

PRETCO辅导系列丛书 总主编 顾伯清

高等学校英语应用能力考试

Practical English Test for Colleges

应试必读

试题听力文字材料及答案与解析部分

A级 (第四版)

主编 顾伯清 副主编 徐 群 赵秀琴

- 各种题型介绍
- 写作必考题归类
- 最新全真试卷
- 试题答案与解析

 复旦大学出版社

PRETCO 辅导系列丛书 总主编 顾伯清

高等学校英语应用能力考试
Practical English Test for College

应 试 必 读

A 级

(第四版)

主 编 顾伯清

副主编 徐 群 赵秀琴

复旦大学出版社

高等学校英语应用能力考试

辅导系列丛书编委会

主 编	顾伯清			
副主编	徐 群	赵秀琴		
编 者	周明芳	朱金花	张伟香	徐丽君
	秦 凯	徐锦康	曹晓华	施彩虹

内 容 提 要

本书(第四版)为高等学校英语应用能力考试(高职、高专应试)辅导丛书之一。全书简要阐述了这类考试的标准、要求、题型以及应试技巧与方法,此外,还配有最新全真试卷、参考答案与详解等等。

全书共由以下几大部分组成:各种题型剖析及详解与联想;写作必考题归类详述;A级水平最新全真试卷(2006年6月—2010年12月)及答案与详解;供应试者考前强化训练与参考,以期取得最佳考分。

前 言

每年两次的“高等学校英语应用能力考试”是检验全国高职高专英语课程教学水平的测试,并能检查学生学完本课程后,在英语应用能力方面的真实水平。本辅导系列针对 A 级考试而精心设计。

“应试必读”(第四版)由以下几大部分组成:1) 各种题型解析:典型试题、试题详解、强化试题;2) 写作必考题归类详述;3) 最新全真试卷(2006 年 6 月—2010 年 12 月)。

本书对各种题型的主要考点、答题方法与思路、联想等方面给出了重点而简要的阐明和总结。为便于自测和教学需求,全真试卷的听力文字材料、答案和详解部分另外装订成册,供教师辅导时参考使用。

编者所教的学生通过本辅导系列丛书的强化训练后,多次参加了全国 A 级统考,均取得了优异成绩。

书中难免有不足之处,敬请读者批评指正。

编 者

2011 年 6 月

目 录

一、各种题型解析	1
二、全真试卷	100
2006 年 6 月 A 级全真试卷	100
2006 年 12 月 A 级全真试卷	110
2007 年 6 月 A 级全真试卷	120
2007 年 12 月 A 级全真试卷	130
2008 年 6 月 A 级全真试卷	139
2008 年 12 月 A 级全真试卷	148
2009 年 6 月 A 级全真试卷	158
2009 年 12 月 A 级全真试卷	167
2010 年 6 月 A 级全真试卷	177
2010 年 12 月 A 级全真试卷	187
三、各种题型解析中的强化试题听力文字材料	199
四、各种题型解析中的强化试题答案与详解	209
五、全真试卷的听力文字、答案与详解	225

一、各种题型解析

第一大题: 听力理解(Listening Comprehension)

听力理解包括三个部分: 第一部分为短对话(short dialogue) ; 第二部分为长对话(short conversation) , 每个对话后面有两至三个问题; 第三部分为短文(short passage) , 主要测试考生对短文的理解能力, 根据短文回答五个问题。

Section A Short Dialogue

Directions: *This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.*

本部分听力一共五道题。以日常交际题材为主, 文体多为口语。句子结构比较简单, 用词也不太正式。其次说话者常用省略句, 提问形式丰富多样, 多以 Wh-和 H-开头, 即 What, Which, Where, When, Why, Who, Whose 和 How 开头, 问题涉及的内容大致归纳如下:

- 1) 问“是什么、要什么、讨论什么、什么种类”等。例如:

What is the woman's answer?

What does the woman want for supper?

What are the two speakers talking about?

What kind of books does the man want to buy?

- 2) 问“做什么”。例如:

What does the woman tell the man to do first?

What are the speakers doing now?

What are the two speakers probably going to do?

- 3) 问“什么含义”。例如:

What does the man mean (imply) ?

What kind of jacket does the woman suggest?

- 4) 问“从对话中能获得什么信息或结论”。例如:

What can we learn from the conversation?

What happened to the two speakers?

- 5) 问“对某人或某事有什么看法”。例如:

What do we know about Doctor Smith?

What does the woman think of the plan?

- 6) 问“对某事的感受如何”。例如:

How does the man feel about the movie?

How do you like the report?

- 7) 问“对话可能是在什么场所发生的”。例如:

Where does this conversation most probably take place?

Where does this conversation most likely occur?

Where are the man and woman?

- 8) 问“对话者某一方的身份、对话人之间的关系”。例如:

Who is the man?

What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?

- 9) 问“某件事发生的时间”。例如:

When did the movie finally start?

When will the lecture begin?

- 10) 问“某件事发生的原因、目的”。例如:

Why is the man late?

Why did the man repair the car by himself?

- 11) 问“做某事的方式、方法或使用的交通工具”。例如:

How did the man go to Beijing?

How does the man usually go to work?

- 12) 问“多少数目”。例如:

How much does the cap sell for this month?

How much did the man pay for the tickets?

How long does it take to go to People's Square by bus?

How often will the woman's son have piano lessons from next week on?

典型试题

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. A) Buy a new computer. | B) Try the computer again. |
| C) Use her computer. | D) Have the computer repaired. |
| 2. A) In a factory. | B) In a bank. |
| C) In a shop. | D) In a book store. |
| 3. A) Having a race in the snow. | B) Traveling in the Northeast. |
| C) Visiting a friend in the Northeast. | D) Booking tickets for the winter holiday. |
| 4. A) 7:00. | B) 8:00. |
| C) 7:30. | D) 8:30. |
| 5. A) By car. | B) By train. |
| C) By plane. | D) By ship. |
| 6. A) \$ 16.00. | B) \$ 12.00. |
| C) \$ 4.00. | D) \$ 2.00. |
| 7. A) He enjoys it. | B) He's quite interested in it. |
| C) He doesn't like it. | D) He has no idea about it. |
| 8. A) Type some letters. | B) Help the man. |
| C) Go home. | D) Talk to Mr. Miller. |
| 9. A) Husband and wife. | B) Patient and doctor. |
| C) Teacher and student. | D) Manager and secretary. |
| 10. A) The man wants to go to the cinema. | |

- B) The man doesn't like to go to the cinema.
 C) The woman won't go to the cinema today.
 D) The woman would rather go to the cinema today.

详解与联想

1. 【答案】D 【听力文字】M: My computer doesn't work.

W: Why don't you have it repaired?

Q: What does the woman think the man should do?

【解】本题问的是那位女士认为男士应该做什么。当男士说他的电脑不工作时,女士建议说“为什么不请人修一修呢?”由此可知答案。

2. 【答案】B 【听力文字】W: May I withdraw 100 dollars?

M: All right, just a moment, please.

Q: Where does the conversation probably take place?

【解】对话中女士问是否可以取钱时,男士回答“当然可以,请稍候。”从中可以推断出答案。

联想 从上面两个例子可以看出考地点的对话同时也可能提问职业和对话者之间的关系。通常这类题目有一些关键词(key words)、短语或句子(phrases and sentences)可以帮助考生准确地判断所听到的内容并回答问题。以下介绍在几种场合所常用的一些词和用语。例如:

Store(商店): size, color, style, price, cost, cheap, expensive, change

Bank(银行): open an account 开账户, draw (withdraw) / deposit some money 取/存钱, Foreign Exchange 外汇, cash my check 支票兑现

Airport(飞机场): flight, take off, gate, due, ticket, hand luggage 手提行李, board a plane 登机, fasten your belt

Restaurant(饭店): dish, menu 菜单, order, bill, soft drink 软性饮料(不含酒精的充碳酸气饮料), soup, table, waiter, waitress, flower, music, food, pepper 胡椒粉; 辣椒粉, salt, flavoring 调味品

Hospital(医院): emergency room 急诊室, consulting room 候诊室, treatment 治疗, physician 内科医生, surgeon 外科医生, nurse 护士, tablet 药片, injection 注射, feel pulse 量脉搏, run a fever 发烧

常用的句子: (商店) Can I help you? How much does it cost?

Can you show me another one?

(饭店) May I have the bill? Are you ready to order?

A table for five?

(银行) Can you change these Hong Kong dollars into American dollars?

Will you accept my personal cheque?

Have you got your identification with you?

I need some small change.

(医院) What is your trouble? I'm not feeling well.

Where does it hurt? I have a pain in the head.

3. 【答案】B 【听力文字】W: Winter is the best time to visit the Northeast, because the snow there is so beautiful.

M: You are right. This is why we're planning to go there next week.

Q: What are they talking about?

【解】本题问的是“他们正在谈论什么?”对话中女士说冬天是去东北最好的季节,因为那里的雪很美,男士表示肯定,由此可见两人谈论的是去东北旅游。

4. 【答案】C 【听力文字】W: You'd better hurry, Tom. There isn't much time left. The meeting is to begin at 8:00.

M: Don't worry. We still have half an hour to go anyway.

Q: What is the time now?

【解】从对话中可以得知会议8:00开始,男士说还有半小时,因此很容易推断出答案。

联想 测试时间考题的关键是边听边做记录,并注意时间的不同读法以及介词 past, to 的用法,如 8:15 可以读成 eight fifteen,也可读成 a quarter past eight; 11:30 可以读成 eleven thirty,也可读成 half past eleven 或 half after eleven; 9:40 可以读成 nine forty,也可读成 twenty to ten。

5. 【答案】B 【听力文字】W: You know I don't like to travel by plane.

M: Yes, I understand. Then let's go there by train.

Q: How will the two speakers probably travel?

【解】本题是问“对话者有可能乘坐哪种交通工具去旅游?”根据男士的回答“那么我们就乘火车吧”可知,B 是正确答案。

6. 【答案】B 【听力文字】W: Tickets are four dollars for adults. Children's tickets are half price.

M: OK. I'd like to have two adults' and two children's tickets, please.

Q: How much did the man pay for the tickets?

【解】在对话中,关键要听懂成人票每张4美元,儿童票半价即2美元一张。这样就可算出共需美元数。

7. 【答案】C 【听力文字】W: Well. Mr. Black, what do you think of fast food?

M: Oh, I don't like it.

Q: What does the man think of fast food?

【解】本题是问男士对快餐的看法,根据男士的回答“Oh, I don't like it.”就可知答案了。

8. 【答案】A 【听力文字】M: If you give me a hand, I can get this work done in about thirty minutes.

W: I would, but Mr. Miller told me to type these letters before I go home.

Q: What should the woman do first?

【解】从对话中可以判断出这位女士先要打几封信,由此可见答案。

9. 【答案】B 【听力文字】M: What's wrong with me, doctor?

W: Just a cold, nothing serious.

Q: What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?

【解】本题问的是两对话者的关系。由关键词“doctor”和“Just a cold, nothing serious”可知,这是医生和病人之间的对话。

10. 【答案】C 【听力文字】M: Would you like to go to the cinema?

W: I'd rather not go today.

Q: What can we learn from the conversation?

【解】理解了对话中女士说的“I'd rather not ...”(我宁愿不……)的意思,就可知道答案。

强化试题

1. A) Monday. B) Tuesday. C) Wednesday. D) Thursday.
2. A) She will go to the cinema. B) She has to read a report.
C) She had to work. D) She'd rather stay home.
3. A) The woman has got a wrong number.
B) The man no longer works there.
C) David Jefferson is not in at the moment.
D) Someone else will answer the phone.
4. A) It's next to the post office. B) It's to the right of the post office.
C) It's close to the supermarket. D) It's opposite to the supermarket.
5. A) He was quite happy. B) He felt upset.
C) He didn't care. D) He seemed pleased.
6. A) The woman is busy working. B) The woman can't take the message.
C) Mr. Jackson is in his office. D) Mr. Jackson will be back soon.
7. A) She doesn't like it. B) She thinks it's just what she wanted.
C) She has confidence in it. D) She's not sure whether she can do it well.
8. A) Whether the woman is in good health.
B) Whether the woman has written to her parents recently.
C) Whether the woman is about to write a letter to her friends.
D) Whether the woman still receives a lot of letters.
9. A) The class usually begins at 3.
B) Professor Smith didn't have class today.
C) The woman's class ended ahead of time.
D) The woman wasn't with her classmates.
10. A) He'd rather not go to the lecture.
B) He doesn't mind if the woman goes to the lecture.
C) He wants to take part in the lecture.

- D) He's heard the lecture before.
11. A) Boating. B) Walking. C) Running. D) Driving.
12. A) She allows the man to smoke in the room.
 B) She will open the window for the man.
 C) She doesn't like the man to smoke in the room.
 D) She doesn't mind the man's opening the window.
13. A) In a department store. B) In a bookstore.
 C) In a library. D) In a hotel.
14. A) Write a report. B) Type a report. C) Check a report. D) Read a report.
15. A) A waitress. B) A salesgirl. C) A housewife. D) A receptionist.
16. A) In a bookstore. B) In a bank. C) In a snack bar. D) In a library.
17. A) Because he'll write a report. B) Because he'll be with his friends.
 C) Because he doesn't like the game. D) Because he doesn't know the players.
18. A) Flowers. B) Glasses. C) A blouse. D) A dress.
19. A) The man can use her computer.
 B) The man can help himself to some food.
 C) The man should put the computer on the table.
 D) The man should help her to move the table.
20. A) Because she likes to live near a playground.
 B) Because the new apartment is cheaper.
 C) Because she needs a quieter place.
 D) Because the present apartment is too small.
21. A) Tea. B) Wine. C) Coffee. D) Water.
22. A) To prepare document. B) To sum up their sales.
 C) To bring him a document. D) To write a sales report.
23. A) Mr. Johnson has been the man's boss.
 B) The man and Mr. Johnson are colleagues.
 C) The man is quite familiar with Johnson.
 D) Mr. Johnson has just got to know the man.
24. A) Two dollars. B) Three dollars. C) Six dollars. D) Twenty-one dollars.
25. A) Before the meal. B) During the meal.
 C) When the guest arrives. D) When the guest leaves.
26. A) He is all right. B) He feels worried.
 C) He is ill. D) He feels better now.
27. A) Save some money for a computer. B) Buy a cheaper computer.
 C) Buy a second-hand computer. D) Buy a new computer.
28. A) Boss and secretary. B) Husband and wife.
 C) Salesman and customer. D) Doctor and patient.
29. A) 1:30. B) 1:40. C) 2:00. D) 3:00.

30. A) It's going to snow. B) It has already snowed.
C) The man doesn't like snowing. D) The weather report is right.
31. A) In a library. B) In a waiting room.
C) At a bus stop. D) At a railway station.
32. A) \$ 2. B) \$ 5. C) \$ 10. D) \$ 15.
33. A) On Wednesday. B) On Thursday. C) On Saturday. D) On Sunday.
34. A) She can't lend any money to the man.
B) She can give the man twenty dollars only.
C) She won't borrow any money from the man.
D) She will lend the money to the man at the end of the week.
35. A) He has asked a lot of people to help him.
B) Tom is coming to help him with his truck.
C) Tom needs more trucks to move the furniture.
D) He will move all the furniture with his own truck.
36. A) Fixing an engine. B) Repairing a car.
C) Cashing a check. D) Buying some wheels.
37. A) Visit Japan. B) Cook some food.
C) Travel abroad. D) Eat outside.
38. A) One of a cheaper price. B) One of a different color.
C) One of a fashionable style. D) One of a smaller size.
39. A) He has changed his plan. B) He has canceled his trip.
C) He is arriving this afternoon. D) He forgot to arrange his trip.
40. A) They had lost their way. B) They were told it would rain.
C) They were caught in the rain. D) They had taken an umbrella.

Section B Short Conversations

Directions: *This section is to test your ability to understand short conversations. There are 2 recorded conversations in it. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A) , B) , C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.*

第二部分是两篇较长的对话,每组对话约长 120—150 词。对话后的问题(6 至 10 题)主要测试考生对于对话发生的时间、地点、对话中的明示信息、重要细节的理解能力。本部分的解题技巧是:在听之前,先快速浏览下面的选项;在听的过程中,有必要在相应的选项旁做好适当的记录或标记。

典型试题

Conversation 1

6. A) In a grocery. B) At the man's friend's home.

- C) At a restaurant. D) At a birthday party.
7. A) Orange juice. B) Tomato juice.
C) Black coffee. D) Black tea.

Conversation 2

8. A) He isn't very well.
B) He has some trouble in his study.
C) He feels lonely living in Britain.
D) He is not accustomed to the weather and food in the country.
9. A) Parks. B) Pubs. C) School. D) Cinema.
10. A) Peter is a foreigner, coming to Britain to learn English.
B) Peter is not interested in speaking English.
C) English people are hard to make friends with.
D) English is very hard for foreigners to learn.

详解与联想

Conversation 1

【听力文字】W: Have you decided on your order?

M: Yes, I'll have chicken, please.

W: And would you like rice or potatoes with that?

M: Potatoes, please.

W: Would you like vegetables as well?

M: I don't think so, thanks.

W: And what would you like to drink?

M: I'd like to have black tea, please.

Question 6: Where does the conversation most probably take place?

Question 7: Which drink does the man like to have?

6. 【答案】C

【解】从会话中男士点菜点饮料可以得知这是在饭店。

7. 【答案】D

【解】从服务员问男士“And what would you like to drink?”男士回答“I'd like to have black tea, please.”中,可得到答案。

Conversation 2

【听力文字】W: What's the matter, Peter? You don't look very happy.

M: I'm not. I'm worried about my English.

W: What's the problem?

M: I'm not practicing enough.

W: Why not?

M: Well, I seldom have chances to meet English people.

W: You should go out more.

M: Where should I go?

W: You should go to pubs, and you should join a club.

M: But . . . English people never speak to me.

W: Ah! You should speak first.

M: What can I talk about?

W: The weather! English people are always interested in the weather.

Question 8: Why doesn't Peter look very happy?

Question 9: Where should Peter go to practice English according to the woman?

Question 10: What can we learn from the dialogue?

8. 【答案】B 【解】从 Peter 的回答 "I'm worried about my English" 中可知答案。
9. 【答案】B 【解】从女士的回答 "You should go to pubs. " 中可知答案。
10. 【答案】A 【解】从 Peter 的话 "I seldom have chances to meet English people. " 中得知, 他是外国人, 到英国去学英语。

强化试题

Conversation 1

1. A) About 8 o'clock. B) About 9 o'clock.
C) About 10 o'clock. D) About 11 o'clock.
2. A) He wanted to see the woman.
B) He had an appointment with Mrs. Li.
C) He came to book a room.
D) He hoped to order some goods.
3. A) Send him back to his hotel. B) Give him the necessary documents.
C) Book a room for him. D) Call a taxi for him to the office.

Conversation 2

4. A) How much the microwave oven costs.
B) How to use the microwave oven.
C) How long the microwave oven is guaranteed.
D) How to repair the microwave oven.
5. A) The man wanted to look at a better type.
B) The man thought that the oven was too expensive.
C) The man was confused by the woman's explanation.
D) The man decided to take the oven.

Conversation 3

6. A) This Friday. B) This weekend.
C) September 5th. D) September 15th.
7. A) A return ticket. B) A single ticket.
C) A free ticket. D) A ticket with discount.

Conversation 4

8. A) Denver. B) Boston. C) Detroit. D) Washington.
9. A) A tourist train. B) A local train. C) A special train. D) An express train.
10. A) Four dollars. B) Ten dollars. C) Seven dollars. D) Twenty dollars.

Conversation 5

11. A) Scenic spots in Paris. B) A business trip.
C) Whether to go to Paris or London. D) Where to spend their holiday.
12. A) In July. B) In August. C) In September. D) In October.
13. A) Quite good. B) Just so so. C) Not delicious. D) Very salty.

Conversation 6

14. A) Find New York Airlines' office. B) Book an air ticket to Detroit.
C) Change his flight number. D) Confirm his air ticket.
15. A) At about 4:30. B) At about 5:15. C) At about 6:30. D) At about 8:00.

Conversation 7

16. A) A headmaster. B) A teacher. C) A clerk. D) A student.
17. A) 60 pounds. B) 23 pounds. C) 20 pounds. D) 12 pounds.

Conversation 8

18. A) At the bank. B) In the Chinese Embassy.
C) In the U. S. Embassy. D) At the New York University.
19. A) She herself. B) Her parents.
C) The university. D) Her financial supporter.
20. A) One year. B) One year and a half.
C) Two years. D) Three years.

Conversation 9

21. A) Sports wear. B) Holiday wear. C) Summer wear. D) Casual wear.
22. A) See more samples. B) Try on some T-shirts.
C) Meet the designers. D) Place an order.

Conversation 10

23. A) He wanted to check the order number. B) He wanted to order some computers.
C) He wanted to report on a problem. D) He wanted to see the secretary.
24. A) They got a wrong order number from the caller.
B) They failed to deliver the computers on time.
C) They couldn't find the order form.
D) They made a wrong delivery.
25. A) The salesman. B) The manager. C) Mr. Peterson. D) Mary.

Section C Short Passages

Directions: This section is to test your ability to comprehend short passages. You will hear a

recorded passage. After that you will hear five questions. Both the passage and the questions will be read two times. When you hear a question, you should complete the answer to it with a word or a short phrase (in no more than 3 words) . The questions and incomplete answers are printed in your test paper. You should write your answers on the Answer Sheet correspondingly. Now listen to the passage.

第三部分是根据所听到的短文回答所给的五个问题,录音播放两遍。所提问题已在试卷上出现,考生只需填上三个以内的词汇,将答语补充完整。本部分主要考核考生听力理解过程中的拼写能力和记笔记能力。问题是按对话的顺序提出的,所以考生要学会借助答题纸上提供的未完成的句子形式,首先推测问题内容。其次,集中精力听录音和空白处相应的词句。因为短文和问题都读两遍,所以第一遍可简单填一两个词,第二遍再补充。其问题基本都是细节问题,涉及面较广,可以是时间、地点、行为方式、原因、结果等等。

最后,答完题后要检查,1) 是否有拼写错误; 2) 时态、语态是否正确。要根据上下文,判断其正确性; 3) 语意是否通顺、连贯。英语中有很多读音相似或同音异形、近义词,选择哪一个词应由整句话的句意及上下文的连贯性来决定; 4) 语句结构是否完整。听的时候,有些虚词如冠词、介词等由于轻读,可能听得不是很清楚,检查时要根据上下文决定是否需要。

典型试题

11. At what time of day did the fire start?
In the early _____.
12. Which floor of the building did the fire destroy?
The _____ of the building.
13. Who lived in the building at the time of the fire?
Only a few _____.
14. When was the Geller House built?
In the year of _____.
15. What was the probable cause of the fire?
Most likely a burning _____.

详解与联想

【听力文字】

Now, back to the news. An early morning fire damaged the historic Geller House today. It destroyed the third floor of the building, but the firefighters saved the first and second floors. There were only a few elderly people living in the building at that time and they were carried out to safety. The Geller House was built in 1718 and was used as a hotel for over 150 years. George Washington stayed there in 1782. Five years ago, it was made into a building for the elderly. Several fire departments were called to the scene. When we asked the fire chief how the fire started, he answered that most likely a burning cigarette caused it. He promised to make a further investigation into the cause.

Q11: At what time of day did the fire start?