

三校生

报考高等职业院校英语复习与训练

上海东方激光教育文化有限公司 组编

英语

专项训练测试卷

◁ 第二轮复习用 ▷

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语法与词汇专项训练 A 卷

语法

- () 1. —I'm afraid I dare not speak in _____ public.
—Just have _____ try.
A. a;/ B. /;a C. the;a D. the;the
- () 2. Please tell me _____ you would like to have your coffee—black or white?
A. what B. where C. when D. how
- () 3. Not all these books are second-hand; _____ of them are new.
A. all B. none C. some D. each
- () 4. —Lucy, you wash the dishes, _____?
—Mom, can't Lily do it? It's her turn.
A. don't you B. can you C. shall you D. will you
- () 5. —I rang you at about ten, but there was no reply.
—Oh, that was probably _____ I was seeing the doctor.
A. when B. why C. what D. that
- () 6. I used to drink a lot of coffee but these days I _____ tea.
A. prefer B. am preferring C. preferred D. have preferred
- () 7. The vegetables didn't taste very good. They _____ for too long.
A. cooked B. were cooked C. had cooked D. had been cooked
- () 8. —Where is George? He said he would meet me here at 3 o'clock.
—He seems _____ with Mr. Brown in the office.
A. to talk B. to be talking C. to have talked D. talking
- () 9. The motorcycle competition in the desert, _____ lasted ten days, is over now.
A. it B. where C. which D. that
- () 10. —What's the matter?
—The shoes don't fit properly. They _____ my feet.
A. are hurt B. will hurt C. have hurt D. are hurting
- () 11. —The pen writes well though it doesn't cost much.
—Let me try. So _____.
A. it is B. it does C. does it D. is it
- () 12. —The smell in the room is really terrible.
—You said it. Let's keep all the windows _____.
A. closed B. open C. opening D. to open
- () 13. —_____ the Internet _____ in your school?
—Yes, but the computer in our office often breaks down.
A. Is; used B. Is; using C. Does; use D. Has; used
- () 14. —Did Tom's parents go to the meeting yesterday?
—Yes, _____ of them did, but _____ spoke.

A. each; none B. both; none C. neither; both D. both; neither

- () 15. —I eat _____ vegetables and _____ meat than I did last year.

—That's why you're getting fatter.

A. fewer; more B. more; less C. less; more D. many; much

- () 16. —I tried to make Kate _____ her mind, but I found it hard.

—Well, I saw you _____ that when I went past.

A. change; do B. changes; doing C. to change; do D. change; doing

- () 17. —Sorry. I am late.

—It doesn't matter. The meeting _____ for just several minutes.

A. has begun B. has started C. has been on D. had been on

- () 18. —I feel tired and sleepy.

—Why not stop _____?

A. to work B. to have a rest
C. having a rest D. to go on with your work

- () 19. —Did you notice the boy come in?

—No, I didn't because I _____ TV.

A. had watched B. have watched C. was watching D. am watching

- () 20. —Could you tell me _____? I must find him.

—Sorry. I have no idea. But he was here just now.

A. where Tom was B. where has Tom gone
C. where can I find Tom D. where Tom is

- () 21. —Shall I tell Mike about it?

—No, you _____. He's been already told.

A. mustn't B. can't C. don't D. needn't

- () 22. —I'm _____ in what _____ you.

—Well, don't follow suit. Just do what you like.

A. interesting; interests B. interested; interests
C. interest; interests D. interest; interesting

- () 23. —I'm too busy _____ to my family often.

—Why not call them instead?

A. writing B. to write C. written D. write

- () 24. —_____ present you've bought for me!

—I'm glad you like it.

A. How a B. What a C. How D. What

- () 25. —This is no-smoking zone. Can't you see the sign?

—Oh, sorry. I _____ it.

A. haven't seen B. won't see C. don't see D. didn't see

词汇

- () 1. The mother was _____ about the children when they didn't come home from school.

A. anxious B. upset C. amused D. nervous

- () 2. Don't talk while your mouth _____.
A. wide B. open C. up D. full
- () 3. It's a good _____ to get up early.
A. custom B. habit C. hobby D. character
- () 4. He has forgotten the name of the _____ where he had lunch yesterday.
A. cinema B. restaurant C. concert D. theater
- () 5. The _____ finished drawing a horse in less than five minutes.
A. musician B. pianist C. artist D. murderer
- () 6. If you are to apply for a job, you need to write an _____ first.
A. application B. arrangement C. appointment D. announcement
- () 7. He is so capable that he will certainly be offered a good _____.
A. position B. service C. business D. work
- () 8. I am mad about pop music; I am one of the _____.
A. crowds B. audience C. listeners D. fans
- () 9. When he realized he was wrong, he dared not _____ his head.
A. hold B. support C. put up D. lift
- () 10. Debbie hopes to _____ a new world record.
A. do B. build C. make D. fix
- () 11. Mrs Black finally _____ in reaching the top of the mountain.
A. achieved B. enabled C. managed D. succeeded
- () 12. How often do we _____ the Olympic Games?
A. make B. have C. do D. play
- () 13. Before you go to bed, please _____ the lights.
A. switch off B. close C. turn on D. close up
- () 14. The operation lasted for over four hours. That's how long it _____.
A. went B. went on C. went over D. went off
- () 15. Will you please try to _____ for me what time that train leaves?
A. find B. discover C. find out D. ask
- () 16. I know that the hall can _____ one thousand people.
A. sit B. keep C. place D. seat
- () 17. —Please take short rests every two hours.
—Ok. I'll _____ every two hours.
A. stay B. remain C. relax D. sleep
- () 18. Can you _____ all the trees in the garden?
A. call B. name C. tell D. pronounce
- () 19. Please be quiet! I have the _____ news to tell you.
A. newest B. new C. later D. latest
- () 20. The car reached a speed of 120 li per hour. That's how _____ it went.
A. fast B. quick C. soon D. rapid
- () 21. It was a light plane. It wasn't _____.
A. light B. heavy C. fast D. slow

- A. dark B. deep C. black D. heavy
- () 22. The boy spoke rudely. He wasn't very _____.
A. clever B. rude C. polite D. kind
- () 23. Recently I haven't heard from Joan. She hasn't written to me _____.
A. lately B. late C. lastly D. finally
- () 24. Wine is _____ grapes.
A. made in B. made of C. made from D. made by
- () 25. Jack was _____ after he had stayed in prison for seven years.
A. set out B. set free C. set off D. set up

语法与词汇专项训练 B 卷

语法

- () 1. Taiwan is _____ the east of Fujian and Fujian Province lies _____ the east of China.
A. in; in B. in; to C. to; / D. to; in
- () 2. —Who _____ it be?
—It can't be Mr Green. He _____ Shanghai.
A. must; has gone to B. can; has gone to
C. must; has been to D. can; has been to
- () 3. We don't allow _____ in the library.
A. smoke B. to smoke C. to smoking D. smoking
- () 4. —Have you got everything ready for the party?
—Yes, I've bought _____ cakes and beer.
A. a great many B. plenty of C. a number of D. many
- () 5. He didn't work out the problem _____ I explained _____ to him.
A. unless; what B. until; what C. until; how D. when; how
- () 6. —Do you have any other friends _____ the girl in red?
—Sure.
A. except B. except for C. besides D. with
- () 7. He had _____ little education that he can't teach _____ little children.
A. so; so B. such; such C. so; such D. such; so
- () 8. —Has Alice had an accident?
—_____.
A. I don't hope so B. I hope not so
C. I hope not D. I hope to be not
- () 9. We'd like to go to the farm _____ our teacher worked for 20 years.
A. where B. that C. in which D. which
- () 10. —Why was he *fined* (罚款)?
—He happened to _____ flowers in the park.
A. see to pick B. be seen picking
C. be seen to pick D. be seen pick
- () 11. The telephone _____ four times in the last hour, and each time it _____ for my roommate.
A. has rung; was B. has been ringing; is
C. had rung; was D. rang; has been
- () 12. Flowers grow better _____ there is enough rain and sunlight.
A. the places where B. in the places which
C. in which D. where
- () 13. Americans eat _____ vegetables per person today as they did in 1910.

A. more than twice

B. as twice as many

C. twice as many as

D. more than twice as many

()14. Brian told you that there wasn't anyone in the room at that time, _____?

A. was there

B. wasn't there

C. didn't he

D. did he

()15. I warmly congratulated him _____ getting the first place in the competition.

A. for

B. on

C. about

D. with

()16. He is the only one of the students who _____ a winner of scholarship for three years.

A. is

B. are

C. have been

D. has been

()17. The cakes are delicious. He'd like to have _____ third one because _____ second one is rather too small.

A. a;a

B. the;the

C. a;the

D. the;a

()18. — Why are you looking pleased?

— Oh, I've just had a job _____.

A. offered

B. offering

C. to offer

D. being offered

()19. Unfortunately, when I dropped in, Doctor Li _____ for Beijing to join in the fight against SARS, so we only had time for a few words.

A. just left

B. has just left

C. is just leaving

D. was just leaving

()20. It is not until you have lost your health _____ you know its value.

A. that

B. when

C. what

D. which

()21. Have you checked all the goods _____ to the medical workers next week?

A. sent

B. being sent

C. sending

D. to be sent

()22. I have been keeping that portrait _____ I can see it every day, as it always reminds me of my childhood in London.

A. which

B. where

C. whether

D. when

()23. — I hear there is something wrong with your computer.

— Yes, but my father _____. It works well now.

A. has it repaired

B. had repaired it

C. has had it repaired

D. had had it repaired

()24. It is generally considered unwise to give a child _____ he or she wants.

A. whichever

B. no matter what

C. no matter when

D. whatever

()25. _____ is known to all, the moon goes round the earth once a month.

A. It

B. That

C. What

D. As

词汇

()1. — Do you often get on-line?

— Yes. I _____ most of my time on it. It's a good way to kill time.

A. cost

B. spend

C. pay

D. take

()2. Can I return these tickets? I want to _____.

A. give them back

B. give them in

C. give them up

D. give them off

- () 3. It is said that such a tiny village school is soon to _____ its 110th birthday.
A. make B. celebrate C. liberate D. congratulate
- () 4. _____ you all the happiness in the future.
A. Hope B. Wish C. Expect D. Like
- () 5. Shall we make a change today? I'm getting _____ eating in this restaurant.
A. fond of B. interested in C. tired of D. angry at
- () 6. I didn't _____ my mistake until you told me.
A. look B. come to C. realize D. accept
- () 7. I don't know how to repair my TV set. Please _____ me _____.
A. help; out B. carry; out C. work; out D. break; out
- () 8. I'm a newcomer. Please _____ me if I do something wrong.
A. permit B. forgive C. forget D. remind
- () 9. Voices were _____ when the discussion became more _____.
A. risen; heated B. raised; heated C. risen; heating D. raised; heating
- () 10. The students are _____ young people between the ages of sixteen and seventeen.
A. most B. mostly C. almost D. nearly
- () 11. — He failed his exam again.
— But what did you _____? Had he ever been working hard?
A. think B. expect C. consider D. regard
- () 12. We didn't plan to meet. We met _____ in the street.
A. by the way B. by chance C. on purpose D. in surprise
- () 13. — How can I repair it?
— Well, look at the _____.
A. explanations B. expressions C. instructions D. introductions
- () 14. — Would you like to go to the concert with me, Mary?
— I have got no interest in it; _____, I have lots of work to do.
A. otherwise B. besides C. however D. therefore
- () 15. — Will you please let me have a look at the photos taken in the States?
— Sure. I'll _____ them here to school tomorrow.
A. take B. carry C. get D. bring
- () 16. With the help of the computer, information can _____ every corner of the world swiftly.
A. get B. reach C. arrive D. return
- () 17. Lily is working for a business firm. It is a big _____.
A. society B. company C. factory D. store
- () 18. I have been offered a large _____ of money.
A. number B. amount C. some D. piece
- () 19. Both girls often write to each other now. They write _____.
A. sometimes B. occasionally C. frequently D. now and again
- () 20. You can see a _____ outside the gate. It says "No Parking".

- A. label B. signal C. note D. notice
- () 21. "What a pity!" Susan **exclaimed**. She was _____.
A. pleased B. sad C. sorry D. amused
- () 22. He is a rare person. You _____ meet such people.
A. seldom B. often C. never D. sometimes
- () 23. The captain at once ordered them to do this. They began to do this _____.
A. once B. immediately C. soon D. quickly
- () 24. She took a risk. What she did was _____.
A. stupid B. brave C. dangerous D. clever
- () 25. Mr. Bernard told me not to _____ a dictionary every time we see an unknown word.
A. turn out B. turn on C. turn to D. turn off

完形填空专项训练 A 卷

(A)

Maxie Anderson and his 23-year-old son Kris flew from California to Quebec. It was a 4,988-kilometer 1, and it took 100 hours. They were alone. There was not 2 a plane. Maxie and Kris were in a balloon. They wanted to 3 the first non-stop balloon trip across North America. 4 started in California, and hoped to 5 in North Carolina.

6 the Andersons had some bad luck. Strong winds 7 them 1,770 kilometers north, and they arrived near the forests of Quebec. There were other 8 on the trip, too. Flying over the Rocky Mountains was cold. There was little air. 9 the trip, Kris said, "Once was 10." But his father did not agree, "I'm sure I'll think of something else to try."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| () 1. A. way | B. trip | C. road | D. route |
| () 2. A. still | B. yet | C. either | D. even |
| () 3. A. fly | B. prepare | C. make | D. get |
| () 4. A. It | B. He | C. We | D. They |
| () 5. A. arrive | B. settle | C. stay | D. live |
| () 6. A. And | B. Or | C. But | D. For |
| () 7. A. blew | B. prevented | C. stopped | D. threw |
| () 8. A. people | B. problems | C. balloons | D. flights |
| () 9. A. With | B. On | C. Before | D. After |
| () 10. A. plenty | B. full | C. enough | D. none |

(B)

Bats are the only flying mammals in the world. They can't see very well.

It was long believed and it is still 1 in many places, that all bats are blind. "Blind as a(n) 2" is often heard. Yet they have no 3 in flying on the darkest nights and finding their 4 around very well.

How can bats fly and see 5? They fly by radar! The bat's radar system works the same way 6 the one that ships and planes use.

When a bat flies through the 7, he makes a sound that is too high for our ears to hear. If the 8 hit things, they come back. The bat's ears 9 the messages. In this way the ears are able to tell the bat where the things are.

Bats go out to look for 10 at night. In the daytime they hang in some dark places. Some people think the bats are bad animals. In fact, they are useful animals.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------|
| () 1. A. believed | B. doubted | C. discussed | D. opposed |
| () 2. A. night | B. bat | C. beetle | D. owl |
| () 3. A. easiness | B. thought | C. trouble | D. mind |
| () 4. A. way | B. route | C. nest | D. hole |
| () 5. A. in the day | B. at night | C. at noon | D. in the afternoon |

- () 6. A. that B. which C. like D. as
- () 7. A. air B. house C. water D. mountain
- () 8. A. bats B. sounds C. ears D. flights
- () 9. A. pass B. send C. receive D. refuse
- () 10. A. darkness B. hair C. blood D. food

(C)

Walter Raleigh was a famous man in the days of Queen Elizabeth. When no one 1 in England, he traveled widely and 2 to smoke. Then he returned to England, but he didn't 3 smoking. He smoked secretly in his room. When anyone came in, he 4 put his pipe(烟斗) away. But one day he was not quick enough. A man 5 and found smoke in his room. And more smoke was coming from Raleigh's 6, so the man got some water from the kitchen and threw it 7 Raleigh. Raleigh got wet to the skin, and he ran out of the 8 and told everyone about it. After this, smoking was not a 9. Raleigh told Queen Elizabeth about it. He also said he could ever weigh his smoke.

"I shall first weigh the tobacco," he said, "10 I shall put it in my pipe and smoke it. Then I shall weigh the ashes. The difference between the weight of the tobacco and the weight of the ashes must be the weight of the smoke."

- () 1. A. traveled B. smoked C. drank D. boasted
- () 2. A. learned B. decided C. refused D. paid
- () 3. A. like B. enjoy C. finish D. stop
- () 4. A. happily B. gradually C. quickly D. slowly
- () 5. A. looked up B. fell down C. went out D. came in
- () 6. A. room B. desk C. mouth D. pocket
- () 7. A. down B. over C. off D. from
- () 8. A. house B. office C. smoke D. kitchen
- () 9. A. mistake B. joy C. secret D. matter
- () 10. A. or B. but C. yet D. then

(D)

Mrs White gave music lessons at a school. She had a good voice, except that some of her high notes(高音) 1 like a door that required oiling. Mrs White knew her problem well, and 2 every chance she could find to practice these 3 notes. As she lived in a 4 house, she could not practice without disturbing the rest of the family. 5 she usually went for long walks along the country road. She 6 her high notes while walking. But 7 she heard a car or a person coming along the road, she 8 practicing. She did not want to be heard, 9 she was very shy.

One afternoon, a fast car came up behind her so 10 and so fast that she did not hear it 11 it was only a few yards from her. She was practicing some of her highest and most 12 notes at that time. As the car passed, she 13 an anxious expression come over its driver's face. He stopped his car suddenly, 14 and began to examine all the tyres carefully.

Mrs White didn't dare to tell him 15 the noise he had heard really was. He got back into the car and drove off.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. appeared | B. seemed | C. felt | D. sounded |
| () 2. A. made | B. took | C. rejected | D. received |
| () 3. A. high | B. low | C. sweet | D. happy |
| () 4. A. small | B. big | C. distant | D. spacious |
| () 5. A. But | B. For | C. Yet | D. So |
| () 6. A. heard | B. practiced | C. touched | D. reached |
| () 7. A. wherever | B. however | C. whenever | D. nowhere |
| () 8. A. continued | B. insisted | C. stopped | D. started |
| () 9. A. although | B. but | C. if | D. for |
| () 10. A. silently | B. loudly | C. purposely | D. noisily |
| () 11. A. when | B. until | C. after | D. as |
| () 12. A. disappointing | B. painful | C. pleasing | D. difficult |
| () 13. A. removed | B. saw | C. admired | D. wrote |
| () 14. A. jumped out | B. got on | C. started again | D. walked on |
| () 15. A. where | B. which | C. what | D. that |

(E)

A good dictionary is an important tool. It will tell you not only what a word means but also how it is used. A dictionary needs to be printed again 1 ten years. Languages develop and a good dictionary must show these new 2.

Every dictionary will tell you many interesting facts. If you type a word and the word is too long 3 in your dictionary. All dictionaries show you 4 to break a word. And they also show you how a word is 5.

Every dictionary, of course, tells you what a word 6. But some words, like "get" or "take", may have lots of meanings. In 7 dictionaries, the main meanings are often 8 first. In others, the newest meanings are listed last. So 9 you use your dictionary, you should always read the front part. This 10 explains how to use it.

Some dictionaries also show you where a 11 comes from. Do you know that the word "brand (标记)" comes from a(n) 12 word? This old word means "to burn". This is 13 hundreds of years ago people burned their names on tables or boats to show who made them. They also burned their own names on their farm animals 14 they would not be stolen.

Your dictionary also has a lot of other interesting 15 in it. After you have learned to use a dictionary, it can become your best useful book.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| () 1. A. for about | B. about every | C. with about | D. out of |
| () 2. A. changes | B. books | C. dictionaries | D. spellings |
| () 3. A. look at it | B. look for it | C. look it up | D. look it out |
| () 4. A. what | B. why | C. when | D. where |
| () 5. A. spoken | B. heard | C. drawn | D. felt |

- | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| ()6. A. reads | B. means | C. says | D. writes |
| ()7. A. other | B. another | C. some | D. no |
| ()8. A. listed | B. discussed | C. argued | D. said |
| ()9. A. although | B. because | C. after | D. before |
| ()10. A. dictionary | B. part | C. reading | D. time |
| ()11. A. dictionary | B. meaning | C. word | D. book |
| ()12. A. unknown | B. used | C. new | D. old |
| ()13. A. because | B. that | C. why | D. where |
| ()14. A. if | B. since | C. so that | D. in case |
| ()15. A. meanings | B. words | C. sentences | D. facts |

完形填空专项训练 B 卷

(A)

Our teeth are an important part of our smile. They also 1 us to chew foods. We must 2 our teeth at home. This will help us take good care of our teeth. Do you brush your teeth 3 ?

But we also need to visit our 4 regularly. It can keep our teeth 5 and healthy.

The dentist is a doctor. He or she is specially trained to 6 teeth.

7 we visit our dentist, he or she will look at our teeth and gums to check for any 8.

The dentist also wants to make sure your teeth are growing properly. It is 9 to visit our dentist every six 10. It can help us take good care of our teeth and make sure that our teeth and gums are healthy.

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|----------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| () 1. A. force | B. tell | C. help | D. require |
| () 2. A. fix | B. brush | C. pull | D. watch |
| () 3. A. in the day | B. at home | C. every day | D. by yourself |
| () 4. A. teacher | B. nurse | C. hospital | D. dentist |
| () 5. A. weak | B. strong | C. loose | D. white |
| () 6. A. pull out | B. take out | C. care for | D. clear up |
| () 7. A. When | B. Since | C. Although | D. Before |
| () 8. A. food | B. color | C. blood | D. problems |
| () 9. A. important | B. easy | C. hard | D. convenient |
| () 10. A. hours | B. weeks | C. months | D. years |

(B)

My aunt Mary lives in Brooklyn. A tiny, soft-spoken woman of 75, she could be 1 thought to be just over 60 with her relatively unlined 2 and naturally brown hair. Only her *reduced* (衰弱的) hearing makes her age known. Her 3 and her sight are sharper than those of many 40-year-old people. 4 a shy woman, Mary never married. When she telephoned us, she said, "it's only me." In 1935, when she was 18, Mary went to 5 for the telephone company, and succeeded in arriving at the position of 6 service, a job she did with pride, 7 and devotion for nearly half a century. She replied with 8 and polite behavior to every customer, even to those 9 complaints were spoken in unpleasant language. Mary never showed a small suggestion of anger or disapproval, 10 she said to us that some of her customers should have their mouths washed out with soap. The days when she was out because of sickness were quite few.

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|------------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| () 1. A. hardly | B. easily | C. never | D. equally |
| () 2. A. nose | B. hands | C. face | D. eyes |
| () 3. A. body | B. head | C. brain | D. mind |
| () 4. A. As | B. Like | C. To | D. For |