



AN EASY WAY TO ENGLISH READING

无障碍 英语阅读

AN EASY WAY TO ENGLISH READING

初三（总复习版）

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An easy way to English reading

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初三版

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自信·跨越·成功

——致中学生朋友们

送给朋友一件什么样的礼物，有的时候真不太好选择。

到底为中学生朋友出版什么样的教辅图书？我们同样在选择，在思考。我们不想再往本来就很重的书包里，塞进多余的份量，也不想往本来就很乱的书桌上增加新的“弃物”。于是，我们请来了行家——最了解学生，最了解教改要求和考试改革方向的重点中学的骨干教师。他们或具有“十佳”的称号，或是培养中、高考状元的高手。通过和他们多次的切磋后，我们共同把礼物展现在中学生朋友的面前。尽管它不是最好的，可也不是平平常常的，因为在这里面含着我们的真诚，表达着我们的一片心愿。

我们祝愿朋友们踢好中、高考的临门一脚；我们希望朋友们在关键时刻有一份自信。所以，我们把“无障碍”的字样印在了封面上。“无障碍”是面对困难的勇气，“无障碍”是对成功的自信。

当然，通往成功之路并不平坦，正所谓“崎岖与曲折”，因此，“无障碍”也具有了扫清一些障碍的意义。

我们研究了英语教学大纲和考试大纲的要求，根据“在进行听、说、读、写综合训练的同时，侧重培养阅读能力”这一要求，我们首先把提高“阅读能力”作为突破点。我们也分析和总结了近几年高考

英语阅读理解部分的总词量及阅读速度：

	总词量	读 速
1996	1613	32.2WPM
1997	1723	34.5WPM
1998	1815	36.3WPM
1999	2058	41.16WPM

从上面的统计可以看出，高考阅读单词量呈逐年上升趋势，对考生阅读速度要求也越来越高。因此，进行有针对性的、大量的阅读训练是非常必要的。

我们在编写出版这套书的时候，也考虑到了英语试卷阅读题部分的命题原则：在题材上多样化，包括科普、文化、政治、经济、军事等社会各方面的热点话题；在体裁上避免单样化，包括记叙文、说明文、应用文等；在设计试题上，突出了测试要求：1. 主旨大意 2. 事实细节 3. 推断词义 4. 图表实例 5. 推理判断 6. 理解作者的意图和态度等；同时，对较为生僻的词，进行了必要的注释。

我们自认为想得比较周全，编写得比较仔细。愿这小小的礼物，给您一些轻松，一些自信，使您中、高考过后有一份好的心情。

第三编辑室

AN EASY WAY TO ENGLISH READING

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AN EASY WAY TO ENGLISH READING

Unit 1

A road of a thousand miles begins with one step.

千里之行始于足下



Exercise ①

Mr. Mrs. Miss and Ms

Almost everyone knows the meaning of Mr, Mrs and Miss, Mr is used before the family names of men. Mrs is for married women^① and Miss is for single women^②. But what is Ms?

For some time, businessmen^③ in the USA have used Ms before a woman's name when they do not know whether the woman is married or not. Today many women prefer to use Ms rather than^④ Mrs or Miss. The word

① married women 已婚
妇女

② single women 单身
妇女

③ businessmen n. 商人,
实业家, 事务员

④ prefer to...rather than
...or... 宁愿 (选择)

Mr does not tell us whether or not a man is married. Many women think this is an advantage^⑤ for men. They want to be equal to^⑥ men in this way. These women feel that it is not important for people to know whether they are married or not.

There are some problems with Ms, however^⑦, not all women like it. Some like the older ways of doing things. Some find it difficult to pronounce. (Ms sounds like [miz].) Usually, young women like it better than older women do. It is difficult to know whether or not Ms will be used by more American women in the future^⑧.

…… 而不 …… 或
……

⑤ advantage n. 有利条件, 优势

⑥ be equal to 等于, 相同的

⑦ however adv. 然而, 但是

⑧ future n. 未来, 将来

根据短文内容判断, 正 “T” 误 “F”

- () 1. The word Mr doesn't tell us if a man is married.
- () 2. The word Mrs is used before the names of married women.
- () 3. The people in the USA alway use Ms before women's names.
- () 4. Many women like Ms because they want to be equal to men.
- () 5. All women like the new word Ms.

Exercise ②

完形填空

Chinese Names

In China, most people's names have 1 parts, the 2 names and the family names. One person^① may have 3 names. For example, when they are very young and 4 home, they usually have nick^② name. At school they use their 5 names. If someone 6 a writer, he or she has a pen name. New young couples^③ become very 7 when they name their child. 8 the names have special^④ meanings. Some show their parents' 9. Girl's names show that their parents want them to be nice. Boy's names are often useful 10 the country.

① person n. 人

② nick adj. 宠爱的

③ couple n. 夫妇

④ special adj. 特殊的

- | | | |
|--------|-----------|-------------|
| () 1. | A. two | B. second |
| | C. three | D. third |
| () 2. | A. family | B. given |
| | C. middle | D. full |
| () 3. | A. much | B. a lot |
| | C. many | D. a little |
| () 4. | A. in | B. at |

- C. of D. with
- ()5. A. pen B. given
- C. full D. family
- ()6. A. be B. is
- C. are D. were
- ()7. A. sad B. happy
- C. angry D. careful
- ()8. A. Some B. Both
- C. One D. Most of
- ()9. A. head B. hope
- C. idea D. name
- ()10. A. to B. in
- C. about D. at



Exercise ③

Teachers' Day



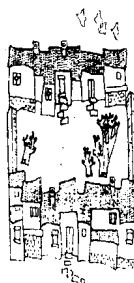
用括号中所给词的适当形式填空

Teachers' Day is 1 (come) soon.
Miss Zhao is 2 (talk) to her students
and her students 3 (be) listening to
her.

“Good morning boys and girls!” said Miss Zhao. “Teachers’ Day is on September 10th. I hear some students 4 (go) 5 (buy) presents for their teachers. They want 6 (show) their love for their teachers. That is very good, of course. But teachers 7 (not like) to get presents from students. So please 8 (not buy) any! I 9 (think) one Teachers’ Day card from you all 10 (be) enough. And the best present for us 11 (be) your good work!” If you want to show your love, please make a Teachers’ Day card and write your words in English on it.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____
 4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____
 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____
 10. _____ 11. _____

To _____ <div style="text-align: right; padding-right: 20px;">From _____</div>



Exercise ④

Miss King was a teacher at a school for

boys and girls. She taught chemistry^① and physics^② to all grade levels in the school. Sometimes the new classes learned quickly, but sometimes they were very slow, and Miss King would have to repeat things many times.

One year, the first class had been studying chemistry for several weeks when Miss King suddenly asked, "What is water? Who knows? Hands up!" There was silence^③ for a few seconds, and Miss King felt saddened^④, but then one boy raised his hand.

"Yes, Dick?" said Miss King encouragingly^⑤. He was not one of the brightest children in the class, so she was glad that he could answer.

"It is a liquid^⑥ which has no colour until you wash your hands in it, Miss King then it turns black", the boy replied with great confidence^⑦.

根据短文内容在横线上填入适当的词

Good teachers are not nervous^⑧, because they have the confidence which comes from knowing that they are fully prepared^⑨ 1 their work. They can 2 all their students, from the 3 to the stupidest^⑩, and when the realizes^⑪, from the 4 of

①chemistry n. 化学

②physics n. 物理

③silence n. 沉默

④sadden v. 使悲伤

⑤encouragingly adv. 鼓励地

⑥liquid n. 液体

⑦confidence n. 自信, 大胆

⑧nervous adj. 易怒的

⑨prepare v. 准备

⑩stupid adj. 笨的, 愚蠢的

⑪realize v. 体会, 领悟

their class when they ask a question, that they have not understood what they 5 explained, they are able to encouragingly again and again 6 different forms. Above all, they must never cause their students to lose confidence, they must always speak to them encouragingly and when one of them 7 red with shame^⑫ at having answered a question after a long delay instead 8 easily and rapidly, they must quickly make him or her feel at ease^⑬ again. I was once saddened to see a teacher being very unkind to a girl who had 9 her hand and then 10 to a question before she had been called upon.

⑫ shame n. 羞, 惭愧

⑬ at ease 快活

- | | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| 1. _____ | 2. _____ | 3. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 5. _____ | 6. _____ |
| 7. _____ | 8. _____ | 9. _____ |
| 10. _____ | | |

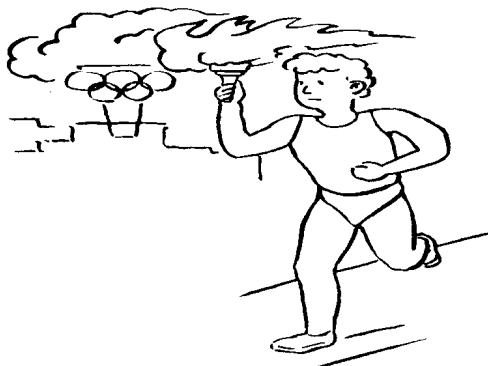
Unit 2

Good health is above wealth.

—— H. G. Bohn

健康高于财富

—— HG 博汉



Exercise ①

Sports

All over the world people enjoy sports. Sports are good for people's health. Many people like to watch others play sports games. They buy tickets or turn on their TV sets to sit in front of them.

Sports change with the seasons. People

play different games in different seasons. Sometimes they play inside the room, sometimes they play outside. We can find sports here and there, some sports are quite interesting and people everywhere like them. For example, football is very popular in the world. People from different countries can not understand each other, but after a game they often become very friendly to each other.

根据短文内容判断下列句子的正“T”，误“F”

- () 1. After sports people feel tired so they don't enjoy it.
- () 2. Sports can keep people healthy.
- () 3. People play the same games in different countries.
- () 4. Sports are changed for people in different seasons.
- () 5. Before a game, people don't know each other.



Exercise ②

How to Keep Strong

Knowledge is power^①. But there is one other thing that we must remember. A strong mind needs a strong body in order to make it^② most useful.

There are a great many good exercises. They are helpful and healthful. Some of them may be taken indoors during raining weather. Indoor exercises, however, are never as helpful as those taken out of doors in pure^③ fresh^④ air. It is because in fresh air more oxygen^⑤ is taken into our systems^⑥ and more wastes are given off. The air in the house does not remain^⑦ fresh very long. But out of doors it is usually fresh and pure.

But what shall we play? There are a number of games such as football, basketball, races ... Any game with plenty of

① Knowledge is power.
知识就是力量。

② A strong mind needs a strong body in order to make it most useful. 高超的才智需要健康的体魄, 这样才智才能充分发挥

③ pure adj. 纯净的, 纯粹的

④ fresh adj. 新鲜的

⑤ oxygen n. 氧气

⑥ system n. 组织, 体系

⑦ remain v. 留下, 保持