

# 高考英语

College Entrance Examination · English Test

Vocabulary & Grammar

## 词汇与语法

17年高考试题 **最新** 详解版



策划编辑 吴川灵  
责任编辑 季 红  
封面设计 高秀静

高考英语——词汇与语法  
高考英语——书面表达  
高考英语——阅读理解  
高考英语——完型填空与翻译

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17 年高考试题最新详解版

# 高考英语——词汇与语法

本书编写组 编



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## 再版前言

这是针对高中生专用的系列图书,也是针对现行高中教育的系列图书。同时我们也是本着出高质量、品牌书的思想,针对时代教育的要求而策划编写,所以这个系列图书体现了实用性、参考性、资料性、时代性的特征。

我们不仅致力于广大学生的科学知识教育,而且致力于青少年的人文素质教育。我们不仅希望广大青少年成为知识渊博的创新人才,更希望他们成为高素质人才,以从容应对竞争日益激烈的社会,引领潮流。

我们在选题上要求具有以下特点:最经典,含金量最高,最具参考价值、权威性、资料性。同时我们在题量上和使用方便上都做了精心设计,避免了浪费和不足。

本系列助考教辅书一经推出便受到学生和教师的好评和欢迎,同时他们也提出了宝贵意见。所以,再版时我们科学合理地进行了内容的充实完善和体例的完备。

本系列助考教辅书目前已成为包含各科、内容丰厚、试题全面、指导性强、体现最新、反映高考方向的强势高考大餐。

《高考英语——词汇与语法》在内容上主要有以下特点:

### ☞ 2006 年所有高考题中的词汇与语法试题

掌握最新高考命题特点,了解最新高考动态和方向,体现重点与热点。

### ☞ 1986~2006 历年高考试题汇集精编

最强大的历年高考语法试题汇集精编,高考语法知识点一网打尽,并且能帮助考生从不同角度去把握和理解,这些考题的含金量是其他模拟题所无法比拟的。

### ☞ 分类专项训练

进行针对性专项训练能有效地突破知识点,所以我们对试题进行了全面分类。

语法类:名词,冠词,数词,代词,形容词和形容词的级,副词和副词的级,情态动词,动词的时态,动词的语态,不定式,动名词,现在分词,过去分词,虚拟语气,介词及其短语,并列连词与并列结构,从属连词与状语从句,简单句,there be 句型、语序等句型,名词性从句及复合句,定语从句及复合句,反意疑问、祈使、感叹句型,it 的用法及强调句,主谓一致,倒装、省略句,交际用语。

词汇及短语类:名词及其短语,形容词及其短语,副词及其短语,动词及其短语。

### ☞ 模拟训练

汇编了当今热门英语考试试题,这是对学习的测评,能有效检测学习的不足,以期弥补学习中的缺漏。

### ☞ 最新题型

最新题型不仅是我们比较陌生的,而且也是高考的最新趋向,在本书最后我们也为学生增加了大量的新题型训练。

### ☞ 详细解答

精讲每一道题,这是我们的最大特点和优势,这其中倾注了编者和教师的大量心血和精力,为学生解决了答案中没有解答思路 and 提示而存在的疑惑。

本系列丛书由张叶军、李欣主编,参与本册编写的人员有:李平、杨全花、张艳丽、师海红、黄渝、李雅玲、张晖、张景丽。

我们在此感谢为本书做出努力的每一个人!

编者

2006 年 7 月

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## 语法类

### 一、名词

#### 上海历年高考试题

1. The village is far away from here indeed. It's \_\_\_\_\_ walk. (□ 2004 上海春季)  
A. a four hour B. a four hour's C. a four-hours D. a four hours'
2. The young dancers looked so charming in their beautiful clothes that we took \_\_\_\_\_ pictures of them. (□ 2003 上海)  
A. many of B. masses of C. the number of D. a large amount of
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ is just around the corner and you won't miss it. (□ 2001 上海春季)  
A. bicycle's shop B. bicycle shop C. bicycles shop D. bicycles' shop
4. What he has done is far from \_\_\_\_\_. (□ 2000 上海)  
A. satisfactory B. satisfied C. satisfaction D. satisfy
5. We waited \_\_\_\_\_ for the bus. (□ 1995 上海)  
A. long time B. a long time C. the long time D. some long time
6. \_\_\_\_\_ will make a trip around the world during the coming Christmas. (□ 1993 上海)  
A. The Evens B. The Evens' C. The Evenses D. The Evenses'
7. Dr Smith is going to pull out one of my \_\_\_\_\_. (□ 1986 上海)  
A. teeth B. tooth C. teeths D. toothes

#### 全国历年高考试题

1. —Would you like \_\_\_\_\_, sir? —No, thanks. I have had much. (□ 2005 福建)  
A. some more oranges B. any more oranges C. some more orange D. any more orange
2. You'll find this map of great \_\_\_\_\_ in helping you to get round London. (□ 1998 全国)  
A. price B. cost C. value D. usefulness
3. I'll look into the matter as soon as possible. Just have a little \_\_\_\_\_. (□ 1996 全国)  
A. wait B. time C. patience D. rest
4. He gained his \_\_\_\_\_ by printing \_\_\_\_\_ of famous writers. (□ 1995 全国)  
A. wealth; work B. wealths; works C. wealths; work D. wealth; works

#### 高考名师名题预测与专练

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ of smoke rose slowly from the roof of the hut.  
A. piece B. column C. stream D. bar
2. The baggar always asks for a \_\_\_\_\_ bread and a glass of beer.  
A. section B. column C. loaf D. part
3. Some \_\_\_\_\_ have been brought in from the car.  
A. package B. packages C. the package D. the packages
4. He then took \_\_\_\_\_ butter, with the result that hardly any was left for the rest of us.

- A. a few                      B. a little                      C. many                      D. a number of
5. I have fewer \_\_\_\_\_ than I did at the beginning of the term.  
A. homework                      B. homework assignment  
C. homeworks                      D. homework assignments
  6. This is \_\_\_\_\_. She wrote her name on the first page  
A. a Sherry's book                      B. a book of Sherry  
C. a book of Sherry's                      D. Sherry's a book
  7. Do you know \_\_\_\_\_? He seems to know you well.  
A. the name of the man                      B. the name of the man's  
C. the man's the name                      D. name of the man's
  8. \_\_\_\_\_ is the most beautiful one I have ever seen.  
A. Bob brother's car                      B. Car of Bob's brother  
C. Bob's brother's car                      D. The car of Bob's brother
  9. He was able to recite \_\_\_\_\_ at the age of three.  
A. fifteen poems of Li Bai's                      B. fifteen poems of Li Bai  
C. fifteen Li Bai's poems                      D. Li Bai's fifteen poem
  10. The policeman is investigating the \_\_\_\_\_ about the traffic accident.  
A. passer-by                      B. passers-by                      C. passer-bys                      D. passers-bys
  11. The books on the left are for small children whereas the books on the right are for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. grown-ups                      B. grows-up                      C. grown-up                      D. grown ups
  12. His salary is low and he gets \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. little luxuries                      B. few luxuries                      C. luxuries                      D. luxury
  13. \_\_\_\_\_ is from India.  
A. The mayor's of New York's cat                      B. The mayor's cat of New York's  
C. The mayor of New York's cat                      D. The mayor's cat of New York
  14. \_\_\_\_\_ new baby is very lovely.  
A. Sally's and Tom's                      B. Sally and Tom's  
C. Sally's and Tom                      D. Sally and Tom
  15. \_\_\_\_\_ is worth a million dollars now, but he bought it for only two dollars ten years ago.  
A. The portrait of John                      B. The John's portrait  
C. John's the portrait                      D. The portrait of John's
  16. He stood at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the foot of the bed                      B. the bed's foot  
C. the bed's the foot                      D. the foot of bed's
  17. We need \_\_\_\_\_ for tonight's performance.  
A. two songs of Nieth Erh's                      B. two of Nieth Erh songs  
C. two songs of Nieh Erh                      D. Nieth Erh's two songs
  18. This is \_\_\_\_\_. It's difficult to take a good picture of him  
A. a picture of Mr. Tony Blair                      B. a picture of Mr. Tonly Blair's  
C. Mr. Tony Blair's a picture                      D. a Mr. Tony Blair's picture
  19. There are five \_\_\_\_\_ on the team.  
A. seven-feet over tall players                      B. over seven-feet-tall players  
C. over seven-foot-tall players                      D. seven-foot tall over players
  20. Would you have a look at \_\_\_\_\_? There is a stain on them.  
A. these pair of pants                      B. this pair of pants  
C. this pant                      D. this pants
  21. After walking for two hours, we stopped to take \_\_\_\_\_ rest.  
A. a few minute's                      B. a few minutes'                      C. ten minute's                      D. ten minutes
  22. We arrived at \_\_\_\_\_ early in the morning.  
A. Beijing University                      B. Beijing's University  
C. University of Beijing                      D. University in Beijing

23. Who is \_\_\_\_\_ father.  
 A. James and Charles B. James and Charles's  
 C. James's and Charles's D. Jame's and Charles
24. She broke a \_\_\_\_\_ while she was washing up.  
 A. glass wine B. wine glass C. glass of wine D. wine's glass
25. Dr. Jones ordered \_\_\_\_\_ for the laboratory.  
 A. two equipments B. two pieces of equipments  
 C. two pieces of equipment D. two equipment pieces
26. The Vanguard is a \_\_\_\_\_, isn't it?  
 A. Sunday's paper B. paper of Sunday C. paper Sunday D. Sunday paper
27. I have \_\_\_\_\_ in doing these exercises.  
 A. many trouble B. much trouble C. some trouble D. little trouble
28. Here is a pair of \_\_\_\_\_. Whose \_\_\_\_\_ are they?  
 A. compasses; compasses B. compass; compass  
 C. compasses; compass D. compass; compasses
29. \_\_\_\_\_ tea has gone bad.  
 A. Yesterday afternoon B. Afternoon yesterday  
 C. Yesterday afternoon's D. Yesterday's afternoon's
30. \_\_\_\_\_ were invited.  
 A. Mary's and Jane's friend B. Mary's and Jane's friends  
 C. Mary and Jane friend D. Mary and Jane's friend
31. Is Mr. Douglas a friend of \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. your B. Jack C. your father D. you
32. In spite of his aged appearance, his movements were as spirited as a \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. young man B. young men C. young men's D. young man's
33. Phonetics is \_\_\_\_\_ speech sounds.  
 A. science of B. science of the  
 C. the science of the D. the science of
34. She cut the cloth with \_\_\_\_\_ scissors.  
 A. a couple of B. a pair of C. two D. some
35. A wife and \_\_\_\_\_ have set an excellent example of living together in harmony.  
 A. a husband B. husband C. his husband D. the husband
36. My \_\_\_\_\_ all \_\_\_\_\_ hard for the people.  
 A. family; work B. family; works C. families; work D. families; works
37. This happened at \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Mr. Blacks' B. Mr. Black C. the Mr. Blacks D. Mr. Black's



## 答案及详解

### 上海历年高考试题

1. [D]. 根据名词所有格的用法, a four hours' walk 表示走了4个小时的路程。
2. [B]. masses of 用法与 lots of 类似, 表示“大量的、众多的”, 修饰可数名词复数或不可数名词。A 项 of 多余, the number of 为“…的数量”, D 项修饰不可数名词。
3. [B]. 一个名词修饰另一个名词, 如不表示所有关系则通常不使用“'s”。
4. [C]. from 后应接名词。
5. [B]. few 用来修饰可数名词。long time 不符合习惯说法。
6. [C]. C 项表示一家人。
7. [A]. tooth 的复数为 teeth。

### 全国历年高考试题

1. [C]. some more 固定搭配。orange“饮料”, 不可数用单数形式。
2. [C]. be of + 抽象名词, 作用相当于形容词。price 是“价格”、“代价”, cost 是“成本”、“费用”, usefulness 是“有用的”。value 是“价值”、“有益”, 所以选 C 项。
3. [C]. 句意为: 我会尽快关注这件事的, 要有点耐心。所以选 C 项。
4. [D]. 此题考查名词的单复数形式的意义不同, works 是工厂、著作的意思, 而 work 是工作的意思。

### 高考名师名题预测与专练

1. [B]. a column of smoke“一股烟”, a stream of“一股, 一串”, 多用于形容小溪。
2. [C]. a loaf of bread“一块面包”。
3. [B]. 应用 package 的复数, 前面有 some 后面不能用 the。
4. [B]. butter“黄油”为不可数名词, 所以选 B 项。
5. [D]. fewer 说明 assignment 应使用复数形式。因为 few 后跟可数名词复数。
6. [C]. 名词前有数词限定时, 应该使用双重所有格, 表示部分概念。
7. [A]. the name of the man 相当于 the man's name。
8. [C]. Bob's brother's 表示 Bob 的兄弟的。
9. [A]. 名词 poems 前有数词修饰, 此时应与双重所有格连用。
10. [B]. 名词加副词或介词等构成的复合名词变复数时, 应作为主要部分的名词变为复数即可, 其余部分不变。
11. [A]. grown-up 来源于短语 grow up, 应把最后部分变位复数。
12. [B]. luxury“奢侈品”为可数名词, few“没几个”, 后跟可数名词的复数。
13. [C]. the mayor of New York 应作为一个整体“纽约市长”。
14. [B]. 两个人共同的孩子, 应在 Tom 之后加上 's 表示。
15. [D]. portrait 应为 John 收藏的别人的肖像而不是他本人的肖像, 只能选用双重所有格表达。
16. [A]. the foot of the bed“床脚”, 表示无生命东西的名词 bed 所有格多用 of 所有格。
17. [A]. Nieth Erh's 相当于 Nieth Erh's Songs。
18. [A]. picture 应为 Tony Blair 本人的照片, 而非他收藏的别人的照片, 应为 of 属格来表示。
19. [C]. 有了连字符, 名词 foot 仍用单数形式。
20. [B]. pants“裤子”为复数。
21. [B]. a few + 复数 + ' + 名词。
22. [A]. 考查专有名词。
23. [B]. 表示共同的父亲用 B 项。
24. [B]. a wine glass“一只酒杯”。
25. [C]. a piece of 变成复数要把中心词 piece 加 s。
26. [D]. sunday paper 名词作定语的习惯用法。
27. [C]. trouble 是不可数名词。所以选 C 项。
28. [A]. compasses“圆规”, 常用作复数。这类名词用在 a pair of 后面, 谓语动词往往与 pair 保持一致。
29. [C]. 本题考查名词通格作定语与 's 属格作定语的区别。用名词通格作定语表示泛指, 用 's 属格作定语表示特指。
30. [B]. Mary and Jane's 表示共同的, Mary's and Jane's 表示各自的。
31. [C]. of 后面的宾语必须是特指的普通名词不可用专有名词。B 项应加 's。
32. [D]. 年轻人表泛指, 不能用复数。
33. [D]. science 表特指, 用定冠词 the。of 表示所有格。
34. [B]. scissors“剪刀”, 表示对称的这类词前面用 a pair of。
35. [B]. 谓语动词是 have, 主语是复数。所以选 B 项。
36. [A]. 这里指家庭成员, 所以用 work。
37. [D]. 's 属格用来表示类别属性。

## 二、冠词

### 上海历年高考试题

- As a rule, the workers are paid \_\_\_\_\_. (☐ 2004 上海春季)  
A. at the hour      B. by the hour      C. for an hour      D. in an hour
- I earn 10 dollars \_\_\_\_\_ hour as \_\_\_\_\_ supermarket cashier on Saturdays. (☐ 2003 上海)  
A. a; an      B. the; a      C. an; a      D. an; the
- An accident happened at \_\_\_\_\_ crossroads a few metres away from \_\_\_\_\_ bank. (☐ 2003 上海春季)  
A. a; a      B. /; a      C. /; the      D. the; /
- One way to understand thousands of new words in to gain \_\_\_\_\_ good knowledge of basic word formation. (☐ 2002 上海)  
A. /      B. the      C. a      D. one
- The cakes are delicious. He'd like to have \_\_\_\_\_ third one because \_\_\_\_\_ second one is rather too small. (☐ 2002 上海春季)  
A. a; a      B. the; the      C. a; the      D. the; a
- A bullet hit the soldier and he was wounded in \_\_\_\_\_ leg. (☐ 2001 上海)  
A. a      B. one      C. the      D. his
- His daughter is always shy in \_\_\_\_\_ and she never dares to make a speech to \_\_\_\_\_. (☐ 2001 上海春季)  
A. the public; the public      B. public; the public  
C. the public; public      D. public; public
- Where's \_\_\_\_\_ nearest bookstore?  
—There's one at \_\_\_\_\_ end of the street. (☐ 2000 上海春季)  
A. the; an      B. a; the      C. the; the      D. a; an
- It is not rare in \_\_\_\_\_ that people in \_\_\_\_\_ fifties are going to university for further education. (☐ 1999 上海)  
A. 90s; /      B. the 90s; /      C. 90s; their      D. the 90s; their
- "Who did you spend last weekend with?" "\_\_\_\_\_." (☐ 1998 上海)  
A. Palmer's      B. The Palmers'      C. The Palmers      D. The Palmer's
- \_\_\_\_\_ book of this writer is East and West. (☐ 1997 上海)  
A. Known to be the best      B. It was the best known  
C. Known as the best      D. The best known
- In Hangzhou Mr. Green was so struck by \_\_\_\_\_ beauty of \_\_\_\_\_ nature that he stayed for another night. (☐ 1991 上海)  
A. /; /      B. /; the      C. the; /      D. the; the
- Five years ago her brother was \_\_\_\_\_ university student of \_\_\_\_\_ physics. (☐ 1990 上海)  
A. a; the      B. an; the      C. an; /      D. a; /
- Please pay attention to your spelling. You've dropped \_\_\_\_\_ "m" here. (☐ 1989 上海)  
A. an      B. the      C. /      D. a

### 全国历年高考试题

- I knocked over my coffee cup. It went right over \_\_\_\_\_ keyboard.  
—You shouldn't put drinks near \_\_\_\_\_ computer. (☐ 2006 北京)

- A. the;/      B. the;a      C. a;/      D. a;a
2. Everywhere man has cut down \_\_\_\_\_ forests in order to grow crops, or to use \_\_\_\_\_ wood as fuel or as building material. (☐ 2006 重庆)
- A. the;the      B. the;/      C. /;the      D. /;/
3. —Don't worry if you can't come to \_\_\_\_\_ party. —I'll save \_\_\_\_\_ cake for you. (☐ 2006 浙江)
- A. the;some      B. a;much      C. the;any      D. a;little
4. In \_\_\_\_\_ review of 44 studies, American researchers found that men and women who are six key foods daily cut the risk of \_\_\_\_\_ heart disease by 76%. (☐ 2006 湖南)
- A. a;the      B. the;a      C. a;/      D. /;a
5. For him \_\_\_\_\_ stage is just \_\_\_\_\_ means of making a living. (☐ 2006 山东)
- A. a;a      B. the;a      C. the;the      D. a;the
6. Of all \_\_\_\_\_ reasons for my decision to become a university professor, my father's advice was \_\_\_\_\_ most important one. (☐ 2006 辽宁)
- A. the;a      B. /;a      C. /;the      D. the;the
7. According to \_\_\_\_\_ World Health Organization, health care plans are needed in all big cities to prevent \_\_\_\_\_ spread of AIDS. (☐ 2006 陕西)
- A. the;/      B. the;the      C. a;a      D. /;the
8. —Hello, could I speak to Mr. Smith?  
—Sorry, wrong number. There isn't \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Smith here. (☐ 2006 全国 I)
- A. /      B. a      C. the      D. one
9. I know you don't like \_\_\_\_\_ music very much. But what do you think of \_\_\_\_\_ music in the film we saw yesterday? (☐ 2006 全国 II)
- A. /;/      B. the;the      C. the;/      D. /;the
10. It was often said that \_\_\_\_\_ teachers have \_\_\_\_\_ very easy life. (☐ 2005 北京)
- A. /;/      B. /;a      C. the;/      D. the;a
11. \_\_\_\_\_ recent report stated that the number of Spanish speakers in the U. S. would be higher than the number of English speakers by \_\_\_\_\_ year 2090. (☐ 2005 北京春季)
- A. A;the      B. A;/      C. The;/      D. The;a
12. On May 5, 2005, at \_\_\_\_\_ World Table Tennis Championship, Kong Linghui and Wang Hao won the gold medal in men's double with \_\_\_\_\_ score of 4:1. (☐ 2005 江苏)
- A. a;a      B. /;the      C. a;/      D. the;a
13. Mrs Taylor has \_\_\_\_\_ 8-year-old daughter who has \_\_\_\_\_ gift for painting—she has won two national prizes. (☐ 2005 浙江)
- A. a;a      B. an;the      C. an;a      D. the;a
14. I can't remember when exactly the Robinsons left \_\_\_\_\_ city. I only remember it was \_\_\_\_\_ Monday. (☐ 2005 湖南)
- A. the;the      B. a;the      C. a;a      D. the;a
15. This book tells \_\_\_\_\_ life story of John Smith, who left \_\_\_\_\_ school and worked for a newspaper at the age of 16. (☐ 2005 辽宁)
- A. the;the      B. a;the      C. the;/      D. a;/
16. I knew \_\_\_\_\_ John Lennon, but not \_\_\_\_\_ famous one. (☐ 2005 山东)
- A. /;a      B. a;the      C. /;the      D. the;a
17. If you grow up in \_\_\_\_\_ large family, you are more likely to develop \_\_\_\_\_ ability to get on well with \_\_\_\_\_ others. (☐ 2005 江西)
- A. /;an;the      B. a;the;/      C. the;an;the      D. a;the;the
18. After dinner he give Mr Richardson \_\_\_\_\_ ride to \_\_\_\_\_ Capital Airport. (☐ 2005 安徽)
- A. the;a      B. a;the      C. /;a      D. /;the
19. If you go by \_\_\_\_\_ train, you can have quite a comfortable journey, but make sure you get \_\_\_\_\_ fast one. (☐ 2005 全国 III)
- A. the;the      B. /;a      C. the;a      D. /;/
20. When you come here for your holiday next time, don't go to \_\_\_\_\_ hotel; I can find you \_\_\_\_\_ bed in my flat. (☐ 2004 全国 I)
- A. the;a      B. the;/      C. a;the      D. a;/



21. If you buy more than ten, they knock 20 pence off \_\_\_\_\_. (☐ 2004 全国 II)  
A. a price B. price C. the price D. prices
22. —John, there's \_\_\_\_\_ Mr Wilson on the phone for you. —I'm in \_\_\_\_\_ bath. (☐ 2004 全国 IV)  
A. a; the B. the; a C. a; / D. the; /
23. \_\_\_\_\_ on-going division between English-speaking Canadians and French-speaking Canadians is \_\_\_\_\_ major concern of the country. (☐ 2004 北京)  
A. The; / B. The; a C. An; the D. An; /
24. On \_\_\_\_\_ news today, there were \_\_\_\_\_ reports of heavy snow in that area. (☐ 2004 北京春季)  
A. the; the B. the; / C. /; / D. /; the
25. When he left \_\_\_\_\_ college, he got a job as \_\_\_\_\_ reporter in a newspaper office. (☐ 2004 天津)  
A. /; a B. /; the C. a; the D. the; the
26. The most important thing about cotton in history is \_\_\_\_\_ part that it play in \_\_\_\_\_ Industrial Revolution. (☐ 2004 重庆)  
A. /; / B. the; / C. the; the D. a; the
27. When you finish reading the book, you will have \_\_\_\_\_ better understanding of \_\_\_\_\_ life. (☐ 2004 辽宁)  
A. a; the B. the; a C. /; the D. a; /
28. Tom owns \_\_\_\_\_ larger collection of \_\_\_\_\_ books than any other student in our class. (☐ 2004 江苏)  
A. the; / B. a; / C. a; the D. /; the
29. The Wilsons live in \_\_\_\_\_ A-shaped house near the coast. It is \_\_\_\_\_ 17th century cottage. (☐ 2004 浙江)  
A. the; / B. an; the C. /; the D. an; a
30. There was \_\_\_\_\_ time \_\_\_\_\_ I hated to go to school. (☐ 2004 湖北)  
A. a; that B. a; when C. the; that D. the; when
31. For a long time they walked without saying \_\_\_\_\_ word. Jim was the first to break \_\_\_\_\_ silence. (☐ 2004 湖南)  
A. the; a B. a; the C. a; / D. the; /
32. It is \_\_\_\_\_ world of wonders, \_\_\_\_\_ world where anything can happen. (☐ 2004 福建)  
A. a; the B. a; a C. the; a D. /; /
33. While he was investigating ways to improve the telescope, Newton made \_\_\_\_\_ discover which completely changed \_\_\_\_\_ man's understanding of colour. (☐ 2004 广东)  
A. a; / B. a; the C. /; the D. the; a
34. The sign reads "In case of \_\_\_\_\_ fire, break the glass and push \_\_\_\_\_ red button." (☐ 2003 全国)  
A. /; a B. /; the C. the; the D. a; a
35. He did it \_\_\_\_\_ it took me. (☐ 2003 北京)  
A. one-third a time B. one-third time  
C. the one-third time D. one-third the time
36. There's \_\_\_\_\_ dictionary on \_\_\_\_\_ desk by your side. (☐ 2003 北京春季)  
A. a; the B. a; a C. the; a D. the; the
37. Jumping out of \_\_\_\_\_ airplane at ten thousand feet is quite \_\_\_\_\_ exciting experience. (☐ 2002 全国)  
A. /; the B. /; an C. an; an D. the; the
38. I don't like talking on \_\_\_\_\_ telephone; I prefer writing \_\_\_\_\_ letters. (☐ 2002 北京春季)  
A. a; the B. the; / C. the; the D. a; /
39. The warmth of \_\_\_\_\_ sweater will of course be determined by the sort of \_\_\_\_\_ wool used. (☐ 2001 全国)  
A. the; the B. the; / C. /; the D. /; /
40. Mr. Smith, there's a man at \_\_\_\_\_ front door who says he has \_\_\_\_\_ news for you of great importance. (☐ 2001 北京春季)  
A. the; / B. the; the C. /; / D. /; the

41. Most animals have little connection with \_\_\_\_\_ animals of \_\_\_\_\_ different kind unless they kill them for food. (☐ 2000 全国)  
A. the; a B. /; a C. the; the D. /; the
42. Summers in \_\_\_\_\_ south of France are for \_\_\_\_\_ most part dry and sunny. (☐ 2000 北京春季)  
A. /; a B. the; / C. /; / D. the; the
43. Paper money was in \_\_\_\_\_ use in China when Marco Polo visited the country in \_\_\_\_\_ thirteenth century. (☐ 1999 全国)  
A. the; / B. the; the C. /; the D. /; /
44. —Have you seen \_\_\_\_\_ pen? I left it here this morning.  
—Is it \_\_\_\_\_ black one? I think I saw it somewhere. (☐ 1997 全国)  
A. a; the B. the; the C. the; a D. a; a
45. Many people agree that \_\_\_\_\_ knowledge of English is a must in \_\_\_\_\_ international trade today. (☐ 1996 全国)  
A. a; / B. the; an C. the; the D. /; the
46. —I'd like \_\_\_\_\_ information about the management of your hotel, please.  
—Well, you could have \_\_\_\_\_ word with the manager. He might be helpful. (☐ 1995 全国)  
A. some; a B. an; some C. some; some D. an; a

## 高考名师名题预测与专练

1. Taken from his parents at \_\_\_\_\_ early age, the boy had \_\_\_\_\_ very difficult life.  
A. the; / B. an; a C. /; / D. /; a
2. It's quite obvious that the aging population in China will cause \_\_\_\_\_ heavy burden on \_\_\_\_\_ whole society in the future.  
A. a; / B. /; / C. a; the D. the; a
3. \_\_\_\_\_ person with \_\_\_\_\_ good education usually gets \_\_\_\_\_ good job.  
A. The; a; / B. a; a; a C. The; /; the D. A; /; /
4. He already speaks \_\_\_\_\_ English like a native. Now he's learning \_\_\_\_\_ really difficult language—Arabic.  
A. an; a B. /; the C. /; a D. the; a
5. I wonder what it feels like to be one of \_\_\_\_\_ really rich. The Jenkinsons already have two Rolls Royces and now they are buying \_\_\_\_\_ third!  
A. the; a B. the; the C. /; a D. /; the
6. Suddenly the man \_\_\_\_\_ shouted, "look out for the iceberg ahead!", but it was too late.  
A. on a watching B. on watching C. on a watch D. on watch
7. \_\_\_\_\_ Mount Tai is in the east of China.  
A. A B. The C. That D. /
8. \_\_\_\_\_ Einsteins did manage to send \_\_\_\_\_ Einstein to a technical school.  
A. /; / B. An; an C. The; / D. The; an
9. \_\_\_\_\_ number of college graduates of a country shows her cultural level.  
A. A B. An C. The D. /
10. The man was put \_\_\_\_\_ for robbing the bank.  
A. at prison B. in prison C. at the prison D. in the prison
11. Even On Sundays, fewer people go to \_\_\_\_\_ church than before.  
A. the B. a C. / D. an
12. We should think of \_\_\_\_\_ old and \_\_\_\_\_ young.  
A. /; / B. an; a C. those; the D. the; the
13. Rome wasn't built in \_\_\_\_\_ day.  
A. a B. an C. the D. /
14. We are much in need of \_\_\_\_\_ assistant.  
A. many B. a C. an D. /