



全国著名特高级教师编写

解题



初中英语解题题典

题典

解题题典丛书

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◎主编/赫丽

初中英语解题题典

(最新版)

赫 丽 主编



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主 编 赫 丽
副主编 姜 颖 杨秀娟
编 者 杨秀娟 马中午 张春梅 冯丽英
杨 杰 冯玮瑶 娄 宁 李 然
杨 虹 吕晓燕
修 订 张学文 姜 颖

初中英语解题题典

CHUZHONG YINGYU JIETI TIDIAN

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责任编辑:刘兆辉	封面设计:魏国强	责任校对:曾雪梅
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再 版 说 明

《小学、初中、高中各科解题题典》丛书面世以来，深受广大师生和发行业同仁的厚爱，累计发行数十万套。在此期间我们收到了数以千封热情洋溢的读者来信，赞誉之词使我们深受鞭策，中肯的建议使我们受益匪浅。根据近两年中考、高考的变化以及读者的建议，我们对本套丛书进行了全面的修订和修改。

新修改的本套丛书包括：小学数学、语文；初、高中数学、物理、化学、英语、语文、物理实验、化学实验、作文、政治、历史共 22 个分册。

本套丛书以现行教学大纲和中考、高考考纲为依据，以系统掌握各科知识，应试中、高考为目的。它既不同于常见的各式各样的习题集和浩繁的复习资料，又有别于那些艰深而不易掌握的无形的指导文字，它是一套供广大师生学习使用的，实用性极强的小型工具书。

本套丛书在编排上反映学科体系，紧扣大纲和教材，从简到繁，从易到难，将初、高中各科的重点、难点，以题解的形式，科学系统地进行归纳，注重解题思路的整理和提炼，整套书的编写反映了专家、学者和一线教师的匠心独运，凝结着现代教育的精华。

在取材上，着意问题的典型性、实用性、代表性，题型的多样性和新颖性。考虑到中学第二课堂的需要，在源于大纲，基于教材的基础上，对部分题的解题思路和方法作了合理的延伸，丰富了本套书的知识层面，力求为广大师生提供高容量、高质量的信息服务。

在编写队伍上，注重专家、学者和中学一线特高级教师的结合，使优势互补，以期达到解题思想、思路与解题技巧与指导应试经验的最佳组合，丰富了丛书的内涵。

本套丛书的编写是一项复杂的系统工程，融入了诸多专家和一线教师的心血。在浩若烟海的知识王国中，所选之题，难免挂一漏万，所提供的解答还可能有这样那样的问题，欢迎广大师生及社会各界朋友，不吝赐教，以期再版时有所增益。

东北师范大学出版社

《小学、初中、高中各科解题题典》丛书编辑组

1999年1月于长春

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第一部分 语 法

一、词 类

(一) 名 词

题一 指出各类题中的可数名词与不可数名词

A: driver, mother, hill, apple, eraser, jeep, student

B: people, police, class, team, family, cattle

C: paper, milk, ice, ink, meat, fish, chicken

D: time, health, idea, friendship, education

注 A、B 组为可数名词，它们表示某类人或东西中的个体以及若干个体组成的集合体。C、D 组为不可数名词，它们分别为物质名词及抽象名词。

题二 写出下列各组名词的复数形式

1. class, match, watch, box, dish, brush _____

2. month, mouth, cloth, box, fox, _____

3. key, monkey, day, factory, frisby, family, country, library _____

4. life, wolf, knife, roof, leaf _____

5. tomato, potato, _____

6. radio, zoo, bamboo _____

7. photo, radio _____

8. foot, child, woman, man, policeman, tooth, mouse, goose, _____

9. Chinese, German, Frenchman, American, Russian _____

10. sheep, fish, deer _____

11. milk, chicken, water, orange (橘汁), tea, rice, paper _____

注

1.1 组名词后须加“es”。以“s”，“sh”，“ch”，“x”结尾的名词后须加“es”。

2 初中英语解答题典

2.2 组名词中 month, mouth 须加 “s”, 属普通名词类。cloth 不变, 属于不可数名词类。但注意 mouths 的音标 [mauðz]

3.3 组名词中, 以元音字母加 “y” 结尾的须直接加 “s”。以辅音字母加 “y” 结尾的须把 “y” 变为 “i” 再加 “es”。

4.4 组以字母 “f” 或 “fe” 结尾的名词须把 “f” 或 “fe” 改为 “v” 再加 “es”。但 “roof” 特殊, 它须直接加 “s”。类似的词还有: cliff, hoof, chief, gulf。

5.5 组以辅音字母加 “o” 结尾的名词后须加 “es”。

6.6 组以元音字母加 “o” 结尾的名词后须加 “s”。

7.7 组属于外来语, 直接加 “s”。

8.8 组属于名词的特殊变化形式: foot—feet, child—children woman—women, man—men, policeman—policemen, saleswoman—saleswomen, mouse—mice, goose—geese, ox—oxen

9.9 组名词中以 “an” 结尾的名词后须加 “s”。但 “Frenchman” 特殊, 它的复数形式是 “Frenchmen”。以 “ese” 结尾的名词单复数相同, 还有 Japanese。

10.10 组名词单复数相同

题三 把下列短语译成汉语 (注意不可数名词表示数量的方式)

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. a piece of news ____ | 2. a piece of advice ____ |
| 3. a piece of information ____ | 4. a piece of work ____ |
| 5. a burst of applause ____ | 6. a plate of chicken ____ |
| 7. a piece of bread ____ | 8. a piece of cake ____ |
| 9. a piece of paper ____ | 10. a bag of rice ____ |
| 11. a piece of thread ____ | 12. a glass of orange ____ |
| 13. a plate of fish ____ | 14. a piece of meat ____ |
| 15. a bottle of ink ____ | 16. a box of chalk ____ |
| 17. a basket of chalk ____ | 18. a piece of furniture ____ |
| 19. an article of clothing ____ | 20. a grain of rice ____ |
| 21. a basket of grass ____ | 22. a piece of meat ____ |
| 23. a cup of coffee ____ | 24. a sum of money ____ |
| 25. a glass of water ____ | 26. a bowl of rice ____ |
| 27. a drop of blood ____ | 28. a glass of milk ____ |
| 29. a mouthful of food ____ | 30. a handful of seed ____ |
| 31. a ray of hope ____ | 32. a pair of trousers ____ |

33. a bag of oranges ____

答

- | | | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1. 一条消息 | 2. 一条建议 | 3. 一份情报 | 4. 一件工作 |
| 5. 一阵掌声 | 6. 一盘鸡肉 | 7. 一块面包 | 8. 一块蛋糕 |
| 9. 一张纸 | 10. 一袋大米 | 11. 一根线 | 12. 一杯橘汁 |
| 13. 一盘鱼肉 | 14. 一块肉 | 15. 一瓶墨水 | 16. 一盒粉笔 |
| 17. 一篮粉笔 | 18. 一件家具 | 19. 一件衣裳 | 20. 一粒米 |
| 21. 一筐草 | 22. 一块肉 | 23. 一杯咖啡 | 24. 一笔钱 |
| 25. 一杯水 | 26. 一碗米饭 | 27. 一滴血 | 28. 一粒沙子 |
| 29. 一口食物 | 30. 一把种子 | 31. 一线希望 | 32. 一条裤子 |
| 33. 一袋子橘子 | | | |

题四 将下列短语改写成用加“s”来表示所有关系的短语

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1. the sister of John ____ | 2. the model ships of the children ____ |
| 3. the works of Marx ____ | 4. the room of Helen and Jane ____ |
| 5. the bikes of Helen and Jane ____ | 6. the glass of someone else ____ |
| 7. at the shop of a tailor ____ | 8. a rest of ten minutes ____ |
| 9. a walk of half an hour ____ | 10. a time of a week or two ____ |

注

1. John's sister 表示有生命的东西(人或动物)的名词所有格,在名词词尾加“s”来表示。

2. the children's model ships 名词所有格表示类别,需在复数名词后加“s”。又如: a women's college

3. Marx's works 专有名词的词尾,如果是“s”,只需打“'”,但也可用“s”来表示。

4. Helen and Jane's room 如一样东西为两人共有,则只在后一个名词词尾加“s”。

5. Helen's and Jane's bikes 如一样东西分别属于几个人,则在每个名词后面分别打“s”。

6. someone else's glass “else”修饰不定代词时,其所有格加在“else”后面。

7. at a tailor's (shop) 在表示店铺,某人的家时,名词所有格后面,一般省略它所修饰的名词。

8. ten minutes' rest 表示时间、距离、国家、城镇的无生命名词,也可

加“s”来表示所有格。另复数名词的所有格只需在词尾加“'”。

9. half an hour's walk 同上。

10. a week or two's time 同上。

题五 将下列短语译成汉语

1. the classroom of Class Six, Grade One _____

2. the story of Washington _____

3. a friend of his sister's _____

4. a photo of her aunt's _____

5. a photo of her aunt _____

答

1. 一年六班的教室。
2. 华盛顿的故事。
3. 他妹妹的一个朋友。
4. 她姑姑的一张照片。
5. 她姑姑本人的一张照片。

注 无生命的名词在上述几种情况下也可用“of”结构来表示。在练习3中，所属物的名前有冠词、数词、不定代词或指示代词（如：a, two, some, a few, this, that, these, those），常用“of 词组+所有格”的形式来表示所有关系。练习4：“他姑姑的一张照片。”该句表示她姑姑所有照片中的一张，但不一定是她本人的照片。练习5：“她姑姑本人的一张照片。”

题六 指出下列各画线部分的名词在句中的语法作用

1. One day a little monkey was playing in a tree by the river.
2. Our country has a long history.
3. Carelessness is the enemy of study.
4. As a young man Lincoln was a shopkeeper and postmaster.
5. The students under the tree are all Young Pioneers.
6. They are all good teachers.
7. It's better giving presents than receiving them.
8. All the students in the class call her Lucy.
9. Li Lei is sitting in front of his father.
10. Is it a colour pencil-box?
11. Everybody does morning exercises every day.
12. There are many women teachers in our school.
13. We students must be strict with ourselves.
14. Mr Wang, our English teacher, speaks English as well as an English-

man.

15. Mr Hu, our new teacher, is very kind to us.

16. Let's buy some more this afternoon.

17. Summer holidays will begin next month.

18. What are you going to do tomorrow?

19. What would you like to drink, Miss Li?

20. Mothers, please look after your children.

21. Don't open the window, Mei Mei.

注 上述各题每三组为一个语法作用。名词在句子中的语法作用可依次分为下面七种: 1. 主语 2. 表语 3. 宾语、宾语补足语、介词宾语 4. 定语 5. 同位语 6. 时间状语 7. 称呼语

题七 选择填空

1. Please pass them ____.

A. two cups of teas

B. two cups of tea

C. two cup of tea

D. two cup of teas

2. Mr Smith gave us ____ on studying English.

A. some advice

B. some advices

C. an advice

D. many advices

3. I saw ____ in the zoo yesterday.

A. much deer

B. many deers

C. a lot of deer

D. two deers

4. English is a bridge ____.

A. of many knowledges

B. of much knowledge

C. to many knowledges

D. to much knowledge

5. Some of foreign friends are _____. The others are _____.

A. Japanese/German

B. Japanese/Germans

C. Japanese/Germen

D. Japanese/Germens

6. There are many _____ in that hospital.

A. woman doctors

B. women doctor

C. womans doctors

D. women doctors

7. Joe Hill took an active part in _____ struggle for the better pay and better conditions.

A. worker's

B. workers'

21. June 1 is _____.
 A. a child's Day B. Childrens' Day
 C. Children's Day D. Children'Day
22. Would you like to buy _____?
 A. a shoe B. a shoes C. a pairs of shoes D. a pair of shoes
23. Mary is the youngest in her _____.
 A. home B. family C. house D. room
24. How much rice _____ there in the bag?
 A. is B. are C. have D. has
25. There _____ a banana on the plate.
 A. is B. are C. have D. has
26. I want to buy _____.
 A. two bottles of milks B. two bottles of milk
 C. two bottle of milk D. two bottle of milks
27. It is _____ today.
 A. Teacher Day B. Teacher's Day
 C. a Teacher Day D. Teachers' Day
28. That is _____.
 A. Kate and Mary mother B. Kate's and Mary mother
 C. Kate and Mary's mother D. Kate's and Mary's mother
29. That is _____ room.
 A. Lucy parents B. Lucy's parents
 C. Lucy parents' D. Lucy's parents'
30. It's ten _____ walk from my home to the post office
 A. minutes B. minute's C. minutes' D. minute

答

1. B 2. A 3. C 4. D 5. B 6. D 7. D 8. B 9. C 10. C
 11. A 12. B 13. D 14. D 15. B 16. C 17. A 18. C 19. D 20. A
 21. C 22. D 23. B 24. A 25. A 26. B 27. D 28. C 29. D 30. C

(二) 代 词

题八 用适当的人称代词、物主代词选择填空

1. How hard ____ works!
A. we B. him C. he D. his
2. Won't you let ____ help you?
A. I and my friend B. my friend and I
C. my friend and me D. my friend and I to
3. The three men —— Bob, Joe and ____ met at the river.
A. her B. himself C. me D. I
4. He asked the three men —— Bob, Joe and ____ to be ready.
A. I B. himself C. me D. herself
5. All my classmates are going to the Summer Palace except ____.
A. he and I B. he and me C. him and I D. him and me
6. Go ____ to ____!
A. here, us B. there, they C. there, them D. here, we
7. They met Jim on ____ way to school.
A. his B. her C. their D. my
8. "Here is a pair which fits." "Could I ____?"
A. put it on B. try on them C. put on them D. try them on
9. China will always do what ____ has promised to do.
A. it B. he C. she D. they
10. Kate has many skirts. Most of ____ skirts are expensive. But I have only a few. ____ are not as expensive as ____.
A. her, My, her B. hers, My, hers
C. her, Mine, hers D. hers, Mine, her
11. The elephant is proud of himself, for ____ has a big and strong body.
A. it B. he C. she D. they
12. ____ have been chosen.
A. I, you and he B. He, you and I
C. You, he and I D. You, he and me

13. He is as tall as ____.
A. she B. her C. him D. himself
14. ____ did not snow much last time.
A. It B. They C. Its D. It's
15. If I were ____, I would take the advice.
A. she B. her C. he D. his
16. Open the door, please! It's ____.
A. I B. my C. mine D. me
17. The moon is shining brightly tonight. ____ is like a round silvery plate.
A. It B. He C. She D. They
18. These are our exercise books, ____ are in the teachers' office.
A. theirs B. their C. them D. they
19. She gave the eraser to Lucy and ____.
A. I B. me C. my D. mine
20. It is ____ who wants it.
A. her B. hers C. she D. her's
21. Tom hasn't brought ____ book with him. Will you lend him ____?
A. him, yours B. his, yours
C. his, your D. him, your's
22. That's not ____, it is _____. I made it _____.
A. ours, mine, myself B. your, mine, myself
C. yours, her, myself D. yours, my, myself
23. John's story is more interesting than ____.
A. your book B. your one C. yourself D. yours
24. Either Tom or his parents will let me use ____ car.
A. her B. their C. his D. them
25. The birds build ____ nest in the tree.
A. their B. them C. they D. theirs
26. Han Meimei was ____ in my childhood.
A. me close friend B. mine a close friend
C. a close friend of mine D. a close friend of me
27. "I've forgotten my bread." "Never mind, you can have ____."

A. some of us

B. us some

C. some of ours

D. some of our

28. The sisters of ____ help us with our English.

A. him

B. his

C. he

D. he's

29. Are they friends ____?

A. of you

B. to you

C. to yours

D. of yours

30. They can't find ____ new classroom.

A. them

B. theirs

C. our

D. their

答

1. C 2. C 3. D 4. C 5. D 6. C 7. C 8. D 9. C 10. C

11. B 12. C 13. A 14. A 15. B 16. D 17. C 18. A 19. B 20. C

21. B 22. A 23. D 24. B 25. A 26. C 27. C 28. B 29. D 30. D

注

3题: Bob...是主语。

4题: Bob...是宾语。

8题: a pair 和名词复数连用, 故代词应用复数。

9题: she 在句中可代表大地、月亮、船只、太阳、国家等。

12题: 代词做主语的排列顺序是二、三、一人称。

24题: “either...or” 句式中, 代词应和 or 后面的词保持一致。

26题: 是双重所有格表示法。

题九 用适当的自身代词、相互代词变换下列各句

1. John and Li Lei said they would go out by (John and Li Lei).

2. Han Meimei told Tom that she could look after (Han Meimei).

3. You, Mrs Read, will have to look after (Mrs Read).

4. Can you and Mary look after (you and Mary)?

5. Can you and Mary get supper for (you, Mary and me)?

6. One must learn to look after (one) these days.

7. No one should deceive (no one) about that.

8. I have just been out to get (me) a cup of coffee.

9. I taught (I) English three years ago.

10. Everybody wants to go to the theatre (everybody).

11. If we look around (we), we see that we are just as other men are.

12. Your little brother is too young to look after (your brother).