

齐平昌 主编

高考大冲刺丛书

最新高考英语

1000题 精解

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高考大冲刺丛书

最新高考 英语 1000 题精解

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Part I NMET 考前应清晰的英语知识问题 (Hot Points of NMET English)

第1章 高中英语典型题分析 233 例

(233 Typical questions in Senior English)

1. Hello! Mary. I _____ know you _____ in London.

- A. don't; are B. didn't; are
C. don't; were D. didn't; were

题解:说话的内容为一过去的事实,故用过去时态。

答案:D

2. Please _____ that you have closed all the windows and turned off the lights before you leave the room.

- A. make sure B. have a way
C. bring out D. hold up

题解:[make sure + that 从句]

答案:A

3. Sometimes it is the way people say things, _____ what they actually say, _____ tells us whether they are serious or not.

- A. rather than, which B. more than, they
C. no matter, that D. rather than, that

题解:(译文)有时是人们说话的方式而不是所说的内容使我们知道他们是否认真。

答案:D

4. The second-hand car Patrick bought was almost new; _____, it was in excellent condition.

- A. however B. but C. besides D. although

题解: besides(除此之外)在句中为副词。

答案: C

5. It is sleeping late in the morning that _____ being late for work.

- A. devotes to B. sticks to C. refers to D. leads to

题解: lead to 后接(动)名词, sleep late 起得晚。

答案: D

6. There are no big cities in the world _____ air pollution.

- A. with B. without C. except D. besides

题解: 为表示更强烈肯定的双重否定的用法。

答案: B

7. You can have these magazines _____ I finish reading them.

- A. so that B. because C. unless D. as soon as

题解: [unless (conj. 除非) = if not; except if]; unless/if 引出条件句。

答案: D

8. —When do you wish to visit Canada?

— _____ I am settled, I'll go there.

- A. As B. Since C. Once D. While

题解: once(一旦)引出条件句。

答案: C

9. —How about going for a swim this Sunday?

— _____ very much.

- A. I'll like it B. I'd like
C. I'll like to D. I'd like to

题解: D. = I'd like to go for a swim this Sunday.

答案: D

10. —Would you like to go dancing with us tonight, Mary?

—_____.

A. I'd love so

B. I will like to

C. I would like that

D. I'd love to

题解:I'd love to (go dancing).

=I should/would very much like to go dancing.

答案:D

11. Do you have any difficulty _____ new mathematics?

A. to understand

B. to be understanding

C. and understand

D. in understanding

题解:have difficulty (in) doing something

答案:D

12. She told me that she had _____ to do today.

A. good many things

B. great many things

C. a great many things

D. many a great things

题解:[a great many = a good many = many]很多,

[a good/great many = a good few + 复数可数名词]

[many a + 单数可数名词]

答案:C

13. The man got off the horse, tied it _____ the big tree, and went into the yard.

A. to

B. on

C. onto

D. with

题解:tie A to B (把A绑在B上)

答案:A

14. Do you think Sam'll call his old teacher as soon as he _____ in town?

A. will be arrived

B. is arrived

C. arrives

D. will arrive

题解:主句为现在将来时,as soon as 后接一般时。

答案:C

15. My father will be here tomorrow.

Oh, I thought that he _____ today.

- A. was coming B. is coming
C. will come D. comes

题解:来去动词的进行时可表很快要发生的动作。

答案:A

16. Well, good-bye, Jack, and best wishes.

_____.

- A. Thank you. B. It's very kind of you.
C. All right. D. The same to you.

题解:The same to you. (祝你也如此。)

答案:D

17. They won the battle but _____ the price of many lives.

- A. at B. with C. in D. for

题解:at 表示“以…(价格)”解。引申为“以…为代价”。

答案:A

18. It was below freezing point _____.

- A. all winter long B. all the winter long
C. in all winter long D. in all the winter long

题解:[all + year/month/week/day + long]

答案:A

19. She hurried when she knew that everybody was ready _____ her.

- A. except B. except for C. beside D. besides

题解:except her 表“除去她以外大家都…”; besides her 表“算上她大家都…”

答案:A

20. The weather is good today, _____ the southeast.

A. except B. except for C. except in D. but

题解:in the southeast 为…地点状语。

答案:C

21. — _____ does the coat cost?

— Twenty dollars.

A. What B. How
C. What money D. How much money

题解:What does it cost? = How much is it?

答案:A

22. When reaching the top of the hill, _____.

A. the sea came into view
B. we suddenly caught sight of the sea
C. it was the sea that extended below us
D. below us extended the sea

题解:catch sight of A = suddenly see A

(1)

catch sight of (看见)

lose sight of (没看见)

miss the sight of (没看见)

get out of sight = be out of sight (…从视线中消失)

(2) We caught sight of the train when it ran from behind the hill.

(3) I caught sight of her hurrying away but I didn't try to speak to her.

答案:B

23. The old man tried to _____ those two boys who were fighting.

- A. divide B. separate C. stop D. teach

题解:separate → to divide; to keep apart; to be between

- (1) The new railway separates the two parts of the city.
(2) The travelers separated when one went east and the other went north.

答案:B

24. He stopped short _____ the middle of his speech.

- A. during B. at C. in D. of

题解:in the middle of (在…中间)

答案:C

25. He spoke in such a high voice _____ at the farther end of the room.

- A. as to be heard B. to be heard
C. as to hear D. to hear

题解:[such a + 名词 + as to + 原形动词]

答案:A

26. There they got married and _____ their young.

- A. feed B. fed C. raised D. rose

题解:raise 指“抚养”; rise 为不及物动词。

答案:C

27. — Why was the official meeting called?

— _____ new officers.

- A. Select B. Selecting
C. To select D. For selecting

题解:C. = The official meeting was called to select new officers.

答案:C

28. In order to learn to speak English well, _____.

- A. much practice is needed

- B. one needs much practice
C. much practice is needed by one
D. one is needed much practice

题解: in order to 表目的。其中动词不定式的动作应是主语发出。

答案: B

29. She works _ hard _____ catch up with others.
A. so; as to B. very; as to
C. as; as to D. so; to

题解:“so...as to”可以表结果。

答案:A

30. Cotton is first made _____ thread and then it was woven _____ cloth.
- A. up of; up of B. into; into
- C. of; of D. from; from

題解: make B into A (將 B 制成成品 A)

答案:B

31. When all the students _____, the professor began his lecture.
- A. sat B. were seated
- C. seated D. were sitting

题解: be seated (+ by the window/door) 就座

=seat oneself (+ by the window/door)

答案: B

32. He was named Robert _____ his father by Mother.
A. to B. upon C. after D. under

题解: after 根据…的名字命名

答案:C

33. We hear it _____ that Professor Lee has gone to America.
A. say B. to say C. said D. be said

题解:it 为形式宾语, 代替其后的 that 从句。

答案:C

34. The poor girl is to _____ a rich businessman.

- A. marry with B. be married with
C. marry to D. be married to

题解:(1) A married B. (2) A was married to B.

答案:D

35. He was _____ thought and didn't hear me call him.

- A. lost after B. losing after
C. lost in D. losing in

题解:be lost in thought 陷入沉思

答案:C

36. The president _____ to have given the speech on this platform.

- A. said B. says C. is said D. was said

题解:He is said to have given the speech on this platform.

= It is said that he gave the speech on this platform.

答案:C

37. We were delighted _____ the news of his success.

- A. at B. of C. to D. about

题解:介词 at 与人的五官有关, 有“看到, 听到”等含义。

答案:A

38. We were caught _____ a shower on our way home.

- A. by B. with C. at D. in

题解:be caught in the rain, shower

答案:D

39. He was born _____ a noble family.

- A. at B. of C. from D. among

题解:be born of (出生于…家庭)

答案:B

40. She is absorbed _____ the practice of the violin.

- A. at B. with C. by D. in

题解:be absorbed in (专心致志于...)

答案:D

41. I'm sorry, sir. Your recorder isn't ready yet. It _____ in the factory.

- A. is being repaired B. is repaired
C. has been repaired D. hasn't repaired

题解:被动语态的进行时的构成:[be + being done]

答案:A

42. Be as kind to her as _____.

- A. possibly B. possible C. you are D. we are

题解:as soon as possible (尽可能快地)

I asked the doctor to come as soon as possible.

答案:B

43. It is necessary for you to brush your teeth _____ every day and no less.

- A. twice at least B. at least twice
C. two times at least D. at least two times

题解:at least = no fewer than; no less than

答案:B

44. She broke her arm, but _____ it wasn't the arm she writes with.

- A. at last B. at least C. at first D. at most

题解: Luckily she writes with the arm that is not broken.

答案:B

45. People who live along this road receive their mail in these

boxes.

-Why are all of the _____ ?

- A. green painted mailboxes B. mailboxes green painted
C. mailboxes painted green D. painted green mailboxes

题解:[paint something + 颜色词作宾语补足语]

答案:C

46. _____ that they can pass the written exam this time.

- A. That is hoped B. It is hoped
C. That hopes D. It hopes

题解:It's hoped that... (大家希望...)

答案:B

47. I don't believe they can make it _____ paper.

- A. of B. from C. with D. into

题解:[make + 原料 + into + 成品]

答案:D

48. Let me help you _____ some more meat.

- A. for B. of C. to D. from

题解:[help + 某人 + to + 某物 = serve + 某人 + with + 某物]

答案:C

49. The good weather _____ me to work in the garden.

- A. inspired B. freed C. spared D. lasted

题解:inspire 含“感召、激励”等意思。

答案:A

50. The managers invited the public _____ the opening of the new hotel.

- A. at B. in C. to D. for

题解:[invite somebody to dinner / my home]

答案:C

51. Do you think _____ difficult to answer these questions?

- A. that B. it C. very D. yourself

题解:it 为形式宾语, 代替句中的不定式。

答案:B

52. His English has improved _____.

- A. much B. very C. better D. greatly

题解:improve greatly =improve a lot

答案:D

53. —Margaret will leave for Boston tonight.

—I think David will _____ to see her.

- A. enough early arrive B. early enough arrive
C. arrive enough early D. arrive early enough

题解:enough 修饰副词时, 要置于其后。

答案:D

54. —Was the class long enough?

—No, _____ enough.

- A. it wasn't much too long B. it wasn't too much long
C. it wasn't quite long D. it wasn't too long much

题解:enough 不与 too 连用。

答案:C

55. A secretary _____ of what is done at a meeting.

- A. keeps record B. keeps the record
C. keeps a record D. keep the records

题解:[keep/make a (careful) record of]

答案:C

56. She finished early, _____ John's kind help.

- A. thanks B. thank to C. thanks to D. thanks for

题解:thanks to(由于)为一复合介词短语。

thanks to(由于) = because of

答案:C

57. The letter I had been anxiously waiting for _____ me just now.

A. arrived B. received C. reached D. got to

题解:(something) reach somebody (某物)被送到某人手中

答案:C

58. You shouldn't eat so much chocolate _____ meals.

A. except B. unless C. between D. through

题解:between meals 在两餐之间

答案:C

59. Mr. Simon is not in. Do you wish to leave any _____?

A. message B. news C. information D. idea

题解:leave a message 留下口信

答案:A

60. It is _____ impossible to make such a long journey in such an old car.

A. rather B. very C. fairly D. quite

题解:impossible 属没有等级划分的形容词可用 quite 修饰。quite 在此意为“完全地”。

答案:D

61. Blair, _____ born in Kentucky, lived and practiced law in Missouri.

A. was B. he was C. although D. although was

题解:although born = although he was born

答案:C

62. The world's tallest man grew to be 8 feet, 11. 1 inches tall.

No other person ever _____ this height.