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樊一昕

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为什么看得懂」不懂



大学英语 六级篇

南京大学出版社

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前言

盲人渴望光明,聋哑者向往天籁之音……作为考生、耳聪目明的你,为什么在英语学习过程中,看懂了却常常听不懂?为什么你的读写能力突出,听力却严重脱节?

希望本书能拨开你眼前的迷雾,照亮一条通往大学英语六级考试高分的捷径。

本书共分为教学、住宿、用餐、课外活动、购物、旅游、就业、科普、风土人情和社会问题等十个章节,每个章节均提供了单词辨音、句子理解、对话理解、文章理解、判断对错、填空式听写、文章听写等七个方面的练习。在这些练习后,我们还列出了精心挑选的相关词汇和句子,并附上练习的参考答案。只要跟随本书的学习节奏,从单词逐渐过渡到句子直至篇章,你就一定能学会用耳朵去确定 abc 中的标点符号,用耳朵去辨别 although, I wonder里的委婉转折,用耳朵去捉摸隐藏在声波后的言外之义,一步步地走出"看得懂听不懂"的误区。循序渐进、稳扎稳打的递进式学习方式,不仅有助于你牢固掌握每一个英语场景,更为你提高综合听力能力提供了一种切实可行目相当有效的途径。

英语学习如斯,人生又何尝不如斯?!

思马得学校图书编辑部

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教 学

一、听力训练与习题

I. Pick out the word you have just heard.

- 1. A) [əˈveləbl]
 - B) [əˈvæləbl]
- 2. A) [bibli¹ɔgrəfi]
 - B) [baibli'ɔqrəfi]
- 3. A) ['eldʒibrə]
 - B) [ˈældʒibrə]
- 4. A) [ænθri¹pɔlədʒi]
 - B) [ænθrəˈpɔlədʒi]
- 5. A) ['ɔːkitekt[ə]
 - B) ['ɔːkiːtəktʃə]
- 6. A) [intəˈmiːdeit]
 - B) [intə¹mi:dit]
- 7. A) [kəm'pəsəri]
 - B) [kom'posəri]
- 8. A) [səːkjuˈleiʃn]
 - B) [səːkju'leʃn]
- 9. A) ['kənselə]
 - B) ['kaunselə]
- 10. A) [ik'spairi]
 - B) [ik'spaiəri]

- C) [əˈveiləbl]
- D) [ə'veilebl]
- C) [bibli'əugrəfi]
- D) [bibli'ɔgrefi]
- C) [ˈældʒəbrə]
- D) ['eldʒəbrə]
- C) [ænðri¹pələdʒi]
- D) [ænðrə¹pələdʒi]
- C) ['a:kitekt[ə]
- D) [ˈaːkiːtəktʃə]
- C) [intəˈmiːdieit]
- D) [intəˈmiːdiət]
- C) [kəm'pʌlsəri]
- D) [kom'pʌlsəri]
- C) [səːkjuˈlæʃn]
- D) [səːkjuˈleitʃn]
- C) ['kɔnsələ]
- D) ['kaunsələ]
- C) [ik'spaiətri]
- D) [ik'spaitri]

◆ 2 ➤ 为什么看得懂听不懂——大学英语六级篇



I. Choose the sentence whose meaning is closest to what you have just heard.

- 1. A) My sister found her dog a month later.
 - B) My sister's dog was lost in the nearby village.
 - C) My sister's dog came back home a week later.
 - D) My sister found her dog a week later in the nearby village.
- A) During the hot season people like to wear white everywhere in the world.
 - B) Only people in hot countries like to wear white.
 - C) In hot countries people don't wear white in hot seasons.
 - D) White is the only color people prefer to wear.
- 3. A) Every director must trust his assistant in handling problems.
 - B) An assistant that can be trusted is always needed by a director.
 - C) Every director needs reliable assistant when he is out.
 - D) An assistant must know how to count on his director.
- 4. A) Picking leaves and cutting names on the tree trunks are desirable.
 - B) No tourists are picking leaves and cutting their names on the tree trunks,
 - C) The tourists have been told not to pick leaves and cut their names on the tree trunks.
 - The tourists have not been told to pick leaves and cut their names on the tree trunks,
- 5. A) A large framed picture on the wall was harmful to our eyes.
 - B) A large framed picture on the wall was good to our eyes.
 - C) A large framed picture attracted our attention as we entered the room.



- D) A large framed picture on the wall was seen for the first time as we entered the room.
- 6. A) Many countries get money from selling necessary products.
 - B) Many countries offer a large part of their income from selling basic products.
 - C) Many countries get profits from selling their products.
 - D) Many countries get money from selling their main products.
- 7. A) The banker was very suspect.
 - B) He made this banker the subject of his research.
 - C) The banker was one of his employees.
 - D) He wanted to make friends with the banker.
- 8. A) Farmers working in the field should know the news.
 - B) News supports people working outdoors.
 - C) The most recent news means success.
 - D) The most recent information helps people to succeed.
- 9. A) John listened to five stories over the radio.
 - B) John got to the ground floor after pushing button No. 5.
 - C) John walked to the sixth floor and pushed button No. 5.
 - D) John got to the fifth floor by lift.
- 10. A) Less serious diseases are better known.
 - B) We know less about the cold and serious diseases.
 - C) We know more about the causes of more serious diseases.
 - D) The cause of the common cold is not known.

II. Short conversation.

- 1. A) She reads more slowly than the man does.
 - B) She has a lot of material to read before she has coffee.
 - C) The man does more work than is necessary.

◆ 4 ▶ 为什么看得懂听不懂——大学英语六级篇



- D) The man seems to be taking a long time preparing for philosophy class.
- 2. A) Return his literature books to the bookstore.
 - B) Keep his books from the literature class.
 - C) Sell his literature books to the woman.
 - D) Visit the reference section of the library.
- 3. A) She will help the man find the exhibit.
 - B) She has already seen the exhibit.
 - C) She will help the man read the map.
 - D) She knows where to get a map.
- 4. A) She already read the book.
 - B) She will not lend her book to the man.
 - C) The man can use her book whenever he likes.
 - D) The man does not need the book.
- 5. A) She thinks the weather is pleasant.
 - B) She has been working hard in the lab.
 - C) She is not feeling very well today.
 - D) She has been staying up quite late recently.

IV. Passage.

1. A) 17%.

C) 70%.

B) 28%.

D) 72%.

- 2. A) Getting to know Madison.
 - B) Getting to know loan application.
 - C) Getting to know social clubs.
 - D) Getting to know health services.
- 3. A) Anytime.

C) Once a month.

B) Once a semester.

D) Once a week.



A) Providing financial I	help.
--	-------

- B) Providing adaptability help.
- C) Providing academic help.
- D) Providing linguistic help.
- 5. A) Teachers.
 - B) Parents.
 - C) Those from one country or group.
 - D) Local government.

V. True or false.

- [] 1. The twins' first name is Leppard.
- 72. The twins are girls.
- [] 3. The twins had to have supper at home.
- [] 4. Ruth Leppard have decided to move out on her own this summer.
- [] 5. According to a newspaper's study, students who live with their parents show higher mental health levels than those who don't.

VI. Spot dictation.

The United States has more than two thousand four hundred colleges and universities. About one hundred of them began as S1.

_____ agricultural colleges, and continue to teach agriculture.

These are called land grant schools.

◆ 6 ▶ 为什么看得懂听不懂——大学英语六级篇



state.

The name land grant came from the kind of S3.
provided by the federal government. The government gave each
Northern state thousands of S4 of land. The states
were to sell the land and use the money to establish colleges.
These colleges would teach agriculture and engineering, as well
as S5, science,
Congress passed the law in eighteen sixty-two. This was
during the Civil War. Southern states had S6 and left
the Union.
The federal government wanted Americans to learn better
ways to farm. Another law created a center for experiments at
each land grant college to help farmers solve problems. This
helped agricultural colleges develop new S7 ideas.
The Agricultural College of the State of Michigan was
established in eighteen fifty-five, seven years before the Morrill
Act. S8
And it grew into what is now Michigan State
University.
Today the university in East Lansing has more than forty
thousand students. S9.
The College of Agriculture and Natural Resources at Michigan
State says it had about three hundred foreign students last year.
S10
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W.	Dictation.						
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二、常用单词与句子

advanced 高级的 applicant 申请人 available 可获得的 out on loan 借出的 bachelor 学士 catalogue 目录 reference stacks 书库 category 种类 bibliography 书目 periodical 定期刊物 return in time 及时归还 interlibrary service 图书馆际服务 open/closed shelves 开架/闭架书库 fundamental/elementary 基础的 Chinese 语文 English 英语

Japanese 日语 mathematics 数学 science 理科 gymnastics 体育 history 历史 algebra 代数 geometry 几何 geography 地理 biology 生物 chemistry 化学 physics 物理 physical geography 地球物理 literature 文学 sociology 社会学 psychology 心理学 philosophy 哲学 engineering 工程学 mechanical engineering 机械工程学 electronic engineering 电子工程学 medicine 医学 social science 社会科学 agriculture 农学 astronomy 天文学 economics 经济学 politics 政治学 commercial science 商学

biochemistry 生物化学



anthropology 人类学 linguistics 语言学 accounting 会计学 law 法学 banking 银行学 metallurgy 冶金学 finance 财政学 mass-communication 大众传播学 iournalism 新闻学 atomic energy 原子能学 civil engineering 土木工程 architecture 建筑学 chemical engineering 化学工程 accounting and statistics 会计统计 business administration 工商管理 diplomacy 外交 foreign language外文 botany 植物学 major 主修 minor 辅修 in circulation 在书库里 degree 学位 graduate 毕业生 project/thesis 论文 General Certificate of Education 中学毕业证书 doctor 博士 competitive examination 答辩考试

◄ 10 ➤ 为什么看得懂听不懂——大学英语六级篇



enrolment 登记,入学 admission office 招生办公室 foreign student office 留学生办公室 held in the closed reserved 闭馆保存的 classification 分类 intermediate 中级的 international/oversea(s) student 留学生 library card/admission card 借书卡 date slip/deadline/date of expiry 期限 due 应付费 master 硕士 opening ceremony 开学典礼 orientation meeting介绍会 optional course 选修课 orientation week(初到校)适应周 lecture(教师作的)讲演,报告 tutorial(学生发言的)讨论课 out circulation 借走了 not for circulation 不外借 overdue and pay a fine 过期并交罚款 renew 续借 seminar 研究会 term/semester/session 学期 course 课程 compulsory course 必修课 summary 概要,摘要 registration 注册,报到,登记

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