



河北省教育厅公告推荐

新教材 同步练

英语

五年级下册



河北教育出版社



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A cartoon illustration of a girl with a crown, closed eyes, and a smile. She has long, thick braids that extend down the left and right sides of the page. A large black rectangle with the word 'Contents' in white, bubbly font is positioned over the center of the page, partially obscuring the girl's face and the braids.

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A decorative border at the bottom of the page featuring a dark, textured background with numerous white stars of varying sizes.



Unit 1

On the Train



Lesson 1: Look!

I. Listen, number and write. 听单词, 用数字在括号里给图片标号, 在横线上写出它的名称。



() _____



() _____



() _____



() _____



() _____



() _____

II. Match the words of A and B. 把 A 组和 B 组的单词连接起来。

A

brown

delicious

yellow

hot

big

B

banana

soup

cow

mountain

chicken

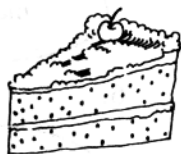


III. Choose the different one from the words. 选出下列单词中不同类的一个。

- () 1. A. brown B. green C. red D. city
 () 2. A. chicken B. meat C. apple D. fish
 () 3. A. banana B. strawberry C. park D. grape
 () 4. A. big B. tree C. school D. mountain
 () 5. A. soup B. pig C. cow D. dog

IV. Look at the picture and fill in the blanks. 看图根据提示填空。

1. Look! I _____ (看见) a _____. 2. Look! I _____ (看见) a _____.



3. Look! I _____ (看见) a _____. 4. Look! I _____ (看见) a _____.



5. Look! I _____ (看见) a _____. 6. Look! I _____ (看见) a _____.



中国城市的别称

1. Nanjing (南京) — The city of stones (石头城)
2. Jinan (济南) — The city of springs (泉城)
3. Chongqing (重庆) — The city of fog (雾城)
4. Harbin (哈尔滨) — The city of ice (冰城)
5. Kaifeng (开封) — The city of rivers (河城)



知识辞典





Lesson 2: What Are You Doing?

I. Listen and order. 听单词，把单词重新排序并写在横线上。

drawing

reading

singing

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

looking

jumping

making

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

putting

getting

sitting

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

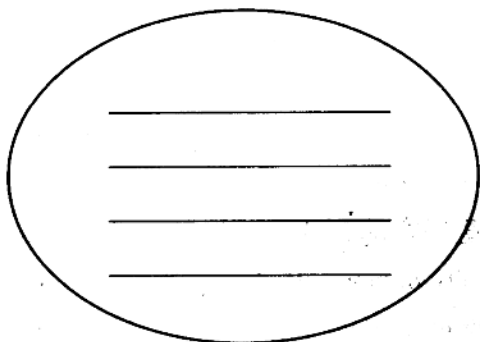
II. Write the opposite word. 写出下列单词的反义词。

1. loud — () 2. warm — () 3. cold — ()

4. cry — () 5. same — () 6. tall — ()

7. fat — () 8. take off — ()

III. Can you talk about the picture? If you are interested in it, write them, please. 你能说一说这副图吗? 如果你感兴趣的话, 请你把它们写出来。





IV. Read the passage. Fill in the blanks. Match the pictures and the sentences. 读短文。填空，并把相应的图片连起来。

Hello! My name is Lily. This is my classroom. I'm reading a book. I'm loud. Fang Fang and Li Liang are singing a song. They are loud, too. Liu Qiang is writing a story. He is quiet. Zhang Tao is drawing a picture. He is quiet, too. Look at Wang Dong. He is looking out the window. How happy we are!

1. Lily is _____.



2. Li Liang is _____.



3. Liu Qiang is _____.



4. Zhang Tao is _____.



5. Wang Dong is _____.



英语之最

1. 英文字母中，使用频率最高的是 e，最低的是 z。
2. 在拼写方面，用于词首最多的字母是 s，最少的是 x。
3. 在句子中，最常用的单词有：the, of, a, to, in, is, you, that, it, he, for。



知识辞典





Lesson 3: Who Is Singing?

I. Match the word and the picture. 把单词和图片连起来。



baby



woman



teacher



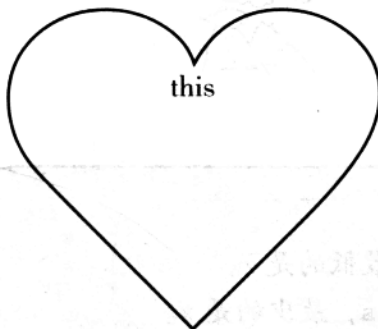
children



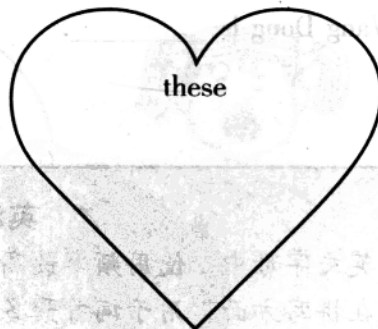
man

II. Help them find the right home. 帮它们找到正确的家。

this these that those man men woman
women child children baby babies



this



these

III. Choose. 根据答句, 完成问句。

Who How much What time What How Where

1. _____ is this?





This is a man.

2. _____ is this?

This is five yuan.

3. _____ are you doing?

I am reading a book.

4. _____ is it?

It is 5:00.

5. _____ do you go to school?

By bike.

6. _____ old are you?

I am 10 years old.

7. _____ are you?

I'm fine, thanks.

8. _____ is Danny?

He's in the gym.

IV. Translate them into Chinese. 翻译下列英语。

1. on the train _____

2. behind Jenny _____

3. Li Ming's father _____

4. baby's mother _____

5. I'm tired. _____

你知道吗?

1. Don't put off tomorrow what should be done today.

今日的事情，今日做。

2. There is no royal road to learning.

书山有路勤为径，学海无涯苦作舟。

3. There are two sides to every question.

问题皆有两面。



知识辞典





Lesson 4: Who Is Thirsty?

I. Listen and draw ☺ for the right sentence. 听句子，在正确的句子前画笑脸。

1. () Would you like some tea?
2. () Would you like some water?
3. () Would you like some pop?
4. () Would you like some milk?
5. () Would you like some juice?

II. Draw smile face for the correct words. 请在正确的词组下面画上笑脸。

1. some boy

2. some pop

some people

some banana

3. some water

4. a tea

some apple

a cup of tea

5. a milk

6. a egg

a glass of milk

an egg

III. Choose. 选择。

() 1. Would you like _____ tea?

A. a cup of

B. a cups of

() 2. Jenny and Li Ming are _____.

A. slow

B. slowly

() 3. Their tea is _____ hot _____ drink.



- A. too ... to B. to ... too
- () 4. They can drink _____ tea.
A. their B. they
- () 5. What would you like to drink?
A. I would like a glass of milk. B. I like hamburger.
- () 6. Would you like _____ tea?
A. some B. a
- () 7. I'm thirsty. I want to _____.
A. eat B. drink
- () 8. Would you like a glass of milk?
A. Yes, please. B. Yes, thank you.

IV. Match. 请把 A 组和 B 组连线。

A

Who is thirsty?
Who is hungry?
What would you like for breakfast?
Would you like some pop, please?
What would you like to eat?
What would you like to drink?
Are you okay?

B

I'm hungry.
I would like cereal.
Yes, I am.
I'm thirsty.
Some pop, please.
No, thanks.
A hamburger, please.

如何应答别人赞扬的话

中国人对赞扬很谦虚，西方人则相反，他们对对方的赞扬表示感谢。如：

1. — You are so pretty! 你长的多漂亮!
— It's very kind of you to say so. 你这么夸我，我真是太感谢了。
2. — Your English is wonderful! 你的英语真好!
— Thank you very much. I'm glad to hear that.
太谢谢你了。听你这么说我真高兴。



知识辞典





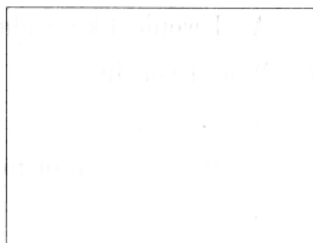
Lesson 5: Who Is Hungry?

I. Listen. Write the words. Draw pictures. 听一听，写出正确的单词并画画。

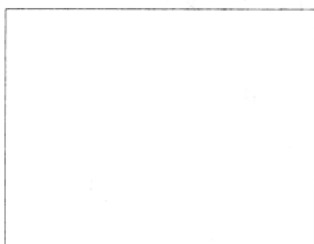
1.



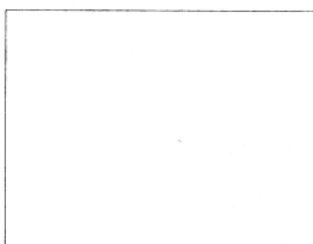
2.



3.



4.



II. Choose. 选择。

() 1. What would you like to eat?

A. Read a book.

B. Some dumplings.

() 2. What are you doing?

A. I'm singing.

B. I'm thirsty.

() 3. Who is hungry?

A. I'm hungry.

B. I'm thirsty.

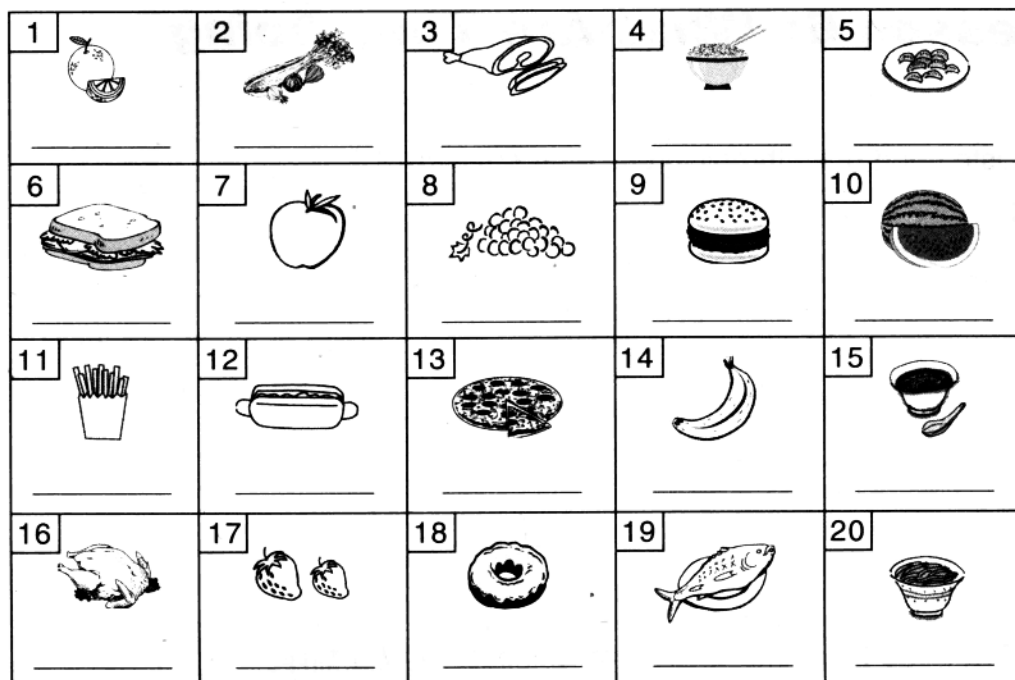
() 4. Would you like some noodles?

A. No, thank you.

B. No, I'm not.

III. Look at the picture and write the words on it. 看图把单词写在图上。

noodles fish donut strawberries chicken soup banana pizza
hot dog French fries melon sandwich grapes apple hamburger
dumplings rice meat vegetables orange



IV. Answer the questions. 根据实际情况回答问题。

1. What would you like to eat?

2. What's your favourite colour?

3. What's your favourite clothes?

4. How old are you?

汉语变英语

图中出现了2个“日”字，你能将它们变成一个英语动物单词吗？条件是不增加或减少其中的火柴的数量，只准移动火柴的位置。你试一试吧！



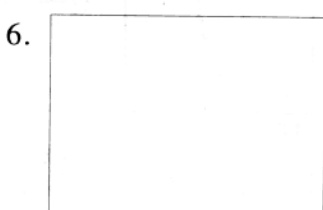
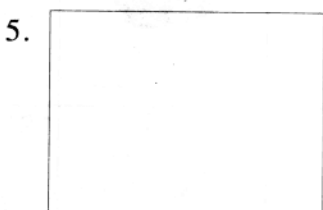
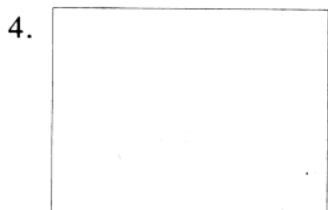
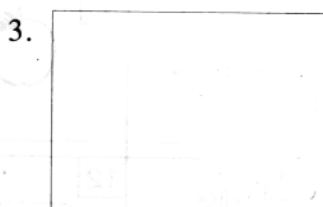
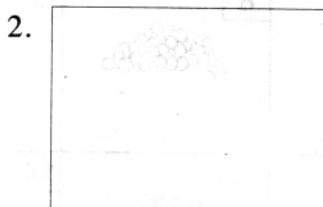
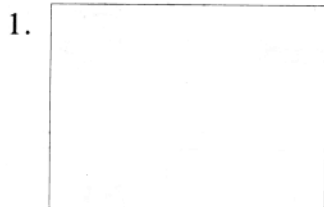
知识辞典





Lesson 6: What Are They Doing?

I. Listen and draw the pictures. 听句子并画出图。



II. Translate them into English or Chinese. 英汉互翻译。

1. reading the newspaper

2. 他正在玩牌。

3. He is crying.

4. playing the cards

5. 她正在笑。

6. having fun

7. She is jumping.

III. Look at the picture and write the sentence. 看图并写出句子。

I am writing. I am jumping. I am singing.
They are playing ping-pong. She is sitting.





IV. Write the words in correct order. 连词成句。

1. play with, the baby, I

_____.

2. doing, you, are, what

_____?

3. Danny, is, where

_____?

4. behind me, the man, is, laughing

_____.

5. crying, isn't, she

_____.

6. would you like, what, you, to eat

_____?

英国人爱 Tea

Tea is very important in the English life. 每天, 人们工作、学习一段时间后, 都要停下来休息一刻钟左右, 喝杯茶, 吃点东西, 这段时间叫 Tea Break(茶休)。

Tea Break(茶休) 分为一天2次, Morning Tea(上午茶) 和 Afternoon Tea(下午茶)。上午茶一般在10点左右, 下午茶一般在下午4、5点左右。



知识辞典





Lesson 7: Are You Ready for a Song?

I. Listen and answer the question. 听句子，根据你所听到的问句选择答语，并写在横线上。

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

A. Thanks. B. I am!
C. He is sleeping.
D. Yes, please.
E. Yes, he is quiet.

II. Look at the picture and circle the correct words. 看图并圈出正确的单词或词组。



many men
many man



quiet
loud



many woman
many women



sit
stand



child
children



sing
dance

III. Fill in the blanks. 填空。

with like on to look see at out

1. Would you _____ some tea?
2. _____ ! I _____ dumplings.
3. He is playing cards _____ his friends.
4. This man is _____ the train.

