

大学英语听力

LISTENING

黄宁夏 主编



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福建人民出版社

3
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江苏工业学院图书馆
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大学英语听力策略与训练

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第三册

黄宁夏 主编

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前 言

当前,大学本科公共英语教学正面临前所未有的改革。教育部大学英语教学指导委员会组织有关高校专家进行卓有成效地探讨并制订出新的基本要求,用以听说为主、全面提高综合应用能力的教学要求取代了原有的以阅读理解为主的教学大纲。加强学生听说实用能力的培养目的,在于全面提高大学生的英语综合应用能力,满足社会的需求。本书正是在这种改革的新形势下孕育产生的。

面对新形势新要求,本书在理论研究的基础上,根据大学英语的实际教学情况以及学生的实际需求,从根本出发,突破听力难点,总结出一套行之有效的训练方法。其特点如下:一是强调基本功。学生由于受环境的影响,不熟悉外国人的语言表达方式,如发音技巧、语速、语气等。本书在基本技巧方面设计了细致入微、循序渐进的配套练习,帮助学生打下扎实的基本功。二是总结策略,指点迷津。本书的编者都具有丰富的语言教学经验,他们有意识地针对各种不同类型的问题,总结规律,给出相应的答题策略,为学生道破听力中的玄机。学生掌握了难点、疑点的解题策略,就能取得事半功倍的效果。三是学练结合,实用性强。本书有理论基础知识的简要介绍,又有适当的基本技巧和解题策略训练,学生可结合本书配套的磁带,反复操练,把理论与实践结合起来,提高感性认识,从而有效地培养听力习惯与听力技能。

《大学英语听力策略与训练》共有四册,每册由12个单元及三个测试组成,供一个学期使用。每单元围绕同一主题并选取与学生的校园和社会生活息息相关的最佳语言样本,题材多样,内容丰富,趣味性强。每4个单元之后设有一个综合测试。各单元的练习形式包括丰富多彩的短篇对话、幽默故事、访谈、长篇叙述等。该书无论在内容还是编写形式上都力求与《要求》的各项规定及量化指标一致,统筹兼顾接受性练习与能力性练习的比重。

《大学英语听力策略与训练》每单元分为三个部分:

第一部分为基本技巧练习,设有理论知识的简介及针对性的短篇对话练习,旨在帮助学生掌握听力技巧,打下扎实的基本功。

第二部分为听力策略讲解,设有对话、短文或复合式听力和策略点评,旨在帮助学生潜移默化地领会并运用听力策略,灵活自如地应对各种不同题型。

第三部分为专项练习,旨在巩固前两部分的技巧和策略,全面提高听力水平和综合运用语言的能力。

本书配有录音带,供教师与学生使用。为了更好地用于教学,教材不配练习答案。

本书由黄宁夏担任主编,杨萍、徐立红、阮珠珍担任副主编。参加编写的主要人员还有谢晓华、郑家芳、林惠英、谢爱玲、陈煌书、林中晨、周苏萍、宋惠丽、张伟华。

由于编者的水平和经验有限,书中一定还有许多不尽人意的地方,敬请同行和广大读者批评指正,以便我们在以后的实践中改进。

编 者

2005年7月

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Unit 1 Youth

Part I In-class Listening

I. Understanding Listening Skills

在听力训练过程中，听者常遇到对所发生的事件、地点、时间和相关人物做出判断的题目。这类题目的特点是：一、说话者表达思想的方式比较含蓄，一般没有给出关键词，正确的答案往往在话语之外；二、听力材料或选项中常设置较多的干扰内容使正确的答案模糊，有时还需要识别几个人物在几种不同场合中的不同行为；三、听力信息中常出现几个时间，时间与时间的关系常让人产生错觉；四、这类题型常以 **wh-question** 的形式进行提问。解答这类题，要边听边抓住线索词并正确记忆听力材料中人与人、物与物之间的内在联系；有时还可以根据基本的生活常识加以判断。同时学习者在平时的训练中还应注意积累与场景有关联的、与事件发生的地点有着重要关系的词。

Listening Task

Directions: Listen to the following short conversations and choose the best answers to the questions you hear.

1. A. In a bakery. B. In a car.
C. In a restaurant. D. In a grocery.
2. A. She doesn't like dessert.
B. She is really full.
C. She likes to leave them for everybody else.
D. She is on a diet.
3. A. Getting a haircut. B. Buying a hat.
C. Making a hat. D. Ordering a meal.
4. A. Get across the bridge.
B. Repeat the experiment.
C. Come to the bridge game.
D. Wait and see what happens.
5. A. He is friendly.
B. He will bite strangers.

- C. He won't bite strangers.
D. He won't bark at strangers.
6. A. She ate too much food.
B. She got some form of infectious food.
C. She came down with flu.
D. She probably ate some toxic food.
7. A. Job-seeking. B. Shoe-making.
C. Mr Lee's father. D. A shoe store.
8. A. She doesn't have a job.
B. She doesn't get enough sleep now.
C. She is already very busy.
D. She doesn't have enough money.
9. A. At a dry cleaning shop. B. At a restaurant.
C. At a museum. D. At a clothing store.
10. A. In a theatre. B. In a shop.
C. In a restaurant. D. In a hotel.

II. Understanding a Conversation

Listening Task

reward 回报	flagship 旗舰
inspiring 鼓舞人心的	postgraduate 研究生
sacrifice 牺牲	pave the way for 为……铺平道路

Background Knowledge and Hints

In order to get to know the world outside the campus and combine book knowledge with social activities, many college and university students take an active part in various social services. To be volunteers in remote regions is one of their choices.

Directions: Fill in the blanks according to the conversation you hear.

- The disadvantageous conditions of teaching in the remote regions of Gansu Province are (1)_____ and (2)_____.
- The young volunteers show their (3)_____, (4)_____ and (5)_____ to do things that have (6)_____ on the greater community.
- Xu Benyu volunteered to (7)_____ in western countryside, though he had

- (8)_____ well in the postgraduate exams.
4. Besides teaching, the young volunteers try to stop the world from (9)_____ help (10)_____ the animals, (11)_____ the forests, land and water, (12)_____ youth against (13)_____.
5. Young people play an important part in the world. (14)_____ them we can't imagine what the world would be.

III. Understanding Passages

Listening Task 1

minor 辅修课程	editorial principle 编辑原则
glorious 辉煌的	double-edge sword 双刃剑
Sun TV 阳光卫视	viewer 电视观众
household name 家喻户晓的名字	Forbes 《福布斯》(美国著名财经杂志)

Background Knowledge and Hints

Ms Yang Lan became famous almost overnight for hosting a popular show on TV in the early 1990s. Now she is a self-employed businesswoman who owns a media company. Let's listen to her life experience and what she said about herself. We may learn something important from her.

Directions: Listen to the following passage and choose the best answers to the questions you hear.

- A. External trade.

B. Internal trade.

C. International finance.

D. International economy.
- A. She wanted to be a hostess in the US.

B. She wanted to go abroad for a better job.

C. She saw no challenge at that time.

D. Her job as a hostess was not really her love.
- A. To give audience more knowledge and fun.

B. To give audience and viewers some new ideas.

C. To give audience and viewers the warmth of human feelings.

D. Both B and C.
- A. Because it may offer her many advantages.

B. Because it paves way for her success.

C. Because it at some times makes her uncomfortable.

- D. Both A and C.
5. A. In the field of journalism.
- B. In business.
- C. In both fields of media and business.
- D. In both personal fame and fortune.

Listening Task 2

anti-drug campaigns 反吸毒

voluntarily 自愿地

on the rise 在增加

entitle sb to do 使有权得到

be exposed to 接触

incentive 刺激, 激励

re-examine 重新审视

administer 实施

prevention efforts 预防措施

Background Knowledge and Hints

In America drug-taking has always been a serious social problem. Despite years of anti-drug campaigns, drug use among American teens is still increasing dramatically. Is America losing the battle against teen drug abuse?

Direction: Listen to the passage and choose the best answers to the questions you hear.

- A. The period of one's life between and including the age of 13 to 19.

B. The stage of full development.

C. Ten years old.

D. Young persons.
- A. A national alarm.

B. An ongoing debate about how to counter the disturbing trend.

C. More drug education among schools.

D. Both A and B.
- A. Little role.

B. Unimportant role.

C. A key role.

D. 57 percent role.
- A. Talking, warning and testing.

B. Talking and interfering.

C. Preventing and cursing.

D. Testing.
- A. Teen Drug Abuse.

B. Parents' Key Role in Tackling Teen Drug Problem.

C. National Alarm about Teen Drug Use.

D. The Material Incentives to Keep Teens off Drugs.

IV. Strategies for Listening

语言学习的情感策略和交际策略

我们知道，语言学习策略可以分为认知策略、元认知策略、情感策略和交际策略。在第二册里我们主要讨论了认知策略和元认知策略。本册我们将重点讨论情感策略和交际策略。

情感策略是学习者在学习过程中培养、调整、控制自己情感的策略，如克服英语学习中的紧张和焦虑心理、敢于用英语与他人交流和表达、监控并调整英语学习中的情绪等。

交际策略是学习者在使用语言进行交际时，为了保证交际渠道的畅通、保证信息的传递以及交际遇到困难时设法维持交际而采取的各种策略。

Part II After-class Listening

I. Understanding a Conversation

Listening Task

on the run 奔忙

out of the question 不可能

initial 最初的

fantastic 奇妙的

be engaged in 从事

leaflet 传单，活页广告

inspiration 灵感

postgraduate 研究生

Background Knowledge and Hints

Nowadays, more and more college and university students are taking part-time jobs. Some people think it beneficial to students for it can enlarge their horizon and enrich their experience. But others hold that part-time jobs hinder students' normal college study. Listen to the conversation and see which opinion is favorable.

Direction: Fill in the blanks according to the conversation you hear.

1. Some college students get some part-time jobs. Han Pin found a job of (1) selling leaflets on the streets while Li Wen does some (2) part-time work in the Administration Section of the University.
2. Jing Min gets two part-time jobs. One is to be an (3) assistant in school library, the other is to teach a middle-school student as a (4) tutor. He finds part-time jobs broaden his (5) horizons. He gets many benefits more than (6) any other.
3. Part-time jobs (7) enrich Jing Min's imagination and (8) improve.
4. Wu Hui's main (9) purpose in college is to study and to be a (10) graduate two years later.

II. Understanding a Passage

Listening Task

supple (关节等) 灵活的

predominance 占优势

appetite 胃口, 爱好

wrinkle 起皱

aerial 天线

pessimism 悲观, 悲观主义

temperamental 心情变化快的

timidity 胆怯

desert 抛弃

lure 吸引力, 魅力

cynicism 玩世不恭

Background Knowledge and Hints

Youth is not a time of life; it is a state of mind. It is a matter of the will. As long as you are full of zeal of improvement, you are still young even at the age of 60. But you may grow old by deserting your ideals even at the age of 20. Do you think so?

Directions: Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks with the exact words, phrases or sentences you hear.

Youth is not a time of life, it is a state of (1) mind. It is not a matter of rosy cheeks, red lips and supple knees; it is a matter of the (2) will, a quality of the imagination, a vigor of the (3) body; it is the freshness of the deep springs of life.

Youth means a temperamental predominance of courage over timidity, of the appetite for adventure (4) over the the love of ease. This often exists in a man of 60 more than a boy of 20. Nobody grows old merely by a number of years. We

grow old by (5)_____ our ideals.

Years may (6)_____ the skin, but to give up enthusiasm wrinkles the
(7)_____. Worry, fear, self-distrust bows the heart and turns the spirit back
to dust.

(8)_____,
the unfailing childlike appetite of what's next and the joy in the game of living.
(9)_____: so long as it
receives messages of beauty, hope, cheer, courage and power from men and from the
Infinite, so long are you young.

When the aeries are down, and your spirit is covered with snows of cynicism
and the ice of pessimism, then you are grown old, even at 20, (10)_____
_____, there is hope you may die young at 80.

Unit 2 Love

Part I

I. Understanding Listening Skills

在英语听力测试中，常设置一些正误判断题。这类题目主要是对短文的主要内容和细节进行提问，旨在测试考生判断事实和捕捉细节的能力。这类题目要求学生有较好的记忆能力，能根据所听到的内容从选项中找到与原文相同、相当或相反的选项；有时也需要考生回答在原文中没有提及的内容。正误判断的命题方式可分为两种情况：一种是关于是否正确的提问；一种是关于是否提及的提问。常见的提问方式有“Which of the following statements is true/ false according to the passage?”或“Which of the following is not mentioned?”等。解答这类题目的思路是：通过感知、推理，对选项和听力材料的内容做一定的分析，找出与听力材料在语言、句意或内容上一致的选项，然后根据问题做出正确的选择。

Listening Task

Directions: Listen to the passage and choose the best answers to the questions you hear.

1. A. The girl thought he was a criminal.
B. The girl intended to help him.
C. The girl thought he was about to attack her.
D. The girl misheard what he said.
2. A. The man was in trouble.
B. The girl was a kind person.
C. A sudden fright can help cure hiccups(打嗝).
D. The man knew that the girl was trying to help him.

II. Understanding a Conversation

Listening Task

blunder 过错	a string of pearls 一串珍珠
pressured 有压力的	wedding anniversary 结婚周年纪念日

Background Knowledge and Hints

Love is one of the favorite topics among people. Love is for two people, or for a family to share with each other, or to feel together. On some special holidays, husbands' gifts for wives certainly make their feeling of love more meaningful.

Directions: Listen to the conversation and choose the best answers to the questions you hear.

- A. How to spend Valentine's Day?

B. What presents will they buy for their wives?

C. What gift should Bob buy for his wife?

D. Little gifts mean a lot to women.
- A. A box of chocolates.

B. A bunch of flowers.

C. Jewelry.

D. Any of the above.
- A. Because the gift is something special to make up for his blunder last month.

B. Julie likes pearls.

C. Bob wants to show that he has been a little observant.

D. All of the above.
- A. Because he feels no pressure if he buys the gift earlier.

B. Because the closer to the holiday, the higher price of the gifts will be.

C. Because he wants to make Julie happy earlier.

D. All of the above.

III. Understanding Passages

Listening Task 1

client 客户	monument 纪念碑, 墓碑
carnation 康乃馨	impulse 冲动, 一时的念头
emphatic 强调的, 坚决的	intruder 闯入者, 入侵者
sidewalk 人行道	muted 低声的
cemetery 公墓, 墓地	personally 亲自地
intersection 道路交叉口	blessed 幸运的

Background Knowledge and Hints

What do you usually do on Mother's Day, sending her a card or flowers, paying her a visit or telephoning her and telling her what you feel? If you are blessed enough still to have your mother, please tell her how much you love her.

Directions: Listen to the story carefully and choose the best answers to the questions you hear.

1. A. The prices of roses had been cut down on that day.
B. John was moved by the boy and paid for the larger of the cost.
C. The flower shop clerk gave the boy a discount.
D. The boy promised to pay back the rest part of the money later.
2. A. 6 dollars.
B. 35 dollars.
C. 41 dollars.
D. 29 dollars.
3. A. Because carnations were less beautiful.
B. He wanted to get something special for his mother.
C. Because red roses were his mother's favorite.
D. Both B and C.
4. A. He went to a cemetery and laid the roses on her mother's grave.
B. He went down on his knees before a small monument of his mother.
C. He sobbed and cried in muted voice.
D. All of the above.
5. A. He would personally send flowers to his mother.
B. He would have his flowers and a note delivered.
C. He wanted to tell his mother one more time how much he love her.
D. Both A and C.
6. A. a boy and a Dozen Red Roses.
B. Tell Mommy I Love Her.
C. John, a Kind Gentleman.
D. Mother's Day.

Listening Task 2

invalid 残疾的
humiliate 使丢脸
gall 厚颜无耻

the United Way 联合劝募协会
means of support 生活来源
make a contribution 捐赠

Background Knowledge and Hints

Attitudes towards the poor, the disabled, the old vary from person to person. But most people, even people with little earnings always show their love by offering

their money or help to those who need it. Listen to the story and see what the lawyer with 600, 000 dollars income a year react to a contribution.

Directions: Listen to the story and fill in the blanks with the exact words you hear.

At the United Way in a fairly small town a volunteer worker noticed that the most successful lawyer in the whole town hadn't made a (1)_____. This guy was making about \$ 600, 000 a year so the volunteer thought, "Why not call him up?"

He calls up the lawyer.

"Sir, according to our research you haven't made a contribution to the United Way, would you like to do so?"

The lawyer (2)_____, "A contribution? Does your research show that I have an invalid mother who requires expensive (3)_____ once a year just to stay alive?"

The worker is feeling a bit (4)_____ and says, "Well, no sir, I'm..."

"Does your research show that my sister's husband was killed in a car accident? She has three kids and no means of support!"

The worker is feeling quite embarrassed at this point. "I'm (5)_____ sorry..."

"Does your research show that my brother broke his neck on the job and now requires a full time nurse to have any kind of (6)_____ life?"

The worker is completely (7)_____ at this point. "I am sorry sir, please (8)_____ me..."

"The gall of you people! I don't give them anything, so why should I give it to you!"

IV. Strategies for Listening

英语听力的情感策略

在学习外语的过程中,情感策略的培养非常重要。为了提高英语听力水平,学习者要特别注意自己的情感策略的培养,例如,有意识地培养对英语听力的兴趣,培养对英语听力训练的积极态度,树立提高英语听力水平的信心。在英语听力训练(包括听力考试)中努力克服紧张和焦虑心理,监控并调整英语听力训练中的情绪。调整好自己的心态有助于英语听力训练及测试取得好的效果,也有助于加快英语听力水平的提高。