



English

高中英语 语法

小题库

朱震一 主编



朱震一 陈敏 编

精选经典试题·追踪测试热点
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上海科学技术出版社



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内 容 提 要

《新版英语小题库》丛书目前分高中4册,初中4册,旨在通过对学生的有效指导和训练,达到逐步提高学生英语水平的目的。本书是此套丛书中的一本。

本书是由丛书中原《英语语法小题库》改版而来。原书从1994年初版以来广受读者好评,新版在原来的基础上推陈出新,对中学阶段必须掌握的语法知识,如名词、代词、冠词、介词、形容词、副词等的用法及作用,动词的时态和语态,句子的种类和类型,分12章练习,并根据高考的要求,在第14章提供了50篇语法填空题库,对重点和难点题目在参考答案中作了详细的解释和说明。本书开篇提供了一套自测题供学生检查自身对高中英语语法的掌握程度,找到自身的薄弱环节,更有针对性地开展学习。全书最后一章的自测题供大家检测学习成果。学生通过本书的练习,对高考语法的巩固和复习可起到事半功倍的效果。

本书也可供广大英语爱好者自学使用和教师教学时参考。

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前言

从大学毕业到上海市上海中学教英语，一教就是 34 年。在这 34 年中，我每天都在想同一个问题：怎样教英语，同学们才会懂得快，才会用得活，才会记得长久？

英语学习，从理论上来说，是个技术活。有人认为：只要熟了，就能生巧。其实并不然，对我们来说，英语是第二语言。我们在学校学习英语，每个礼拜也只有几个小时。我们没有办法“沉浸在英语的语言环境中”。这就需要老师来“讲道理”“搭结构”，需要同学来“练口语”“做习题”“多阅读”“勤写作”。

当你把“学习英语是为了使用英语”这个道理记住了，教书和读书会变得很有意义。英语，老师一个人懂并不稀奇，要学生也懂才有意义；老师一个人会讲并不稀奇，要学生也会讲才有意义；老师一个人会写并不稀奇，要学生也会写才有意义。所以，对一个老师来说，要“教会”别人不是一件容易的事。道理应该怎样讲？结构应该怎样搭？口语应该怎样练？习题应该怎样做？文章应该怎样读？作文应该怎样写？但凡听过我课的同学会觉得英语学习是件快乐的事，但凡读过我写的书的同学会认为时间没有白费。把我 34 年的教学心得写下来，算是一个英语特级教师的心愿。愿大家在英语学习中少走点弯路，多得些体会。

感谢沪上英语教学大师陈锡麟先生为本丛书作审阅和修改。

感谢在上海中学任教的英国文教专家 Mr. Nuno Lopes 和 Mr. Roy Grimes，美国文教专家 Ms. Amy Hutchinson 和 Ms. Erin McGinley 对本丛书提供的宝贵见解。

愿本丛书为大家带来求知的进步和喜悦。

朱震一

2016 年 5 月 6 日

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让步状语从句的倒装怎么用？当句子由 Not until 开头时要倒装吗？so he has 和 so has he 用法与意思上的区别是什么？由 Nowhere 开头的句子要倒装吗？是不是由 Only 开头的句子都要倒装？让步状语从句倒装的特殊情况是什么？So did I 和 So I did 的区别是什么？

everybody 在语法上和意思上有什么不同？ever 这个副词怎么用？lack 为什么经常用错？“祈使句, and + 主语 + 谓语”是个句型吗？连词 so 怎么用？当两个动词不定式并列作主语时谓语动词怎么用？平行结构是怎么一回事？not because ... but because 是个句型吗？“主语 + 动词 1 + and + 动词 2”是个平行结构吗？比较级也有平行结构吗？must 表示对过去猜测的反意疑问句为什么这样难？由 if 引导的状语从句和主句, 反意疑问句到底和从句一致呢, 还是和主句一致？陈述部分的谓语动词是 wish, 后面的反意疑问句怎么用？带有宾语从句的反意疑问句怎么用？

看见括号里的动词怎么办？它的时态和语态是否需要改变？还是用非谓语动词的各种不同形式？看见括号里的形容词怎么办？是用比较级？还是用最高级？看见“一空两词”的填空怎么办？看见“一空三词”的填空怎么办？定语从句用 which, that, 还是 where？



“丰富的知识”英语怎么说？“两个半月”英语怎么说？“三天的休假”英语怎么说？make 作“构成”时怎么用？will 作情态动词可以用在事物上吗？should have done 表示什么？that 可以作连词吗？意思是什么？doubt 后跟 that 还是 whether？suggest 怎么用？是 both these Americans, 还是 these both Americans？“门开着，窗关着”英语怎么说？but for 怎么用？同位语从句只能用 that 引导吗？dress 作动词时怎么用？时间状语从句的将来时怎么表达？分词独立结构怎么用？分词的逻辑主语是怎么回事？ought not to have done sth. 表示什么？hang 作及物动词和不及物动词时的差别是什么？be to do sth. 是什么结构？require 后的宾语从句要用虚拟语气吗？什么情况下用 It is ... of sb. 的结构？most 和 mostly 的区别是什么？worth 和 worthy 的区别是什么？情态动词的问答公式是什么？all 是个复数概念，还是个单数概念？

Chapter 1 开篇自测

在学习本书前,安下心来做一做自测题,你会发现自身目前存在的问题,认真对照书后的答案和详解,对你的帮助会很大。

1. During his first six months _____, the President was praised for his ability to deal with both domestic and international affairs.
A. in an office B. in the office C. in office D. in offices
2. Some sorts of fruit are sold _____; others are sold _____.
A. by weight ... by the dozen B. by the weight ... by the dozen
C. by weight ... by dozen D. by the weight ... by dozen
3. — Hob boasts he is second to none as a guitar player.
— Who does he think _____ is?
A. him B. he C. himself D. his
4. Katie continued to remain in Shanghai for _____ two or three years.
A. other B. the other C. another D. some other
5. The great robbery happened in _____ of _____ century.
A. the thirties ... seventeenth B. thirties ... the seventeenth
C. thirties ... seventeenth D. the thirties ... the seventeenth
6. The earthworms use _____ some of the plant material in the soil they swallow.
A. food B. as food C. their food D. of food
7. Haven't I told you already that you _____ have fifteen dollars if you have fixed my cell phone?
A. would B. should C. could D. shall
8. The old man was sitting in a wheelchair all day because his broken leg suffered after a fall made _____ difficult.
A. it walk B. to walk C. walking D. it to walk
9. Almost all English prepositions _____ look like verbs.
A. when they turn into Chinese B. when turning into Chinese
C. when they turned into Chinese D. when turned into Chinese

10. — I think you have made a big mistake.
— Yes. If I tell my father what I've done, he will be _____ angry.
A. not a little B. little C. only a little D. not little
11. What was it _____ caused the forest fire?
A. that B. who C. / D. this
12. Have you ever heard of the idiom "He is as cool as _____?"
A. a banana B. a tomato C. potato D. a cucumber
13. Amy thought I was talking with the boss, _____, in fact, I was talking with my husband.
A. whom B. where C. which D. while
14. There were not so many jobs available _____ were asked for.
A. that B. as C. which D. what
15. When she was asked about the missing calculator, she _____ ever seeing it.
A. refused B. denied C. opposed D. pretended
16. I know Linda will arrive next Wednesday. I want to know the _____ time of her flight's arrival.
A. specific B. particular C. special D. unique
17. Although no one was injured in this accident, _____ I had a guilty conscience.
A. but B. and C. yet D. and yet
18. No one thinks it any good _____ using plastic bags in super markets.
A. to keep B. keep C. keeping D. being kept
19. The ancient building _____ down two decades ago is now being rebuilt.
A. burnt B. to be burnt
C. having been burnt D. burning
20. More attention should be paid _____ the public transportation of the city.
A. to develop B. to developing C. for developing D. to be developed
21. Some of the houses on the hillside used to be _____ to cars.
A. inaccessible B. impossible C. inconvenient D. inadequate
22. You should close your _____ eye while I'm having a checking on the eyesight of one eye.
A. another B. other C. the other D. /
23. His heart was filled with joy _____ of arriving home in a couple of days.
A. when thinking B. when he thought
C. having thought D. to think
24. She spent a lot of time preparing for the interview, _____ was unnecessary.

- A. which I thought B. which I thought it
C. and I thought she D. thought it
25. The Art Gallery was named _____ the great artist who had made great contribution _____ the China's art education.
A. from ... for B. with ... on C. by ... in D. after ... to
26. _____ made him act like that?
A. You can imagine what B. What can you imagine
C. What you can imagine D. What can you imagine that
27. They were enjoying the sunshine on the beautiful beach _____ the terrible tsunami struck the island.
A. when B. while C. that D. where
28. As it turned out to be a small party, we _____ so formally.
A. needn't have dressed up B. mustn't have dressed up
C. didn't need to dress up D. needn't dress up
29. The little boy tried to play truant yesterday, _____ by his mother.
A. was caught B. had been caught
C. only to be caught D. having been caught
30. _____ that no one was ever prepared for it.
A. So suddenly the disaster came B. So suddenly did the disaster come
C. So did the disaster come suddenly D. Did the disaster come so suddenly
31. By industry, I don't mean _____ usually thought of when that word is associated with companies and factories.
A. that we B. as you C. all is D. what is
32. Calculations, which are astronomically accurate, have been made _____ with the use of computers.
A. possible B. it possible C. possibly D. it to be possible
33. _____, the more severe the winters are.
A. The more north you go B. The farther you go the north
C. The more you go north D. The farther north you go
34. I don't mind _____ the decision as long as it is not too late.
A. you to delay making B. your delaying making
C. your delaying to make D. you delay to make
35. On no account _____ to anyone who works in the company.
A. my name must be mentioned B. my name must mention
C. must my name be mentioned D. must my name be mentioning

36. That young girl's black hair is a sharp _____ to her pale skin.
A. contrast B. color C. comparison D. opposite
37. Only those _____ knew well could be let in.
A. who B. he C. that D. people
38. The population of China is larger than _____ in Asia.
A. any country B. that of any country
C. that of any other country D. those of any country
39. — Has Mary finished her project yet?
— No. She _____ yesterday.
A. ought to finish it B. should have been finished it
C. must have finished it D. ought to have finished it
40. We found him _____ in the classroom _____ the exam.
A. seat ... preparing B. seating ... make preparations for
C. seated ... prepared for D. seated ... preparing for
41. _____ we take a walk after dinner along the river every day is good _____ our health.
A. That ... for B. What ... to C. / ... for D. Because ... to
42. The doctor could do nothing but _____ the medical use of psychology.
A. to accept B. accept C. accepting D. to have accepted
43. The taxi driver had no choice but _____ help.
A. to turn the passenger for B. to turn to the passenger for
C. turn the passenger for D. turn to the passenger for
44. I can't find the kid everywhere. This sentence means _____.
A. I can't find the kid anywhere B. It is easy for me to find the kid
C. I can still find the kid somewhere D. Nowhere can I find the kid
45. Mrs. Brown explained _____ what had happened.
A. to a policeman B. to a policeman about
C. a policeman D. a policeman about
46. He never minds _____. He has his own way of life.
A. to be laughed B. to be laughed at
C. being laughed D. being laughed at
47. It is advisable that she _____ biology next semester.
A. take B. takes
C. will take D. should have taken
48. He could have passed the exam, but he _____ careful enough.

- A. hadn't been B. wasn't
C. wouldn't be D. couldn't have been
49. It is necessary for us to learn _____ second language _____ our own.
A. the ... besides B. a ... except C. a ... besides D. the ... except for
50. Some materials are resistant _____ electricity.
A. against B. for C. in D. to
51. It was _____ issue that he really didn't know _____.
A. so important an ... how to do B. such an important ... what to do
C. so an important ... how to do it D. such an important ... what to do it
52. _____ his writing, he practised a lot.
A. He wanted to improve B. If he wanted to improve
C. In order to improve D. Improving
53. Mr. Wang _____ a very difficult man _____.
A. proves ... to please B. is proved ... to please
C. proves ... to please with D. is proved ... to be pleased
54. When you read a difficult book, you'd better make a mark _____ you have any questions.
A. at which B. at where C. the place where D. where
55. After wandering from town to town, he at last found a small hotel _____.
A. to stay B. to stay in C. to live D. to live in
56. The trousers are _____ long and I must have _____.
A. much too ... it shortened B. too much ... it shorten
C. much too ... them shortened D. too much ... them shorten
57. My friend told me _____ had happened to him when he was in Egypt.
A. all B. that C. all that D. all what
58. The man ran as fast as he could _____ the thief.
A. catch B. to catch C. catching D. caught
59. They are _____ little children that they can't have _____ much money with them.
A. so ... such B. such ... so C. so ... so D. such ... such
60. The news _____ he _____ is not true.
A. which ... had been elected the director
B. which ... has been elected director
C. that ... had been elected the director
D. that ... has been elected director

61. It was obvious that the _____ look on his face was _____. So we didn't dare to ask any questions to him.
 A. frightened ... frightening B. frightening ... frightened
 C. frightened ... frightened D. frightening ... frightening
62. I would not do that _____ I you.
 A. was B. am C. be D. were
63. — _____ progress he has made!
 — _____. As we all know he is always studying hard.
 A. What a great ... He has so B. What great ... So he has
 C. What a much ... He has so D. How rapid ... So he has
64. This is the student _____ I know will help us with this computer problem.
 A. who B. whom C. whose D. what
65. Even those well trained in _____ are often puzzled by the idiomatic structure of _____.
 A. the English ... language B. English ... English language
 C. the English language ... English D. the English language ... the English
66. It is time that the child _____ himself.
 A. dress B. to dress C. was dressed D. dressed
67. I can hardly imagine Peter _____ along the highway alone the other day.
 A. driving B. drive C. to drive D. to have driven
68. Entering the office, I found the manager _____ at the desk and _____ a document.
 A. seated ... signed B. to be seated ... sign
 C. seating ... singing D. seated ... signing
69. — What can I do for you?
 — If you _____ see Mr. Allen, please give him my best regards.
 A. should B. would C. shall D. will
70. Cars moved very slowly in the 1920s, but they _____ move more quickly than in the 1910s.
 A. were to B. did C. will D. can
71. The students often say this is _____ for them.
 A. a too difficult problem B. too difficult problem
 C. too difficult a problem D. too a difficult problem
72. _____ you do has nothing to do with me.
 A. Whatever B. No matter what C. No matter how D. However

73. Police officers _____ the murder have _____ hundreds of families.
 A. worked at ... asked B. working on ... questioned
 C. worked at ... demanded D. working on ... discovered
74. Julia has lived in Shanghai for about five years, so she _____ Shanghai's public transportation.
 A. is got used to take B. used to take
 C. has got used to taking D. has used to taking
75. Several months later, they finished _____ their movement on the ice.
 A. practising to control B. to practising controlling
 C. to practise controlling D. practising controlling
76. My parents have _____ for nineteen years.
 A. got married B. been married C. married D. been marrying
77. Though having a big market share, most electronic devices of this kind _____ found poor in quality.
 A. is B. is being C. are D. having been
78. This material is the cheapest in the store, but it has the same quality as _____.
 A. they are highly priced B. highly priced
 C. those that are highly priced D. ones which highly priced
79. Do you think it possible to create _____ new Shanghai twenty years from now, which is quite different from _____ Shanghai of today?
 A. a ... the B. the ... a C. / ... / D. a ... /
80. Elizabeth _____ to school in time for Professor Sullivan's lecture, but she got up rather late.
 A. could come B. could have come
 C. had come D. will have come
81. We've got only six hours in Paris; we are leaving at seven, but I am sure that we _____ everything of importance by then.
 A. shall see B. will be seeing C. have seen D. shall have seen
82. _____ a large audience, the president said that a new educational reform was essential.
 A. Addressed B. Addressing
 C. While being addressed D. To be addressing
83. The three young men tried to steal into the stadium without tickets, _____ by the ticket-collector.
 A. had been found out B. only being found out