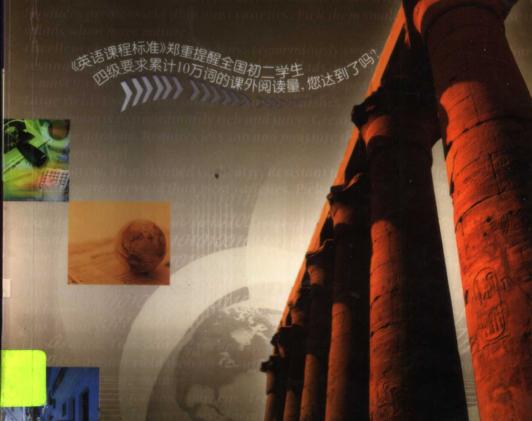


Conquer English

课外阅读100篇

初二年级 〇 总主编 何 府 张吉聚





课外阅读 100篇

初二年级

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编写说明

国家教育部新近颁发的《**英语课程标准》**(实验稿)对中小学生阅读能力的发展提出了明确的分级要求,2~9级分别对应小学六年级至高三,确定了各级阅读的词汇量、习惯用语、文体等范围及阅读题型与阅读能力发展的层次。

由于中学生课业繁重,不大有机会与精力去直接搜集、选读英文报刊图书中精彩、实用的文章,而英语阅读能力的发展与考试要求又使他们迫切需要一套体现各年级阅读能力要求、语法不超纲、词汇量及生词数适中、趣味性与实用性强的英语课外阅读丛书。针对这一现实的需求,我社邀请江苏、浙江、山东、安徽等教育发达省市资深英语教学专家合力推出了这套《征服英语·课外阅读 100 篇》从书。

本丛书按 3~8 级共分 6 册, 分别与初一至高三同步。在林林总总的英语辅导读物中, 本丛书是特色鲜明且富有创新意味的:

1. 选文精萃,题材广泛,时代感强。

本丛书各册百余篇选文均选自近两年的英文报章杂志、网络媒体,题材涉及时尚生活、经济热点、科技发展、异域风情、名人轶事、幽默小品、演讲论辩等各个方面,文体包括记叙文、说明文、议论文、应用文等。浓郁的时代感、包罗万象的题材与地道、规范的语言使该丛书兼具了知识性、趣味性与实用性。

2. 标注明确,难易有度,循序渐进。

本丛书各分册在选文时严格按照《英语课程标准》对各年级学生的词汇量、习惯用语等要求,语法不超纲,另色标注生词、文章长度、阅读速度等,能有效地激发学生的课外阅读兴趣,快速提高学生的阅读能力。

3. 题型新颖、完备,全方位逼近学生阅读能力发展的要求,完全体现最新中考、高考命题方式的变化。

本丛书每篇选文后均附 3~10 道阅读理解试题,考查内容紧扣《美语课程标准》对学生阅读能力发展的不同层次的要求,题型则严格对应中考、高考命题方式,充分体现最新中考、高考命题走向。

本丛书既可作为各年级学生及广大英语爱好者课外阅读用书,也可以供英语教师作为复习阶段阅读理解专项训练的辅助材料。我们编写过程中参考并选取了一些著名报章杂志的佳作精品,在此深致谢意。

愿本丛书能为广大中学生营造一个"征服"英语阅读的良好氛围。



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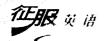


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时尚生活篇

1. English learning in the world

Students in many countries are learning English. Some of these students are small children. Others are teenagers ①. Many are adults ②. Some learn at school, others study by themselves ③. A few learn English by hearing the language on TV, or in films. One must work hard to learn another language.

Why do all these people want to learn English? It is difficult (4) to answer that question. Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects (5). They study their own (6) language, maths and English. Some people learn English, because it is useful for their work. Many people learn English for their higher studies, because at college (7) or university some of their books are in English. Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers and magazines in English.

There are about fifteen hundred languages in the world. English is one of the most important. People in England, the USA and many other countries use it. It is difficult to say how many people are learning it.



① teenager ['ti:nieid3ə] n. (13~19岁的)少年人

② adult ['ædʌlt] n. 成年

③ themselves [ðəmˈselvz] pron. 他们自己

④ difficult ['difikəlt] adj. 困难的

5 subject ['sAbd3ikt] n.

⑥ own [əun] adj. 自己

⑦ college ['kɔlidʒ] n. 学

自测题

根据短文内容,回答问题。

- 1. Is a foreign (外国的) language easy to learn?
- 2. Why do we learn English?
- 3. How many languages are there in the world?
- 4. Is English one of the most important languages?

2. Communication without words

People communicate ① with words. But you can also communicate without ② words. A smile on your face shows you are happy or friendly. Tears in your eyes tell others that you are sad ③ . You shake ④ your head, and people know you are saying "no". You nod ⑤ and people know you are saying "yes". Other things can also carry messages. For example, a sign at the bus stop helps you to know which bus to take. Don't you see that there are a lot of signs around you and that you can get messages from them all the time?

People can communicate in many other ways. An artist uses his drawing to tell people about the beautiful mountains, about the blue seas and about themselves. Dancers use their dance to show their feelings. Even animals can communicate with each other through their body languages.



① communicate [kəˈmju: nikeit] v. 传达(感情、消息等)

② without [wi'ðaut] prep. 没有

③ sad [sæd] adj. 伤心的,悲 伤的

(4) shake
[ʃeik] v. 摇动
(5) nod [nod]
v. 点头

词数	145	难度系数	0.5	要求时间	4'	实际时间	
	-	and the same of th					

自测题

A. words

根据短文内容,选择正确答案。

People can communicate A. with words B. without words C. both A and B Tears in your eyes tell others that you are A. happy B. not happy C. friendly An artist uses his to communicate. A. drawing B. body C. dance A dancer uses his to show his feeling. A. drawing B. pens C. dance Animals can communicate with each other through their 5.

B. singing

C. body languages



3. Working on a farm

Next week, there aren't going to be any classes in Li Lei's class. They are going to work on a farm. They are going to help the farmers with apples. Jim is very happy ① because he thinks picking apples is much better than having classes. After work ② they are going to swim in a small river near there. Some of them are going to fly kites on a hill. Then they are going to have a picnic ③ there.

They are going to leave at seven next Monday and meet on the road outside the school gate. The farm is far 4 from them. How are they going there? They are going there by bus.



① happy adj. 高兴

② after

3 pienie

④ far adj.

-							
词数	118	难度系数	0.5	要求时间	5'	实际时间	1 7

自测题

根据短文内容,选择最佳答案。

- 1. Li Lei and Jim are in the _____ class.
 - A. same
- B. different
- C. first
- D. Mr Hu's

- 2. Jim likes picking apples than _____.
 - A. swimming
- than ____ B. flying kites
- D. picnic
- 3. They are going to work on the farm for
 - A. one day
- B. two days
- C. about a week

C. having class

D. next week

4. A birthday party for Mary

Mrs Green is going to give a birthday party ① for Mary. Mary is herdaughter. She is going to be ten years old. A lot of friends of Mary's are going to come to the party. There are twenty girls of them.

Mrs Green is getting ready 2 for the party. Mrs White is helping her.

"That's a big nice cake, "Mrs White says to Mrs Green.
"Thank you very much."

点评区

① birthday party 生日聚会

2 get ready

作准备

③ fruit n. 水果

4 arrive vi.

到达

omque

Mrs Green is going shopping now. She is going to buy fruit for the party, too.

Mrs Green buys some fruit ③ . She buys a lot of pears, apples, oranges and bananas. Then she goes home.

It's five o'clock in the afternoon. Everything is ready. Now the first girl is arriving ④. The party is going to begin in thirty minutes. ⑤

5 minute n.

分钟

词数	136	难度系数	0.5	要求时间	4'	实际时间

自测题

- 1. Mrs Green is going to give a birthday party for
 - A. Mrs White

B. Mary's friend

C. her daughter

- D. Mr Green
- 2. How many friends are going to come to the party?
 - A. Twenty girls.

- B. Ten friends.
- C. Twenty girls and Mrs White.
- D. More than twenty.
- 3. What does Mrs Green buy fruit for?
 - A. For the party.

B. For Mary.

C. For Mrs White.

- D. For twenty girls.
- 4. When is the party going to begin?
 - A. At five o'clock in the afternoon.
 - B. In thirty minutes.
 - C. At six o'clock.
 - D. At five thirty in the afternoon.

5. I have a headache

Fack: Shall we have dinner now?

Paul: I can't eat anything. I feel 1 terrible 2 today. I have a headache 3.

Jack: You must be ill. You should see a doctor. You may have a <u>cold</u> 4. You have a headache when you are ill with cold.

Paul: I don't know any doctors here.

Jack: I know a good one. Shall I call him?

Paul: No, thanks. I'll feel all right tomorrow.

Jack: Well, go to bed early and get a rest.



① feel [fi:1]

v. 感觉

② terrible ['terəbl] adj.

可怕的,很糟的

3 headache ['hedeik] n.

头痛



Paul: I must study. We're going to have a maths test tomorrow morning. I don't want to fail in the test.

(4) cold [kauld] adj.

Jack: But I am afraid you can't study with a terrible headache.

词数	122	难度系数	0, 53	要求时间	5'	实际时间	
			0.00		-	2014 . 4 1 4	

根据对话内容填空。

- Paul doesn't feel today.
- 2. Jack asks Paul to go to _____ a doctor.
- 3. Paul doesn't know any _____ here.
- 4. Paul is going to have a _____ test tomorrow.
- 5. Paul is a student.

6. Mrs Scott and her children

Mrs Scott and her daughter Jane are both teachers. They teach in the same school. They go to school by car. They leave home at eight o'clock in the morning, and they get back home at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Sam Scott and his sister Ann are students. Sam goes to school by bus, and Ann does, too. Some of their friends walk to school. Sam and Ann get home at four o'clock in the afternoon. They do their homework before dinner ①, and they watch television after dinner. They usually go to bed early, especially 2 on school nights.

ASSESSED NO.	No.	M	
- Mile			7

1) dinner n.

正餐

2 especially adv. 尤其

词数 105 难度系数 0.53 要求时间 3' 实际时间	词数	105	难度系数	0.53	要求时间	3'	实际时间	
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根据短文内容,选择最佳答案。

- What does Jane do?
 - A. She's Mrs Scott's daughter.
 - B. She's a teacher.

- C. She's a student.
- D. She's Scott's sister.
- 2. When does Mrs Scott leave home?
 - A. She leaves home at eight in the morning.
 - B. She leaves home at four in the morning.
 - C. She leaves home at half past seven.
 - D. She leaves at seven.
- 3. How does Ann go to school?
 - A. She goes to school by car.
 - B. She goes to school by bus.
 - C. She walks to school.
 - D. She goes to school by bike.
- 4. Where do Sam and Ann do their homework?
 - A. They do their homework before dinner.
 - B. They do their homework at school.
 - C. They do their homework at home.
 - D. They do their homework in Jane's home.
- 5. Does Ann usually go to bed late?
 - A. Yes, she does.
 - B. No, she doesn't.
 - C. Sorry, I don't know.
 - D. Yes, she does, but her brother goes to bed early.

7. Mary in China

This is Mary. She's from England. Her family name is Cooper. She's nineteen.

Her father is a doctor. His name is Henry Cooper. He works in a hospital in London. Mrs Cooper works there, too.

Mary is now in China. She studies in Beijing. She studies Chinese. She's now in her second year. She lives in that <u>building</u> ①. Her room number is 204. She lives with another girl. Her name is Betty Brown. She's from the USA. She studies Chinese, too.

The two girls are good friends. They both like China. I know them very well. We often help each other 2.



① building

n. 建筑物

② each other 相互