

完形填空100篇
高中英语

PREPARE

译林出版社



NMET 高中英语完形填空 100 篇

胡蓉 匡吉 寇天 编写
苏羽 冷岩

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前 言

完形填空(Cloze Test)是目前国内外英语测试中常见的一种形式,主要用于检查学生综合运用语言的能力。它要求学生在通读短文,掌握其大意的基础上,全面考虑文章的意义和结构,综合运用所学的词汇、惯用法、语法等知识,从上下文中找到选择最佳答案的依据。由于这种测试涉及面广,综合性强,因此,完形填空历来是我国学生最感困难、最难把握的题型之一,也是历年高考中考生失分最多的题目之一。为了帮助学生熟悉这种题型,掌握一些解题的基本方法和技巧,我们根据《全日制中学英语教学大纲》和《NMET 考试说明》的要求,结合当前中学英语教学的实际,编写了这本《英语标准化考试(NMET)完形填空训练》,供高中学生平时训练和毕业复习之用。

本书所选的100篇短文大都出自国外较新的教材和读物。在选材过程中,我们力求内容丰富,题材广泛,语言地道,难度适中;在命题过程中,我们尽量做到空词间隔适当,题目设计合理。另外,我们在分析近年来高考命题趋向的基础上,还对如何透过表层结构考查深层理解这一问题作了探索和尝试,以期能更好地适应当前中学英语教学的实际需要。为便于学生自我检测,书后附有参考答案。

本书由胡蓉、匡吉、苏羽、冷岩、寇天等编写。

由于水平有限,经验不足,书中难免有不妥和错误之处,恳请广大读者批评指正。

编 者

1995年10月

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Part One

Test One

It was several years 1 Adolf Hitler came into power in 2. One day he went to an exhibition where the 3 of school children were on show. He seemed to take a great 4 in the pictures. After 5 round the hall, he said he was ready to meet the 6 artists. Soon a group of children came in.

"Well, well. You did very good work. I promise on my 7 I'll satisfy you with whatever you 8. Tell me, what would you wish to 9 if I were your father?"

A sad-looking boy looked 10 at him and answered, "An orphan."

- () 1. A. when B. since C. that D. though
- () 2. A. Germany B. France C. England D. America
- () 3. A. handwriting B. homework C. works D. articles
- () 4. A. attention B. care C. meaning D. interest
- () 5. A. driving B. running C. walking D. turning
- () 6. A. young B. old C. famous D. usual
- () 7. A. list B. honor C. practice D. visit
- () 8. A. hope B. think C. want D. meet
- () 9. A. have B. make C. get D. be
- () 10. A. straight B. across C. lonely D. wonderfully

Test Two

Balzac was once lying 1 in bed when he saw a man 2 his room quietly and attempt to pick the lock of his 3. The man was not a little 4 at hearing a loud laugh from the owner of the room, whom he 5 asleep.

"Why do you 6?" asked the thief.

"I am laughing, my good fellow," said Balzac, "to think what 7 you are taking and what risk (危险) you run in hope of 8 money by night in a desk where the 9 owner can never find any by day."

The 10 went away at once.

- () 1. A. asleep B. awake C. angrily D. happily
- () 2. A. reach B. leave C. enter D. open
- () 3. A. desk B. box C. door D. car
- () 4. A. satisfied B. astonished C. worried D. disappointed

- () 5. A. pretended B. looked C. found D. supposed
 () 6. A. lie B. sleep C. steal D. laugh
 () 7. A. wealth B. step C. pains D. watch
 () 8. A. paying B. finding C. holding D. keeping
 () 9. A. frightened B. rich C. lawful D. wonderful
 () 10. A. thief B. owner C. lecturer D. lawyer

Test Three

A woman carried a 1 baby in one arm to see a 2, holding her second child by the hand.

After the doctor gave 3 a prescription(处方), she went to the drugstore(药房). The druggist 4 her the pills saying, "Take the 5 three times a day. The big one, two 6; the small one, three."

The 7 woman poured a glass of 8, and asked the big child to take two pills, while she gave the small baby three pills.

She said to herself, "It 9 to have one child treated, and 10 children take the medicine."

- () 1. A. healthy B. sick C. big D. new
 () 2. A. manager B. neighbour C. friend D. doctor
 () 3. A. him B. her C. it D. them
 () 4. A. carried B. bought C. handed D. took
 () 5. A. medicine B. photo C. temperature D. place
 () 6. A. hours B. times C. cups D. pills
 () 7. A. foolish B. careful C. exact D. fearless
 () 8. A. water B. milk C. tea D. wine
 () 9. A. costs B. pays C. spends D. takes
 () 10. A. one B. two C. three D. four

Test Four

The lion is called the king of 1. Lions are found 2 wild in the grasslands of Africa. They 3 smaller animals and feed on them. There are 4 wild lions in Europe, but there are captive(被捕猎的) lions in European 5.

The 6 lion is a beautiful animal. Round his head he has a ring of long hair 7 a mane(鬃毛). When the lion is 8, the hair of his mane is yellow. When he is old, the 9 is sometimes black. The female(雌的) lion, or lioness, does not have a mane.

Lions are 10 animals. A lion can kill a man.

- () 1. A. birds B. world C. heaven D. beasts
 () 2. A. walking B. sleeping C. living D. getting

- () 3. A. hunt B. force C. run D. meet
- () 4. A. some B. any C. no D. several
- () 5. A. gardens B. zoos C. forests D. parks
- () 6. A. brave B. large C. fearless D. male(雄的)
- () 7. A. called B. shouted C. cried D. told
- () 8. A. old B. young C. strong D. weak
- () 9. A. head B. feet C. hair D. body
- () 10. A. handsome B. dangerous C. lonely D. unusual

Test Five

A man was 1 along the sidewalk when he caught 2 of his friend on a 3 . They hadn't seen each other for years. They 4 excitedly.

The walker called out, " 5 are you now?" He 6 to ask his friends address.

By this 7 the bus was some 8 away. The man on the bus stretched(伸) his head out of the 9 , cupped his hands to his 10 and cried, "I'm on the bus."

- () 1. A. walking B. driving C. riding D. leaving
- () 2. A. arm B. sound C. sight D. hat
- () 3. A. bike B. ship C. train D. bus
- () 4. A. shook B. waved C. grasped D. held
- () 5. A. What B. Where C. How D. Which
- () 6. A. managed B. told C. persuaded D. meant
- () 7. A. place B. word C. time D. stop
- () 8. A. kilometres B. blocks C. distance D. dozen
- () 9. A. room B. house C. window D. wall
- () 10. A. hand B. eye C. mouth D. nose

Test Six

Mrs Brown dialed (拨电话号码) her daughter's number and sang out, "Hello, 1 . How are you?"

"Terrible, Mom. My back is 2 me, the children are acting up, 3 I'm expecting six guests for dinner."

"Don't worry. I'm coming 4 . I'll feed the children, and 5 a dinner your guests will 6 forget."

"You're an angel(天使)!... How's Dad?"

"Dad? — you know Daddy 7 nine years ago."

A moment of silence. "What 8 are you calling?"

"8284494."

"This is 8284491."

"Oh, 9 . I dialed the wrong number. "

"Hold on! Please! --Does this mean you're not 10 over?"

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. pardon | B. dear | C. you | D. aha |
| () 2. A. beating | B. hurting | C. killing | D. wounding |
| () 3. A. on | B. and | C. except | D. therefore |
| () 4. A. immediately | B. later | C. tomorrow | D. finally |
| () 5. A. do | B. cook | C. boil | D. eat |
| () 6. A. sometimes | B. seldom | C. never | D. already |
| () 7. A. left | B. starved | C. fled | D. died |
| () 8. A. number | B. address | C. people | D. unit |
| () 9. A. thanks | B. sorry | C. great | D. terrible |
| () 10. A. dialing | B. coming | C. calling | D. talking |

Test Seven

Calvin Coolidge, the 30th President of the United States, was famous as a man of 1 words. He knew when he should talk and when he should 2 . It was very hard for anyone to 3 talking with him.

One evening, he was invited to 4 . A lady sitting next to him passed the 5 for his coffee.

"Mr President," she said. "Today 6 of mine said that I couldn't get 7 than two words out of you. I said I 8 . We made a bet (打赌)."

"You 9 ." answered the President. The lady was 10 .

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. many | B. few | C. big | D. angry |
| () 2. A. talk | B. not | C. do | D. never |
| () 3. A. enjoy | B. mind | C. stop | D. remember |
| () 4. A. a meeting | B. dinner | C. game | D. a bet |
| () 5. A. salt | B. cup | C. sugar | D. water |
| () 6. A. an officer | B. a friend | C. a servant | D. a guard |
| () 7. A. more | B. less | C. much more | D. much less |
| () 8. A. must | B. should | C. ought to | D. could |
| () 9. A. have won | B. have got | C. are lost | D. lose |
| () 10. A. dumbfounded | B. frightened | C. satisfied | D. delighted |

Test Eight

One afternoon, I tried to make some money with my voice. But I only knew two songs. I decided to start at the kind old lady's house . But she did not come to the door . I was 1 she could not hear me, so I tried to sing 2 . She still did not come, so I went to her neighbour's house. I was in the middle of my second song when the door 3 .

"What are you doing?" a lady asked me.

"I'm 4."

"Yes, but why are you singing?"

"I need 5."

"Well, I'll give you 10 pence (便士) to go away."

I went away. This time I sang at a house 6 the end of the street. A man came to the 7.

"What are you 8?" he asked.

"I'm trying to sing."

"Young man," he said. "Some people have good voices and some people have 9 voices, and people with bad voices ought not to sing."

"But I'm trying to make some money," I told him.

"Oh, I see. Well, I'll give you a 10 to do, if you want. You can sweep the leaves from my garden."

It was hard work but I am now 35 pence richer than I was the day before.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| () 1. A. satisfied | B. afraid | C. pleased | D. glad |
| () 2. A. lower | B. faster | C. louder | D. sadder |
| () 3. A. made | B. burned | C. closed | D. opened |
| () 4. A. crying | B. shouting | C. dancing | D. singing |
| () 5. A. money | B. time | C. clothes | D. rice |
| () 6. A. at | B. on | C. for | D. with |
| () 7. A. desk | B. door | C. bag | D. cave |
| () 8. A. taking | B. getting | C. doing | D. saying |
| () 9. A. bad | B. nice | C. advanced | D. noisy |
| () 10. A. lesson | B. problem | C. homework | D. job |

Test Nine

Dear Fred,

Thank you for your letter. It was good to hear 1 you. Your new job sounds very interesting and you 2 pleased with it. I'm still with the same firm (公司) 3 I joined five years ago when we 4 school. Although I'm happy there, I 5 say that I sometimes feel that I ought to move, but here are only 6 firms.

It is quiet in this town. 7 I should say it was quiet 8 these big trucks started coming through the town. 9, they only come through during the day, 10 at night.

I hope you are still well. Write again soon.

Yours,

Mike

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------|----------|--------|
| () 1. A. of | B. from | C. about | D. out |
|--------------|---------|----------|--------|

- () 2. A. seem B. look C. grow D. turn
 () 3. A. where B. when C. what D. that
 () 4. A. entered B. left C. reached D. fled
 () 5. A. can B. may C. dare D. must
 () 6. A. bad B. small C. a few D. foreign
 () 7. A. Finally B. Fortunately C. Perhaps D. So
 () 8. A. while B. unless C. after D. until
 () 9. A. This way B. By the way C. Anyway D. On the way
 () 10. A. often B. never C. sometimes D. always

Test Ten

Maxie Anderson and his 23-year-old son Kris flew from California to Quebec. It was a 4988-kilometer trip, and it 1 100 hours. They were alone. There was not 2 a plane. Maxie and Kris were in a balloon. They wanted to 3 the first non-stop balloon trip across North America. They started in California, and 4 to arrive in North Carolina.

But 5 had some bad luck. Strong winds blew them 1770 kilometers north, 6 they arrived near the forests of Quebec. There were other 7 on the trip, too. 8 over the Rocky Mountains was cold. There was little air. After the trip, Kris said, "Once was 9." But his father did not agree, "I'm sure I'll think of 10 else to try."

- () 1. A. used B. took C. spent D. had
 () 2. A. still B. yet C. either D. even
 () 3. A. make B. do C. fly D. prepare
 () 4. A. promised B. stopped C. hoped D. refused
 () 5. A. Maxie Anderson B. Kris Anderson C. Mr Anderson D. The Andersons
 () 6. A. and B. or C. but D. though
 () 7. A. persons B. balloons C. planes D. problems
 () 8. A. Climbing B. Flying C. Walking D. Sleeping
 () 9. A. good B. bad C. enough D. sad
 () 10. A. someone B. something C. sometime D. sometimes

Test Eleven

Some friends hired a bus to go to the seaside for the day. 1 they returned to the bus late at night to go home, someone was 2 on the ground beside it. They looked at him and 3 that he was a man from their town who they were sure had not come on their bus. He was very 4.

"I suppose he came in another bus," one of the men said, "and 5 it when it left for home 6 he was drunk. Now he's come to our bus to go back."

Two men put him into the bus. He did not 7 up during the drive back, and when

the bus arrived, they took him to his 8, still very drunk.

They knocked at the door for several minutes, and then a neighbour opened a window and said, "9 no use knocking there. They've gone to the 10. And they'll be back in a few days."

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| () 1. A. When | B. Since | C. After | D. Before |
| () 2. A. lying | B. singing | C. playing | D. reading |
| () 3. A. insisted | B. thought | C. announced | D. discovered |
| () 4. A. ill | B. tired | C. sad | D. drunk |
| () 5. A. got | B. made | C. missed | D. caught |
| () 6. A. if | B. so | C. because | D. though |
| () 7. A. come | B. wake | C. look | D. stand |
| () 8. A. town | B. home | C. hotel | D. office |
| () 9. A. It's | B. You're | C. That's | D. There's |
| () 10. A. shop | B. city | C. market | D. seaside |

Test Twelve

It is Monday today. I hate Monday, for I 1 go to school and there are four more days of school before Saturday. Only one good thing happens 2 Mondays. My father gives me my pocket 3. I get 5 pence (便士) every Monday. At breakfast today, I thought that 4 father was going to forget my pocket money. He was sitting behind his newspaper and eating very 5.

"Hubert, dear, look at the time!" my mother said. "You will 6 your train if you don't hurry."

He quickly put down his newspaper.

"Daddy," I said. "Please may I 7 my pocket money?"

"John," he said. "I'll give you your pocket money 8 I have time. I'm in a hurry now."

"Oh, please, Daddy!"

He felt in his 9 and found a coin. It was 10 pence.

"Here you are," he said. "But you must give me back the 10 this evening. Don't forget!"

"I won't forget but I hope you forget," I said to myself.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. can | B. needn't | C. may not | D. have to |
| () 2. A. on | B. in | C. at | D. of |
| () 3. A. book | B. pen | C. knife | D. money |
| () 4. A. her | B. his | C. my | D. its |
| () 5. A. slowly | B. shortly | C. clearly | D. correctly |
| () 6. A. get | B. miss | C. reach | D. catch |

- () 7. A. buy B. have C. pass D. send
 () 8. A. but B. and C. when D. before
 () 9. A. hat B. stick C. ticket D. pocket
 () 10. A. change B. train C. coin D. newspaper

Test Thirteen

Many people visiting the Southwest Stop at Santa Fe, New Mexico. There, they see long, 1 buildings that have flat roofs. Most houses are only one story high. They have beautiful small 2 with walls around them.

The buildings are brown like the 3 because they are made of adobe. Adobe is a Spanish word that 4 "sun-dried brick." It is made by 5 clay soil, straw, and water. Its 6 is low. Houses built of adobe stay cool in summer and warm in winter.

Santa Fe is one of the 7 cities in North America. About 1610, Spanish settlers gave Santa Fe its 8. Centuries before the Spanish came, the Pueblo Indians lived there. The city's adobe buildings are much like those the 9 lived in long ago. The gardens are like those built by the early Spanish settlers.

The people of Santa Fe liked their early Spanish-American buildings. So they passed a 10 in 1953. It said that all new buildings in the older part of town had to look like the adobe buildings. Now a part of Santa Fe will remind people of the city's long history.

- () 1. A. low B. red C. tall D. ugly
 () 2. A. rooms B. offices C. gardens D. playgrounds
 () 3. A. skin B. earth C. bread D. picture
 () 4. A. links B. carries C. expresses D. means
 () 5. A. mixing B. boiling C. removing D. preparing
 () 6. A. wall B. cost C. house D. shape
 () 7. A. newest B. oldest C. western D. southern
 () 8. A. way B. town C. name D. place
 () 9. A. settlers B. Spanish C. Americans D. Indians
 () 10. A. law B. test C. remark D. stream

Test Fourteen

Today, most Americans live in cities and towns. People who live in cities do not 1 their own food. Instead, they 2 on our farmers for it.

In the 1800s, there were 3 people in the United States. However, more people were farmers then. In the 1900s, many people 4 their farms to work in big cities. Now fewer than 8 out of every 100 5 live on farms.

6 there are fewer farmers, there are larger farms. In 1900, the average (一般的) farm covered 150 acres (英亩). The average farmer in the 1960s owned 320 acres of land.

Farmers can raise more crops now with the help of 7 and modern machines.

In the 8 parts of the country, farmers can water their crops through irrigation(灌溉). They can buy machines that will 9 them do their work. They can even go to school to learn how to be better farmers.

New machines and new ideas have helped the farmer in another way. Now farmers in the United States 10 more food than ever before. In 1820, one farm worker could feed himself or herself and three other people. In the 1960s, a farm worker could grow enough food for thirty people.

- () 1. A. cook B. raise C. offer D. taste
() 2. A. call B. look C. wait D. depend
() 3. A. no B. many C. fewer D. some
() 4. A. left B. ran C. built D. visited
() 5. A. men B. women C. farmers D. Americans
() 6. A. Since B. Before C. Although D. Because
() 7. A. gods B. children C. science D. workers
() 8. A. dry B. best C. lower D. southern
() 9. A. let B. help C. make D. have
() 10. A. eat B. need C. waste D. produce

Test Fifteen

When Louis the Eleventh was young, he used to visit a peasant whose garden 1 excellent fruit. After he became king, the peasant 2 him a present. It was a very big turnip(萝卜) which had grown in his garden. 3 the pleasant hours that he had 4 under the old man's 5, the king gave him a thousand gold coins(钱币).

A rich man in the village, hearing of this, thought that 6 one who gave a turnip received so large a reward, one who gave a really 7 present would receive a still larger reward. So he 8 a splendid horse. The king 9 it and calling for the big 10, said, "This cost me a thousand gold coins; I give it to you in return for your horse."

- () 1. A. made B. stored C. produced D. protected
() 2. A. bought B. ordered C. fetched D. brought
() 3. A. Asking B. Finding C. Forgetting D. Remembering
() 4. A. taken B. spent C. wanted D. required
() 5. A. roof B. rule C. care D. control
() 6. A. if B. before C. unless D. although
() 7. A. little B. valuable C. worthless D. Christmas
() 8. A. gained B. posted C. offered D. promised
() 9. A. refused B. returned C. accepted D. borrowed
() 10. A. man B. coin C. horse D. turnip

Part Two

Test Sixteen

A young mother believed that it was very wrong to waste any food when there were so many 1 people in the world. One evening, she was 2 her small daughter her tea before 3 her to bed. First she gave her a piece of 4 bread and butter, but the child said she didn't want it 5 that. She asked for some jam(果酱) on her bread as 6.

Her mother looked 7 her for a few seconds and 8 said, "When I was a small girl like you, Lucy, I was 9 given either bread and butter, 10 bread and jam, but never bread 11 butter and jam."

Lucy looked at her 12 for a few moments with 13 in her eyes and then said to her 14, "Aren't you pleased that you've come to 15 with us now?"

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| () 1. A. oppressed | B. foreign | C. separate | D. hungry |
| () 2. A. cooking | B. making | C. giving | D. feeding |
| () 3. A. putting | B. persuading | C. leaving | D. ordering |
| () 4. A. fresh | B. yesterday's | C. white | D. black |
| () 5. A. as | B. like | C. for | D. so |
| () 6. A. that | B. well | C. soon | D. though |
| () 7. A. at | B. for | C. after | D. forward |
| () 8. A. again | B. yet | C. then | D. when |
| () 9. A. seldom | B. hardly | C. never | D. always |
| () 10. A. or | B. nor | C. both | D. neither |
| () 11. A. beside | B. besides | C. with | D. without |
| () 12. A. tea | B. bread | C. jam | D. mother |
| () 13. A. joy | B. sadness | C. pity | D. surprise |
| () 14. A. loudly | B. angrily | C. kindly | D. slowly |
| () 15. A. play | B. study | C. stay | D. live |

Test Seventeen

"Hello... Hold on, please." 1 away from the telephone, I shouted loudly. "Mary, here is your 2."

"Ask who it is?" shouted my sister from the bedroom.

"That's Mike."

"3 him I'm not at home."

“OK.” Immediately I spoke to the receiver, “Hello, are you 4 there, Mike? Good. She said she was not at 5.”

“How dare you,” shouted my sister as I 6 up the phone.

I continued my work 7 minding her words. As I was 8 absorbed in the book, the phone rang 9. Following this, Mary’s voice came. “The phone is ringing. Have you 10 it?”

“I’m reading a very interesting novel. 11, it must be for you again.”

“I 12 listen to any call this morning,” she said.

“All right. I’ll tell him.” I took 13 the receiver and said, “Hello, she is too 14 ... Then hold on, please. Mary, that’s Peter.”

“I’m coming...” without 15 the words, she was already beside me.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. Leaving | B. Turning | C. Going | D. Stepping |
| () 2. A. friend | B. time | C. turn | D. call |
| () 3. A. Warn | B. Persuade | C. Promise | D. Tell |
| () 4. A. already | B. even | C. standing | D. still |
| () 5. A. home | B. work | C. first | D. least |
| () 6. A. took | B. hung | C. held | D. raised |
| () 7. A. to | B. for | C. with | D. without |
| () 8. A. almost | B. always | C. hardly | D. slightly |
| () 9. A. obviously | B. particularly | C. again | D. perfectly |
| () 10. A. read | B. seen | C. got | D. noticed |
| () 11. A. Besides | B. Beside | C. Except | D. Otherwise |
| () 12. A. shouldn’t | B. mustn’t | C. can’t | D. wouldn’t |
| () 13. A. out | B. in | C. up | D. down |
| () 14. A. happy | B. busy | C. excited | D. moved |
| () 15. A. saying | B. beginning | C. completing | D. bursting |

Test Eighteen

One evening in Los Angeles, someone rang the bell of a house. It was a 1 area at night, so the owner of the house 2 his gun with him when he 3 the door. He opened the door and saw a person, 4 turned round and started walking 5 the house. The owner cried, “Freeze (in America, it means ‘Stand still and don’t move’) !”, 6 the man went on walking. The owner thought he 7 to flee, so he shot him 8.

Later, the sad story was 9. The dead man was a Japanese student. He went to 10 a friend, but he couldn’t remember the 11 of the house. When he realized he got to the 12 house, he turned round to 13. He didn’t know 14 English and didn’t understand the 15 “Freeze”!