

四川省教育科学研究所 主编  
四川省中小学教材审查委员会 审查

# 高中英语

第一册(下)(必修)



四川出版集团  
四川教育出版社

知识与能力训练

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四川省中小学教材审查委员会 审查  
四川省教育科学研究所 主编  
四川省中学学科中心组

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ZHISHI YU NENGLI XUNLIAN  
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# 说 明

为了适应中学课程(教学)计划和大纲、教材调整的要求,根据我省各地中学教学的实际需要,经四川省中小学教材审查委员会同意,我们组织省内一批富有教学经验的教师和教学研究人员,重新改编了这套中学《知识与能力训练》,供我省中学生使用,亦供教师参考。

这套《知识与能力训练》由四川省教育科学研究所和四川省中学学科中心组主编,编委会领导整个编写工作,由四川省中小学教材审查委员会审定。

这套书与义务教育初中教学大纲、教材或高中各科教学大纲(试验修订版)、教材配套使用。编写时注重思想性、教育性;遵循大纲和教材要求,注重基础知识和基本技能的训练及能力的培养;注重实用性,力求做到与节(课)、章(单元)、学期、学年的教学同步;注重层次性,章(单元)末有检测题,书末有总复习题,其内容均考虑到高初中毕业会考和中考、高考的要求,可供不同的读者选用。

本书与人民教育出版社全日制普通高级中学教科书(必修)《英语》第一册(下)(Senior English for China, Student's Book 1B)配套使用。

本册由四川省中学英语学科中心组编写,陈梅、董洪丹、梁仁、晓冬执笔,董洪丹任主编并统稿。

当前,课程(教学)计划、大纲、教材以及“教学要求”时有变动,编写中疏漏难免,不足之处请读者提出批评、建议,以便改进。

四川省教育科学研究所  
四川省中学学科中心组

2005年9月

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# Unit 13 Healthy eating

## 第一部分 听力训练

### I. 对话理解

A) 据你所听到的简短对话, 选出正确答案。对话念两遍。

- ( ) 1. Where did this conversation most probably take place?  
A. At a concert.                      B. At a flower show.                      C. At a restaurant.
- ( ) 2. What's Mary's address?  
A. 1664 Garden Street.  
B. 1646 Garden Street.  
C. 1446 Garden Street.
- ( ) 3. When is Betty leaving for Shanghai?  
A. Next Thursday evening.  
B. This Thursday evening.  
C. Next Tuesday evening.
- ( ) 4. What does Mr Wilson do?  
A. He's a doctor.  
B. He's a teacher.  
C. He's a professor.
- ( ) 5. What's the time now?  
A. 7:50.                                      B. 7:55.                                      C. 8:00.

B) 根据你所听到的对话, 选出正确答案。对话念三遍。

- ( ) 6. What did Mr Grant do last week?  
A. He bought a new garden.  
B. He moved into a new house.  
C. He cooked in the kitchen.
- ( ) 7. How old is Mr Grant's second child?  
A. Twelve.                                      B. Six.                                      C. Seven.
- ( ) 8. What does his wife like to do?  
A. To cook in the kitchen.  
B. To work in the music room.  
C. To play football.
- ( ) 9. Where is the garden?  
A. Near the house.  
B. In the back of the house.

C. In front of the house.

- ( ) 10. What does his daughter like?  
A. The flowers.                      B. The new house.                      C. Music.

## II. 语篇理解

根据你听到的短文内容，完成下面各题。短文念三遍。

- ( ) 11. Who gave the news on the Hour?  
A. The mayor in Miami.  
B. Ed Wilson.  
C. Jan Singer.
- ( ) 12. How many African countries will the American President visit?  
A. Eight.                                  B. Twelve.                                  C. Nine.
- ( ) 13. When will his visit take place?  
A. In April.                                  B. In June.                                  C. In May.
- ( ) 14. What does the news about health tell us?  
A. No one should drink more than two cups of coffee a day.  
B. The more coffee people drink, the more chances they'll have heart disease.  
C. Women's heart disease has something to do with their drinking coffee.
- ( ) 15. Where does the news about coffee and health come from?  
A. California.                                  B. Paris.                                  C. Africa.

## 第二部分 笔头训练

### I. 单项填空

从 A, B, C, D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- ( ) 1. There is something wrong with Tom's teeth because he has eaten too much \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. salt                      B. fruit                      C. sweet                      D. chicken
- ( ) 2. We have got \_\_\_\_\_ rain here in spring. That is why the grass is growing so well.  
A. many                      B. plenty of                      C. too much                      D. a great deal
- ( ) 3. Junk food is a kind of food that contains a lot of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. fat and sugar                      B. fat and vitamins  
C. sugar and vitamins                      D. vitamins and minerals
- ( ) 4. Don't worry. I'll give you some medicine to take four times \_\_\_\_\_ day.  
A. on a                      B. in a                      C. for a                      D. a
- ( ) 5. Be quiet, please! I've got \_\_\_\_\_ to tell you.  
A. something the most important                      B. the most important something  
C. something important the most                      D. the most some important thing
- ( ) 6. Which sentence \_\_\_\_\_ is better made?  
A. you think                      B. you do think







by ship.

It is 41 impressive to see the statue, whether one is arriving in New York after a long sea voyage or if one is simply 42 a short sightseeing trip from nearby Battery Park.

However, for millions who in the past had crossed the Atlantic in 43 of better life, often having had to 44 with terrible conditions for weeks on board ship, the statue must have been a wonderful symbol of 45 for future.

- |         |              |              |             |              |
|---------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| ( ) 31. | raises       | B. stands    | C. being    | D. situates  |
| ( ) 32. | A. brief     | B. long      | C. short    | D. far       |
| ( ) 33. | A. tall      | B. height    | C. length   | D. high      |
| ( ) 34. | A. period    | B. year      | C. date     | D. time      |
| ( ) 35. | A. paid      | B. requested | C. demanded | D. bought    |
| ( ) 36. | A. reward    | B. support   | C. favour   | D. gift      |
| ( ) 37. | A. have      | B. enjoy     | C. take     | D. celebrate |
| ( ) 38. | A. certainly | B. mainly    | C. likely   | D. greatly   |
| ( ) 39. | A. set       | B. done      | C. built    | D. formed    |
| ( ) 40. | A. parts     | B. shapes    | C. pieces   | D. sections  |
| ( ) 41. | A. most      | B. yet       | C. already  | D. ever      |
| ( ) 42. | A. taking    | B. spending  | C. sailing  | D. going     |
| ( ) 43. | A. longing   | B. search    | C. desire   | D. aim       |
| ( ) 44. | A. join in   | B. keep up   | C. get in   | D. put up    |
| ( ) 45. | A. hope      | B. faith     | C. joy      | D. success   |

### III. 阅读理解

阅读下列短文，并做每篇后面的题目。从四个选项中，选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

#### A

Mrs Jenkins lives in a city and her husband has a bank there. Of course she's never worried about anything. She never does any housework at home and the servants and cooks take good care of her. Nearly all the persons there know her husband, and she and her husband are often invited to all kinds of parties. Of course they always eat the tasty foods which are rich in sugar and fat. And the woman likes them very much and she hates the diet which contains only in fruit and vegetables.

Now the woman is putting on weight and she's fatter and fatter. She often feels unwell and sometimes she finds it difficult to walk. Once something was wrong with her heart. She had to go to see her doctor. The doctor examined her carefully and asked her some questions. Then he said, "Now your illness isn't serious. But it doesn't mean you're in good health. And you'd better change your way of life if you hope to live a little longer."

"What can I do, sir?" asked the woman.

"You can spend no more than two dollars on your foods a day and you have to earn the mon-

ey yourself!"

- ( ) 46. Mrs Jenkins is never worried about anything because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. she lives in the city                      B. her husband is famous  
C. she's very rich                              D. she's young and strong
- ( ) 47. Mr Jenkins is well-known in the city because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. he has a lot of knowledge  
B. he likes making friends  
C. he often helps others  
D. he's a famous banker
- ( ) 48. As Mrs Jenkins likes the foods which are rich in fat and sugar, \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. she's getting fatter and fatter  
B. she feels terrible  
C. she spends much money on them  
D. she's getting lazier and lazier
- ( ) 49. What does the doctor's advice mean?
- A. The woman must do some walking.  
B. The woman mustn't take a car.  
C. Mr Jenkins must stop supplying money to his wife.  
D. Mrs Jenkins must work and eat the healthy diet.
- ( ) 50. For the rich woman, it's \_\_\_\_\_ to act on the doctor's advice.
- A. easy                      B. difficult                      C. unnecessary                      D. possible

**B**

Once a neighbour stole one of Washington's horses. Washington went with a police officer to the neighbour's farm to get the horse, but the neighbour refused to give the horse up; he said that it was his horse.

Washington placed both of his hands over the eyes of the horse and said to the neighbour, "If this is your horse, then you must tell us in which eye he is blind."

"In the right eye," the neighbour said.

Washington took his hand from the right eye of the horse and showed the police officer that the horse was not blind in the right eye.

"Oh, I have made a mistake," said the neighbour. "He is blind in the left eye."

Washington then showed that the horse was not blind in the left eye, either.

"I have made another mistake," said the neighbour.

"Yes," said the police officer, "and you have also proved that the horse does not belong to you. You must return it to Mr Washington."

- ( ) 51. Why did Washington go to the neighbour's farm with a police officer? Because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. the neighbour was the police officer's friend  
B. he wanted to make the neighbour return the horse

- [REDACTED]
- C. the police officer was Washington's friend  
D. they were invited to the neighbour's farm
- ( ) 52. When Washington and the police officer reached the neighbour's farm, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. immediately admitted that he had stolen the horse  
B. received them warmly  
C. said he had lost a horse, too  
D. didn't want to give the horse back to Washington
- ( ) 53. When Washington asked the neighbour to tell them in which eye the horse was blind, he \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. didn't say anything  
B. knew the horse wasn't blind at all  
C. thought the horse was really blind  
D. said he had stolen the horse
- ( ) 54. According to the passage, the horse \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. was not blind at all  
B. belonged to Washington's neighbour  
C. was stolen by Washington's another neighbour  
D. was not returned to Washington
- ( ) 55. From the passage, we know \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Washington was a wise man  
B. Washington's neighbour was cleverer than him  
C. the police officer was the most clever of the three  
D. all the three men were not very clever

#### IV. 短文改错

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| A student is learning speak British English. He                | 56. _____ |
| wonder if he can communicate with Americans and                | 57. _____ |
| if Americans can understand him. English learners often        | 58. _____ |
| ask, "What is the differences between British and American     | 59. _____ |
| English? How important are this differences?"                  | 60. _____ |
| Certainly, there are some differences with British and         | 61. _____ |
| American English. There are a little differences in grammar.   | 62. _____ |
| For an example, speakers of British English say "in hospital"  | 63. _____ |
| and "Have you got a pen?" when Americans say "in the hospital" | 64. _____ |
| and "Do you have a pen?" Pronunciation is sometime different.  | 65. _____ |

#### V. 书面表达

假如你的名字叫李华, 在得知朋友 Sharon 的体重在逐日增加后, 你给她写信, 建议她去走访医生。并建议她以后少吃如奶油、巧克力等多脂肪和多糖的食物, 多吃蔬菜、水果, 多锻炼, 体重就会降下来。多日之后, 又会像以前那样美丽。(100 词左右)

# Unit 14 Festivals

## 第一部分 听力训练

### I. 对话理解

A) 据你所听到的简短对话, 选出正确答案。对话念两遍。

- ( ) 1. What are the two speakers talking about?  
A. A fine boat.                      B. Their friend, Tom.                      C. The weather.
- ( ) 2. When was the fire put out?  
A. At 1: 00.                              B. At 4: 00.                              C. At 3: 00.
- ( ) 3. Where is Mike going to finish his homework?  
A. At home.                              B. In the classroom.                      C. In the library.
- ( ) 4. What does the man choose to drink?  
A. Beer.                                      B. Mineral water.                      C. Coca Cola.
- ( ) 5. Why can't the girl go to the party?  
A. She is sick.                              B. She has to work.                      C. She has to stay at home.

B) 根据你所听到的对话, 选出正确答案。对话念三遍。

- ( ) 6. Where does this conversation probably take place?  
A. At the concert.                      B. At the airport.                      C. At the cinema.
- ( ) 7. What time is it now?  
A. Eight.                                      B. Half past eight.                      C. Nine.
- ( ) 8. Where do they find the tickets?  
A. In the woman's wallet.  
B. In the man's wallet.  
C. In the woman's bag.
- ( ) 9. Which city are they going to?  
A. London.                                      B. Paris.                                      C. Beijing.
- ( ) 10. Whom does this conversation happen between?  
A. Tom and Mary.                      B. Jack and Jane.                      C. Harry and Rose.

### II. 语篇理解

根据你听到的短文内容, 完成下面各题。短文念三遍。

- ( ) 11. Where did this story probably happen?  
A. In a tall building.  
B. In the street of a town.  
C. On a train.

- ( ) 12. Who called the police and the fire service?  
A. The writer himself.    B. A man.    C. The writer's wife.
- ( ) 13. Who opened the door of the lift?  
A. The man.    B. The fireman.    C. The policemen.
- ( ) 14. The girl wasn't feeling well when she got out of the lift?  
A. No, she wasn't.    B. Yes, she wasn't.    C. Yes, she was.
- ( ) 15. How many people were mentioned in the story?  
A. Seven.    B. Six.    C. Five.

## 第二部分 笔头训练

### I. 单项填空

从 A, B, C, D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- ( ) 1. The Spring Festival is one of \_\_\_\_\_ most important festivals for \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese people.  
A. a; the    B. the; the    C. an; the    D. 不填; 不填
- ( ) 2. The Spring Festival is celebrated in the month of \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. December; January    B. November; December  
C. January; February    D. February; March
- ( ) 3. The Chinese National Day is \_\_\_\_\_ festival.  
A. a three-day    B. three-days  
C. a three-days    D. three-day
- ( ) 4. I don't know Mr Johnson, but I have \_\_\_\_\_ much \_\_\_\_\_ him.  
A. heard; for    B. hearing; about  
C. been heard; for    D. heard; about
- ( ) 5. —What's the theme of the festival, Zhang Lei?  
—It tells the people \_\_\_\_\_ their ancestors.  
A. do not forget    B. not to forget  
C. do not remember    D. not to remember
- ( ) 6. There \_\_\_\_\_ a restaurant here.  
A. used to be    B. was used to be  
C. used to have    D. was used to have
- ( ) 7. All the students have the purpose of study \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. of the same    B. as the same    C. in common    D. for common
- ( ) 8. This is the house \_\_\_\_\_ a famous leader once lived \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. where; in    B. that; in    C. which; 不填    D. which; in
- ( ) 9. Mrs Brown bought a Christmas tree \_\_\_\_\_ her family would be able to celebrate Christmas Eve.  
A. such that    B. so that





A

We are sitting in a café in old Quebec, drinking hot coffee to try to warm up. The temperature is 32 degrees 21 freezing. The windows are covered 22 steam from the heat 23. Outside, the snow covers the streets and 24 piled up along the sidewalks 25 in parking lots. The music and lights of the carnival (狂欢节) continue, but we have been 26 the parades, riding in horse carriages and listening to the music 27 day. Our feet are freezing and our noses are 28.

Quebec carnival is the biggest winter 29 in the world—every year, hundreds of thousands of people come to Quebec to take part in a week of activities. If you come, you must be prepared to 30 moving, as it is too cold to stand and watch for long.

- |         |             |             |               |              |
|---------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| ( ) 21. | A. above    | B. under    | C. below      | D. at        |
| ( ) 22. | A. of       | B. in       | C. on         | D. with      |
| ( ) 23. | A. inside   | B. upstairs | C. downstairs | D. given     |
| ( ) 24. | A. are      | B. is       | C. has been   | D. have been |
| ( ) 25. | A. or       | B. but      | C. and        | D. either    |
| ( ) 26. | A. watching | B. seeing   | C. looking    | D. talking   |
| ( ) 27. | A. half     | B. whole    | C. this       | D. all       |
| ( ) 28. | A. blue     | B. red      | C. white      | D. gray      |
| ( ) 29. | A. holiday  | B. activity | C. festival   | D. game      |
| ( ) 30. | A. take     | B. keep     | C. use        | D. stand for |

B

In 1908 a report was published about what the earth might be like 20 years from then. The report was the 31 of a three-year study.

According to the report, the 32 of the earth in the year 2005 is not a pleasant one. The world will be more crowded because the 33 will continue to grow. The population 34 be as large as 6,300 million, almost 2,500 million more than that in 1975. 35 people would move into cities, especially cities in 36 countries. Cities like Cairo and Jakarta 37 would each have 15 million by then. Food production will increase, 38 not enough to feed all the people. Farmers will grow 90% more food than they did in 1975, but most of the 39 would be in countries that already produce enough food for their people. 40 increase is grown in South Asia, Africa and European countries. Poor farming ways are 41 large areas of crop land, changing farms into deserts. Much farmland is lost 42 cities become larger and houses are built. Air pollution will get worse as industry countries 43 more coal and oil. Much of the world's 44 could disappear as more and more trees are cut down. Energy will continue to be a 45 problem. The experts hope their picture of the earth for the year 2005 may be wrong.

- |         |              |            |               |               |
|---------|--------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| ( ) 31. | A. condition | B. result  | C. suggestion | D. plan       |
| ( ) 32. | A. film      | B. weather | C. picture    | D. look       |
| ( ) 33. | A. cities    | B. cars    | C. bikes      | D. population |