



课后精练卷



八導致第一等類

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图书在版编目(CIP)数据

英语课后精练卷.八年级.第一学期/《英语课后 精练卷》编写组编. 一上海: 上海交通大学出版社, 2014 (交大之星) ISBN 978 - 7 - 313 - 11907 - 0

Ⅰ.①英… Ⅱ.①英… Ⅲ.①英语课—初中—习题集

IV. ①G634.415

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2014)第 186172 号

英语课后精练卷(八年级第一学期)

编 者:本书编写组

出版人:韩建民

 印
 制:常熟市大宏印刷有限公司
 经
 销:全国新华书店

 开
 本:787mm×1092mm
 1/横 8
 印
 张: 6.5

字 数: 152 千字

版 次: 2014年8月第1版 书 号: ISBN 978-7-313-11907-0/G 印 次: 2014年8月第1次印刷 ISBN 978 - 7 - 88844 - 874 - 2

定 价(含 MP3): 28.00 元

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联系电话: 0512-52621873

前 言

亲爱的读者:

你好!

我们向你隆重推荐这套书,它可以成为你英语学习的得力助手,将你引入愉快学习乐园,帮助你扎扎实实的学好知识,为将来的英语学习打下牢固的基础。这套书的特点有以下几点:

第一,它是完全按照上海二期课改的精神进行编写的,从练习的内容到练习的形式都符合二期课改英语课程的标准。

第二,它是由一线的高级教师编写,并由资深的专家修改审定成稿,集广大 长期工作在一线的教师的经验,也汇集了名师专家的智慧。

第三,更突出的特点是:它是与你的学习同步。在每节课后都有个配套的练习,练习的针对性强,能帮助你更好地掌握本领。

第四,我们在切实减轻你过重的课业负担的前提下,精选练习题,供你和你的家长根据实际情况自主调控和选用,也使你有机会从不同的角度进行训练,从而开拓思路,发展思维。

如果你认真进行训练的话,将会发现其中有许多你从未碰到过的新问题、新挑战,这将有助你开发智力,增长见识。

我们衷心希望本套书能成为你学习中的贴心朋友。我们衷心祝愿大家在知识、能力、素养和创新的学习道路上走得越来越好!

本书编写组

读交大之星 圆名校之梦



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Module1 My life



Unit 1 Penfriends

Exercise 1

I.	Trai	ıslate th	e following phras	ses (翻译下列词组):		
	1.	get a le	etter from		2. play basketball	
	3.	at the	end of		4. deliver letters	
	5.	would l	like to		6. 告诉某人一些关于	于的事情
		一个半	小时		8. 属于某人的	
	9.	上大学		1	0. 在假日期间	
II.	Ch	oose the	best answer (选持	泽最恰当的答案):		
	() 1.	Do you know _	lady over the	nere? She is	_ English.
			A. the, a	B. a, a	C. the, an	D. the, the
	() 2.	Our teacher alw	ays tells us	_ in the streets.	
			A. don't run	B. not to run	C. not run	D. to not run
	() 3.	I go to	o school on foot eve	ery day. But now I g	go to school by bike.
			A. used to	B. am used to	C. was used to	D. didn't use to
	() 4.	Oh, the plane	here for te	en minutes already.	
					C. has been to	D. has stopped
	() 5.	My ambition	an artist.		• •
					C. is to be	D. are being
	() 6.	— do	you like the film? -	— It's wonderful.	· ·
			A. What		C. Which	D. How much
	() 7.	We often hear l	Mary Engl	lish in her room eve	ry morning.
				B. to read		
Ш	. Ca	mplete	the sentences witl	h the given words in	their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的
		_	完成下列句子):	0		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	day soon.	next month. (proba	able)
				of the mountain? (.010)
				restaurant here. (Cl		
				in the fu		
IX7						Z 每穴枚阳植
LV.				(保持句意基本不变		² 。每空格限填一词):
	- 1	. ı can	wark to school.	TIX付用具基本小学)	

	I can	to school		•	
2.	. Peter has son	ne bread in the	morning. (링	女为否定句)	
	Peter	an	y bread in th	e morning.	
3.	. We go to wo	rk twice a weel	k. (对画线部	分提问)	
		do you g	go to work?		
4.	. Macau is fort	<u>ty miles</u> away f	rom Hong Ko	ong.(对画线部分	·提问)
			_ Macau from	Hong Kong?	
V. Cho	ose the best wor	ds or expression	s and complet	e the passage (选持	[¥] 最恰当的单词或词语完
成为	逗文):				
Dea	ar pen pal,				
	I'm having a	great time in F	Iong Kong. I	t's a great <u>1</u>	to visit and I'm lucky to
be l	here for my six	c-month Englis	h course. Sor	ne other students	s are learning Japanese.
Wh	at languages w	ould you like to	o <u>2</u> ?		
	There's just so	much to see and	d do here. Las	st night I went to a	Chinese musical concert.
Mos	st of my friends	s like loud mus	ic that they c	an dance to. I p	orefer quiet, traditional
mus	sic, so the cond	cert suited <u>3</u>	_ just fine. V	What kind of mus	ic do you like?
	Before the co	oncert we wen	t for Italian	<u>4</u> . Do you l	ike it? There are lots of
diff	erent kinds of f	ood here. I don	't know what	to try next. What	kind food do you <u>5</u> ?
	My host fami	ly is taking me	to an Indian	film festival next	t weekend. I'm not sure
wha	at to expect bed	cause I've never	r seen an Indi	an film. Have yo	ou? Some people say that
the	y're boring, bu	it others say th	ey're <u>6</u> .	What kind of filr	n do you prefer?
() 1. A. plac	B.	school	C. library	D. museum
() 2. A. read	d B.	learn	C. listen	D. write
() 3. A. him	B.	her	C. me	D. them
() 4. A. wat	er B.	cloth	C. food	D. music
() 5. A. pre	fer B.	drink	C. see	D. pay
() 6. A. bad	В.	sad	C. old	D. great
			Exercise	2	
		ving phrases (翻	译下列词组)		
	walk to school	·		•	o sb
	enjoy doing stl			4. be interested	in
	enjoy oneself			6. 在中间	
	以为职业			8. 解决问题	-
	擅长数学			10. 听流行音乐	
		swer (选择最恰			
(_	•		it is useful one.
	A. a,			C. an, a	D. an, an
() 2. Mr Sm	ith is going to	teach	English	a year.

A. our, in B. ours, for C. we, in D. us, for	Everybody was studying.
() 3. My uncle was born October 10, 1975.	At lunch time I could see students working, too. They were talking about their
A. in B. on C. at D. of	lessons while they were $\underline{e} \underline{6}$. When you think of these students, you can be sure
() 4. We are going to have a party. Do you want to us?	they are among the best in the world.
A. join in B. take part in C. attend D. join	1 2 3 4 5 6
() 5. Mr Smith invited his friends dinner with him.	Exercise 3
A. had B. have C. having D. to have	
() 6. Lisa will go to Beijing three days.	I. Translate the following phrases (翻译下列词组):
A. on B. after C. in D. before	1. native language2. close to
() 7. What you told me yesterday sounds	3. share sth. with sb 4. attend school
A. great B. carefully C. happily D. clearly	5. join the party 6. 参加运动会
() 8. We'll write 800-word composition this afternoon.	7. 在工作日 8. 毕业
A. a B. an C. the D. /	9. 全世界
III. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的	II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案):
正确形式完成下列句子):	() 1. — Sorry, I have left your book at home. —
1. Who is the of the shop? (manage)	A. You are right B. That's all right
2. Our monitor is He likes to make with other students. (friend)	C. You are welcome D. It's a pleasure
3. He looks very strong and (health)	() 2. It is said that two students are going to have the Listening Contest
4. Let's have a about the holiday. (discuss)	this weekend.
5. Our teacher is a lady. (physical)	A. hundred B. hundreds C. hundreds of D. hundred of
IV. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词):	() 3. Sidney hopes May to her soon.
1. We went to the park on Sunday. (对画线部分提问)	A. to write B. will write C. writes D. writing
you go to the park?	() 4. My mother has worked the factory since 1990.
2. To walk on the wet road is quite awful. (保持句意基本不变)	A. in B. of C. as D. on
is quite awful on the wet road.	() 5. How long have they the computer?
3. The old woman has few friends. (改为反意疑问句)	A. bought B. borrowed C. sold D. had
The old woman has few friends,?	() 6. Lily's parents in French for 30 years.
4. It was a very exciting week. (改为感叹句)	A. went B. has been C. have been D. arrived
week it was!	() 7. Disneyland is a wonderful place. I there twice.
V. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,	A. have gone B. have gone to C. have been to D. have been
使其内容通顺。每空格限填写一词,首字母已给出):	() 8. Study harder, you won't be able to pass the exam next week.
How do you like to go to school like one in Oxford, England? There are no \underline{r} 1	A. and B. then C. or D. for
classes. The students go from one group to <u>a 2</u> when they want to. You may find	III. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的
students of fourteen, sixteen, or twenty-five years old all in the same group. They	正确形式完成下列句子):
work at their own studies. Nobody tells them what they s 3 or shouldn't be doing.	1. Now Helen is writing an to her best friend. (invite)
The day I visited, school <u>b</u> 4 at nine. Some students were working at a tape	2. My new flat is on the floor of that building. (twelve)
recorder and listening to their lessons. Others were watching TV on Maths. A group	3. At the age of 13, Bill Gates was already the of a computer company.
was reading in the school library. I didn't see anybody just sit doing n 5.	(manage)

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4. Susan is a friend of (I)5. Susan is a friend of (they)	B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best ans 话和问题,选出最恰当的答案):	wer to the question you hear (根据你听到的对					
IV. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词):	() 1. A. In a bookstore.	B. In a restaurant.					
1. He has to go back home on foot. (改为一般疑问句)	C. In a shop.	D. In a hotel.					
he to go back home on foot?	() 2. A. Lucy. B. Jenny.	C. Frank. D. Sam.					
2. The engineer put the machine here yesterday. (改为否定句)	() 3. A. She is going to see a film.	B. She is going to go over her lessons.					
The engineer the machine here yesterday.	C. She is going to have a rest.	D. She is going to have a test.					
3. They have never been to Hong Kong. (改为反意疑问句)	() 4. A. 6:20. B. 6:25.	C. 6:30. D. 6:35.					
They have never been to Hong Kong, ?	() 5. A. Lily. B. Linda.						
4. Now he is a teacher in a university. (保持句意基本不变)	() 6. A. Buy some tapes.	B. Study with a group.					
Now he a teacher in a university.	C. Join an English club.	D. Ask teachers for help.					
V. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,	() 7. A. Barry hopes to make people	-					
使其内容通顺。每空格限填写一词,首字母已给出):	B. Barry wants to study medicin						
	C. Liu Ying wants to be a doctor	_					
When Jim and Lucy were coming home from school yesterday afternoon, they saw	D. Liu Ying's parents want her						
a g 1 of people near a bank. They j 2 them. To their s 3, they saw two	C. Listen to the passage and tell whether the follo						
thieves running out of the bank. They were <u>c_4</u> bags full of money. The bank		_					
manager was running after them. A policeman was standing there, but he didn't do	子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合的用"T"						
a 5 ! Jim asked the policeman to catch the thieves, but the policeman told them	() 1. Robert was hurt in an accident while driving in the country that day.						
that they were making a film. They were $\underline{a} \underline{6}$.	 2. Unluckily, Robert's car broke down in the water. 3. The villagers helped him to pull his car out of the water for free. 						
1 2 3 4 5 6							
	() 4. There were a lot of people in the restaurant and the service was good.						
Exercise 4	() 5. From the passage we know Robe	•					
I. Listening comprehension (听力理解)	D. Listen to the dialogue and complete the following sentences (听对话,完成下列内容):						
A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容,选出相应的图片):	1. Judy finds that Alan looks						
A STATE OF THE PERSON OF THE P	2. Miss Gao asked Alan to write a letter in English, but he doesn't know to write it.						
	3. Alan can't write the letter in English because he is at English.						
	4. After reading the Students' Book, Alan may all.						
	5. Alan also doesn't know how to use some English						
	6. Judy suggests Alan buy a and it will help him.						
A B C D	7. Judy will teach Alan in the after school.						
	1 2 3						
	5 6 7						
● F.N.K.W.R.E.R. 102400	II. Translate the following phrases (翻译下列词						
102.40	1. one day						
	3. at the beginning of						
E F G H	5. one hour and a half						
1 2 3 4 5 6	·						
1 2 5 9 9	7. 投递信件						

	9.	打橄榄	球		10. 中等身材	
III.	Cho	ose the	e best answer (选择	養恰当的答案):		
	(, but now he we	orks a big
			business compar	ıy.		
			A. for, in	B. as, for	C. as, in	D. for, as
	() 2.	Mum felt	when she knew	I got D in science.	
			A. happy	B. angrily	C. unhappy	D. happily
	() 3.	Could you	me something a	bout your life abr	oad by e-mail?
			A. tell	B. say	C. talk	D. speak
	() 4.	The little boy wi	rote "U" a	and "N"	on the wall.
			A. a, an	B. a, a	C. an, an	D. an, a
	() 5.	I hope	back home soon.		
			A. to go	B. me to go	C. me go	D. I go
	() 6.	I can see them _	happily in	the park now.	
			A. played		B. to play	
			C. are playing		D. playing	
	(7.	Could you tell m	e next we	ek?	
			A. that she give:	s us a lecture		
			B. if she will give	ve us a lecture		
			C. if will she give	ve us a lecture		
			D. if does she gi	ve us a lecture		
	() 8.	He asked me	·		
			A. if I can lend	him my car		
			B. if I could lend	d him my car		
			C. if can I lend	him my car		
			D. if could I len	d him my car		
IV.	Con	nplete 1	the sentences with t	he given words in the	ir proper forms (用]括号中所给单词的正
			成下列句子):			
		-		like Chinese food.	•	
	2.	It is c	often and	I faster to travel by	plane at present.	(easy)
	3.	Sever	al from .	Japan are interested	l in some Chinese	customs. (engine)
	4.	May l	ives with her pare	nts in a town in	(English)	
	5.	What	was your	_ when you were be	orn? (high)	
V. (Choo	se the	best answer (根据:	短文内容,选择最恰	当的答案):	
		A you	ng man once went	into a town and bo	ought himself a pa	ir of trousers. When
1	he o	ot hon	ne, he went unsta	irs to his bedroom	and put them on	He found that they

he got home, he went upstairs to his bedroom and put them on. He found that they were about two inches too long.

He came downstairs, where his mother and his two sisters were washing clothes.

"The new trousers are too long," he said. "They need shortening (缩短) by about two inches. Would one of you mind doing this for me, please?" His mother and sisters were busy and none of them said anything.

But as soon as his mother had finished washing, she went quietly upstairs to her son's bedroom and shortened the trousers by two inches. She came downstairs without saying anything to her daughters.

Later on, after supper, the elder sister remembered her brother's trousers. She was a kind-hearted girl, so she went quietly upstairs without saying anything to anyone, and shortened the trousers by two inches.

The younger sister went to the cinema, but when she came back, she also remembered what her brother had said. So she ran upstairs and took two inches off the legs of the new trousers.

()	1.	A young man once went into a town and	A young man once went into a town and bought himself					
			A. a pair of shoes	B.	a shirt				
			C. a pair of trousers	D.	a suit				
()	2.	The young man bought the new trousers		his size.				
			A. as long as	B.	two inches longer than				
			C. as big as	D.	two inches shorter than				
()	3.	He asked to shorten his new to	rous	sers.				
			A. his mother or one of his sisters	B.	his two sisters				
			C. his elder sister	D.	his younger sister				
()	4.	His mother and sisters						
			A. agreed to do that	B.	didn't want to do that				
			C. said nothing to him	D.	said something to him				
()	5.	His elder sister shortened the trousers _						
			A. after she finished washing						
			B. before she went to bed						
			C. when she came back from the cinem	a					
			D. after supper						
()	6.	The next morning the young man wou	ld	find the trousers were				
			inches shorter than his expectation.						
			A. two B. four	C.	six D. eight				



Unit 2 Work and play

Exercise 1

[.	Tra	nslate tl	he following ph	nrases (翻译下列词组):	
	1.	ride a	motorcycle _		2. play the piano	
	3.	introdu	ace oneself		4. expect to do sth	l
	5.	be sim	ilar to _		6. 与不同	
	7.	••••生	活中的一天 _		8. 拯救人们的生命	
	9.	他的整	个一生		10. 日常生活	
II.	Ch	oose the	e best answer (选择最恰当的答案):		
	() 1.	Mum looked	sadly at Mcdull beca	nuse he achieved	"H" in spelling.
			A. a	B. the	C. an	D. /
	() 2.	His teaching	style is similar	that of most oth	er teachers.
			A. for	B. at	C. from	D. to
	() 3.	Ice Age 3: D	awn of the Dinosaurs	was one of	this summer.
			A. the most	interesting film	B. the most exc	ited film
			C. the most	famous film	D. the most pop	oular films
	() 4.	Wendy is too	young to drive	to school.	
			A. herself	B. she	C. her	D. himself
	() 5.	Look, the lig	ght in Mike's room is	s on. He at	home.
			A. maybe	B. can be	C. must be	D. may be
	() 6.	They will co	ntinue foot	ball though it's rainir	ng hard.
			A. play	B. playing	C. play the	D. playing the
	(7.	In the summe	er, the students	play outside bec	cause it's too hot.
			A. often	B. usually	C. seldom	D. always
	() 8.	Who	_ the children from	school every afternoon	on?
			A. collects	B. collect	C. pick	D. picks
III	. C	omplete	the sentences	with the given words i	in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的
	正	确形式	完成下列句子):		
	1	l. Shop	are	always kind to custo	omers. (assist)	
	2	2. Bara	ck Obama is t	he US Pres	sident. (forty-four)	
	3	3. My u	incle grows a l	lot of vegetables and	them in the	e market. (sale)
	4	I. The	teachers	the matter just i	now. (discussion)	
	5	5. It wa	is to	have such a heavy s	now in south of Chin	a. (usual)
IV.			_		(根据所给要求完成句 -	
	1	. My b	rother has to	do morning exercise	to keep fit now. (改	为否定句)

My brother	to do morning exercise to keep fit now.
2. Susan sometimes goes to buy	new clothes. (对画线部分提问)
does Susa	n go to buy new clothes?
3. She went to bed after she fir	iished her homework. (保持句意基本不变)
She go to bed	she finished her homework.
4. The computer cost me 7 000	
	the computer cost you?
	nks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,
使其内容通顺。每空格限填写一词	
An eleven-year-old boy in a	small town wanted to be a train-driver. But the boy
was born w 1 arms. He was	taught by his uncle to use his feet as "hands". He
	all his time w 2 trains coming and going because
	vished he could be a train-driver! One day he saw an
empty train and he c 3 in. I	Ie started it with his feet easily. Soon the train was
	an hour. N 5 could see the boy in the train and
	r the town, a worker caught up with the train and
	6, but when he saw the boy, he was so surprised
· -	s true. "I like train," said the boy quietly.
•	4 5 6
	Exercise 2
I. Translate the following phrases (翻i	峯下列词组) :
1. must be	2. one of the top students
3. be successful in sth.	4. all of her family
5. work in one's business	6. 在早餐时
7. 穿上某人的衣服	8. 起床
9. 在上学	10. 讨论生意
II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰)	当的答案):
() 1. They will go abroad to	further their study in
A. two and half a mor	B. two and a half months
C. two and a half mor	D. two and half a months
() 2. — He's never been to	South Korea. —
A. So am I B.	So have I C. Neither have I D. Neither am I
() 3. His mother is	with the endless talk.
A. bored B.	boring C. dull D. bore
() 4. She still fail in the exa	m she tried her best.
A. because B.	
	-
() 5. important co	mputers are to everybody in a modern city!

		A. What	B. What an	C. How	D. How an
() 6.				America today. The
			rt in the sentence mea		,
		A. used by fe	w people	B. liked by man	ny people
		C. read by fe	w people	D. enjoyed by	ew people
(7.	After lunch,	the boy continued pl	aying computer ga	mes. The underlined
		part in the se	ntence means	<u>_</u> •	
		A. go on	B. stopped	C. finished	D. went on
() 8.	The little boy	can do simple problem	ms in arithmetic. T	The underlined part in
		the sentence i	neans		
		A. easy	B. difficult	C. helpful	D. useful
III. C	omplete	the sentences w	ith the given words in	their proper forms	(用括号中所给单词的
正	确形式	完成下列句子)	:		
1	l. Com	puter games are	e very popular in Chin	a. The go	up every year. (sell)
2	2. If yo	ou don't have _	training every	day, you will be to	oo fat soon. (physics)
3	3	is not so f	ar if you try your best	to get it all the ti	me. (successful)
4	I. Ann	Lee is one of _	directors in t	he world. (success)
5	5. How	you	were to see Liu Xiang	at the airport! (lu	ick)
IV. Co	omplete	the following se	entences as required (根	!据所给要求完成句·	子。每空格限填一词):
1	. She's	seldom late fo	r school.(改为反意疑	问句)	
	She's	seldom late fo	r school,	?	
2	. They	will move into	a new flat in a mont	<u>h.</u> (对画线部分提问	1)
		,	will they move into a	new flat?	
3	She f		the early bus this mor	_	本不变)
	She		to catch the early	_	
4		•	u will achieve success	•	
	·		work hard, you w		· ·
		best words or e	xpressions and complete	e the passage (选择旨	_{曼恰当的单词或词语完}
成領	逗文):				
_			•		his shop after a long
•			the door and took out	•	
			out the key and put t	•	
		-	Then he found that i	•	•
			couldn't. Finally he		
			-		ont door. He did not
6			drive his own car to v	· ·	D. I
(A. left	B. leaving	C. leave	D. leaves
() 2.	A. got into	B. reached	C. drove	D. got off

() 3.	A. his	B.	himself	C. o	wn	D.	his own
() 4.	A. repor	rted B.	told	C. ra	ang	D.	wrote
() 5.	A. to pa	ırk B.	park	C. p	arking	D.	parked
() 6.	A. find	В.	lose	C. h	ave	D.	see
				Exercise	3			
I. Trai	nslate tl	he followi	ng phrases (翻]译下列词组):				
1.	at lunc	h			2. be	popular with		
3.	over h	alf a mill	ion		4. ma	nage to do		
5.	be resp	onsible f	or sth.		6. 打挂	斤		
7.	在早饭	期间			8. 坐井	某人的车		
9.	在路上				10. 打印	电话给某人		
II. Ch	oose the	e best ansv	ver (选择最恰	当的答案):				
() 1.	— Is tha	at u	niform for the	student	:?		
		— Yes,	but it's	unusual o	ne.			
		A. a, a	n B.	an, a	C. a	, a	D.	an, an
() 2.	Many gi	rls were keen	on playing	t	heir Barbie do	olls v	when they were
		young.						
		A. on	В.	in	C. w	ith	D.	at
() 3.	Wendy s	sometimes ma	kes telephone	calls to	clients		
		A. on h	er way to hor	ne	B. o	n her way sch	ool	
		C. on he	er way home	back	D. o	n her way to	scho	ol
() 4.	Who sho	ould	the lead poise	oning in	children in F	enya	ing?
		A. respo	onsible for		B. b	e responsible	for	
		C. respo	onsible to		D. b	e responsible	to	
() 5.	Mr Brov	vn has taught	Eng	glish for	several years.		
		A. our	B.	ours	C. u	S	D.	we
() 6.	More an	nd more peopl	e enjoy	NBA	A these days.		
		A. watc	eh B.	watching	C. so	ee	D.	seeing
(7.	There w	as little time	left. Mr Brov	vn	his coat a	ınd l	nurried off.
		A. put of	on B.	wears	C. w	vore	D.	puts on
() 8.	— Must	I book the ti	cket for <i>ERA</i> -	Intersec	tion of Time t	onig	;ht?
		— No,	you					
		A. must	en't B.	can't	C. n	eedn't	D.	may not
III. Co	omplete	the senter	nces with the g	given words in	their pro	oper forms (用	括号	骨中所给单词的
正	确形式	完成下列	句子):					
1	. Thin	gs in the	shop are on _	now,	you car	n save a lot of	mo	ney. (sell)
2	. They	all think	this film is _	(bo	re)			

3. He came home later than last night. (usually) 4, he was in when I called. (lucky) 5 is enough. Don't do it again. (one) IV. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词): 1. Betty is so clever that she can solve the problem. (保持句意基本不变) Betty is to solve the problem. 2. I'd like black coffee. (对画线部分提问) you like your coffee? 3. You are lucky to have a chance to go abroad. (改为感叹句) you are to have a chance to go abroad!	E F 1 2 3 4 B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to 话和问题,选出最恰当的答案):	
4. Wendy is good at not only computer but also business. (两句合并为一句)	() 1. A. Lucy's new kite.	B. A new bike.
Wendy is good at computer business.	C. Lucy.	D. Lucy's new friend.
V. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,	() 2. A. At a bus stop.	B. At a mall.
使其内容通顺。每空格限填写一词,首字母已给出):	C. At a bank.	D. At a supermarket.
Many teenagers have problems that worry them. Some do not learn their school	() 3. A. One. B. Two.	C. Three. D. Four.
subjects well. Some are good at learning and do well in exams, but they are doing so	() 4. A. They are making a phone call.	B. They are having an outing.
poorly in sports thus their classmates call them "bookworms". So many teenagers suffer	C. They are coming home.	D. They are repairing the clock.
from stress. The good news is that there are some simple ways to \underline{d} with stress.	() 5. A. By the front door.	B. At the back of the house.
Firstly, eating a h 2 diet, getting enough sleep and doing exercise are very	C. At the end of the garden.	D. Near the garage.
important. How can we be happy if we are not fit?	() 6. A. Yes, he does.	B. No, he doesn't.
For school work, planning ahead can help. Making a list of the things they need to	C. Yes, he did.	D. No, he didn't.
do and planning when to do them can help students organize their time. If you are	() 7. A. Their school bus.	B. The view of the village.
weak in a subject, study hard and $\underline{a} 3$ the teacher for help.	C. The heavy snow.	D. The hill.
Then students should also make <u>e 4</u> time for their hobbies. Playing sports,	C. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following	
reading and watching films help them relax.	子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合的用"T"表示,	
\underline{F} 5, it is suitable for teenagers to share their problems \underline{w} 6 their friends	() 1. The famous newspaper, China Daily,	
and parents.	the world.	once canca westey the rastest eey m
1 2 3 4 5 6	() 2. When Wesley was three, he started ru	inning with his mother
Exercise 4	() 3. At the age of eight, Wesley could run	•
	() 4. Wesley was born with the body of a	
I. Listening comprehension (听力理解)	runner.	a runner, and this made inin a great
A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容,选出相应的图片):	() 5. Wesley begins training every morning	at 8:00 and runs for many miles
	D. Listen to the passage and complete the following set	·
	1. People often have no how to spend	
	2. We have spent too much time, so o	
	3. Fresh air, sunlight and enough exe	
	4. People go out because they want to be far av	
A B C D	5. You may meet many people who are	

7. Enjoying	is also a good choice	e to spend your free t	ime.	Water is the most important thing for life, even greater than food. It is necessary				
1	2 3	4		tha	at people understand this	and do proper thin	gs.	
5	6 7				Now China has a water	r problem more serio	ous than any other c	ountry in the world.
II. Translate the follo	wing phrases (翻译下列词约	组):		Th	e problem is caused by	widespread drought,	pollution, rapid ed	conomic growth and
1. on one's way	home	2. enjoy doing stl	1.	wa	ste.			
3. succeed in do	ng sth	4. achieve A-grad	les		It is important to use v	vater wisely. By foll	lowing these simple s	suggestions, you will
5. in all one's su	bjects	6. 考试不及格		sav	ve money on your water	bill while conserving	g the supply we all d	lepend on.
7. 一周两次		8. 接某人			☆ Vegetables and fruit	t should be washed is	n a bowl but not und	er a running tap and
9. 返回到学校		10. 参加会议		the	e leftover water can be	used for watering p	lants. Never put wa	ater down the drain
III. Choose the best a	nswer (选择最恰当的答案)	:		wh	en there may be another	use for it, such as	watering a plant or	cleaning.
() 1. His si	ster is going to a	nn important meeting	next week.		☆ Take shorter showe	rs.		
A. jo	n B. take part	in C. attend	D. join in		☆ Do not let water run	n while shaving, bru	shing your teeth or	washing your hair or
() 2. The p	olice asked people	after drinking.		fac	ce.			
A. to	drive B. not to dr	ive C. drive	D. not drive		By thinking carefully a	bout your water use	e in the home and cl	nanging some water-
() 3. Jack	ever fails in the maths ex	am, he?		wa	sting habits, it is easy to			
A. is	't B. doesn't	C. is	D. does	() 1. According to the	e passage, we know		
() 4. They	help. They man	aged to do it by then	nselves.		A. important		B. less importan	
A. di	dn't need any	B. didn't need	l to		C. not importan		D. more import	ant
C. ne	edn't to	D. didn't need	d to any	() 2. Now people hav			
() 5. Nanc	Green lives, bu	it she never feels	·			B. much too	_	D. many
A. lo	nely, alone	B. alone, lone	ely	() 3. The water probl		·	
	nely, lonely	D. alone, alo			A. the most seri	ous in the world		
	very tired last night,				B. not serious			
A. be		C. though	D. if			than some countries	S	
	they are warmly discussing	ng the holiday plan.	The underlined part in	,		han other countries	· · · NOT	
	ntence means			() 4. To save water,		ing is NOT right?	
	king about B. talking a	• •	D. speaking		A. Take a short		1	
* -	oon Morakot has caused o					ter run while brushi	•	
	prestry. The underlined pa					ir and faces under a	• .	
A. al			D. at least	(over water to water	•	
_	ences with the given words in	n their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的正	() 5. How many sugge			D. F
确形式完成下列1					A. One.	B. Two.	C. Three.	D. Four.
•	looked at in the							
	ee that you look							
	always to watch	-						
	achieve in this							
5. Sony, Ford	nd Coca-Cola are three bi	ig (busines	SS)					



Unit 3 Trouble!

Exercise 1

I.	I. Translate the following phrases (翻译下列词组):								
	1. (deal w	rith trouble 2. argue with sb						
	3. a	an uni	usual thing 4. sth. happen to sb						
	5. v	wait f	or sb 6. 对大喊						
	7	一群人	、						
	9. 4	保持多	·静 10. 发生了什么						
II.	Cho	ose th	e best answer (选择最恰当的答案):						
	() 1	. The man hurried aboard while the woman hurried hospital.						
			A. to, to B. /, / C. to, / D. /, to						
	() 2	There is useful information in today's newspaper.						
		, 2.	A. a B. an C. a piece of D. the						
	(
			A. his, hers B. her, hers C. hers, she D. him, hers						
	() 4.	Nobody noticed Tom the Bank of Shanghai.						
			A. entered B. to enter C. enter into D. enter						
	() 5.	She knew little about the accident she read today's newspaper.						
			A. after B. as soon as C. for D. until						
	() 6.	She gave the police information about the thief.						
			A. many and more B. some more C. one more D. any more						
	(7.	After the telephone, my father hurried to take the next ferry.						
			A. putting out B. putting away C. putting on D. putting down						
	() 8.	This coat is than that one.						
			A. much expensive B. much more expensive						
			C. most expensive D. the most expensive						
Ш	. Coi	mplete	the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的						
	正征	角形式	完成下列句子):						
	1.	Don	't worry. You can stay in this room. (safe)						
	2.	Engl	ish is much than Japanese. (importance)						
			n't want to be a in the future. It's too busy. (report)						
	4.	I liv	e on the floor. So I go home by lift. (twenty)						
	5. Our classroom is on the floor. (five)								

IV Complete the following contenees as required	(担保6%要求宣战与之	与交换阻特—词)。						
IV. Complete the following sentences as required		母全恰似填一问/:						
1. The book cost him three dollars. (改为								
the book him three dollars?								
·	2. Mary has already done her homework. (改为一般疑问句)							
Mary done her homework								
3. They go to Australia every two years.								
do they go to Aust								
4. Both the father and the son have seen								
the father nor the son								
V. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with p		洛内填入适当的词 ,						
使其内容通顺。每空格限填写一词,首字母已								
English today is very different from the								
the 12th century, the language had already	•	•						
read $\underline{\mathbf{w}}$ 2 from the year 700. The histor	· -	_						
(before the year 1150), "Middle English	n" (up till the year 15	00) and "Modern						
English" (about from the year 1500 up to r	now).							
The biggest d 3 between Old, Mi	ddle and Modern English	ı is in vocabulary.						
Grammar has not changed $g = 4$, but the	nousands of new words h	ave come into the						
language. Many of these are <u>f 5</u> Franc	e.							
A 6 important change is pronuncia	ation. It has changed so	much that a 7						
no words are said in the same way today as	in Old English.							
1 2 3 4	56	7 .						
Exercis	se 2							
I. Translate the following phrases (翻译下列词约	目).							
1. start doing sth.	2. talk with sb							
3	4 6. 1							
5. at the gate of	6. 出国							
7. 匆忙去学校	8. 重要的事情							
9. 拿起电话 H. Change the heat angurer (法权是收益权务)	10. 放下							
II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案)								
() 1. The next train will arrive		D. fan						
A. at B. in	C. after	D. for						
() 2. I knew nothing about it		D						
A. because B. since	C. until	D. after						
() 3. Will you help me this	_							
A. do the wash	B. to do the was							
C. do the washing	D. doing the wa	shing						

() 4. Don't be late. You be there on time.	January and February are the coldest <u>4</u> of the year, while the warmest <u>5</u>
A. must B. can C. may D. needn't	often July and August. The difference in temperature 6 winter and summer is not
() 5. The next morning, Mary got up even	so great in Britain.
A. early B. earlier C. earliest D. the earliest	() 1. A. Because B. As C. For D. Since
() 6 important news he told me!	() 2. A. have B. can have C. can be D. can
A. What B. What a C. How D. How a	() 3. A. with B. without C. like D. from
() 7. The sick boy go to school.	() 4. A. weather B. seasons C. monthes D. months
A. doesn't need B. doesn't need to	() 5. A. is B. was C. are D. were
C. needn't to D. don't need	() 6. A. of B. between C. both D. in
() 8. I have read over pages of the book.	
A. two hundreds of B. two hundreds	Exercise 3
C. two hundred D. two hundred of	I. Translate the following phrases (翻译下列词组):
III. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的	1. look worried 2. well done
正确形式完成下列句子):	3. walk by 4. with a smile
1. Take an umbrella with you on a day. (cloud)	5. in time 6. 在街上
2. The students in our class are very to each other. (friend)	7. 相当矮 8. 美味的食物
3, water goes through pipes to our homes. (final)	
4. Your watch is than mine. (expense)	9. 听音乐 10. 对某事感到惊讶
5. Mr Baker will teach Maths next term. (we)	II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案):
IV. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词):	() 1. The man hurried his office while his wife hurried home.
1. Peter is thin and tall. (对画线部分提问)	A. to, to B. $/$, $/$ C. to, $/$ D. $/$, to
is Peter?	() 2. We were down in the bookstore, some reference books.
2. He seldom walks to school. (改为反意疑问句)	A. bought B. brought C. buying D. buy
He seldom walks to school,?	() 3. Do you know?
3. The problem is too difficult for him to work out. (保持句意基本不变)	A. a girl in brown B. the girl with glasses
The problem is difficult he can't work it out.	C. a girl with blue D. the girl in a pair of glasses
4. Wendy is young. She can't drive a car. (两句合并为一句)	() 4. Who is the passenger waiting the bus stop?
Wendy is young she can't drive a car.	A. at B. for at C. for D. at for
V. Choose the best words or expressions and complete the passage (选择最恰当的单词或词语完	() 5 important computer knowledge is to us all!
成短文):	A. How B. What
It is well-known that the English go out with an umbrella or a raincoat. Why?	C. What a D. What an
1 the weather in Britain often changes quickly. It is not very usual for the same	() 6. We shall start Suzhou Ben's car tomorrow.
kind of weather to stay long.	A. to, in B. for, by C. for, in D. to, by
Spring can be rainy or windy, but the weather is getting warmer and you can hope	() 7. of the tourists from Europe.
more sunny days. In fact there 2 as much sunshine in spring as in summer. Summer	A. Three-fifth, come B. Three-fifths, comes
is the best time for visitors to go to the seaside and other places of interest. Autumn is	C. Three-fifths, come D. Third-fifths, come
a beautiful season 3 trees in the woods and parks changing color. During autumn it	() 8. Would you mind me to follow those two strange men?
is still nice to be outside, too.	A. help B. to help C. helping D. helped

III. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的						
正确形式完成下列句子):						
1. The police caught the two (rob)						
2. My mother is about me. (worry)						
3. The way is so long and the trip seems to be (end)	E F G H					
4. When I came into the classroom, they were (argument)						
5. I rode my bicycle to school. (quick)	1 2 3 4 5 6	- - -				
IV. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词):	B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据你听到的	JX				
1. Alice does the shopping every Saturday. (改为否定句)	话和问题,选出最恰当的答案):					
Alice the shopping every Saturday.	() 1. A. The blue one. B. The red one.					
2. John seldom washed his socks. (改为反意疑问句)	C. Both. D. Neither.					
John seldom washed his socks,?	() 2. A. She thinks it's boring. B. She doesn't think it's interesting	g.				
3. Emma goes to Italy <u>twice a month</u> . (对画线部分提问)	C. She likes it very much. D. She doesn't like it at all.					
does Emma go to Italy?	() 3. A. He's a pilot. B. He is a ship captain.					
4. I don't know when we shall leave for Moon Bay. (保持句意基本不变)	C. He is a truck driver. D. He is a bank clerk.					
I don't know when for Moon Bay.	() 4. A. Yes, she will. B. No, she won't.					
V. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,	C. Yes, she is. D. No, she isn't.					
使其内容通顺。每空格限填写一词,首字母已给出):	() 5. A. Husband and wife. B. Classmates.					
David lives in one of the busiest streets in Hong Kong. He often crosses the road to	C. Father and daughter. D. Neighbours.					
buy h 1 some sweets at the shop on the other side of the street. One day last week,	() 6. A. 90 yuan. B. 100 yuan. C. 180 yuan. D. 200 yuan.					
his aunt gave him a dollar and he wanted to s 2 forty cents on sweets and save the	() 7. A. The National Park. B. Jimmy's new house.					
rest. He walked s 3 out of the house with his aunt and said good-bye to her. When	C. Jimmy's holiday plans. D. The duration of the holiday.					
she had gone, he b 4 to look for the sweets shop.	C. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判断下列	J右				
He did not wait to see that the road was clear. A big truck almost k 5 him	子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合的用"T"表示,不符合的用"F"表示):					
down and just stopped in time. The truck driver shouted at David but he already knew	() 1. Mr and Mrs Green came back from the country very late.					
what a f 6 thing he had done. He decided that after this he would always make	() 2. They heard someone talking when they went halfway upstairs.					
sure that the road was clear before he crossed it.	() 3. They stood quietly to wait for the men to come down.					
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	() 4. When Mr Green went into the bedroom, he found his radio on.					
N 2 0	() 5. Mr Green forgot to turn off the television that morning.					
Exercise 4	D. Listen to the dialogue and complete the following sentences (听对话,完成下列内容):					
I. Listening comprehension (听力理解)	1. Linda studied business at Tsinghua					
A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容,选出相应的图片):	2. Besides business, she also took courses and English courses.					
A. Dister and choose the right picture (\(\pi\) \(\mu\) \(\pi\) \(\pi	3. Her English ability is so good that she writes e-mails in Engl	isł				
CHA GA	every day. 4. She can also speak and write some 5. Linda thinks she is at Word and Excel.					
	6. Linda has worked at a local computer company for years.					
A B C D	7. The man will consider Linda's application and her soon.					

1	۱		_ 2		3	4	
5	5		6		7		
II.	Гrа	nslate tł	ne following p	ohrases (翻译下	列词组):		
	1.	to one'	s joy _		2.	a funny story	
	3.	remem	ber doing _		4.	tell the truth	
	5.	a pair	of trousers _		6.	立刻	
		上楼				及时	
		看起来				处理麻烦	
Ш				(选择最恰当的) = 11///	
	(the work within t	wo hours.
							D. was afraid that
	() 2.	The mechan	nic didn't knov	v	the machine and	make it run.
			A. what to	use B. how	to use	C. how can	D. what can
	() 3.	The story _	to one	e of my fri	ends three years a	igo.
			A. was hap	pened		B. was happenin	ıg
			C. happene	ed		D. was happen	
	() 4.	Be careful.	Don't walk _	th	e road when the r	ed light is
			A. cross, o	n		B. across, off	
			C. through	, on		D. across, on	
	() 5.	They entere	ed the room an	nd noticed	him a p	icture.
			A. drew	B. to dr	aw	C. drawing	D. was drawing
	() 6.	I	to the weath	ner foreca	st this morning.	Do you know if it
			th	is evening?			
			A. don't lis	sten, rains		B. didn't listen,	will rain
			C. didn't li	sten, rains		D. haven't lister	ned, will rain
	() 7.	My father of	lid his best	the	two robbers.	
			A. catch	B. caugl	ht	C. to catch	D. catching
	() 8.	Have you _	the bi	rds sing in	the garden?	
			A. listen	B. lister	n to	C. heard to	D. heard
IV.	Col	mplete t	he sentences v	vith the given w	ords in the	ir proper forms (月	月括号中所给单词的正
	确	形式完成	以下列句子):				
	1.	He the	ought	about his p	roject. (ca	areful)	
	2.	The gi	irl left the ro	oom	(quiet)		
	3.	Let's 1	me	myself in class	s. (introdu	uction)	
	4.	Grand	ma is	ill. (terrib	le)		
	5. My mother works as an (count)						

V. Complete the	e following sentences as required	(根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词):
1. You ne	edn't arrive on time when you g	o to a meeting. (改为肯定句)
You	arrive on time	when you go to a meeting.
2. My fath	ner read the magazine five minu	tes ago.(改为一般疑问句)
	<u></u>	the magazine five minutes ago?
3. Shall I	have a word with Tom? (保持与]意基本不变)
Shall I	Tom?	
4. There's	a little orange juice in the glass	. (对画线部分提问)
	orange juice is there	e in the glass?
	best answer (根据短文内容,选择	最恰当的答案):
		rty. He is wearing his old clothes. When he
		y gives him a seat at a table. So Mike goes
		nd then goes to the party again. The host at
	-	akes him to the best table, gives him a good
_	e best dishes.	
Mike 1	puts his coat in front of the food	and says: "Eat, coat!" The others are very
	nd say: "What are you doing?"	,
_	•	When I wear my old clothes, nobody looks at
	- ·	e these things for my clothes, not for myself."
_	When Mike goes to a dinner pa	
	A. his fine clothes	B. his nice clothes
	C. his old clothes	D. his best clothes
() 2.	When Mike comes in at first, _	looks at him and gives him a seat.
	A. all the people	B. everyone
	C. someone	D. no one
() 3.	When Mike puts on his best cloth-	es and comes back, they give him
	A. no seat and no food	B. no seat and drink
	C. best bowl and glass	D. best food and drink
	"Eat, coat" means	
	A. Mike lets his good friend ea	t coat
	B. he wants his coat to eat much	h
	C. his coat is very hungry	
	D. he is very angry	
	What can we learn from the sto	ory?
	A. We mustn't take anyone by	
		ty, we must take our best coat there.
	•	ty, we mustn't put on old clothes.
	D. People with best clothes are	

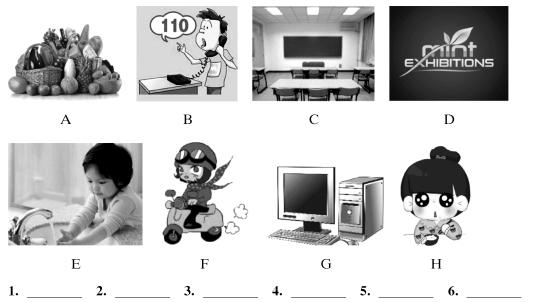


Test for Module 1

昭 日		Part 1				Part 2			Part 3				ИN			
	题号	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	总分
	得分															

Part 1 Listening (30%)

I. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容,选出相应的图片): (6%)



II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据你听到的对 话和问题,选出最恰当的答案): (8%)

- () 1. A. A businessman. B. A secretary. C. A teacher. D. A doctor.
- () 2. A. By underground.
 - C. On foot.
-) **3.** A. Because he is tired after work.
 - C. Because he likes fishing.
-) **4.** A. 45 minutes.
 - C. Two and a half hours.
-) **5.** A. Read the instructions carefully.
 - C. Stick the wood together.
-) **6**. A. Last Wednesday.

- B. By bus.
- D. In her Dad's car.
- B. Because he likes flowers.
- D. Because he likes climbing the hills.
- B. 75 minutes.
- D. One hour and a half.
- B. Use a lot of glue.
- D. Make a model plane himself.
- B. Next Tuesday.

			C.	Last Friday.		Γ	D. Next Frida	ıy.	
	(7	. A.	A song.	B. A film	. (C. TV play.	D. A book.	
	() 8	. A.	At 8:00.	B. At 8:3	0.	C. At 9:00.	D. At 9:30.	
III.	Lis	ten to	the	passage and tel	ll whether the	following s	tatements are	true or false (判断下列	
	句	子是召	符合	含你听到的短文	内容,符合的	用"T"表示	,不符合的用'	'F"表示):(6%)	
	() [1. N	early everyboo	dy in the wor	ld uses sigi	n language.		
	() 2	2. Si	ign language is	easy to hear	and under	stand.		
	() :	3. N	ow people wh	o want to lea	rn sign lan	guage have to	o go to Paris.	
	() 4	4. T	oday the deaf	people in An	nerica can	also learn ne	ws on TV.	
	() :	5. Si	ign language c	an help deaf	people onl	у.		
	() (6. Si	ign language c	an only be lea	arnt in sch	ools.		
IV.	List	en to	the	passage and co	mplete the foll	lowing sent	ences (听对话	,完成下列内容): (10%)	
	1.	We :	may	see elephants,	monkeys, de	ogs,	, or other	animals doing a lot of	
		thing	gs oı	n TV or in a $_$	<u> </u>				
	2.	Wat	ch i	it,	and you will	l find tha	t those anin	nals are always giver	
		som	ethii	ng to eat after	they	_ the worl	k.		
	3.	The	scie	ntists say that	many	animal	ls maybe taug	ght to do a number of	
	simple jobs if they will get something to								
	4. It is well known that can carry large logs and can look after								
	5.	Man	y ot	her animals ca	n also work f	for us. For	r, p	people use apes to help	
		mak	e ca	rs. People are	ani	mals to do	a lot of thin	gs.	
		1		,	•	2			
		3. _		,		4			
		5. _		,					
				Part 2 V	ocabulary	and Gra	mmar (32	%)	
				rait Z V	ooabalai y	and Gra	iriiriai (32	/ 0	
I. C	Choo			t answer (选择					
() 1.		ich of the foll					
			A.	Collage.	B. College.	C.	Colleage.	D. Callage.	
() 2.	The	e main part of	the Great W	all is abou	t		
			A.	2150 miles lor	ng	B.	2150-mile-lo	ng	
			C.	2150-miles-lon	g	D.	2150 miles l	ength	
() 3.		, I caugl	nt the early b	us. I won'	t miss my fav	vourite film tonight.	
			A.	Lucky	B. Luckily	C.	Unlucky	D. Unluckily	
() 4.	The	e young usually	/·				
			A.	needs much sl	eep	В.	need much s	sleep	
			C.	need to much	sleep	D.	need to hav	e many sleeps	
() 5.	The	e whiz-kid	2 a.m.	He has a	lot of work t	o do.	

	A. go to bed until	B. goes to bed before	courses, you can make the 1 of your holidays by studying French in an interesting			
	C. never go to bed until	D. seldom goes to bed before	way and, at the same time, discover one of France's most beautiful 2 — Nice!			
() 6. — do you have violin	lessons? — Once a week.	Our summer course lasts 3 weeks in July and August. You're welcome to come at			
	A. How long		any time 3 July and August 6. You can choose to stay at a host family, but we			
	C. How many times	D. How often	suggest you stay at our 4 summer camp. It makes it easy to meet other people and			
() 7. I usually B-grades in a	ll my subjects.	make new friends. What's more, you can have your classes in the same building!			
	A. accept B. appear	C. achieve D. allow	1 2 3 4			
() 8. — What do you usually do at w	eekends?	III. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的			
	— I play rugby Saturd	ay morning and Sunday.	正确形式完成下列句子): (5%)			
	A. in, in B. in, on	C. on, on D. on, in	1. On the mid-autumn festival, people eat yummy moon (cake)			
() 9. After having dinner, she contin	ued her homework.	2. Over 400000 came to experience the Beijing Olympic Games. (tour)			
	A. did B. do	C. doing D. does	3. After the goodbye party, EXPO spirit brings world than before. (close)			
() 10. All pilots the passeng	ers' safety.	4. Wendy the business with her co-workers every morning. (discussion)			
	A. are responsible for	B. are keen on	5. He's lazy. He never tidies his room. (terrible)			
	C. make phone calls to	D. have lunch with	IV. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词):			
() 11. The town is not very big. Then	e are about people in it.	(5%)			
	A. five hundred	B. hundred of	1. He really likes playing basketball. (保持句意基本不变)			
	C. five hundreds	D. five hundreds of	He is playing basketball.			
() 12. On the way, I met a	friend of mine.	2. Jeanie bought three bars of chocolate. (对画线部分提问)			
	A. home B. to home	C. school D. to there	bars of chocolate did Jeanie buy?			
() 13. Kitty always gets the highest n	narks in the exam. She one of the	3. I have violin lessons once a week. (改为否定句)			
	top students in her class.		I violin lessons once a week.			
	A. mustn't be B. can't be	C. must be D. can be	4. Mr White has been an engineer for about ten years. (保持句意基本不变)			
() 14. Tommy likes Japanese food, ar	nd he also Japanese cartoons.	Mr White an engineer for about ten years.			
	A. enjoy watches	B. enjoys watching	5. Judy often gets letters from her parents. (改为反义句)			
	C. enjoies watches	D. enjoies watching	Judy gets letters from her parents.			
() 15. Angela's uncle will buy	_ a book called <i>Jane Eyre</i> .	Part 3 Reading and Writing (38%)			
	A. she B. her	C. hers D. herself	Tart 5 Treading and Witting (50 %)			
() 16. We can raise some money by _	old newspapers.	I. Choose the best answer (根据短文内容,选择最恰当的答案): (5%)			
	A. collect B. collecting	C. collected D. to collect	Do you know why different animals or pests have their special colours? Colours in			
() 17. She often helps me m	y English.	them seem to be used mainly to protect themselves.			
	A. with B. for	C. of D. to	Why some birds can't easily catch grasshoppers? Because grasshoppers change their			
() 18. Kate has moved to another place	ee. She will live in this city.	colours together with the change of the colours of crops. When crops are green,			
	A. any longer B. no longer	C. any more D. no any more	grasshoppers look green. But as the harvest time comes, grasshoppers change to the			
I. C	omplete the following passage with the word	ds in the box. Each can only be used once (将下	same brown colour as crops have. Some other pests with different colours from plants			
列	J单词填入空格。每空格限填一词,每词只	能填一次): (4%)	are easily found and eaten by others. So they have to hide themselves for lives an			
	A hetween R international	C. most D. among E. areas	appear only at night.			
	73. Octween D. International	C. most D. among L. areas	If you study the animal life, you'll find the main use of colouring is to protect			

Like hundreds of other young people of all countries who take part in our language

g and Writing (38%)

选择最恰当的答案): (5%)

'll find the main use of colouring is to protect themselves. Bears, lions and other animals move quietly through forests. They cannot