

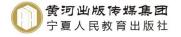
主编 慧语轩教育编辑中心

高考

与新題型

单句与篇章训练相结合专项与综合训练相结合

语法填空 短文改错 七选五阅读理解



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前言

近几年,高考英语试题中出现了一系列的新题型,使英语试题多样化,知识点考查更灵活。语 法填空、短文改错、七选五阅读等这些新的考查形式在各地高考试卷中的出现,对广大师生的高考 备考提出了新的要求。这些新题型,设计更科学,形式更灵活,方法更多样,真正体现了语言灵活 运用的特点,侧重知识的理解和应用,是近几年我国高考英语改革成果中的亮点。为了帮助考生 适应新形势,掌握新技巧,以便在考试中取得好成绩,我们特别编著本书奉献给学生。

比较同类辅导资料,本书有以下鲜明特色:

- 一、设题科学,实用性强。本书分块训练,针对性强,循序渐进。题目设置重基础、重效率,能 举一反三,能事半功倍,使学生得实惠得实效。
- 二、难度适中,质量一流。本书编排科学、谨严、实用、高效。撰稿人由一线特级教师、高级教师担任。在编写过程中,编撰者审读、质疑、推敲、修改、再审读,"精而益求其精,备而益求其备",确保了本书的一流质量。
- 三、材料新颖,讲解详细。本书的材料选择一些当下最新的话题供学生练习,使学生在做题的同时了解一些时事新闻,同时提高了学生学习英语的兴趣。答案部分的讲解详细,能够帮助学生理解难题和强化重点知识点。

四、专项训练与综合训练相结合。专项训练有的放矢,使学生在短时间内掌握相应知识点和 技巧。综合训练模拟真实考场,让学生加强练习,更好地适应考试环境。





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新题型综合训练

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第一部分 语法填空专项训练



一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用单词的正确形式填空。
.—Every year thousands and thousands of(tour) from all over the world come to visit
Beijing.
—Right. Beijing is really a beautiful city.
2. There are thirty(woman) teachers and three hundred(girl) students in the
school.
3. A (major) of women have found jobs in the city since the government took effective
measures to protect their rights.
1. Tou re quite right; sir: The garden isn't finne but my (heighbour).
5. George paid a visit to Beijing last year, and he said he would never forget the(beautiful) of
II,
5. Betty has to get up early every morning because her school is half an (hour) walk
from her home.
7. You are always full of(strong). Can you tell me the secret?
3. The (practise) of hanging clothes across the street is a common (see) in
many parts of the city.
The English teacher tries every(mean) to help his students.
10. "May I take your order now?" "We'd like three black(coffee) and two green
(tea)."
11. The club has all kinds of(activity), such as jogging, riding and so on, and I like
(swim) of all.
2. With the(develop) of modern technology, people's life has improved a lot.
3. He was remembered because of the(contribute) he made to the Chinese economic
development.
14. —Oh, my god! We have missed the last bus. What shall we do?
—I'm afraid we have no (choose) but to take a taxi.
5. The(girl) shoes were covered with mud, so I asked them to take them off before
they got into (Tom) car.

Recordings of angry bees are enough to send big, tough African elephants running away, a new study says. Beehives (蜂窝) —either recorded or real—may even prevent elephants from

二、篇章语法填空。阅读下列材料,用恰当的名词填空。

damaging 1 (farmer) crops.

Lucy found a wild beehive inside a tree in northern Kenya and set up a <u>2</u> (record). Then she threw a stone into the beehive, which burst into life. Lucy and her assistant hid in their car until the angry bees had calmed down. Next, Lucy searched out <u>3</u> (elephant) families in Samburu National Reserve in northern Kenya and put a speaker in a tree close to each family.

From a __4__(distant), Lucy switched on the pre-recorded sound of angry bees while at the same time recording the elephants with a video camera. Half the elephant groups left the area within ten seconds. Out of the __5__(group), only one group ignored the sound of the angry __6__(bee). Lucy reported that all the young elephants immediately ran to their mothers to hide under them. When Lucy played the sound of a waterfall (瀑布) instead of the angry bees to many of the same elephant families, the animals were undisturbed. Even after several __7__(minute), most of the groups stayed in one place.

Lucy is now studying whether the elephants will continue to avoid the sound of angry bees after __8 (hear) it several times. She hasn't tested enough groups yet to know, but her initial (最初的) __9 (result) were promising enough to begin trails with farmers. She has now begun placing __10 (speak) in the fields to see if elephants are frightened away.

新

型



第

一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用冠词或数词的正确形式填空。	
1. — Which of the two poems do you like better?	
— shorter one, of course. I think it's really most interesting one.	部
2 most efficient way to understand thousands of new words is to gain good_	HP
	分
3. When you grow up in large family, you are more likely to develop ability to	7.5
get on well with others.	됵
4. —I hear that there was a terrible crash in the subway in Shanghai the other day.	.
-Yes, news came as shock to all of us.	
5. Nicknames are interesting. If man was unusually strong, he might adopt	美
name such as Armstrong.	₹
6. Li Qun, who graduated from university in South China, is now studying for her	⇒
degree in Furopean country	١.
7. If you are hunting chance to improve yourself in English, I think the English corner	
will be smart choice.	11 ;
8. China will continue to keep yuan exchange rate stable at reasonable #	制、
balanced level.	\perp
9. It is thought that custom of coloring eggs was brought to Europe during (3
Middle Ages.	
10 "Occupy Wall Street" movement started as way of showing frustration(沮丧)	
about high unemployment, social inequality and other issues in American society.	
11. —Jimmy will hold a party for his (twelve) birthday. Let's buy a present for him.	
—OK. Let's go.	
12. Mo Yan is the(one) Chinese writer to win the Nobel Prize in Literature. (诺贝尔文学奖).	
13. The famous player won his (nine) gold medal of his life in the (thirty)	
Olympic Games held in 2012 in London.	
14. I don't know London well because I have only been there(two) in the past few years.	
15. In his (forty), he got many achievements and succeeded at his work.	
二、篇章语法填空。阅读下列材料,用恰当的冠词或数词填空。	
Professor Yangzi was born in Shanghai and graduated in 1 art school. Since his childhood, he	
has had a very bad heart. However, Yang studied hard at school and did best in everything. He	
has designed many famous buildings at home and abroad and finished his 2 (nine) building	
design in his 3 (thirty). He became famous in the world at a young age. Although Yang is	
4 success, he is in poor health. His family have 5 (two) advised him to have a good rest	[]].]).
at home, but he often says art design is his value never to be paused. This year, however, after	
some relatives made a 6 (three) suggestion and especially an invitation from 7 British	
medical care centre, he changed his mind. At the same time, a friend of his in England, who	5
likes Chinese architecture very much, wrote a letter which also attracted him. 8 friend added	1
that they could study what they are interested in together and visit 9 (hundred) of old buildings in	
their country. Yang's family are excited at 10 decision for him to recover abroad. They are	1
making a plan for the journey in a beautiful country.	2





新	
	一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用单词的正确形式填空。
题	1. The present situation makes difficult for us to accomplish the task on time.
型	2. Then, later that afternoon, big quake which was almost as strong as the first one
	shook Tangshan.
	3. The story (it) is wonderful, but the actor doesn't act well and many young people
	don't think highly of it.
	4. His composition, not as interesting as(I), was accepted as the best one by all the
	fellows in our class.
	5. —Maggie, let me help you carry the heavy bag since you have had two more.
_	—No, thanks. I'll do it by (me).
$\langle \ \ $	6. The day before yesterday I received a letter from(she) and was told that a friend of
×	(we)is going to visit(I) during the Spring Festival.
(4)	7. My daughter is old enough to look after(she). She can stay at home alone without
	(we) around.
	8. —How do you like this man?
	—He is (something) of a good businessman, for his business is always in a mess.
	9.—Has anything new been discussed on that problem so far?
	—Much, and (many) will follow, I think.
	10. —Why was the Chinese actress Gong Li chosen as the leading actress in the film Curse on the
	Golden Flowers?
	—Because the part of the queen required intelligence and beauty, both of she has.
	11. Would you please make a copy for everybody in the office and some extra (one) for
	the visitors?
	12. Clothing made of man-made fibres has certain advantages over made of natural
	fibres like cotton, wool or silk.
	13. I will never know what was on his mind at the time, nor will(someone) else.
	14. Our nerghbors gave(we) a baby bird yesterday that hurt(it) when it fell
	from its nest.
	15. —I haven't found any money though I've searched the drawer bottom up.
	—Then, I'm afraid there is (no) left.

二、篇章语法填空。阅读下列材料,用恰当的代词填空。

Happiness is important for everyone. Most people want to be happy, but 1 know how to find happiness. Money and success alone do not bring lasting happiness, 2 depends on 3 (myself). In other words, we make 4 (us) own happiness. Here are a few ways to help you be happier.

The first secret of happiness is to enjoy the simple things in life. Too often, we spend so 5 (many) of our time thinking about the future-for example, getting into college or getting a good job-that we fail to enjoy the present. You should enjoy life's simple pleasures, such as reading a good book, listening to 6 favorite music, or spending time with close friends. Those 7 have several close friends tend(有……打算) to live happier and healthier lives than 8 (other).

法 The second secret of happiness is to be active. Many people experience this, dancing or playing a sport. You can forget about your problems, and only think about the activity.

Finally, many people find happiness in helping others. According to studies, people feel good when 9 volunteer their time to do many meaningful things for other people. If you want 项 to feel happier, do 10 nice for someone.

第

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4 7 /1	
	一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用单词的正确形式填空。
题	1. Mother Teresa, was born in Macedonia, Europe. She was the (young) of three
Til	children of the family and (lovely) than the other two.
型	2 (sad), US singer and actress Whitney Huston was found (die) in her
	bathroom on Feb 13th, 2012.
	3. Ricky will always remember the (please) trip to Hong Kong Disneyland he had after
	the(finally) exams last summer.
	4. If we don't protect the wetlands, it will be (possible) to see these (endanger)
	animals, such as pandas and swans.
	5. The Chinese Ping-pong team (final) won all of the four gold medals
	(success) in the 30th Olympic Games in London.
	6. I had wanted to go to the concert, but(fortunate), I had some(importance)
1	things to do that day.
6	7(bad) still, the flood has killed over 2,000 people, affected 20 million and made some
	4 million(home).
	8. The(coudly)music in the supermarket sounded so (noise) that I wanted to
	leave at once.
	9. Since the new bridge across the sea was completed, many (wood) houses have been
	built for the tourists in this area (recent).
	10. Last night we enjoyed ourselves in the party so (excite) that we didn't feel
	(sleep) even at midnight.
	11. After recovering from the disease, I was advised to eat (health) food and exercise
	(regular).
	12. It is (good) to spend money on preventing illnesses by promoting healthy living
	rather than spending it trying to make people(well) after they are ill.
	13. —Is this your second car?
	—Yes. Blue is always my colour. It is a little(wide) but still fits(easy)
	into the garage.
	14. —How did you feel when you saw the launch of Chang'e I, China's first lunar orbiter live on
	TV?
	—I couldn't be(excite).
	15. It looks like the weather is changing for(bad). Shall we stick to our plan?

二、篇章语法填空。阅读下列材料,用恰当的形容词或副词填空。

In most languages, a greeting is 1 (usual) followed by "small talk". Small talk means the little things we talk about at the start of a conversation.

In English-speaking countries people often make small talk about the weather: "Nice day, isn't it?" "Terrible weather, isn't it?" But there is something special about small talk. It must be about something which both people have 2 opinion about. The purpose of small talk is to let both people agree on something. This makes meeting people easier and 3 (comfort). People usually agree about the weather, <u>4</u> it is a safe topic for small talk. But people often disagree about religion or politics so these are not 5 (suit) topics for small talk in English. The topics for small talk also depend on 6 the conversation is taking place. At football matches, people 语 make small talk about the game they are watching: "Great game, isn't it?" At bus stops, people 法 may comment about the transport system: "The bus service is terrible, isn't it?"

Greetings and small talk are an 7 (importance) part of conversation in any language. 蓉 The way people greet each other and the things they talk about, 8, may be different from # one language to another. This shows that there is 9 (much) to learn when we learn a 项 language than just the vocabulary and the grammar of the language. We also have to learn the 10 (society) behavior of the people who speak it.

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дуі	一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用恰当的介词填空。
题	1so much work to do, the manager had to stay another two hours in the company with
型	all the workers.
	2.—The night before,having a rest, he had been dealing some matters in the
	school.
	—No wonder he looked sleepy then.
	3. I feel that one of my main duties a teacher is to help the students to become better
	learners.
	4. Animals suffered at the hands of Man the reason that they were destroyed by people
\langle	to make way for agricultural land to provide food for more people.
$\langle \ \ $	5. The accident is reported to have occurred the first Sunday in February.
\bigvee	6. You can't wear a blue jacket that shirt — it'll look terrible.
8	7. You can change your job, and you can move house, but friendship is meant to be
	life.
	8. The shirt has been cut short 1.5 inches, I'm afraid it is too tight the shoulders
	now.
	9. As is known us all,100°C is the temperature which water will boil.
	10. I think it isn't easy parents to raise their expectations of their children too high.
	11arrival there, Jim chose the Well Hotel standing in a quiet place the main
	road at the far end of the lake.
	12. Sean has formed the habit of jogging the tree-lined avenue for two hours every day.
	13. Modern equipment and no smoking are two of the things I like working here.
	14. Elizabeth has already achieved success her wildest dreams.
	15. Leaves are found on all kinds of trees, but they differ greatly size and shape.
	二、篇章语法填空。阅读下列材料,用恰当的介词或所给词的正确形式填空。
	The school was1_ (cross) the street from our home and I would often watch the kids as
	they played during the break. She seemed so small as she pushed her way the crowd of boys
	on the playground.
	I began to notice her <u>3</u> other times, basketball in hand, playing alone. She would
	practice dribbling(运球) and shooting over and over again, sometimes4_ dark. One day I

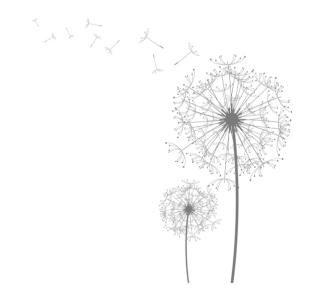
asked her why she practiced so much. She looked directly __5 _ my eyes and __6 _ (with) a moment of hesitation she said, "I want to go to college."

One day, I saw her head buried in her arms. I asked what was the matter. "Oh, nothing,"

The coach told me that at my height I would probably never get to play __7 _ a top ranked team.

I advised her to talk to her dad about it. Then he told her that if she really wanted to play for a good college, if she truly wanted a scholarship, nothing could stop her __8 _ one thing— her own attitude. He told her again, "if the dream is big enough, the facts don't count."

The next year, as she and her team went to the Northern California Championship game, she was seen __9 _ a college recruiter(招聘人员). She was indeed offered a scholarship. She was going to get the college education that she had dreamed __10 _ and worked toward for all those years.





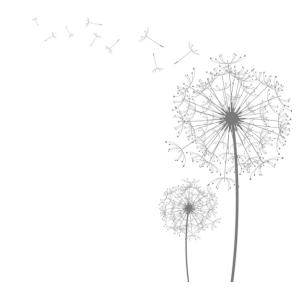
动词及动词短语彙

新	
н	一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用单词的正确形式填空。
题	1. Denise's father signed up to be a bus driver, advantage of all possible opportunities
型	to meet foreign visitors and journalists who could help find the missing girl.
	2. She drove so fast at the turn that the car almost went the road.
	3. The company referred in your letter sent a two-man team on a tour of six provinces
	last week.
	4. No matter how low you consider yourself, there is always someone looking to you
	wishing they were that high.
	5. Sam has up some knowledge of the computer just by watching others working on it.
<u> </u>	6. You look well. The air and the sea foods in Sanya must with you, I suppose.
\leq	7. My mother opened the drawer to put the knives and spoons.
×_	8. Terry, please look up your cell phone when Grandma is talking to you.
(10)	9. When the sports heroup at our party, he was welcomed with open arms.
	10. Caroline doesn't have a gift for music, but sheup for it with hard work.
	11. I've been trying to phone Charles all evening, but there must be something wrong with the
	network; I can't seem to get
	12.—You look upset. What's the matter?
	—I had my proposal down again.
	13. Put the medicine in a proper place to make that it is out of your children's reach.
	14. The gas in my car isout, so I must find a gas station to fill it up as soon as possible.
	15. The two countries are going to meet todown some barriers to trade between them.
	二、篇章语法填空。阅读下列材料,用动词的适当形式填空。
	Recordings of angry bees are enough to send big, tough African elephants1_(run) away,
	a new study says. Beehives (蜂窝) —either recorded or real—may even prevent elephants <u>2</u>
	(damage) farmers' crops.
	Lucy found a wild beehive inside a tree in northern Kenya and set up a recorder. Then she
	3 (throw) a stone into the beehive, which burst into life. Lucy and her assistant hid in their
	car until the angry bees had4_ (calm) down. Next, Lucy searched out elephant families in
	Samburu National Reserve in northern Kenya and put a speaker in a tree close to each family.

From a distance, Lucy switched on the pre-recorded sound of angry bees while at the same

Lucy is now studying whether the elephants will continue to avoid the sound of angry bees after __8_ (hear) it several times. She hasn't tested enough groups yet __9_ (know), but her initial (最初的) results were promising enough to begin trails with farmers. She has now begun placing speakers in the fields to see if elephants are __10_ (frighten) away.

语法填空专项训练(11)







新

题	一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用动词的的正确时态填空。
~~	1. Firemen (fight) the forest fire for nearly three weeks before they could get it under
型	control. 2. This would solve the problem of ventilation, for if a train(enter) this tunnel, it would draw in fresh air behind it.
	3. A big surprise to see you! I (think) you were not supposed to come back until
	tomorrow.
	4. He's the only one of his family who (pass) the driving test so far, isn't he?
	5. The accident was so bad that all the doctors except Dr Li (save) the patients in
	danger at that time.
	6. —Could you tell me how your daughter usually goes to school?
	—Yes. If it is fine, she (ride) to school.
×.	7. The three boy students Miss White paid special attention to(make) great progress at
/	last.
	8. It was reported that the plane to London(fly) back to Paris by the time of 2:30
(12)	yesterday afternoon because of the rainstorm. Out in the account time that the two houses (format) to return the healt to the
	9. It is the second time that the two boys (forget) to return the book to the
	library on time. 10. The old man was honoured for what he(do) for the poor since 10 years ago.
	11. Later on, I (realize) that it doesn't matter if you don't understand every word.
	12. Ever since middle school, my sister Wang Wei and I (dream) about taking a great bike trip.
	13. The red letter day that he had been looking forward to (come) at last and he made
	up his mind to repair his bicycle by himself.
	14. A large number of people (reply) to what the cruel murderer did since the news was covered on TV.
	15. I walked slowly through the market, where people(sell) all kinds of fruits and vegetables.
	I studied the prices carefully and bought what I needed.
	二、篇章语法填空。阅读下列材料,用动词的正确时态填空。
	How time1_(fly)! The new term2_(come). At the beginning of the year, I made up
	my mind that I <u>3</u> (help) the other students in my class with their lessons. This week, I
	4 (do) so because 5th, March is the day for us to learn from Leifeng. Last term, I got a
	reward, for I5 (help) nearly 20 students with their English. I was popular with all the
	teachers and fellow students. They all thanked me for what I had done. And since then, I 6
	(keep) doing such kind of things for another term. I (think) all the time that I will be
	praised by my teachers and classmates again this time. Some teachers 8 (talk) about the
	models in the office just now when I 9 (enter). Hearing that, I was very happy. They told
	me that they 10 (decide) to choose me again to be the model. But I think I will still work
	hard for my teachers and classmates.

	第
一、单句语法填空。阅读下列各小题,用单词的正确形式填空。	
1. The cinema we used to go to (turn) into a hotel by the government in two years.	部
2. He told us the boat would not float in the direction of wind if it (control).	
3. The people in the earthquake area(provide) with food and medicine from all over the	分
world last month.	语
4. The number of deaths from heart disease will be reduced greatly if people(persuade)	法填
to eat more fruit and vegetables.	空
5. Every time I take part in a friend's big party. I always go to talk to those who just sit alone so	专
that they don't feel(leave)out.	项
6. More roads(build) to solve the problem of traffic jams by the government.	训 练
7. —Did you enjoy last night's concert?	13
—Yes, though the last piece (play) rather poor.	
8. After all the preparations for the task(complete), we started.	
9. It (say) that another steel plant will be set up in this city.	
10. The wet weather will continue tomorrow when a cold front (expect) to arrive.	
11. —Who should be responsible for the accident?	
—The boss, not the workers. They just carried out the order as (tell).	
12. —What's that noise?	
—Oh, I forgot to tell you. The new machine (test).	
13. If Newton lived today, he would be surprised by what (discover) in science and	
technology.	
14. If nothing(do), the oceans will turn into fish deserts.	
15. After school we went to the reading room to do some reading, only to be told that it	
(decorate).	
	E Carlo