



课后精练卷



本书编写组 编

课后巩固 同步精练 一卷在手 考试无忧





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前 言

亲爱的读者:

你好!

我们向你隆重推荐这套书,它可以成为你英语学习的得力助手,将你引入愉快学习乐园,帮助你扎扎实实地学好知识,为将来的英语学习打下牢固的基础。下面,请来看看我们这套书的特点吧!

第一,它是完全按照我们上海二期课改的精神进行编写的,从练习的内容到练习的形式都符合二期课改英语课程的标准。

第二,它是由一线的高级教师编写,并由资深的专家修改审定成稿,集广大 长期工作在一线的教师的经验,也汇集了名师专家的智慧。

第三,更突出的特点是:它是与你的学习同步。在每节课后都有个配套的练习,练习的针对性强,能帮助你更好地掌握本领。

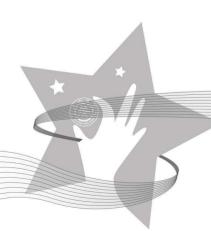
第四,我们在切实减轻你过重的课业负担的前提下,精选练习题,供你和你的家长根据实际情况自主调控和选用。也使你有机会从不同的角度进行训练,从而开拓思路,发展思维。

如果你认真进行训练的话,将会发现其中有许多你从未碰到过的新问题、新挑战,这将有助你开发智力,增长见识。

我们衷心希望本套书能成为你学习中的贴心朋友,衷心祝愿大家在知识、能力、素养和创新的学习道路上走得越来越好!

本书编写组

读交大之星 圆名校之梦



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Module 1 City life



Unit 1 Great cities in Asia

[.	Tran	slate	the following phrases	into English (将下	列词组翻译成英语):	
	1.	中国的	的首都		2. 在亚洲	
	3.	大约]	1 小时		4. 从北京到上海	
	5.	坐飞机	几去泰国		6. 北京的西北面	
	7.	乘飞机	几去日本旅游		8. 乘火车去上海	
Ι.	Choo	se the	e best answer (选择最	恰当的答案):		
	() 1.	The train arrived a	t the station half	hour ago.	
			A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
	() 2.	My uncle will trave	lNew Y	ork during the Nationa	al Day.
			A. to	B. on	C. at	D. from
	() 3.	Some people are co	ming back to Sha	nghai fromci	ties.
			A. another	B. others	C. the other	D. other
	() 4.	I hear the teachers	will have the mee	eting for	
			A. two and a half l	hour	B. two hour and a	half
			C. two and a half l	nours	D. two hours and	half
	() 5.	About twenty	people came t	to the small town last	year.
			A. million	B. millions	C. million of	D. millions o
	() 6.	—is it fro	om your house to t	the new supermarket?	
			— About twenty m	inutes' walk.		
			A. How long	B. How soon	C. How often	D. How far
	() 7.	The children enjoy	up in Me	other's old clothes.	
			A. dress	B. dressed	C. dressing	D. to dress
	() 8.	In the past, people	candles	to light their homes.	

	A. use	B. used	C. will use	D. are using
() 9. — We are going to	Japan for a trip nex	at month. —	
	A. That's all right		B. That's right.	
	C. Let's go.		D. Have a good tin	me.
. Con	nplete the sentences with the	given words in their p	oroper forms (用括号	中所给单词的适
当刑	※式完成下列句子。每空格	限填一词):		
1.	I live near the supermarke	et, so it's very conve	nient to go	. (shop)
2.	The are usually	popular in summer.	(beach)	
3.	People can enjoy	food in Bangkok.	(spice)	
4.	All of the think	the West Lake is ve	ry beautiful. (tour)	
5.	Going to is a go	od idea. When woul	d you like to go? (T	hai)
. Con	nplete the following sentence	es as required (根据	所给要求完成句子。	每空格限填一
词)	:			
1.	Peter can find his daughte	er at the door of the	classroom.(改为否)	定句)
	Peter	his daughter at the d	loor of the classroom	1.
2.	Helen wants to buy the w	hite house. (对画线)	部分提问)	
	does I	Helen want to buy?		
3.	Ten students in our class t	ake a bus to school	every day.(保持句意	(基本不变)
	Ten students in our class §	go to school	every day	у.
4.	It took Maria two months	to finish the work.	(对画线部分提问)	
	did it	take Maria to finish	the work?	
5.	It took me about ten hour	s to make this mode	l plane.(保持句意基	本不变)
	I about ten hour	rs this mod	el plane.	
. Mal	ke up sentences with the wor	ds or phrases given (连词成句):	
1.	year, usually, I, lunch, s	chool, have, at, thi	s	
2.	more than, people, 15 mi	llion, in, there are,	city, this	
3.	from Shanghai to Beijing,	does, how long, it	, take, to travel, by	plane

Ι.	Tran	slate 1	the following phrases	s into English (料	将下列	词组	l翻译成英语):	
	1.	多远_			2. 多	5久_		
	3.	在过去	Ė		4. 游	挖土		
	5. 7	在美丽	丽的海滩上		6 . 	沙州自	的大城市	
	7. 🕏	看着地	也图		8. 讷	多高	高楼大厦	
Ι.	Choo	se the	e best answer (选择量	景恰当的答案):				
	() 1.	city is th	e capital of Fra	ince?			
			A. Where	B. What		C.	Which	D. When
	() 2.	It's ten minutes' w	alk G	arden	Cit	y to the airport.	e.
			A. far	B. from		C.	away	D. farther
	() 3.	It takes about	to travel f	from S	han	ghai to Hainan	Island by plane.
			A. two half hours			B.	two and half he	ours
			C. two and a half	hour		D.	two hours and	a half
	() 4.	There is	exhibition in C	ity Ce	ntre	·.	
			A. a	B. an		C.	the	D. /
	() 5.	In the past, most	of the students			to school on foo	ot.
			A. go	B. goes		C.	went	D. going
	() 6.	In the past, people	e travelled to _		_ p	laces by ship.	
			A. other	B. the other		C.	another	D. others
	(7.	People enjoys	to music.				
			A. listen	B. listening		C.	listens	D. listened
	() 8.	Miss Guo and her	students are		abo	out Beijing.	
			A. read some info	rmation		В.	reading some in	nformations
			C. reading some in	nformation		D.	read some info	rmation
Ⅱ.	Comp	plete	the following sentence	ces as required ((根据)	所给	要求完成句子。	每空格限填一
	词):							
	1.]	In the	e past, people trave	lled to other pla	aces by	y sh	ip.(改为否定句	
]	In the	e past, people	to	o othe	r pl	aces by ship.	
	2.]	It is <u>1</u>	,400 kilometres fro	m Shanghai to	Beijing	g. (对画线部分提问)

 1.
 2.
 3.

 5.
 6.

3. They have stayed in Lushan for three weeks. (对画线部分提问) have they stayed in Lushan? 4. Lisa usually goes to school on foot. (对画线部分提问) Lisa usually go to school? 5. The tourists enjoy swimming in the sea in Bangkok. (对画线部分提问) do the tourists enjoy in the sea in Bangkok? Ⅳ. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适 当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词): 1. We are going to visit some big in Asia. (city) 2. A lot of come to Shanghai every year. (tourist) 3. You can see a lot of tall in Shanghai. (build) **4**. They also love eating food. (spice) 5. There are many temples and in Bangkok. (beach) V. Complete the following passage with the words or phrases in the box. Each can only be used once (将下列单词或词组填入空格。每空格限填一词,每词只能填一次): B. night C. oldest D. from A. famous E. wonderful F. more than G. old Oxford is a very interesting old city in England. It is about 80 kilometres 1 London. No one knows how old it is! It is very 2 for its university and its historical (历史的) buildings. There are 3 900 historical buildings in Oxford. Oxford University has got 35 colleges (学院) and about 13,500 students. One of the colleges is Christ Church College. Christ Church College is not the 4 but it is the most beautiful college of all. It is 469 years 5 and it is very famous for "Great Tom". "Great Tom" is a bell that weighs over 6,000 kilos and rings 101 times every 6 at 9:05 p.m. Oxford is a beautiful city with many gardens, bookshops and student pubs. 1. ____ 2. ___ 3. ___ 4. ___

is it from Shanghai to Beijing?



I. Fill	in the blanks according to	the phonetic symbols	(根据音标写单词):	
1.	Washington is the	/'kæpɪtl/ of the U	JSA.	
2.	/'tuərısts/ must	not take photos in th	ne museum.	
3.	An Asian is a person born	or living in	/'eɪʃə/.	
4.	There is a/hjux	d ₃ / shopping mall ne	ear my home.	
5.	There will be an art	/ieksɪˈbɪʃn/ in c	our school.	
Ⅱ. Cho	ose the best answer (选择最	恰当的答案):		
() 1. You can find	people in the so	quare.	
	A. millions	B. million of	C. millions of	D. million
() 2. There are about 8	people in I	Bangkok.	
	A. million	B. millions	C. hundred	D. hundreds
() 3. There are more t	han 5 students in th	ne playground. The	underlined part
	means "	·.		
	A. about	B. less than	C. over	D. few
() 4 . Bangkok is	Thailand.		
	A. a capital of		B. an capital of	
	C. the capital of		D. capital of	
() 5 . T37 Train is	Nanjing	Shanghai.	
	A. in, in	B. on, in	C. from, in	D. from, to
(6. I wish to travel	different citie	es in the world.	
	A. in	B. at	C. to	D. from
() 7. In the past, people	clothes by	y hand.	
	A. wash	B. washes	C. washing	D. washed
(8. Alice usually	to Hainan Island	d in summer vacation	n.
	A. fly	B. flies	C. flew	D. flying
() 9. We can get a lot of	f from the	Internet.	
	A. picture	B. movie	C. information	D. story
()10. All the children en	joy games	on computer.	
	A. play	B. plays	C. playing	D. played

Ⅲ. Choose the best answer (根据短文内容,选择最恰当的答案):

Dick lived in England. One day in January he said to his wife, "I'm going to fly to New York next week because I will work there.""Where are you going to stay there?" his wife asked. "I don't know yet," Dick answered. "Please send me your address from there in a telegram (电报)," his wife said. "All right," Dick answered.

He flew to New York on January 31st and found a nice hotel in the centre of the city. He put his things in his room and then he sent his wife a telegram. He put the address of his hotel in it.

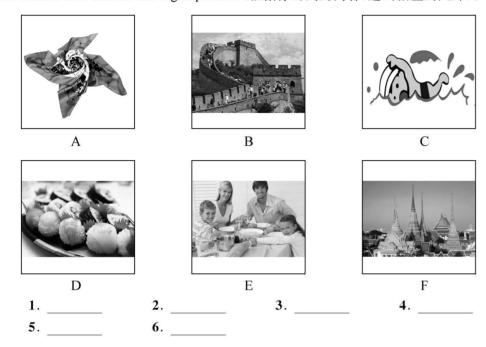
In the evening he went to a cinema. After seeing the film, Dick wanted to take a taxi to the hotel and have a nice dinner, but he didn't remember the name and address of his hotel.

"What should I do now?" Dick said to himself. After a while, Dick went into a post office. There he sent his wife another telegram, and in it he wrote, "Please send

pos	st office. There he sen	t his wife another tele	egram, and in it he wro	ote, Please se
me	my address to this pos	t office."		
() 1. Dick flew to N	lew York because		
	A. he went the	ere for a holiday		
	B. he would ha	ave to work there		
	C. he went the	ere for sightseeing (观	L光)	
	D. his home w	as there		
() 2. Why did his w	ife want a telegram fr	rom him?	
	A. Because she	e didn't know his add	ress yet.	
	B. Because she	wanted to go to Nev	v York, too.	
	C. Because she	e might send him anot	ther telegram.	
	D. Because she	e couldn't leave her h	usband by himself in N	lew York.
() 3. Where did Dic	k stay in New York?		
	A. In his new	house.	B. In a hotel.	
	C. In a restaur	ant.	D. At his friend's	house.
() 4. Who would sen	nd him the name and	address of his hotel?	
	A. The manag	er of his hotel.	B. The police off	icer.
	C. The taxi dr	iver.	D. His wife.	
() 5. What do you t	hink of Dick?		
	A. Brave.	B. Careful.	C. Careless.	D. Clever.

I. Listening comprehension (听力理解):

A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容,选出相应的图片):



- B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear(根据你 听到的对话和问题,选出最恰当的答案):
 - () 1. A. About 11 hours.

B. About 12 hours.

C. About 13 hours.

- D. About 14 hours.
-) 2. A. Because she has been there once.
 - B. Because she likes Hangzhou.
 - C. Because she doesn't like travelling.
 - D. Because she doesn't like Nanjing.
-) 3. A. At 9.

- C. At 11.
- D. At 12.

D. Britain.

-) **4**. A. By train.
- B. On foot.

B. At 10.

- C. By bike. D. By bus.
-) 5. A. Dumplings and vegetables.

C. Swim in the sea.

- B. Spicy food and fruit.
- C. Spicy food and dumplings.
- D. Vegetables and fruit.

) 6. A. Visit museums.

B. Visit temples.

D. Both B and C.

) 7. A. Japan.

- C. China.
-) 8. A. She is reading books.
- B. She is watching TV.

C. She is swimming.

D. She is doing her homework.

C.	. Listen to the passa	ge and tell whether the f	ollowing statements an	re true or false(判
	断下列句子是否符合	合你听到的短文内容,符合	的用"T"表示,不符合	的用"F"表示):
	() 1. Shangha	i is the speaker's hometo	own.	
	() 2. Shangha	i is in the south of Chin	à.	
	() 3. We can	see several bridges over	the Huangpu River.	
	() 4. Tourists	can enjoy the night view	v in Shanghai.	
	() 5. There're	e many huge department	stores in Shanghai.	
	() 6 . The spe	aker doesn't think it is c	onvenient to live in Sl	nanghai.
D	. Listen to the passa	ge and complete the follo	owing sentences(听短	文,完成下列内容
	每空格限填一词):			
	1. David has been	n in Hong Kong for	days.	
	2. David had a _	day yesterday.		
	3. David visited '	Victoria first.		
	4. David went to	a supermarket	yesterday a	fternoon.
	5. After shopping	g, David	in the sea and lay	on the beach for a
	while.			
	1	2	3	
	4	5		
I. Ch	noose the best words and	l complete the passage (选择	最恰当的单词完成短文):
	It was a Sunday at	ternoon. It was very1	and nobody wanted	d to stay at home.
M	ike decided to go sw	imming in the river. His	brother, Jim, wante	d to go with him.
"Т	Take him with you,	Mike," said their father.	"He will do what yo	u say, I think."
		ver quickly. A lot of peo		
		岸), then he 2 into		
		n a fish in his hand. Jim	was very <u>3</u> . He f	ound a bottle and
pu	it the fish in it.			
	_	xcept (除了) watch the f		=:
Jii		. He ran to him and ask	3	5
		d," Jim said. "I though		took it out of the
bo	ottle and put it on th	e chair. I only wanted it		
() 1. A. warm	B. hot	C. cool	D. cold
() 2. A. ran	B. walked	C. fell	D. jumped
() 3 . A. happy	B. angry	C. sad	D. sorry
() 4. A. singing	B. crying	C. studying	D. laughing
() 5. A. hungry	B. free	C. tired	D. Busy

B. Thailand.



Unit 2 At the airport

Ι.	Tran	slate t	the following phrases	into English (将下列	词组翻译成英语):	
	1.	大量的	的空间	2. 瓦	已够的空间	
	3.	打包行	万李		上条真丝围巾	
	5.	一次主	告洛杉矶的旅行	6. 杉	l票	
	7.	很多日	Γ恤衫		十划待在那儿	
Ⅱ.	Choo	se the	best answer (选择最	恰当的答案):		
	() 1.	Do you know there	is airport	in Pudong New Area	a?
			A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
	() 2.	— Have you packed	d your suitcase	? — Yes, I ha	ive.
			A. already	B. ever	C. just	D. yet
	() 3.	Mum, you can put	your things in this b	ag. There is	_ space in it.
			A. little	B. much	C. many	D. a few
	() 4.	Have you read toda	ny's newspaper? The	re is in it.	
			A. something impo	ortant	B. important some	thing
			C. important anyth	ning	D. anything impor	tant
	() 5.	Mr and Mrs Brown	in Englan	d for three years.	
			A. live	B. lived	C. has lived	D. have lived
	() 6.	His plane will arriv	ve at the Pudong Ai	rport in two hours.	The underlined
			part means "	<i>"</i> .		
			A. reach	B. get	C. arrive in	D. get in
	() 7.	The blue T-shirt is	expensive, but that	yellow is c	heap.
			A. ones	B. it	C. one	D. T-shirts
	() 8.	My home is far fro	m school, so I often	my bicycle	e to school.
			A. get	B. take	C. ride	D. by
	() 9.	In the past, people	information	on on the Internet.	
			A. travel	B. travels	C. travelled	D. travelling
	()10.	— Would you like	something to eat?		

	— I want to eat some app	le pies.	
	A. Yes, please.	B. Yes, I would.	
	C. Yes, thanks.	D. Yes, give me.	
■. Con	nplete the sentences with the given words in th	eir proper forms (用括号中	7所给单词的适
当刑	/式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词):		
1.	Excuse me, where can we find	(trolley)	
2.	Which would you like to take? (fly)	
3.	All passengers must arrive at the airport	two hours before the _	time.
	(depart)		
4.	Oh! I can't find my card. (boar	d)	
5.	I'll meet you at the to the zoo to	morrow. (enter)	
V. Con	nplete the following sentences as required (根据原	斤给要求完成句子。每空格	限填一词):
1.	Jack will take Flight $\underline{MU586}$ to Los Angel	es tomorrow.(对画线部分	分提问)
	will Jack take to Los A	angeles tomorrow?	
2.	My mother does much housework every da	y. (改为否定句)	
	My mother much house	ework every day.	
3.	Every morning we must reach school on ti	me.(保持句意基本不变)	
	Every morning we must	school on time.	
4.	She has already bought the plane tickets.	(改为一般疑问句)	
	she bought the plane tickets	?	
5.	My mother bought me a silk scarf. (改为)	5定句)	
	My mother a silk scarf	me.	
V. Mal	ke up sentences with the words given (连词成	句):	
1.	days, anything, for, eaten, the, cat, has	n't, two	
2.	what, your, plane, time, for, does, leave	e, Beijing	
3.	not, he, packed, suitcases, his, has, yet		
4.	should, we, cinema, at, arrive, the, 10 a	.m., before	

Ι.	Tran	slate 1	the following phrases	into English (将下	列词组翻译成英语):	
	1	一个半	兰小时	2.	到达机场	
	3. 7	在机场	б		去过美国	
			可店		在十点半	
			【起飞前		航班号	
Ⅱ.	Choo	se the	best answer (选择最			
	() 1.	— How long does	it take you to get t	o your office every da	y?
			— It takes about _			
			A. one and a half	hour	B. one and half ho	ours
			C. two hours and	half	D. two and a half	hours
	() 2.	People p	ut on the safety be	lts before the plane tal	kes off.
			A. must	B. can	C. may	D. need
	() 3.	Have you	their addresses an	d telephone numbers_	?
			A. written, down		B. written, off	
			C. written, away		D. written, on	
	() 4.	Your should buy _	before you	take the plane.	
			A. a boarding card	d	B. a name tag	
			C. an air ticket		D. ID card	
	() 5.	— Let me help you	u pack your suitcas	es. —	
			A. You're welcom	e	B. Never mind	
			C. You are great		D. Thank you	
	() 6.	— Where is Tomm	ny? — He	the library.	
			A. has been to		B. has gone to	
			C. goes		D. went	
	(7.	We will leave	Paris	_ 6:45 tomorrow after	rnoon.
			A. in, at	B. for, at	C. to, on	D. at, at
	() 8.	Grandparents	to America b	efore.	
			A. went		B. has been	
			C. have gone		D. have been	
	() 9.	I've got	to finish doing my	homework on time.	
			A. time enough		B. enough time	

	C. times enough		D. enough times	
	()10. I have two cousins.	One is a nurse, and	l is a teach	er.
	A. the other	B. another	C. other	D. others
${1\hspace{1em}\rm{I}}.$	Complete the following passage	with the words in the	box. Each can only l	be used once (将
	下列单词填入空格。每空格限均	真一词,每词只能填一	·次):	
	A. bridges B. cross	C. also D. in	E. enjoy F. fly	G. cities
	71. oriuges D. cross	C. 4150 D. III	L. enjoy 1. Hy	O. cities
	There are many interesting	ıg <u>1</u> in Italy (意	大利). Venice (威	尼斯) is one of
	them. It is one of the most fa	mous places 2 th	ne world. There are	plenty of rivers
	in this city. Water is all aroun	d the city. So we ca	ll Venice "a city of v	water". We can
	find a lot of 3 in Venice,	too. Bridges are very	important to help p	eople 4 the
	rivers. Venice is5_ called	"a city of bridges".	There are no buses	or cars in this
	city at all. There are no traff	ic lights in this city	, either. People can	only travel by
	boat. Tourists 6 taking bo	oats to travel around	the city.	
\mathbf{N} .	Choose the best words and comp	olete the passage (选择	^{择最恰当的单词完成短}	豆文):
	One morning, Charles lef	t his house with six	donkeys to the town	. After a while
	he felt 1 and got on one of	of them. He counted	l(数) the donkeys,	and there were
	only five, so he got 2 and	d went to look for the	ne sixth. He looked	and looked but
	didn't 3 it. Then he went	back to the donkeys	and counted them a	gain. This time
	there were six,4_ he got of	on one of them again	and went on.	
	After a few minutes he	counted again. A fr	iend passed by and	Charles said to
	him, "I 5 my house with	six donkeys, then I	had five, then I ha	d six again and
	now I have only five! Look!	One, two, three, for	ur, five."	
	"But Charles," said his fr	riend, "you are 6	on a donkey. Isn'	t that the sixth
	donkey?"			
	() 1. A. busy	B. happy	C. tired	D. careful
	() 2. A. up	B. off	C. to	D. on
	() 3. A. see	B. hear	C. find	D. watch
	() 4 . A. because	B. yet	C. so	D. but
	() 5 . A. left	B. bought	C. moved	D. built
	() 6. A. putting	B. getting	C. carrying	D. sitting

Ι.	Fill	in the	blanks according to	the phonetic symbol	s (根据音标写出单词]):		
	1.	When will they arrive at the/eaport/?						
	2.	All pa	passengers must arrive at the airport two hours before the $/dt'poxtfo(r)/$					
		time.						
	3.	Don't	/ 'wari/ a	about his safety.				
	4.	Could	you tell me your na	ame and	/əˈdres/.			
	5.	Please	show me your	/'pasport/?				
${\rm I\hspace{1em}I}$.	Cho	ose the	best answer (选择最	恰当的答案):				
	() 1.	— Where is your to	eacher?				
			— He the	e post office.				
			A. has been to	B. has gone to	C. goes	D. went		
	() 2.	There ple	enty of space to pu	t their things into th	ie box.		
			A. is	B. are	C. am	D. will have		
	() 3.	My parents	_ to America. Th	ey will come back to	omorrow.		
			A. went	B. has been	C. have gone	D. have been		
	() 4.	does it ta	ke to travel to the	airport?			
			A. How far		B. How long			
			C. How soon		D. How often			
	() 5.	He's already	some flour for	cakes.			
			A. buying	B. buy	C. buys	D. bought		
	() 6.	Look, there	enough space i	n your suitcase.			
			A. is	B. are	C. were	D. was		
	() 7.	I have been in Shar	nghai two	o months.			
			A. for	B. in	C. on	D. to		
	() 8.	Look, the flat is _	for us to l	ive in.			
			A. big enough		B. enough big			
			C. bigger enough		D. small enough			
	() 9.	It takes about	to get there b	oy train.			
			A. an hour and ha	lf	B. an and a half	hour		
			C. one and a half	hours	D. one and a hal	lf hour		
	()10.	He has drunk	milk, so he is	s full now.			
			A. too many	B. many too	C. too much	D. much too		

Ⅲ. Choose the best answer (根据短文内容,选择最恰当的答案):

A rich young man decided that he would like to do some diving in the sea, so he bought a rubber suit and all the other things that he needed and took some lessons at a olore then 剧烈 oung ecial He rote

diving sch	ool. Then one day he walked into the wa	iter by himself and began to explore
(探索) th	e bottom of the sea. He saw a lot of beau	atiful fish and other things and then
after half	an hour he suddenly saw a man waving hi	is arms and legs around wildly (剧烈
地) near t	he bottom of the sea. He was wearing o	only a bathing suit. The rich young
man was v	very surprised to see him, so he took ou	ut a plastic notebook and a special
pencil wh	ich could write under water and wrote,	, "What are you doing here?" He
showed th	ne notebook to the other man who	then took the pencil and wrote
"Drownin	g" on it.	
() 1.	What did the rich young man want to de	o?
	A. Driving. B. Diving.	C. Walking. D. Swimming.
() 2.	How did the rich young man prepare hi	mself for diving?
	A. He bought all the things needed for	diving.
	B. He took a diving lesson.	
	C. He bought a rubber suit and a bathir	ng suit.
	D. Both A and B.	
() 3.	What did the rich man first see at the b	oottom of the ocean?
	A. Some beautiful fish and other things	
	B. Some plants.	
	C. A man with a bathing suit.	
	D. A man with a diving suit.	
() 4.	What did the rich man see after half an	hour?
	A. Some sea animals.	B. Some rocks.
	C. A man with a bathing suit.	D. Other things.
() 5.	What was the man (not the rich man) of	doing?
	A. Swimming.	B. Diving.
	C. Searching for fish.	D. Drowning.
() 6.	What was the man (not the rich man) v	wearing?
	A. A rubber suit.	B. A swimming suit.
	C. A diving suit.	D. A bathing suit.

I. Listening comprehension (听力理解):

A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容,选出相应的图片):

		机场专线 MASS SUITLE			
A	E	3	C		D
		TIS NAME BE FLOOR DEATH TO THE THREE PORT OF THREE	CONOMY CLASS ETATOPOZOSOGOZZÍV SO CA SA SE		
	E		F	G	j
1	2		3	4	
5	6				

- B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear(根据你听到的对话和问题,选出最恰当的答案):
 - () 1. A. Go to Hong Kong.
 - C. Fly to America.
 - () 2. A. Yes, she has.
 - C. No, she hasn't.
 - () 3. A. Some clothes and scarves.
 - C. Some T-shirts and scarves.
 - () **4**. A. At 2:15.
 - C. At 8:50.
 - () 5. A. Next Tuesday.
 - C. Next Thursday.
 - () 6. A. In the hospital.
 - C. At the airport.
 -) 7. A. Tokyo.
 - C. Shanghai.

- B. Ask for a leave.
- D. Do some shopping.
- B. Yes, she hasn't.
- D. No, she has.
- B. Some clothes and presents.
- D. Some clothes and food.
- B. At the airport.
- D. In a plane.
- B. Next Friday.
- D. Next Wednesday.
- B. At the cinema.
- D. At the zoo.
- B. Bangkok.
- D. Los Angeles.

	() 8 . A. Two days.	B. A	About two weeks.		
	C. Four days.	D. S	Seven days.		
C.	Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判				
	断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合的用"T"表示,不符合的用"F"表示):				
	() 1. Mr Smith lives at 87 King Street.				
	() 2. Mrs Smith takes the children to school.				
	() 3. There are five people in Mr Smith's far	nily.			
	() 4. Mrs Smith sometimes eats her lunch with	th Jin	1.		
	() 5. Mrs Smith often drinks tea with her fri	ends.			
	() 6. In the evening, Mr Smith comes home	late.			
D.	Listen to the passage and complete the following s	enten	ces(听短文,完成下列内容。		
	每空格限填一词):				
	1. The man wants to buy a to Los Ang	eles.			
	2. The man will have a at three tomorrow afternoon.				
	3. The man's is MU2516.				
	4. The man's name is Li.				
	5. The check-in time is two hours before the man	n	the plane.		
	The sheet in this is two hours server the man				
	1				
	1 2 4 5	3			
	1 2 4 5 mplete the following sentences as required (根据所约	3			
词)	1 2 4 5 mplete the following sentences as required (根据所统):	3	 完成句子。每空格限填一		
词)	1 2 4 5 mplete the following sentences as required (根据所统): It's five minutes' walk from my home to school.	3 合要求	 完成句子。每空格限填一		
词) 1.	1 2 4 5 mplete the following sentences as required (根据所约): It's five minutes' walk from my home to school. is it from my home to school?	3 合要求	二一 ——— 完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问)		
词) 1.	1 2 4 5 mplete the following sentences as required (根据所约): It's five minutes' walk from my home to school. is it from my home to school? They have lived in Bangkok for six years. (对画约	3 合要求 (对画: 线部分	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问)		
词) 1. 2.	1	3 合要求 (对画: 线部分 ngkok	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问)		
词) 1. 2.	1	3 合要求 (对画: 线部分 ngkok	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问)		
词) 1. 2. 3.	1	3 合要求 (对画: 线部分 ngkok	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问)		
词) 1. 2. 3.	1	3 合要求 (对画: 战部分 ngkok	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问)		
词) 1. 2. 3.	1	3 合要求 (对画:	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问) (2)		
词) 1. 2. 3.	1	3 合要求 (对画:	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问) (2)		
词) 1. 2. 3.	1	3 合要求 (对画: 线部分 ngkok I)	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问) 。?		
词) 1. 2. 3. 4.	1	3 合要求 (对画: 线部分 ngkok I)	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问) 。?		
词) 1. 2. 3. 4.	1	3 合要求 (对画: 线部分 ngkok I)	完成句子。每空格限填一 线部分提问) 提问) 。?		



Unit 3 Dragon Boat Festival

I. Tran	slate the following phrases	s into English (将下	列词组翻译成英语):	
1.	处于危险中	2.	投河自尽	
3.	端午节	4.	接受建议	
	打败仗		两千年前	
7.	农历五月初五	8.	在附近	
I. Choo	ose the best answer (选择占	最恰当的答案):		
() 1. The teacher gave	us on hov	v to solve the problem	m.
	A. an advice		B. some advices	
	C. many advices		D. some advice	
() 2. Eric would rather	at home	on such a rainy day.	
	A. to stay	B. stay	C. stays	D. staying
() 3. I prefer the jeans	with blue belt to _	with red bel	t.
	A. the one	B. the jeans	C. the ones	D. ones
() 4. Would you like _	coffee?		
	A. any	B. some	C. much	D. a lot
() 5. People are poll	uting the Earth, a	and so many plants	and animals an
	nowad	ays.		
	A. at danger	B. in danger	C. at a danger	D. dangerou
() 6. Would you like	this afterno	oon?	
	A. go swimming		B. going swimm	ing
	C. to go swimmin	g	D. swim	
() 7. — Would you like	something to eat?		
	A. Yes, I'm full.		B. No, thanks.	
	C. No, just a littl	e.	D. All right.	
() 8. — Would you like	to go to the park?		
	A. Certainly, I'd	like.	B. Certainly, I'd	l like to.
	C. Certainly, I w	ould.	D. No. I don't.	

${\rm 1\hspace{1em}I}.$	Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适
	当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词):
	1. Eddie likes the rice dumplings with meat. (salt)
	2. December is the month of a year. (twelve)
	3. I have travelled to many other (country)
	4. I will send some of my family to my good friend. (photo)
	5. Unluckily, Uncle Li just his job last week. (lose)
$\mathbb{N}.$	Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子):
	1. The cakes my mother made are very tasty. (对画线部分提问)
	the cakes your mother made?
	2. People eat rice dumplings to celebrate the Dragon Boat Festival. (对画线部分提问)
	people eat rice dumplings?
	3. The teachers always give some useful advice to us. (保持句意基本不变)
	4. They have already read this book.(改为否定句)
	They read this book
V.	Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词,
	使其内容通顺,每空格限填一词,首字母已给):
	Mrs Wang is a worker in a factory. She has been in the factory for ten years. Her
	$\underline{\mathbf{s}}$ 1 is a 15-year-old boy. He doesn't like studying. He only enjoys playing computer
	games, $\underline{b} \ \underline{2}$ the mother doesn't know that. Mrs Wang gives him some $\underline{m} \ \underline{3}$ every
	Monday. But the son always spends (花费) it all before the next Monday, so he always
	says he doesn't have enough money.
	One day, Mrs Wang asked him, "H 4 did you spend that money?" The son
	answered, "I don't know." So Mrs Wang gave him some money together \underline{w} $\underline{5}$ a
	notebook and a pen. She said, "Write down how you spend the money."
	On Thursday, the son had <u>n 6</u> money again. Mrs Wang asked, "May I look at
	your notebook?" The son said, "OK. Here you are." On the first page, he wrote,
	"Monday, I g $_{}$ 7 $_{}$ 100 yuan from my mother." On the second page, he wrote,
	"Wednesday, I spent it all."
	1 2 3 4

	Tran	slate t	the following phrases	into English (将下	列词组翻译成英语):	
	1.	一个同	以粽子	2.	很难过	
			产的甜粽		没豆子的甜粽	
	5.	没肉的	的咸粽	6.	纪念屈原	
			E提建议		想要做某事	
[•	Choo	se the	best answer (选择最	恰当的答案):		
	() 1.	Flowers will	soon without v	water.	
			A. death	B. die	C. dead	D. died
	() 2.	I remember	the girl in red	once.	
			A. see	B. saw	C. to see	D. seeing
	() 3.	My father's a docto	or, and he wants	all the sick	people better.
			A. make	B. making	C. to make	D. makes
	() 4.	We like to watch t	he full moon	Mid-autumn eve	ening.
			A. on	B. in	C. at	D. with
	() 5.	Mike's father like	s giving	some advice when	Mike has som
			problems.			
			A. he	B. his	C. him	D. himself
	() 6.	Qu Yuan	many nice poems	in his life.	
			A. write	B. writes	C. wrote	D. written
	(7.	— How much do y	ou know about Ch	airman Mao?	
			— I know only	, not too		
			A. a few, many		B. little, much	
			C. a little, much		D. few, many	
	() 8.	I'm sure I locked t	he door. I clearly	remember	it.
			A. have locked	B. to lock	C. to have locked	d D. locking
	(9 .	I want to do somet	hing for my schoo	l. Nothing will make	e me m
			mind.			
			A. change	B. to change	C. changed	D. changing
	()10.	— I'm sorry I am s	so late for the part	ty.	
			A. That's all right	_		D. Of course
[.					r proper forms (用括字	号中所给单词的遗
			发下列句子。每空格			
	1.	Drago	n Boat Festival is or	n the lun	nar month. (five)	

	2. Ben likes rice du	implings. (salt)		
	3. All living things can't live	water. (v	vith)	
	4. The king didn't take Qu	u Yuan's advice wh	nen the country wa	s in
	(dangerous)			
	5. Your father will tell you a	about it (late)	
	6. I often ask my parents to	give me some	on study. (advis	e)
	7. The operation is a great s	uccess and the little	girl is out of	(dangerous)
	8. After considerate	tion, we've decided	to stay here for and	other two days.
	(care)			
\mathbf{N} .	Complete the following sentence	es as required (根据	居所给要求完成句子	' 。每空格限填
	一词):			
	1. We know a little about Qu	ı Yuan. (对画线部分	}提问)	
	do you	ı know about Qu Yu	an?	
	2. People eat rice dumpling	s to celebrate the D	Pragon Boat Festival	. (对画线部分
	提问)			
	people	eat rice dumplings?		
	3. He'd rather stay at home.	(改为否定句)		
	He'd s	tay at home.		
	4. My mother did some clear		为否定句)	
	My mother	any cleaning la	ast night.	
	5. It took me half an hour to			本不变)
	I half an hour			
ν.	Choose the best answer (根据短			
,	Tomorrow is Teachers' D			g to 1 some
	presents for their teachers. N			
	Li, is talking to them, "I hear			
	They want to show their lov			
	presents 4 their students.			ur _5_ work.
	But to get good marks, you w			
	() 1. A. catch	B. buy	C. take	D. bring
	() 2 . A. have	B. are have	C. are having	D. is having
	() 3 . A. But	B. Because	C. And	D. So
	() 4 . A. for	B. from	C. of	D. by
	() 5. A. bad	B. good	C. well	D. badly

Ι.	Fill	in the blanks according t	o the first letter given	to complete the ser	ntences (根据所给首	
	字母	字母填入适当的单词):				
	1.	About two t ye	ears ago, Qu Yuan w	as born.		
	2.	The king always took h	is <u>a</u> .			
	3.	Three weeks 1	the policeman found	d his lost car.		
	4.	Don't swim in the river	, or you will be in d			
	5.	Would you like to have	a m cake?			
[.	Cho	ose the best answer (选择	最恰当的答案):			
	() 1. Our English teac	her often tells us	about the Di	ragon Boat Festival.	
		A. something	B. everything	C. nothing	D. anything	
	() 2. — Would you lik	te a piece of pizza?			
		A. Yes, here yo	u are.	B. No, thank	you.	
		C. Yes, I have o	one.	D. Fine, go al	head.	
	() 3. Qu Yuan was far	nous his po	ems.		
		A. as	B. to	C. on	D. for	
	() 4. He made a mista	ke again because he	did not	our advice.	
		A. push	B. bring	C. take	D. carry	
	() 5. Most people enjo	oy football i	now.		
		A. play	B. playing	C. plays	D. to play	
	() 6. You can't drive	into this way. It's	one-way st	reet.	
		A. an	B. the	C. a	D. /	
	() 7. — I'm sorry. Su	pper isn't ready yet.	— How	will it be ready?	
		A. often	B. long	C. much	D. soon	
	() 8. My father was	sad because of my	study. The under	erlined word means	
		<u>"</u> .				
		A. unhappy	B. worried	C. excited	D. interested	
Ⅱ.	Com	plete the sentences with t	he given words in their	proper forms (用	括号中所给单词的适	
	当形	式完成下列句子。每空	恪限填一词):			
	1.	From the flo	or of the hotel you	can have a good	view of the town.	
		(nine)				
	2.	The Qingming Festival	has already become a	holiday	in China. (nation)	
	3.	Nowadays more and mo	ore people like wearin	ng (sca	rf)	

	4 . My yo	ounger sister looked because s	he lost her favourite toy. (happy)		
	5. As a s	student, we should know the	of learning English. (important)		
	6. It's th	e time that Mary has been la	te for the school this week. (two)		
\mathbb{N} .	Choose the	best answer (根据短文内容,选择最恰当	á的答案):		
	On C	hristmas Eve — the night before Chris	tmas Day — children all over Britain		
	put a stoc	king at the end of their beds before th	ey go to sleep. Their parents usually		
	tell them	that Father Christmas will come during	the night.		
	Father Christmas is very kind and warm-hearted. He gets to the top of each house				
	and climbs down the chimney into the fireplace. He fills each of the stockings with				
	Christmas presents.				
	Of course, Father Christmas isn't real. In Jim and Kate's house, "Father				
	Christmas" is really Mr Green. Mr Green doesn't climb down the chimney. He waits				
	until the	children are asleep. Then he quietly go	es into their bedrooms and fills their		
	stockings	with small presents. When they were ve	ery young, Mr Green sometimes wore		
	a red coat	. But he doesn't do that now. The chi	ildren are no longer young, and they		
	know who	"Father Christmas" really is. But they	still put their stockings at the end of		
	their beds				
	() 1.	Christmas Eve is			
		A. the night of Christmas Day	B. the evening of Christmas Day		
		C. Christmas Day	D. the night before Christmas Day		
	() 2.	Father Christmas often puts presents	·		
		A. into children's hats	B. into children's stockings		
		C. under children's beds	D. into children's shoes		
	() 3.	When the children were very young,	·		
		A. they didn't know who Father Chri	stmas was		
		B. they knew that Father Christmas v	vasn't real		
		C. they thought their father was Fath	er Christmas		
		D. they knew who put the presents in	to their stockings		
	() 4.	Father Christmas comes into the house	e through the		
		A. chimney B. back door	C. front door D. window		
	() 5.	Parents tell children Father Christmas	s usually comes		
		A. at late afternoon	B. during the night		
		C. at midnight	D. in the early morning		

I. Listening comprehension (听力理解):

A. Listen and choose the right picture(根据你听到的内容,选出相应的图片):

						ART .
	Α	В		C		D
		E	Å LALLA		G	
	1	2	3.		4	
	5.	6.				
В.	Listen to the dial	ogue and choose th	ie best a	inswer to the	question y	you hear(根据你
	听到的对话和问题	页,选出最恰当的答案	案):			
	() 1. A. Jan	ie.		В. Т	he baby.	
	C. Th	e girl.		D. Je	ohn.	
	() 2. A. See	e a new film.		В. В	uy a watcl	h.
	C. Wa	atch dragon boat ra	ices.	D. C	o swimmi	ng.
	() 3. A. Bro	ead.		B. N	loodles.	
	C. Rio	ce dumplings.		D. A	a piece of	pizza.
	() 4 . A. To	m.		B. B	en.	
	C. Ma	ry.		D. E	Ben and Ma	ary.
	() 5. A. Sw	eet rice dumplings	with be	eans.		
	B. Sw	eet rice dumplings	without	beans.		
	C. Sal	ty rice dumplings v	with me	at.		

	() 7. A. America		B. Japan.
	C. Thailand		D. China.
	() 8. A. Biscuits.		B. Dumplings.
	C. Puddings		D. Hamburgers.
C.	Listen to the passage an	nd tell whether the following	statements are true or false(判
	断下列句子是否符合你	听到的短文内容,符合的用"T'	'表示,不符合的用"F"表示):
	() 1. Only Asian	countries celebrate Children's	s Day.
	() 2. May 5 is Ch	ildren's Day in Japan.	
	() 3. Children's D	Day is also called the Festival	of Boys in Japan.
	() 4. In Turkey,	people celebrate Children's D	Day on April 13.
	() 5 . April 23 is 7	Turkey's National Day.	
	() 6. In Turkey, s	chools have a lot of activities for	or children on Children's Day.
D.	Listen to the passage a	nd complete the following se	ntences(听短文,完成下列内容。
	每空格限填一词):		
	1. Today, Mr Wang	tells us something about	
	2. The most importan	t festival in the USA is	·
	3. Halloween is on _	31st.	
	4. Chinese people eat	at Drago	on Boat Festival.
	5. At the Spring Fest	val the speaker can get some	packets.
	1		3
	4	5	
II. Co	mplete the following sent	ences as required (根据所给	要求完成句子。每空格限填一
词):		
1	. I'd rather have orange	juice. (改为否定句)	
	I rather	have orange juice.	
2	. Jack went to the hospi	tal to check his eyes. (对画约	 找部分提问)
	did Jack	to the hospital?	
3	. My mother will stay in	Los Angeles for six years.	(对画线部分提问)
	wi	l your mother stay in Los Ar	ngeles?
4	. In summer, Jenny ofte	en has a swim in the sea. (保	持句意基本不变)
	In summer, Jenny ofte	en in the	sea.
5	. The boy was too excite	ed to sleep well last night. (呆持句意基本不变)
	The boy was	excited that he sle	ep well last night.

B. Beijing.

D. New York.

D. Salty rice dumplings without meat.

() 6. A. Washington.

C. Paris.



Unit 4 Staying healthy

Ι.	Trar	slate	the following phrases	into English (将下歹	间词组翻译成英语):	
	1.	保持做	建康	2	. 户内运动	
	3.	喜欢二	工作	4	. 喜欢音乐	
	5.	最喜欢	欠的户外运动	6	. 在操场上	
	7.	弹钢琴	Ĕ	8	. 玩拼图	
${ m I\hspace{1em}I}$.			e best answer (选择最			
	() 1.	Alice plays	piano well, bu	it she is poor at pl	aying
			basketball.			
			A. the, the	B. the, /	C. /, the	D. a, a
	() 2.	My favourite indoo	r game is	a plane model.	
			A. make	B. to making	C. making	D. makes
	() 3.	Mike has to practic	ee in the s	wimming pool twice	a week.
			A. swim	B. swam	C. to swim	D. swimming
	() 4.	I often help my mu	im the ho	usework.	
			A. for	B. with	C. at	D. of
	() 5.	What about	_ a picnic tomorro	ow?	
			A. go to	B. going to	C. go on	D. going on
	() 6.	You shouldn't eat t	oo ice cre	eam and too	sweets.
			A. many, many		B. many, much	
			C. much, many		D. much, much	
	() 7.	There are more that	nn people	in Shanghai.	
			A. 30 million		B. 30 millions	
			C. million of		D. millions of	
	() 8.	Mary drank too mu	ich cola and had	toothache.	
			A. a	B. /	C. some	D. the
	() 9.	You ate too much i	ce cream,	you have a stomach	ache.
			A. because	B. so	C. but	D. however
	()10.	— Have you got _	to buy a new	w flat?	
			— Of course, I am	now.		

A. enough money, enough rich B. enough money, rich enough						
C. money enough, rich enough D. money enough, enough rich						
Ⅲ. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适						
当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词):						
1. Kitty enjoys stamps from the world. (collect)						
2. You should eat fruit and vegetables than before. (much)						
3. To be a child, Jack drink eight glasses of water every day. (health)						
4. Mike swims a week to keep fit. (two)						
5. My uncle smokes than before. He tries to change his bad habit. (little)						
6. These apples at least 10 pounds. (weight)						
N. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。每空格限填一词):						
1. My favourite sport is diving in deep sea. (对画线部分提问)						
is favourite sport?						
2. You always have a headache because you watch too much TV. (对画线部分提问)						
you always have a headache?						
3. I drank too little water.(对画线部分提问)						
water you?						
4. He goes to the park <u>once a week</u> . (对画线部分提问)						
he to the park?						
5. There is some milk in the glass. (改为一般疑问句)						
there milk in the glass?						
6. The food on the plate tastes <u>nicer</u> . (对画线部分提问)						
the food on the plate taste?						
7. This knife is mine. (改为复数句)						
are mine.						
V. Complete the sentences with the words in the box (用方框内给出的词完成句子):						
never seldom sometimes always once						
1. She always does her homework first. She leaves it for tomorrow.						
2. She is a good student except that she is late for school						
3. All of us like the boy because he is helping the people in trouble.						
4. He goes to see a movie a week. That is to say, he goes to see the movies						
every seven days.						
5. I did sports before, but now I do sports more.						

Exercise 2			当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词):	
. 1	Translate the following phrases into English (将下列词组翻译成英语):		1. More and more children have (tooth) because they have eaten too	
	1. 集邮	2. 做个模型	(much) sweets.	
	3. 打篮球	4. 看太多电视	2. You are a little heavy. You should have meat, I'm afraid. (little)	
	5. 吃更少粽子	6. 感冒	3. Mr Smith has been to Beijing (two)	
	7. 发烧	8. 健康问题	4. If you want to keep, you should exercise more often. (health)	
[. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案):			5. Please practice English every day to improve your spoken English. (read)	
3	() 1. — Do you eat vegetables and fresh fruit?		Ⅳ. Choose the best answer (根据短文内容,选择最恰当的答案): Mr and Mrs Smith come from London, England. They work in China now. They	
	— I eat fruit, but I don't like vegetables.			
	A. plenty of, a few	B. much, some	teach English in a high school. They like their work very much. They have two	
	C. plenty of, some	D. much, a few	children, Sam and Sue. They are both in Shanghai with their parents. Mr Smith can't	
	() 2. Which of the following words matches the sound /wʌns/?		speak Chinese, but his wife can speak it very well.	
	A. one B. once	C. wins D. ones	Mr Smith likes swimming and reading, and Mrs Smith has the same hobbies (爱	
9	() 3. Which of the followings is right?		好). They often go swimming in the afternoon and read in the evening. Sam and Sue	
	A. May I have a cup of tea? 🖊		like playing games with Chinese boys and girls after school.	
	B. Which one do you like best?	≯	Sam's uncle has a farm near London. He wants to work in Shanghai, but he can't	
	C. Here's your handbag. 🖊		speak Chinese. So he is learning Chinese now. He hopes he can come to China	
	D. Excuse me, can you say it ag	gain? 🔪	one day.	
9	() 4. — Has your son ever had	toothache? — No, never.	() 1. Sam and Sue are from	
	A. some B. an	C. / D. the	A. Canada B. America C. England D. Australia	
() 5. Elma practices on the playground every day.		playground every day.	() 2. What sport does Mrs Smith like?	
	A. running B. runs	C. run D. to run	A. Swimming. B. Running. C. Skating. D. Walking.	
)	() 6. Your brother, Ken, has had	Cola and sweets.	() 3. What does Sue like to do after school?	
	A. many, many	B. many, much	A. To swim and read.	
	C. much, many	D. much, much	B. To learn Chinese.C. To watch TV.	
	() 7. Is your favourite indoor activity computer games?		D. To play games with her Chinese friends.	
	A. play B. playing	ying C. plays D. played	() 4. What does Sam's uncle do?	
9	() 8 . These dumplings is s	salty eat. Let's buy those sweet	A. A teacher. B. A singer. C. A farmer. D. A doctor.	
	ones.		() 5 are in different countries now.	
	A. so, that B. too, to	C. so, to D. too, that	A. Mr and Mrs Smith B. Mr Smith and his brother	
9	() 9. Mr Li had an diet and	he did no exercise, so he was too fat.	C. Mrs Smith and her children D. Mr Smith and his children	
	A. health B. healthy	C. unhealthy D. unhealth	2. M. Sandi die indien	

. Choose the best answer (根据短义内谷,选择最恰当的合案):					
Mr and Mrs Smith come from London, England. They work in China now. They					
teach English in a high school. They like their work very much. They have two					
children, Sam and Sue. They are both in Shanghai with their parents. Mr Smith can't					
speak Chinese, but his wife can speak it very well.					
Mr Smith likes swimming and reading, and Mrs Smith has the same hobbies (爱					
好). They often go swimming in the afternoon and read in the evening. Sam and Sue					
like playing games with Chinese boys and girls after school.					
Sam's uncle has a farm near London. He wants to work in Shanghai, but he can't					
speak Chinese. So he is learning Chinese now. He hopes he can come to China					
one day.					
() 1. Sam and Sue are from					
A. Canada B. America	C. England	D. Australia			
() 2. What sport does Mrs Smith like?					
A. Swimming. B. Running.	C. Skating.	D. Walking.			
() 3. What does Sue like to do after school?					
A. To swim and read.					
B. To learn Chinese.					
C. To watch TV.					
D. To play games with her Chinese friends.					
() 4. What does Sam's uncle do?					
A. A teacher. B. A singer.	C. A farmer.	D. A doctor.			
() 5 are in different countries now.					
A. Mr and Mrs Smith	B. Mr Smith and his brother				
C. Mrs Smith and her children	D. Mr Smith and	his children			

Ⅲ. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适