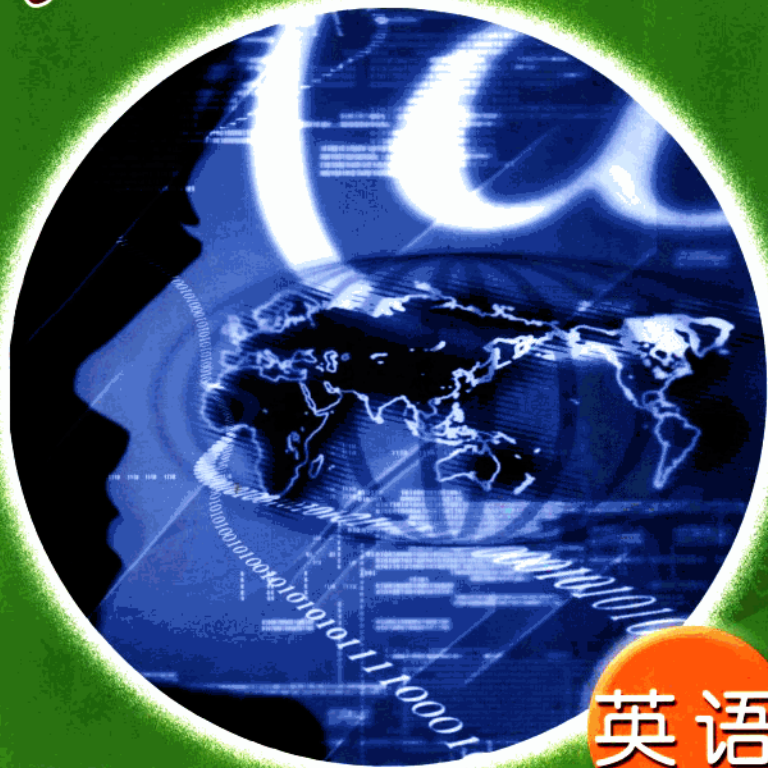


义务教育课程标准实验教材

YIWUJIAOYUKECHENG BIAOZHUNSHIYANJIAOCAI

九年级全一册

一课四练



英语



浙江教育出版社

义务教育课程标准实验教材

一课四练

英语 九年级全一册

主 编 张 健

浙江教育出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

一课四练.英语.九年级全一册/张健编. —杭州:

浙江教育出版社, 2005.7(2006.8重印)

义务教育课程标准实验教材.配人教版

ISBN 7-5338-5914-6

I. 一... II. 张... III. 英语课—初中—习题

IV. G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2005)第 069151 号

义务教育课程标准实验教材

一课四练

英语 九年级全一册

-
- | | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| 策 划 | 杭州万方图书有限公司 |
| ► 责任编辑 | 沈明华 刘艳华(特约) |
| 封面设计 | 孙轶华(特约) |
| ► 责任校对 | 万方校对中心 |
| 责任出版 | 陆 江 |
| ► 出版发行 | 浙江教育出版社
(杭州市天目山路 40 号 邮编 310013) |
| ► 图文制作 | 杭州万方图书有限公司 |
| 印刷装订 | 浙江全能印务有限公司 |
-

- | | |
|-------|---------------------------|
| ► 开 本 | 787×1092 1/16 |
| 印 张 | 16.75 |
| ► 字 数 | 335000 |
| 版 次 | 2005 年 7 月第 1 版 |
| ► 印 次 | 2006 年 8 月第 2 次 |
| 印 数 | 10001-13000 |
| ► 书 号 | ISBN 7-5338-5914-6/G·5884 |
| 定 价 | 18.20 元 |
-

联系电话: 0571-85170300-80928

e-mail: zjjy@zjcb.com

网址: www.zjeph.com

发行咨询: 0571-85215723

编写说明

“练”，是巩固知识的手段、加深体验的过程、提高能力的实践、拓展思维的途径。据此，我们编写了《一课四练》。

《一课四练》遵循“让不同的人得到不同的发展”的课程理念，按课时设置不同的练习。习题内容力求覆盖每课的学习目标，并进行了适度的综合和拓展；习题素材力求生动、新颖，贴近课本和学生实际；习题要求体现难易层次，以利学生根据自己的水平有选择地练习。为使学生能独立答题，《一课四练》采用习题与参考答案分别装订的形式。教师可灵活掌握参考答案的发放，以便教师能及时了解学生真实的答题水平。

《一课四练》英语七、八年级，每学期一册，九年级全一册，共5册。每册按循序渐进的原则分“基础巩固”、“理解掌握”、“能力提高”、“应用拓展”4个栏目，兼顾学科听、说、读、写4方面的要求。建议学生在使用本书时，首先完成课本学习任务，再按“四练”的顺序进行练习，层层递进，以达到熟练掌握、灵活应用、举一反三之目的。

本册由张健主编，参加编写的有陈亚琴、胡国良。

编者

2005年7月

目 录

Unit 1 In the library

lesson 1	1
lesson 2	4
lesson 3	7
lesson 4	10

Unit 2 Water sports

lesson 5	13
lesson 6	16
lesson 7	19
lesson 8	22

Unit 3 Make our world more beautiful

lesson 9	25
lesson 10	28
lesson 11	31
lesson 12	34

Unit 4 Travel

lesson 13	37
lesson 14	40
lesson 15	43
lesson 16	46

Unit 5 Have a good time!

lesson 17	49
lesson 18	52

lesson 19	55
-----------	----

lesson 20	58
-----------	----

Unit 6 Mainly revision

lesson 21	61
lesson 22	64
lesson 23	67
lesson 24	70

期中检测卷

Unit 7 A man who never gave up

lesson 25	77
lesson 26	80
lesson 27	83
lesson 28	86

Unit 8 Merry Christmas!

lesson 29	89
lesson 30	92
lesson 31	95
lesson 32	98

Unit 9 What is it made of?

lesson 33	101
lesson 34	104
lesson 35	107

lesson 36	110	lesson 55	171
		lesson 56	174
Unit 10 When was it built?		Unit 15 A doctor for animals	
lesson 37	113	lesson 57	177
lesson 38	116	lesson 58	180
lesson 39	119	lesson 59	183
lesson 40	122	lesson 60	186
Unit 11 Planting trees		Unit 16 The football match	
lesson 41	125	lesson 61	189
lesson 42	128	lesson 62	192
lesson 43	131	lesson 63	195
lesson 44	134	lesson 64	198
Unit 12 Mainly revision		Unit 17 The missing necklace	
lesson 45	137	lesson 65	201
lesson 46	140	lesson 66	204
lesson 47	143	lesson 67	207
lesson 48	146	lesson 68	210
期末检测卷	149	Unit 18 Mainly revision	
Unit 13 The world's population		lesson 69	213
lesson 49	153	lesson 70	216
lesson 50	156	lesson 71	219
lesson 51	159	lesson 72	222
lesson 52	162	期末检测卷	225
Unit 14 Shopping		综合卷	229
lesson 53	165	参考答案	
lesson 54	168		



Lesson 1



基础巩固

I. 写出下列动词的过去式与过去分词

- | | | | |
|-----------|-------|----------|-------|
| 1. get | _____ | 2. see | _____ |
| 3. be | _____ | 4. do | _____ |
| 5. lose | _____ | 6. find | _____ |
| 7. give | _____ | 8. have | _____ |
| 9. finish | _____ | 10. copy | _____ |



理解掌握

II. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

11. Are you sure you have _____ (lose) your dictionary?
12. Has he _____ (get) any sisters or brothers?
13. We _____ (not see) the film. We _____ (see) it this evening.
14. What _____ you _____ (do) when I telephoned you?
15. I have _____ (look) for the twins, but still I haven't _____ (find) them.

III. 单项选择

- () 16. I have got _____ CD player, but she has got _____ MD player.
A. a, a B. an, an C. a, an D. an, a
- () 17. — Is this blue bike yours? — Yes, it's _____.
A. me B. my C. I D. mine
- () 18. We have got some books _____ science _____ that shelf.
A. about, on B. in, in C. on, about D. on, of
- () 19. — I have lost my notebook. — When _____ you _____ it?
A. have, lost B. did, lose C. will, lose D. do, lost
- () 20. — Do you have a pencil sharpener? — Yes, I _____.
A. have B. do C. am D. has
- () 21. She has looked for her purse _____, but she couldn't find it _____.
A. somewhere, anywhere B. everywhere, anywhere
C. anywhere, somewhere D. anywhere, everywhere
- () 22. Lily and Lucy _____ finished doing their homework.
A. have B. has C. are D. were
- () 23. — _____ he seen the film? — Yes, he has. He _____ it last Sunday.



- A. Does, seen B. Does, saw C. Has, saw D. Has, seen
- () 24. — Why don't you _____ her some flowers? — Good idea.
A. give B. to give C. gives D. gave
- () 25. — Have you seen my ball, Li Lei?
— Yes, I have. I saw it under Lin Tao's five minutes ago. It _____ still
_____ there.
A. may, be B. must, be C. can, be D. mustn't, be

IV. 句型转换

26. Do you have an English-Chinese dictionary? (改为同义句)
_____ you _____ an English-Chinese dictionary?
27. Why don't you ask Jim? (改为同义句)
_____ ask Jim?
28. My mother has got some nice coats. (改为否定句)
My mother _____ got _____ nice coats.
29. He's ever spoken to a foreigner, _____? (改为反意疑问句)
30. The book is on this shelf. (改为复数形式)
The books are on _____.



能力题

V. 完形填空

When Susan Green was a student, she always wanted to be a 31, because she 32 children. When she was twenty-two years old, she 33 teaching in a small school. She was a good teacher. The children liked to come to her English 34.

One day, one of the girls in her class said to her, "Miss Green, 35 does a man's hair become white before his beard(胡子)?" Susan laughed and answered, "I don't know, but it 36 to my father!" 37 children laughed when they heard this.

38 one of the boys said, "I know, Miss Green! Men's hair becomes white 39 because it's sixteen years 40 than their beard!"

- () 31. A. doctor B. teacher C. scientist D. nurse
- () 32. A. wanted B. had C. liked D. hated
- () 33. A. began B. dropped C. stopped D. continued
- () 34. A. office B. class C. house D. room
- () 35. A. what B. how C. when D. why
- () 36. A. came B. went C. happened D. turned
- () 37. A. Other B. Another C. The other D. Others
- () 38. A. Then B. So C. But D. And
- () 39. A. earlier B. later C. longer D. shorter



- () 40. A. faster B. slower C. younger D. older

VI. 阅读理解

Few years ago, the mobiles were very expensive. Only important people and people with a lot of money had them. These days, the prices have been greatly falling, and they come in small sizes and different colors. So more and more people, even high school students, have one in their hands.

It is true that it's an easy way to keep in touch with friends by using mobiles at any time and in any place. But in places like classrooms, movie theatres, and museums, where everyone should be quiet or talk in a low voice, we can also hear the rings. Some drivers have accidents for using mobiles when driving. Worst of all, some students who can't pay their phone bills do something illegal to get money. So, are mobiles really a help?

- () 41. Why more and more people have mobiles in their hands? _____
A. Because they get rich and have a lot of money.
B. Because the mobiles come in small sizes and different colors.
C. Because the prices have been greatly falling.
D. Both B and C.
- () 42. The word "illegal" in the passage means _____.
A. 有趣的 B. 合法的 C. 不合法的 D. 合理的
- () 43. Which is true about mobiles in this story? _____
A. Mobiles have become smaller but more expensive.
B. Some students use mobiles to do something illegal.
C. Drivers use mobiles to avoid accidents.
D. Mobiles make communication easier.
- () 44. How does the writer feel about mobiles? _____
A. They are really helpful. B. They are bad for people's health.
C. He wonders if they do people good. D. It's all right to use them in theatres.
- () 45. Which is the best title for the passage? _____
A. Mobiles B. Expensive mobiles C. Mobiles are a help D. Useless mobiles



应用拓展

VII. 根据中文提示完成对话

- A: Hi, Jim. 46 (你目前有关于体育方面的书吗)?
B: Yes, I have. 47 (我上周借了一本).
A: Where did you borrow it? B: I borrowed it 48 (学校图书馆).
A: 49 (你已经看完了吗)? B: No, I haven't.
A: 50 (你将什么时候归还)? B: I think I'll return it the day after tomorrow.
46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____ 49. _____ 50. _____



Lesson 2



基础巩固

I. 英汉互译

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. used to _____ | 2. think for a while _____ |
| 3. leave for home _____ | 4. come up with _____ |
| 5. put down _____ | 6. 付钱; 支付 _____ |
| 7. 向……借…… _____ | 8. 迟早 _____ |
| 9. 几天之后 _____ | 10. 第二天 _____ |



理解掌握

II. 用所给词的适当形式填空

- I used to _____ (go) fishing on Saturday.
- His hobby is _____ (play) basketball.
- Playing computer games makes me _____ (happy).
- Don't forget _____ (close) the door when you leave.
- Has she _____ (return) the book to the library yet?
- She was _____ (worry) about her son.
- A few days later the book was still _____ (miss).
- I _____ (pay) 200 yuan for the bike yesterday.
- She walks a few _____ (step) and stops to think for a while.
- The _____ (library) often asks us to return the books to the library on time.

III. 单项选择

- () 21. — Have you finished mending the computer? — _____.
A. Not yet B. Not already C. Not ever D. Not still
- () 22. Our teacher will give us a talk _____ art tomorrow.
A. for B. in C. with D. on
- () 23. _____ your book and have a rest.
A. Put up B. Put down C. Put away D. Put on
- () 24. At last my Grandma found her _____ books.
A. has lost B. losing C. lost D. losed
- () 25. "He makes me very _____," the little girl said _____.
A. sad, sad B. sad, sadly C. sadly, sad D. sadly, sadly
- () 26. — When will you _____ Shanghai _____ Beijing? — I haven't decided yet.



- A. leave; for B. leave for; to C. leave; to D. left; for

IV. 句型转换

27. Could you lend your English book to me? (改为同义句)

Could I _____ the English book _____ you?

28. The boy gave the book back to the school library. (改为同义句)

The boy _____ the book _____ the school library.

29. Suddenly the girl thought of some ideas. (改为同义句)

Suddenly the girl _____ some ideas.

30. Jim has got a CD player. Jack has got a CD player too. (改为同义句)

Jim has got a CD player, _____ Jack.

31. I have already found the lost book. (改为否定句)

I _____ found the lost book _____.



能力拓展

V. 完形填空

One afternoon, Henry didn't have any classes, so he went to a 32 shop near his home. The shop sold many jackets. He looked 33 them and at last chose a very nice one. He 34 it on and then told the shopkeeper to put it into a 35. At that time his friend Bruce came into the shop. They hadn't seen each other for a long time. They were so 36 to meet again that they forgot 37 else. Soon they were busy talking on and on happily.

It was nearly six o'clock, 38 they decided to go and have dinner together. Henry picked up the bag, and walked 39 the door of the shop. The shopkeeper stopped them and asked Henry to pay for the 40. Henry looked at him in surprise at first, but soon he remembered that he hadn't paid for it. He said 41, gave him the money and then left the shop with his friend.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| () 32. A. fruit | B. book | C. food | D. clothing |
| () 33. A. up | B. for | C. after | D. at |
| () 34. A. put | B. tried | C. got | D. turned |
| () 35. A. bag | B. cup | C. car | D. pocket |
| () 36. A. worried | B. interested | C. happy | D. sad |
| () 37. A. nobody | B. anybody | C. something | D. everything |
| () 38. A. though | B. so | C. because | D. but |
| () 39. A. towards | B. through | C. out of | D. round |
| () 40. A. dinner | B. bag | C. jacket | D. ticket |
| () 41. A. goodbye | B. yes | C. hello | D. sorry |



VI. 阅读理解

Does your school have a library? I am sure it has. You have read many interesting books. You borrow them from the school library. Perhaps you also borrow books from the public library. Sometimes you get books from your parents or friends as presents. If you like reading and want to learn more knowledge, you can go to the bookshops and buy books yourself.

Have you ever thought of how books are made? Well, after the draft of a book is written, it passes through hands of many people. Every one of them has to work very carefully, for there must not be any mistakes in the book. Every year many books and magazines are published in our country. So people have a lot of things to read. We all like reading. Let's take good care of books.

- () 42. You can't borrow books from _____.
A. libraries B. school libraries C. a bookshop D. public libraries
- () 43. Sometimes you get books from _____.
A. your father or mother B. yourself
C. your parents or friends D. your friends
- () 44. If you like reading, _____.
A. you can't buy books from the bookshop
B. you can't borrow books from the library
C. you can borrow more books from your parents
D. you can learn more knowledge from books
- () 45. Books should be made _____.
A. showly B. carefully C. suddenly D. quickly
- () 46. We publish _____ books and magazines in our country every year.
A. a little B. a lot of C. several D. a few



应用拓展

VI. 任务型阅读

阅读短文, 并完成海报。

(ENGLISH WEEKLY, MARCH 15) *English Weekly* needs a foreign editor(编辑). He or she must have worked in China for more than two years and know some Chinese. British nationality is necessary. He or she can get \$72,000 a year. The term(任期) is three years. If you are interested in this job, please call *English Weekly* soon at 5558729. The address is No. 6 Xingling Road.

Wanted

47. Job: _____ 48. Nationality: _____ 49. Term: _____
50. Pay: _____ a month 51. Address: _____ Tel: 5558729 *English Weekly*



Lesson 3



基础巩固

I. 汉译英

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. 想起; 认为 _____ | 2. 鼓励某人做某事 _____ |
| 3. 从……得到 _____ | 4. 铺床 _____ |
| 5. 听外国音乐 _____ | 6. 抄写生词 _____ |
| 7. 包饺子 _____ | 8. 乘飞机旅行 _____ |
| 9. 出国 _____ | 10. 读完这本书 _____ |



理解掌握

II. 用所给词的适当形式填空

11. Have you ever _____ (看) the book?
 12. He has _____ (买) the watch for a week.
 13. She put a bookmark in each of the _____ (借) book.
 14. Has she ever _____ (吃) fish and chips?
 15. I have spoken to a foreigner _____ (一次).

III. 单项选择

- () 16. — Have your parents ever spoken to a foreigner? — _____.
 A. Yes, they did B. No, they have C. No, never D. Yes, they had
- () 17. — Have you finished your composition? — _____.
 A. Not yet B. Not already C. Not ever D. Not still
- () 18. Mr Zhang always encourages us _____ English after class.
 A. speak B. to speak C. speaking D. spoke
- () 19. If you find this book, please _____ it _____ the school library.
 A. give, back B. take, back C. return, to D. return, for
- () 20. She _____ just _____ her clothes.
 A. 不填, washed B. 不填, washes C. has, washed D. have, washed
- () 21. — _____ your dictionary? — Yes, I _____ it just now.
 A. Will you find, have found B. Have you found, found
 C. Did you find, have found D. Do you find, found
- () 22. I _____ go to bed _____ I finished my homework.
 A. not, until B. 不填, until C. didn't, until D. haven't, until
- () 23. Can you think _____ some ways to learn new words easily?



- A. over B. of C. through D. on
() 24. Han Mei found a pen lying on the ground. So she _____ and gave it to the teacher.

A. picked up it B. picked it up C. stood it up D. get it up

IV. 句型转换

25. The librarian can give a nice present to you. (改为同义句)

You can _____ a nice present _____ the librarian.

26. Kate has already seen the film. (改为否定句)

Kate _____ seen the film _____.

27. You have never been to Beijing, _____? (改为反意疑问句)

28. Did John copy all the new words just now? (改为现在完成时态)

_____ John just _____ all the new words?



能力提高

V. 完形填空

Once there was an old man in a town. He always forgot 29 things. So his wife always had to say to him, "Don't forget this!"

One day he went on a long trip alone. Before he 30 home, his wife said, "Now you have all these 31. They are what you need for your trip. Take care of your things during the trip." He went to the station, bought a ticket and 32 the train with it. About half 33 hour later, the conductor began to see the tickets. He came to the old man and 34, "Will you please show me your ticket?" The old man looked for his ticket in all his pockets, but he could not find 35. He was very worried. "I can't find my ticket. I really bought a ticket 36 I got on the train," said the old man. "I believe (相信) you bought a ticket. All right, you don't have to buy 37 one," said the conductor kindly. "But how can I know where I'm going? I can't 38 my station!" the old man said sadly.

- () 29. A. a lot of B. a kind of C. a piece of D. a pair of
() 30. A. got B. left C. went D. moved
() 31. A. money B. clothes C. tickets D. things
() 32. A. had on B. went on C. got on D. passed on
() 33. A. a B. an C. the D. this
() 34. A. say B. said C. says D. saying
() 35. A. it B. this C. that D. ticket
() 36. A. when B. till C. before D. after
() 37. A. other B. the other C. the others D. another
() 38. A. forget B. get C. remember D. see



VI. 阅读理解

Boys and girls are learning language in school all over the world. Everyone knows his own language, but another one is very useful when you travel to other countries. If you go to France, you should be able to speak French, and in Germany, people will hope you understand German. How many languages are there in the world?

There are about five thousand, but a lot of them are not very important. English is one of the most important languages, because so many people use it. About 200,000,000 people speak it as a second language. It is hard to say how many people are learning it. Many millions of schoolboys and schoolgirls are trying to do so.

- () 39. Everyone can speak _____.
A. his own language B. another language C. English D. second language
- () 40. There are about _____ languages in the world.
A. 15 B. 5,000 C. 1,500 D. 15,000
- () 41. _____ languages in the world are very important.
A. Most of the B. A lot of C. Not all of the D. A little
- () 42. It's _____ for us to learn a foreign language.
A. useful B. not useful C. happy D. waste of time
- () 43. The best title of this passage should be: _____.
A. English B. French C. Languages D. German



应用拓展

VI. 选词填空

book show come pay moment care work ask time

Miss Yang 44 in the library of No. 1 Middle School. She is very helpful and looks after the books very 45. Everybody must return the books on 46.

One day Meimei 47 to the library. She said she did not find her library 48 "Red Star Over China". Miss Yang asked her to 49 for it. At that 50, Lucy came and 51 a book to Miss Yang. It was Meimei's library book! Miss Yang 52 Meimei to be more careful from then on.

VII. 书面表达

53. 假如你是出租车司机, 根据下列提示写一篇短文, 描述上周日的经历, 80 词左右。

- (1) 早上 7:30 送张先生去厂里;
- (2) 他下车时把包忘在了车上;
- (3) 10 分钟之后你发现了包, 开车返回他的工厂;
- (4) 张先生正在工厂的门口, 显得十分着急。



Lesson 4



基础巩固

I. 在空格处填入适当的介词或副词

- There are many different kinds _____ tapes _____ the shelves.
- Can I borrow some books _____ music _____ the library?
— Sure. But don't forget to return them _____ time.
- I've lost the library book, so I must pay _____ it.
- _____ the end, the librarian came up _____ an idea.
- In the park, we can see a sign _____ the word "Keep off the grass".
- Let's read the information _____ the computer screen.
- I've not watched the video "*Chicken, Run*" _____. What about you?
— I've watched it _____.
- I like travelling _____ plane better than traveling _____ a train.



理解掌握

II. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

- _____ you ever _____ (be) to England? — No, never.
- Miss Li, _____ Lily _____ (return) her library book yet?
— Yes, she has.
— When _____ she _____ (return) her library book?
— A moment ago.
- _____ he ever _____ (visit) the South Lake?
— No, he _____ never _____ (visit) the South Lake. But he _____ (visit) it next week.
- Her _____ (miss) books are usually returned to the library.
- I _____ (see) the film twice already.
- They _____ (not have) a class meeting yesterday.
- The little boy finished _____ (copy) the new words just now.

III. 单项选择

- () 16. What do you do _____ a librarian?
A. on B. as C. in D. of
- () 17. She's never read the book before, _____.
A. has she B. hasn't she C. is she D. isn't she



- () 18. — Have you _____ spoken to an American? — No, _____.
A. ever, never B. yet, ever C. ever, yet D. yet, yet
- () 19. — How many times have you been abroad? — _____.
A. First B. A time C. One times D. Only once
- () 20. — What do you think of the film? — I have no idea. Because I _____ it.
A. don't seen B. didn't saw C. haven't saw D. haven't seen
- () 21. — _____ you _____ your video tape yet?
— Yes. I _____ it ten minutes ago.
A. Did, find, have found B. Have, found, have found
C. Have, found, found D. Have, found, find
- () 22. You know Shanghai so well. Have you _____ there?
A. been B. got C. reached to D. gone
- () 23. They used to _____ late for school, _____ they?
A. were, did B. be, didn't C. were, didn't D. be, did
- () 24. He came here _____. But now he's left.
A. just now B. ago C. just D. before
- () 25. Does anyone _____ want to give us a talk at the meeting?
A. ever B. else C. who D. that



能力提高

IV. 完形填空

Mr White works in an office. He liked reading in bed when he was at school. It was bad for his 26 and now he has near sight(近视). But he wouldn't want 27 to know about it and he never wears a pair of glasses. It often 28 him some trouble.

One winter morning he was sent to a village school on business(出差). He 29 a bus at a stop in a small town. Then he had to walk there. The road to the village wasn't smooth(平坦). He fell over some times and it 30 his clothes dirty. 31 he got to the village. Suddenly it began to blow and it got colder. He was looking for the school while his 32 was blown off. He began to run after it but he couldn't get it. He couldn't understand why his hat ran into a house as if(似乎) it had 33. And he ran into the house, 34.

A woman stopped him and shouted angrily, "35 are you running after my hen (母鸡) for?"

- () 26. A. ears B. nose C. mouth D. eyes
() 27. A. anybody else B. nobody C. woman D. somebody
() 28. A. follows B. takes C. brings D. carries
() 29. A. took off B. got off C. got on D. came on