经全国中小学教材审定委员会2003 年审查通过 义 务 教 育 课 程 标 准 实 验 教 科 书

# 牛津初中英语

八年级下

试卷集



凤凰出版传媒集团 译 林 出 版 社

经全国中小学教材审定委员会2003年审查通过义务教育课程标准实验教科书

### 牛津初中英语

八年级 N L 444 <del>G</del>G

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编 写 陶家忠

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## $_{\text{Unit}}\mathbf{1}_{\text{Past and present}}$

#### Test A

题型	听:	力(15	%)			亨	英语知	识应	用(85	5%)			写 作 (10%)	总 分 (110%)
题号	Α	В	С	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I		
得分														

#### 一、听力

dia.	根据所听句	マキリケ	<b>今甘辛</b> 6	5 医面 面	50%
Δ	根据所听句	士选出付	台具息的	1)图画。	(3%

Α	В	C	D	E
	T			
1	2	3 3 2 2 2 2	4	5

#### R 根据所听对话和问题,选择正确答案。(5%)

y	100000		• • •				
	(	)	1	A	Yes, he won't. B Yes, he will.	C	No, he won't. D No, he will
	(	)	2	A	Maybe she is in the supermarket.	В	She is in the sitting room.
				C	She is in the kitchen.	D	The boy doesn't know.
	(	)	3	A	In Japan. B In Australia.	C	In Canada. D In America.
	(	)	4	A	He takes a taxi to work.	В	He takes a tram to work.
				C	He walks to work.	D	He takes a bus to work.
	(	)	5	A	For two months.	В	For twenty days.
				C	For two weeks.	D	For twelve days.

#### C 根据所听短文判断正误,用T/F表示。(5%)

(	)	1	Mrs Brown went to the street for the umbrella.
(	)	2	The umbrella is beautiful and expensive.
(	)	3	At the beginning. Mrs Brown was happy to have the umbrella.

( ) 4 She walked slowly in the rain because she had her new umbrella with her.

) 5 The second day Mrs Brown was in a blue dress.



#### 二、英语知识应用

根据句意和汉语注释写出正确单词,完成句子。(5%)	
1 Mr Wang lived in an old (街区) ten years ago.	
2 There is a famous (寺庙) in this city.	
3 Have you found any information for your Science (课题)?	
4 The (牙医) went to our school to give a talk about protecting tee	th.
5 Let's (检查) our homework first.	
用所给单词的正确形式填空。(10%)	
	N.
10 Mr white tried (ne) best to start his car, but it didn't work.	
用卜列短语的适当形式填空,完成句子。(5%)	
land safely change a lot noise pollution	
light rail in service ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	
1 travels much factor than bus	
5 In big cities, is a great problem.	
( ) 1 I have never this kind of fruit.	
A eat B eaten C eating D ate	
( ) 2 There have been great changes 2002.	
( ) 4 He often plays Chinese chess with friends in the park.	
	2 There is a famous



	(	) 5	They have seen th	is film		
			A yet	B ever	C before	D ago
	(	) 6	Listen! The music	from Class 2 sound	s	
			A beautiful	B well	C nicely	D beautifully
	(	) 7	Please call me	you want to	know the answer	
			A although	B however	C if	D because
	(	) 8	I'm glad	talk with you abou	it my home town to	oday.
			A with	B to	C /	D for
	(	) 9	It takes half an ho	our to my	school.	
			A walk	B walks	C walking	D to walk
	(	) 10	The girls didn't ha	ive a picnic last Sur	nday the	heavy rain.
			A because of	B because	C with	D since
	(	) 11	He has never been	to America,	?	
			A hasn't he	B doesn't he	C has he	D does he
	(	) 12	It is to	spit here and there.	b milks	
			A polite	B possible	C necessary	D impolite
	(	) 13	A: Where is Mr V	Vu?		
			B: He1	to visit a sick boy.		
			A has gone	B has been	C gone	D goes
	(	) 14	I think Lantau Isla	and is bett	ter than before.	
			A as	B more	C much	D so
	(	) 15	A: You did well i	n the sports meeting	ŗ.	
			B:			
			A No	B Don't say so	C That's right	D Thank you
-200				_		
			<b>6</b> 句中的错误并改			,
	1	The area		es a good environme		)
	2	III. E1		C	D four wars (	)
	2	A A	nsn teacher has hv	ed in this town since	e lour years.	/
	2		_	l buildings ten years	ago. (	)
	3	There us	A B C	D D	ago.	/
	4	I spend		watching TV during	g holidays. (	)
	7	1 spend	A B		D	/
	5	Hong K		airport for more 80	2	)
	_		A	B C D	,	
F	按	要求改写	写下列句子。(10%	<b>(6)</b>		
420				ved to another block	(改为一般疑问句	ij)
			her family alread	dy to anot	her block?	



	2	We have watched birds for			)	
		We've	birds fo	r months.		
	3	Daniel has stayed here six	nce half ar	hour ago. (太	画线部分提问	)
		has	Daniel stay	ed here?		
	4	They knew each other in	2003. (改	为同义句)		
		They	each oth	er2	003.	
	5	He is over 80. However,	he can sti	ll see and hear	clearly. (改为	同义句)
		he is over 80,				
G	根	!据汉语句意完成下列英词	吾句子。(:	10%)		
		飞机起飞时带来许多噪				
				when the plan	nes	
	2	结婚之后我搬到了一个				
		I moved to a place with				
		after I				
	3	朋友们已经很长时间没				
		Friends		for		·
	4	这座新教学楼是今年5月	投入使用	的吗?		
		Was this new teaching b	uilding		in May this	year?
H	穷	· 形填空。(10%)				
-30	T	he world of nature is full	of secrets.	It is1	interesting that	t many people
	k	eep studying it day after d	ay.			
	C	an you see trees around u	s? Can you	1 2 bir	rds in the trees?	Can you smell
	fl	owers in the wild? Yes, o	of course. l	But do you kno	ow 3 th	ey live and grow?
	N	low, come out with me. I	et me	4 you sor	ne of nature's se	ecrets. First, we
	sl	hould go5 throug	h the woo	ds. Be careful	6 make	any noise. Soon
		ve will find how a rabbit t				
		njoy how a squirrel has his				
		nother monkey and her ba				
	c	an watch bees dancing in	the air to	et other family	members	8 where the
		ood is. When we look dov				9 food.
	I	f you want to learn more a	about natur	e, keep your	eyes and ears	10 . Nature
	v	vill show you more secrets	š.			
	(	) 1 A very	B so	C	too	D quite
	(	) 2 A listen	B loo	c at C	hear	D watch
	(	) 3 A where	B wha	t C	how .	D why
	(	) 4 A show	B to s	how C	give	D to give
	(	) 5 A quickly	B qui	etly C	happily	D fast
	(	) 6 A not to	B dor	't C	don't to	D to not



(	)	7	Α	interest	В	interesting	C	interests	D	interested
(	)	8	A	knowing	В	knows	$\mathbf{C}$	to know	D	know
(	)	9	A	eating	В	taking	C	finding	D	carrying
(	)	10	Α	opened	В	closed	$\mathbf{C}$	open	D	close

#### ▮ 阅读理解。(10%)

I

There are thousands of languages in the world. Each language is the most important to those who speak it as their native language. Chinese is spoken by the largest number of people. But it seems that English is one of the world's most widely used languages. People use a language in three ways: as a native language, as a second language, or as a foreign language. English is spoken as a native language by over 300 million people in the United States, Britain, Australia, New Zealand and other countries. As a second language, it is necessary for business, education, information and other activities in many countries, such as, India, Singapore, Pakistan, etc. It is one of the 'working' languages of the United Nations and is more often used than the others.

It is said that English has become the language of international transport. When people travel from one country to another by plane, they will hear English. All ships sailing on the oceans call for help by radio in English. People who can speak and write English will learn about the world more clearly and quickly.

IK M	コンバン	~ ~			
(	)	1	is most widely used in	the	world.
			A Native language	В	Foreign language
			C English	D	Working language
(	)	2	How many people speak English	as 1	their native language?
			A 300 million.	В	About 300 million.
			C Less than 300 million.	D	More than 300 million.
(	)	3	People in New Zealand speak Er	ıglis	h as their
			A mother language	В	second language
			C foreign language	D	working language
(	)	4	Which of the following is wrong	?	
			A Thousands of languages are s	pok	en in the world.
			B People can only speak English	h wl	hen they work in the United Nations.
			C English is important for busin	ess	people between countries.
	-		D Ships on the oceans call for h	nelp	by radio in English.
(	)	5	The best title for the passage is		·
			A A Native Language	В	English Is Spoken In The World
			C The Importance Of English	D	International Transport



П

Cable TV	City TV
18.30 Today's China: Guangzhou	18.10 Cartoon City
19.00 News	19.05 World Cities: Sydney
19.30 Weather Report	20.10 Agriculture
19.40 Today's Focus (焦点)	21.00 The Story of Earth
20.00 TV Play: Red Beans	22.05 Economy 30 Minutes
22.00 World News	22.45 News in English
22.30 Sports Report	23.15 Fashion Show
23.00 On the Screen Tomorrow	00.00 On the Screen Tomorrow

#### 根据节目表选择正确答案。 ) 1 If your Australian friend doesn't know Chinese, you can tell him to watch TV at A Cable TV at 19.00 B Cable TV at 22.00 C City TV at 22.05 D City TV at 22.45 ) 2 If you want to know more about Guangzhou, which programme will you ( choose? A Today's China. B World Cities. D The Story of Earth. C Today's Focus. ( ) 3 If you are interested in the latest fashion, you may watch Fashion Show A 22.00 B 19.00 C 20.10 D 23.15 ( ) 4 Most children would love to watch A Weather Report B Cartoon City C Economy 30 Minutes D Red Beans ( ) 5 Which of the following is true? A Cable TV can tell us some knowledge about farming. B Programmes on City TV last longer than those on Cable TV. C Today's Focus is about the story of Earth. D Weather Report is on City TV.

#### 三、写作(10%)

这几年我们的家乡发生了许多变化。	高楼拔地而起,公园随处可见,但随之而来
的噪音污染、水质下降,许多可爱的动物不见	见了踪迹。请根据上面的提示写一篇作文。

wiy home	town; past and present	
•		



### Test B

题型	听	カ(15º	%)		英语知识应用(85%)							写 作 (10%)		总 (110 <sup>4</sup>	分 %)	
题号	Α	В	C	Α	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I				
得分																

_		먒	+
_	•	P) I	71

听							
A	根护	居所听	句子	选择符合其意的图画。(59	%)		
	A T		-	ВС			D E
	1		and the same of th	2 3	_ '	4	5
	根护	居所听:	对记	五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五	5%)		
-	(	) 1	Α	Light rail.		В	Underground.
			C	Plane.		D	Train.
	(	) 2	Α	For over 80 years.		В	For 80 years.
			C	For 60 years.		D	For about 60 years.
	(	) 3	Α	He wants to learn Chinese.			
			В	He wants to learn more abo	out C	Chine	ese medicine.
			C	He wants to work in a shop	p.		
			D	He wants to learn more ab-	out C	China	a. ·
	(	) 4	Α	Yes, he has.		В	No, he hasn't.
			C	Yes, he hasn't.		D	No, he has.
	(	) 5	A	She is a student.		В	She is a teacher.
			C	She is a basketball player.		D	She plays basketball.
C	根拉	居所听	短戈	て,选择正确答案。(5%)			
	(	) 1	In	the past, they went to bed	early	bec	ause
			Α	they didn't like shopping	В	they	didn't watch TV
			C	they liked sleeping	D	they	could do nothing in the evening
	(	) 2	? T	hey had to work i	n the	day	time.
			Α	in the shop	В	in th	ne factory
			С	in the supermarket	D	on t	the farm

	( ) 3 What has the	village turned into?	
	A A small g	garden. B	A modern town.
	C A big par	k. D	A big factory.
	( ) 4 Now they can	n at home	if they don't want to go out.
	A have dinn		watch TV
	C go to wor	k D	do some shopping
	( ) 5 Now people	in the day	time.
	A work in t	he factories B	work on the farm
	C play game	es D	chat with each other
- #:	<b>吾知识应用</b>		
- 150m	也	山下藤黄河 克伊尔	Z (50L)
			テ。(3%) 便的), but it's expensive.
			_
	2 Have you heard from		
			e very much while I was away.
			ause people there were friendly to him. ome (不完整的) sentences
	in his article.	innese. There were s	one(小元聖司) sentences
	in ins articie.		
	用所给单词的正确形式	·	
7910			velop) computer programs.
	2 The airport has been		
	3 You can't believe him		
	4 I enjoy (cl		
		•	as if we don't stop cutting down trees.
	6 It was (luc		
	7 Did you get		sonooi rootoun toum.
			What's the matter with him?
	9 I'm too tired. I don't		
			her mother in the police station.
		(presset) to see	no momer in the police batton.
C	用下列短语的适当形式	真空,完成短文。(5	%)
	in some ways	from time to tim	e have an interview with
	as often as possible	more and more	
	It's pleasant to see our or	untry is becoming st	ronger and stronger. Recently
			eas have come to work in big cities.
	I and manually I	_	them. They said they were happy to
	live in the city. Of course		
	wrote letters home	•	
		hey built our modern	d sent some money back.
	L	ъст ранк ош зновен	CHICA.



选择	填空	。(15%)			
(	) 1	He thinks	of others than	I'm not	willing to make
		friends with him.			
		A more; himself	B less; himself C	much; him	D little; his
(	) 2	Mrs White is busy	in the dini	ng room	this morning.
		A work; in	B working; / C	work; /	D working; in
(	) 3	Where yo	ou? I have	n't seen you fo	r two days.
		A have; gone	B do; go C	will; go	D have; been
(	) 4	The peak tram	in use for alm	ost 20 years.	
		A have been	B is C	has been	D was
(	) :	Audrey Hepburn, o	ne of died	d in 1993.	
		A great star	В	greatest star	
		C the greatest star	D	the greatest s	tars
(	) (	How long	they Syc	iney?	
		A have; gone to	В	have; gone in	ı
		C have; been in	D	have; been at	:
(	) (	Old things	our old friends. W	e always want	to keep them.
		A are like	B like C	just like	D is like
(	) ;	B Everyone in our cla	ss except the twins	to th	e China Space
		Museum.			
		A go	B going C	to go	D goes
(	) !	People should try to	protect the environ	ment	it is too late.
			B when C		
(	) 10	These boys have	from school	for two years.	
			B been away C	gone away	D come
(	) 1	A: have y	you seen the opera?		
		B: Twice.			
		A How many times	s B	How often	
		C How long	_	How soon	
(	) 1:	You can go to the i			
		A by the ferry		by ferry	
		C with the ferry		with ferry	
(	) 1:	If you make a lot of		_	
	,	A noisy		noisily	D noise
(	) 1	My new watch cost			
					D a little of
(	) 1:	I will stay there			
		A on	D in C	' /	D until

E	找出下列各句中的错误并改正。(10%)		
	1 Eddie, your sandwich was in your bowl half an hour before.	(	)
	A B C D		
	2 Let's go and play with badminton in the playground, shall we?	(	)
	A B C D		<u>-</u>
	3 I learned a lot about the city because my interview with Mr Li.	(	)
	A B C D	`	
	4 Does air pollution a problem in the centre of the city?	(	)
	A B C D	`	,
	5 Sandy has bought her new bike since two days ago.	(	)
	A B C D	`	,
	按要求改写下列句子。(10%)		
		70 /\ 4	<b>∃</b>
	1 My home town has changed a lot over the past years. (对画线音	心分长	色円)
	has your home town changed a lot?		
	2 Kitty knew Sandy two years ago. (改为同义句)		
	Two years since Kitty knew Sandy.		<b>-</b>
	3 The Computer game centre has been here since one year ago. (	改为	可义句)
	The Computer game centre has been here		·
	4 To live in a good environment is nice. (改为同义句)		
	nice live in a good environmen	t.	
A	关中央结束 (10 <i>0</i> )		
	首字母填空。(10%)	,	
	Water is very important to (1) 1 things. All animals and (2)	, <b>p</b>	need
	water. Without water, there can be no life on (3) E		
	Man also needs water. It is said that people can live one week or r		
		water.	
	Water is almost <sup>(6)</sup> e . It covers most part of Earth. It is in		, in
	and in lakes. However, most of the water on Earth is	(8) S	
	water. We cannot drink it. We can only drink (9) f water.		
	To make things even worse, many people don't know the (10) i		about
	preventing water from being polluted. Something must be done, or	we v	will have no
	clean water in the future.		
H	完形填空。 (10%)		
	The world's first completely automatic (自动的) railway has been	built	under the
	busy streets of London. The railway 1 Victoria Line. Open	ed in	1969, the
	line is very different from 2. The stations on the other line	s nee	d a lot of
	workers to sell tickets and 3 them when people leave the		
	all 4 on the Victoria Line. Here a machine checks the tick		
	no workers. On the train, there is 5 one worker. If necessary		
	drive the train. But usually he just 6 it, and it runs and sto		



train is controlled
command spots allow (允许). If the command spots send 9 signals, the train will stop. Most of the control work is done by computers. The computers send the signals to the command spots. Other machines make sure that the trains are always at 10 distance apart.  (
train will stop. Most of the control work is done by computers. The computers send the signals to the command spots. Other machines make sure that the trains are always at
the signals to the command spots. Other machines make sure that the trains are always at
always at 10 distance apart.  ( ) 1 A calling B called C is called D calls ( ) 2 A another B other C others D the others ( ) 3 A to check B checking C look at D watch ( ) 4 A the same B different C like D the same as ( ) 5 A no B over C more than D only ( ) 6 A repairs B watches C starts D moves ( ) 7 A with B by C to D / ( ) 8 A at B in C on D with ( ) 9 A more B any C no D some ( ) 10 A long B same C different D safe  When Mr Finch retired (退休), he bought a small house in a village near the sea.
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( ) 4 A the same B different C like D the same as ( ) 5 A no B over C more than D only ( ) 6 A repairs B watches C starts D moves ( ) 7 A with B by C to D / ( ) 8 A at B in C on D with ( ) 9 A more B any C no D some ( ) 10 A long B same C different D safe  When Mr Finch retired (退休), he bought a small house in a village near the sea.
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( ) 8 A at B in C on D with ( ) 9 A more B any C no D some ( ) 10 A long B same C different D safe  阅读理解。(10%)  I  When Mr Finch retired (退休), he bought a small house in a village near the sea.
( ) 9 A more B any C no D some ( ) 10 A long B same C different D safe  阅读理解。(10%)  I  When Mr Finch retired (退休), he bought a small house in a village near the sea.
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阅读理解。(10%) I When Mr Finch retired (退休), he bought a small house in a village near the sea.
I When Mr Finch retired (退休), he bought a small house in a village near the sea.
When Mr Finch retired (退休), he bought a small house in a village near the sea.
The house was built in 1588, but was in very good condition (设施良好). Mr Fincl
hoped to have a quiet life, but in the summer holidays he found there were hundred
of visitors outside his house. Because Mr Finch's house was the most interesting
building there, they kept looking into the rooms through the windows and many of
them even went into Mr Finch's garden. They didn't leave until it was night. Mr
Finch had to spend every day showing them round his nouse. It made him tired.
Could you tell him how to live a quiet life?
根据短文选择正确答案。
( ) 1 Mr Finch's house was built in century.
A the eighteenth B fifteen eighty-eight
C the fifteenth D the sixteenth
( ) 2 Mr Finch would like to
A show off (炫耀) his new house B make a living as a guide
C live quietly and happily D live in an interesting place
( ) 3 Mr Finch's house was than the others.
A the most interesting B more interesting
C older D better
( ) 4 Mr Finch showed the visitors round his house because .
A he wanted to do so B his house was so interesting
C the visitors made him do so  D he had to do so for a living
( ) 5 Mr Finch was to have so many visitors come into his house.

A glad

B surprised

C strange

D unhappy

П

We have seen some important world events in recent years.

The Iraqi war (伊拉克战争) has killed many civilians (平民). Some of the Iraqi people are still suffering from the war. The lives of the Iraqi people, already poor before the war, have become much worse since the war. But the Iraqi people are now working hard to rebuild their country.

In December 2004, a serious tsunami (海啸) swept across the Indian Ocean within hours and hit several countries. The tsunami killed hundreds of thousands of tourists and local people. Soon after it, donations for the tsunami disaster continue to rise and development experts are hoping that the generosity (慷慨) shown by governments and people around the world will mark a new beginning in the fight against world poverty (贫困).

Can you remember what happened to us in 2003? SARS is a terrible memory for most Chinese people. With the efforts of the government and the people, we finally won the war against SARS. We have learned from these events that it is everyone's duty to protect life and world peace. We are sure if we all work hard and try our best, the world will become more and more beautiful.

根据短文选择正确答案。

(	)	I	How many events did the writer mention	n (	促到)in the	pas	ssage?
			A 2. B 3.	C	4.	D	5.
(	)	2	When did the Indian Ocean tsunami hap	pen	?		
			A In December 2003.	В	In December	er 2	004.
			C In November 2003.	D	In Novemb	er 2	2004.
(	.)	3	What is SARS?				
			A It's an earthquake.	В	It's a tsunar	ni.	
			C It's a disease (疾病).	D	It's a war.		
(	)	4	Which could be the best title for the pas	sag	e?		
			A Important Events	В	Hand In Ha	ınd	
			C Fighting Against Disasters	D	Peace Is Co	mi	ng
5	把文	中间	画线部分翻译成汉语:				

#### 三、写作(10%)

	介绍你敢各发的一座城市。	说一况你县	欢 匕 的 哪 些 方 面,	<b>胜种你县欢旳埋日</b>	日。小
少于	-80词。				



## Travelling

#### Test A

题型	听	力(15°	%)	英语知识应用(85%)								写 作 (10%)	总 (110%	分()	
题号	Α	В	С	Α	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I			
得分															

#### 一、听力

#### ▲ 根据所听句子选择符合其意的图画。(5%)

A A	В	C	D	E
1	2	3	4	5

#### ■ 根据所听对话及问题,选择正确答案。(5%)

- ) 1 A To the library. B To the cinema. C To see a film on TV. D To watch a TV play. ) 2 A Because it is large. B Because it has fresh air. C Because it has open space and fresh air. D Because she is his new neighbour.
  - B Chatting in the park.
    - ) 3 A Making a telephone call.
    - C Meeting friends. D Shopping.
  - ) 4 A He feels lonely.
    - B He feels sick.
    - C He feels happy to see his old classmates.
    - D He wanted to move out of Starlight Town.
  - ) 5 A 2,000,000. B 12,000. C 2,000.
    - D 20,000.