

编著 / 陈瑾芳

# 小学英语阅读拓展训练

# 美国小学生阅读精选

五年级

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# 美国小学生阅读精选

五年级

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TIME TO AMERICA



# 小学英语阅读拓展训练: 美国小学生阅读精选 (五年级)

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陈瑾芳 编著

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#### ★ 前言——致小朋友

#### 亲爱的小朋友:

你喜欢听故事?还是看动物,读历史,去旅游?你实在太幸运了,这些内容这本书里都有哦!你想知道美国的小孩都读什么书吗?翻开这本书你就知道拉!

一本书就像一栋房子一样,你需要知道它的结构,才能更好地发挥它的作用。在书的封面上,你可以找到书名。作者和出版社名称。在书里,你可以看到前言。 目录等内容。前言是对于一本书的大致介绍,非常关键,现在你将从这本书的前言里知道:

#### ○ 这本书包括 6 种文章类型。

- 1. Daily Life (日常生活): 想了解美国小孩的日常生活吗?
- 2. Natural Science (自然科学): 植物会排便吗? 美国在哪个地壳転块上?
- 3. Math & Science (数学与科学): 去餐馆吃饭你算错过钱吗? 美国现在几点了?
- 4. History & Culture(历史与文化): 你知道牛仔裤的历史吗? 美国政府由什么组成?
- 5. Short Stories (短篇故事): 魔法师的魔法出错战! 谁能成为新的国王?
- 6. Others (including People, Big News, Geography, Letters, Travel) 其他类别(包括人物、重大新闻、地理、信件、旅行):这些可能是你的父母或老师都不知道的知识哦!

#### 除了读有趣的文章,可别忘了做练习,

- ◆ 怎么做练习呢,看看下面的小提示吧。
- Warming Up/Think About It (热身一问):
   试着回答每篇文章前的小问题,你会发现每篇文章都与自己有联系呢。
- 2. Vocabulary Skills (词汇练习): 回到文章中去找答案,不要急着看单词中文释义,尝试自己猜猜单词的意思吧!
- 3. Reading Skills (阅读练习): 有些文章最后一题是开放式的答案,也就是说书中没有给出唯一的答案, 你会不会就不做这题了呢? 找找你的同学或者你的父母和老师,看看谁的 回答跟你一样吧!
- 4. Words to Know (生词汇总):

找到每篇文章后列出的单词在文章中的位置,做完所有的题目后,你就可以到这本书最后的"词汇表"找到所有单词的中文意思啦!

- 5. You Know What? (拓展知识): 你了解的美国跟这里说的一样吗?这里有丰富的对美国生活的拓展介绍哦。
- 6. Translation (文章翻译): 实在看不懂某句话,不要怕,看文章翻译吧!

希望你喜欢这本书,英语学得棒棒的。碰到外国人勇敢地 say "hello"!

#### ☆ 前言——致家长

#### 亲爱的爸爸妈妈:

当你们为孩子排选英语类图书时,是否正在困惑:这本书有什么特别之处?它对我的孩子的英语学习能有什么样的帮助呢?

本套图书按照小学年级编排, 共有5本。这本《小学英语阅读拓展训练:美国小学生阅读精选》适用于国内小学五年级的学生。本套图书取材地道, 内容新颖,旨在打造一套与美国接轨的"故事+逻辑训练"的英语阅读书。

#### ◆ 本书文章按 6 大主题分类 (每个主题有 5 篇文章, 共 30 篇)。

- 1. Daily Life (日常生活)
- 2. Natural Science (自然科学)
- 3. Math & Science (数学与科学)
- 4. History & Culture (历史与文化)
- 5. Short Stories (短篇故事)
- 6. Others (including People, Big News, Geography, Letters, Travel) 其他类别(包括人物、重大新闻、地理、信件、旅行)

#### 母 每篇文章除文章外基本设置有6─8个小栏目。

- 1. Warming up/Think About It (热身一问):帮助孩子进入阅读状态。
- 2. Vocabulary Skills (词汇练习): 包括词义选择、选词填空、连线、根据词义写单词、近义词和反义词等题型, 锻炼孩子根据上下文猜词义的能力。
- 3. Reading Skills (阅读练习):
  回括连线、单项或多项选择、排序、分类、总结、填空、判断对错等。值得一提的是,此部分我们在题目后标出了题目的考查目的,旨在培养孩子的英语思维逻辑能力,如:推理、分类、对比、排序、因果关系、常识
- 4. Words to Know (生词汇总): 共有2种形式。

判断、找出文章主旨或细节等。

- (1) 每篇文章后的"生词汇总"未标出词义,旨在让学生熟悉并学会推测单词的意思,训练纯英语思维,而不受到中文词义的干扰;
- (2) 本书最后统一设有词汇表,标出了单词的音标(美式音标)。词性和释义,加强学生对单词的理解。
- 5. You Know What? (拓展知识): 包括对美国的介绍和语法知识。其中关于美国的介绍是编者根据自己在美国生活的见闻感受,并结合文章主题而总结的,希望能够让孩子们了解真实的美国文化和生活。语法知识是对文章中的一些重要语法点的补充说明。
- 6. Translation (文章翻译): 辅助孩子对文章的理解.
- 80 后已经渐渐成为人父人母,作为编者的我也是 80 后的一员。现在的我们可以帮助我们的孩子鉴别英语图书,辅导孩子学习英语。我想如果在孩子们学习这本书时,爸爸妈妈们也能参与其中,尤其是在开放性问题的解答时,这将有助于孩子们更好地利用这本书,不仅能够提高阅读能力,还能锻炼写和说的能力。



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115 Glossary 词汇表



## Passage



Think About It

Have you ever been to the zoo?



Track 01

## The First Trip to the Zoo

Zoo is a place where different animals and birds are kept. Jack and Emily's mom is taking them on their first trip to the zoo. It is situated in San Diego, California. They buy the tickets and go inside. They are just in time to see the penguins swallowing tasty fish. "Slippery!" says Emily.

Next, they watch a big panda eat a long stick of bamboo. "Crunchy!" says Jack.

In the elephant house, the keeper feeds the elephants trunkfuls of hay. "Scratchy!" says Emily.

Finally, they reach the monkey house. The monkeys swing from one branch of the tree to another. Some monkeys are eating bananas. "Hungry!" says Jack.

Jack and Emily's mom opens her backpack and gives each of them a banana. "It really is feeding time at the zoo!" Mom grins.

They spend six hours at the zoo and then come back. They enjoy a lot at the zoo.

×	Vocabulary Ski	lls				
1.	Draw a line to match e	each phrase to its	s definitio	n.		
	① a piece of paper or	a small card		A. a long stick		
	2 give food to			B. zoo		
	3 a place to keep anii	mals and birds		C. lots of		
	4 a long piece of woo	od		D. ticket		
	(5) trunkfuls of			E. tasty fish		
	6 the fish that tastes g	good		F. feed		
×	Reading Skills					
2.	Who go to the zoo in t	he passage?				
	A. Jack and Emily's m	iom.				
B. Jack, Emily and their mom.						
	C. Jack, Emily and the	eir moms.				
3.	What do they need to	buy to go inside	the zoo?			
	A. The bananas.	B. The fish.	C	. The tickets.		
4.	. How many words about animals appeared in the passage ?					
	A. Four.	B. Five.	C	. Six.		
5. Number the animals in the correct order according to the passage, a				ling to the passage, and match		
the animals to the food they eat. (逻辑训练: Sequence and order 顺序)				quence and order 顺序)		
	$\square$ elephants		A. bamb	000		
	☐ a big panda		B. banar	nas		
	□ penguins		C. hay			
	☐ monkeys		D. fish			
6.	Why does Mom say "	It really is feed	ing time	at the zoo"? (逻辑训练:		
Identifying cause and effect 因果关系 )						
A. Because the animals, Jack and Emily are all eating food.						
	B. Because it's noon.					
	C. Because Mom eats	a banana.				
7.	How long do they stay	at the zoo?				
	A. 4 hours.	B 5 hours	C	6 hours		

#### Words to Know

你知道这些词藏在文章中的哪里吗? 猜猜它们的意思吧!

situate feed slippery stick trunkful crunchy hav scratchy backpack

#### \*\* You Know What?

圣地亚哥动物园(San Diego Zoo)位于美国加利福尼亚州的圣地 亚哥,是全球规模最大的动物园之一。它拥有世界上最先进的管理设施, 园内栖息着800多种(4000多只)动物。它也是全球少数拥有大熊猫 的公园之一。园内就像一个原始的森林世界,动物们有充足的空间自 由漫步, 仿佛置身于它们自己的野生家园。

#### Translation =

#### 第一次动物园之旅

动物园是一个容纳各种动物和鸟类的地方。杰克和埃米莉的妈妈带着 他们, 踏上第一次动物园之旅。这个动物园坐落在加利福尼亚州的圣地亚 哥。他们买了门票进去,刚好就看见企鹅们在吞着美味的鱼儿。"滑溜溜 的!"埃米莉说着。

接下来,他们看见一只大熊猫吃着一根长长的竹子,杰克发出"嘎吱 嘎吱"的声音。

在大象屋里,饲养员将成箱成箱的干草喂给大象们吃。"沙沙的!" 埃米莉说道。

最后,他们去了猴子之家。有些猴子从一根树枝吊挂到另一只树枝上。 还有一些猴子在吃着香蕉。杰克说道,"饿了!"

杰克和埃米莉的妈妈打开她的背包,给他们一人一根香蕉,妈妈咧嘴 笑着说道,"动物园的喂食时间真的到了!"。

他们在动物园里待了六个小时,然后就回家了。在动物园里他们玩的 非常开心。

Passage 2



Think About It

How do you get on well with your friend?



## Fix a Friendship Fight

Friendship is awesome, but we all know that it isn't always easy. Friends sometimes argue. Susan and Emily are good friends. Susan just said angry things to Emily. She thinks it is a good time to apologize for her part in the fight. How can she fix this friendship fight?

Susan comes to Emily and says, "Emily, can we talk? I'm sorry I got mad about that rumor. I should have asked you if you had said it instead of just believing what I heard. You're my friend. Next time I'll talk to you first instead of getting mad."

Emily listens to Susan and smiles, "It's OK, Susan. I'm glad you know that I didn't start that rumor, and I'm sorry I yelled at you about it. I could tell that rumor hurt you. Are we good?"

Vocabulary Skills					
1. The word "apologize" means "".					
A. say love	B. say	sorry	C. say hello		
2. at about	instead of (选证	<b>词填空</b> )			
① Susan go	t mad	that rumor.	•		
② Next tim	e I'll talk to you fi	getting mad.			
(3) Emily ye	lled	Susan.			

D.		din	-	0	1.:1	1_
- KE	3CI (		IO.	-	КII	ıs

- 3. Who says sorry first?
  - A. Emily.
- B. Susan.
- C. None.
- 4. How does Susan apologize to Emily?
  - A. In person.
- B. By texting.
- C. By phone.
- 5. Why did Susan and Emily have a fight? (逻辑训练: Identifying cause and effect 因果关系)
  - A. Because Susan got mad.
  - B. Because Emily yelled at Susan.
  - C. Because Susan thought that Emily started the rumor.
- 6. Will Susan and Emily still be friends? (逻辑训练: Making inference 推理)
  - A. Yes, they will.
- B. No, they won't.
- C. I don't know.

apologize

7. What can you learn from the conversation between Susan and Emily? (逻辑 训练: Summarizing 总结)

I Learn From Susan	I Learn From Emily



#### Words to Know

你知道这些词藏在文章中的哪里吗?猜猜它们的意思吧!

friendship awesome argue mad rumor hurt



#### \*\* You Know What?

在美国,有一种小朋友的聚会叫 sleepover (注意:不是 oversleep"睡过头"哦)。聚会时,几个小朋友会去某一个好朋友家过夜,一般这种聚会多见于女孩。通常孩子的父母会把她们送到要留宿的小朋友家,跟对方家长打招呼,确认留宿环境安全后离开,小朋友们也会带上自己的睡袋、枕头、洗漱用品、睡衣和睡裤等生活用品。

#### Translation

#### 重抬友情

友谊很棒,但是我们都知道维持友谊并不总是很容易。朋友有时会争吵。苏珊和埃米莉是好朋友。苏珊刚刚对埃米莉说了一些让人生气的话。她认为现在是就自己在这场争执中的错误道歉的好时机。她怎么来解决这场友谊争执呢?

苏珊来到埃米莉身边,说道:"埃米莉,我们能聊聊吗?我很抱歉我 因为谣言而生气。我应该事先问你是不是你传的谣言,而不是就相信我所 听到的。你是我的朋友。下次我会先跟你商量而不是生气。"

埃米莉听完苏珊的话,笑着说:"没关系,苏珊。我很高兴你知道不 是我挑起的谣言。同样对不起,我因此而冲你吼。我能感觉到谣言伤害了 你。我们和好好吗?"

# Passage 3



Think About It

Do you like science?



### **School Science Fair**

Emily had worked for weeks on her project for the school science fair. She and her brother popped many bags of popcorn kernels together. They tried to find out which brand of kernels popped the best.

It had been fun working on the project, but it was hard work, too. Along with doing the experiment over and over again, Emily recorded data and carefully made graphs and charts to show her findings. Then, she put the information on a large sheet of sturdy poster board.

Now, as the judges approached, Emily stood nervously in front of her project display. She held her breath as they looked at her poster and read the conclusion to her project. The judges nodded their heads and smiled at Emily. Then, they turned to each other and huddled together, talking in quiet whispers. When they finished whispering, one of the judges presented Emily with a blue ribbon.

Emily beamed with pride. Her hard work had paid off.

Vocabulary	Skills			
1. The phrase "along	with" means			
A. at the same time	e as B. because	C. but		
2. The phrase "paid off" means				
A. had money	B. failed	C. had good results		