2. He enjoys _____ stamps because he thinks it can broaden his mind.
3. A person whose job is to look after a library is a _____.
4. He wanted to _____ the book, so he _____ in the form with details of it.

II. Choose the best answer. (选择最恰当的答案) (共12分)

- () 1. You can't borrow any books until you _____.
A. will pay a fine B. paid the fine
C. paid a fine D. pay the fine
- () 2. What's your opinion _____ this plan?
A. on B. about C. of D. to
- () 3. Some people prefer coffee, _____ others prefer tea.
A. and B. so C. while D. or
- () 4. You will fail _____ you work harder.
A. if B. when C. until D. unless
- () 5. How long has the film _____?
A. begun B. been on C. start D. on
- () 6. The farmer told us we can pick as _____ fruit as we want in the orchard.
A. much B. many C. more D. most
- () 7. The boy was lucky enough to be _____ for the train.
A. on time B. in time C. at time D. on the time
- () 8. You can _____ the book until it is due.
A. borrow B. not borrow C. keep D. not return
- () 9. Our monitor suggested _____ an English Evening this Friday.
A. to have B. we could have C. having D. had
- () 10. Since so many people want to read the book, it _____ a very good book.
A. can be B. may be C. must be D. should
- () 11. Tom as well as his younger brother _____ great progress this semester.
A. have made B. make C. are making D. has made
- () 12. The weather in London is changeable. _____, you'd better take your umbrella with you.
A. No matter where do you go B. No matter where you go
C. No matter where you go to D. No matter when you go

III. Fill in the blanks with the verbs in the box in their proper forms. (用所给动词的适当形式填空) (共 10 分)

write, renew, return, rain, borrow

1. She _____ the dictionary to me because she has bought one.
2. Betty _____ a letter to her mother last night.
3. It _____ heavily when I went home last Friday.
4. I _____ them before the books are due.
5. Jim _____ a bike from Peter recently.

IV. Rewrite the sentences as required. (按要求改写下列句子) (共 10 分)

1. My aunt went to Australia two days ago. (保持原句意思)
My aunt _____ Australia _____ two days.
2. This recorder is very expensive. (改成感叹句)
_____ expensive recorder this is!
3. It took her two hours to make the kite. (保持原句意思)
She _____ two hours _____ the kite.
4. Joan bought the pen two weeks ago. (保持原句意思)
Joan _____ the pen for two weeks.
5. Peter has renewed the magazine before it is due. (对划线部分提问)
_____ Peter done before the magazine is due?

V. Reading (共 15 分)

(A)

Read the passage and tick the right boxes. (辨别下列句子的正误,并在方框内打勾)

Suppose you are going to London, and you have never visited the city before. If someone tells you about the interesting places in this city, you begin to get some idea of what you will see. But you don't have a clear idea of where these places are or of how to find them.

However, if someone has a map of the city and shows you the main roads and buildings, you may say, "Oh, now I see. I can find my way with no trouble at all."

Working in maths is somewhat (有点儿) like trying to find your way around a new city. Perhaps in problems the words may tell you some things and you have heard about them, but you can't see any clear road to the answer. Maybe you need a kind of map of the main roads in maths to help you find your way. Study what goes on in maths, and try your best to find the main roads. They will lead (引导) you to answers. If you can find the road-map, the maths problem will be easily worked out.

1. If you are told about some places in the city, you will see them. ☐
2. You can find your way with some trouble. ☐
3. You have heard about some things, you can find some answers. ☐
4. Perhaps you need a kind of map of the main roads in maths to help you find your way. ☐

5. If you can find the road-map, you can easily work out the maths problem.

(B)

Read the passage and choose the best answer. (根据短文内容, 选择最恰当的答案, 用A, B, C 或 D 表示, 填入括号内)

The Great Fire of London started in the very early hours of 2 September 1666. In four days it destroyed more than three quarters of the old city, where most of the houses were wooden and close together. One hundred thousand people became homeless, but only a few lost their lives.

The fire started on Sunday morning in the house of the King's Baker in Pudding Lane (布丁巷). The baker, with his wife and family, was able to get out through a window in the roof. A strong wind blew the fire from the bakery into a small hotel next door. Then it spread quickly into Thames Street. That was the beginning. By eight o'clock three hundred houses were on fire. On Monday morning nearly a kilometer of the city was burning along the River Thames. Tuesday was the worse day. The fire destroyed many well-known buildings, and old St Paul's and the Guildhall were among them.

Samuel Pepys, the famous writer wrote about the fire. People threw their things into the river. Many poor people stayed in their houses until the last moment. Birds fell out of the air because of the heat.

The fire stopped only when the King finally ordered people to destroy hundreds of buildings in the path of the fire. With nothing left to burn, the fire became weak and finally died out.

After the fire, Christopher Wren, the architect, wanted to have a city with wider streets and fine new houses of stone. But in fact, the streets were still narrow, but he did build more than fifty churches, and among them was the new St Paul's. The fire caused great pain and loss, but after it London was a better place; a city for the future and not just of the past.

() 1. The Great Fire of London _____.

- A. started in early 1666 B. lasted for four days
C. destroyed the old cities D. one thousand people died

() 2. The fire _____.

- A. could get out through a window in the roof
B. spread quickly into Thames Street.
C. destroyed hundreds houses by eight o'clock
D. burned along a kilometer

() 3. Old St Paul's and the Guildhall _____.

- A. were destroyed
B. were a kilometer away
C. began to be well-known building
D. were along the River Thames

- () 4. Which of the following is not right?
- Samuel Pepys wrote about the fire.
 - People threw their things into the river.
 - Many poor people didn't leave in their houses until the last moment.
 - Birds fell out of the river because of the heat.
- () 5. The fire stopped _____.
- after they built more than fifty churches
 - after the fire became weak and finally died out
 - when they destroyed hundreds of buildings in the path of the fire
 - when they widened streets and fine new houses of stone

(C)

Read the passage and complete the sentences below. (阅读短文,并完成下列句子)(共5分)

David Moore taught science at the City School. He needed some expensive books, and so he bought them. He left them in his car in a quiet street. Then he bought other things at other shops. At six o'clock he came back to the car. One window was open—and the books were not there! David drove home to Fry Road.

That night he wrote a letter to a newspaper. The next day he went to the police.

On Friday people read this in the newspaper:

BOOKS WANTED: Have you any old books? I buy old and modern books. Open all day on Saturday. David Moore, 26 Fly Road.

David stayed at home on Saturday. His first visitor came at 8 o'clock. David took him to the kitchen. At half past nine another man arrived. He had a bag under his arm.

"Mr Moore?" the man said.

"That's right," David said. "Can I help you?"

"I've got some good books. You buy books, don't you?"

"Yes. Bring them in. I'll have a look at them."

Soon the books were on the dining table. "Come in now," David called, "and bring the list."

A policeman came into the room. He read the names on the books on the list in his hand. They were the same.

"Come with me, sir," the policeman said to the man.

- David Moore bought _____.
- When he came back to the car, he found _____.
- David Moore lives _____.
- The second visitor arrived _____.
- A policeman caught the second man because _____.

VI. Choose the words or expressions and complete the passage. (选择最恰当的单词或词语,完成短文)(共6分)

Henry drove a truck in a factory. He worked hard but he liked drinking. As a driver, it

brought him a lot of 1. Once he drank too much and his truck 2 into a river. Soon after that his truck hit a car and he almost 3 his life in the accident. The boss was not happy and sent him away.

At first, Henry felt very sorry for it and decided to stop drinking. One Sunday afternoon Henry met an old friend of his while he was on his way home. They were both 4 and the man asked him to drink something. He 5 all and agreed with him. He drank a lot. When he came out, his friend said, "You are wearing your 6 in the opposite direction, Henry."

"Is it possible?" shouted Henry. "You don't know at all in which direction I am going!"

- () 1. A. ways B. pleasure C. business D. trouble
() 2. A. threw B. fell C. jumped D. came
() 3. A. left B. lost C. dropped D. gave
() 4. A. hungry B. happy C. tired D. sorry
() 5. A. forgot B. remembered C. enjoyed D. thought about
() 6. A. trousers B. shirt C. hat D. shoes

VII. Complete the following dialogue with proper sentences in the box. (选出适当的句子, 完成下列对话) (共 10 分)

- A. By the way, how many books may I borrow at a time?
B. Otherwise you'll have to pay a fine.
C. Please fill in this form.
D. How long can I keep them?
E. How can I find them?
F. Thank you very much.
G. you can renew them so that you can keep them longer.
H. Two weeks?
I. Have you got any novels about Chinese traditional foods?
J. What about these Chinese traditional food books?

A: What can I do for you?

B: 1

A: Yes, we've got some.

B: 2

A: Let me check for them on the computer first.

B: Thank you. 3

A: At most four.

B: 4

A: Two weeks.

B: 5 I'm afraid I can't return them until I've finished my project. I want to keep it longer.