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内 容 提 要

本书是一本旨在提高医学考博英语词汇水平的复习资料。它根据最新颁布的2008年《全国医学博士外语统一考试英语考试大纲》，精选出医学考博英语核心词汇约3000条。

每个单词都有相对应的试题或例句，以达到语境记忆、记练结合的目的。试题和例句来源于医学考博英语真题，或与其难度水平相当的国内外英语考试试题，或经过对国外一些权威杂志、文章整理、改编而成。试题主要针对该考试的公共英语词汇，根据单词的考点而设置，例句则主要针对医学词汇，句子内容带有很强的知识性和趣味性，大大提高了考生的记忆效率。

本书特别适用于参加全国医学博士英语统一考试的考生，对于参加其他院校博士入学英语、职称英语以及出国考试等其他考试的考生而言，本书也具有较好的参考价值。本书配有圣才学习卡，增值服务请登录圣才学习网/中华英语学习网(www.100yingyu.com)。

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序 言

全国医学博士外语统一考试的前身为1997年起实施的卫生部属单位医学博士研究生入学外语水平考试(Foreign Language Admission Test for Medical Doctoral Students, 简称FATMD)和1999年起实施的在职临床医师申请临床医学博士学位全国外语统一考试(National English Qualification Test for M. D., 简称NEQTMD)。自2002年起,国务院学位委员会办公室和卫生部科教司将FATMD和NEQTMD合并为全国医学博士外语统一考试,正式委托国家医学考试中心具体组织。

本书是一本旨在提高医学考博英语词汇水平的复习资料。它根据最新颁布的2008年《全国医学博士外语统一考试英语考试大纲》,精选出医学考博英语核心词汇约3000条。每个单词都有相对应的试题或例句,以达到语境记忆、记练结合的目的。试题和例句来源于医学考博英语真题,或与其难度水平相当的国内外英语考试试题,或经过对国外一些权威杂志、文章整理、改编而成。试题主要针对该考试的公共英语词汇,根据单词的考点而设置,例句则主要针对医学词汇,句子内容带有很强的知识性和趣味性,大大提高了考生的记忆效率。

本书最大的特色就是每个单词都有相对应的试题或例句,通过试题或例句来解析词汇,从而达到以下几点目的:

1. 加深对单词的语境记忆,提高记忆效率,不同于一般词汇书单纯的死记硬背;
2. 试题和例句选材广泛,很多句子既可以作为翻译的练习材料,又可以作为作文素材的积累;
3. 试题选项中高频词汇反复出现,从而实现强化记忆和“知新而温故”的效果。

需要特别说明的是:考博英语真题的收集和参考答案,得到北大、清华、人大等众多院校师生的协助,并参考了众多考博英语复习材料(特别是一些名校内部考博英语讲义、试题等),在此深表感谢。由于水平有限,错误不可避免,不妥之处和建议可与编者联系,不甚感激。

圣才学习网(www.100xuexi.com)是一家为全国各类考试和专业课学习提供全套复习资料的专业性网站,包括中华英语学习网、中华医学学习网、中华证券学习网、中华金融学习网、中华保险学习网、中华精算师考试网等40个子网站。其中,中华英语学习网是一家为全国各类英语考试以及在中国举行的国外留学、资格认证等权威英语考试提供全套复习资料的专业性网站。考试具体包

括英语专业考试、英语专业课辅导、英语国内升学考试、英语出国留学考试、少儿英语考试、英语竞赛考试、英语口语考试、英语能力测试、英语职称等级考试、英语水平考试、英语翻译资格(证书)考试、英语教师资格证考试、国外英语认证(证书)考试。每种考试都设置有为考生和学习者提供一条龙服务的资源,包括:考试指南、大纲详解、视频课件、笔记讲义、在线测试、真题解析、单元训练和网络课程辅导。

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金圣才

A

abandon [ə'bændən] *vt.* 遗弃, 放弃; 抛弃

[试题] John had to _____ the journey because his father was ill.

- A. quit B. abandon C. desert D. abuse

答案为 B。abandon 放弃(指因外界压力或影响而完全或永久地放弃)。quit 放弃, 停止(强调突然或出奇不意地弃去)。desert 遗弃(强调违背誓言、命令、责任、义务等)。abuse 滥用; 虐待。

abate [ə'beɪt] *v.* (指风势, 疼痛, 数量, 程度等) 减弱, 减轻, 缓和

[试题] Human relations seem stubbornly set. Wars have not been abolished, labor troubles have not _____, and racial tensions are still with us.

- A. limited B. abated C. solved D. reduced

答案为 B。句意: 人类关系似乎极其稳定。战争没有消失, 劳工问题没有减少, 种族偏见仍和我们形影不离。limit 限定。abate 降低, 减弱, 通常指“风, 暴风雨、声音、痛苦等减弱”。solve 常与 problem 搭配, 表示“解决问题”。reduce 常指“尺寸、数量、价格、程度的降低”。

abdomen [ˈæbdəmən] *n.* 腹, 腹部

[例句] Acute inflammation of the vermiform appendix is the most common surgical lesion within the abdomen.

译文: 阑尾的急性炎症, 是最常见的外科腹部病变。

aberrant [æ'berənt] *adj.* 畸变的; 异常的; 脱离常轨的

[试题] Correction of the student's aberrant pronunciation is a continual, on-going process, not something reserved for lessons or exercises in pronunciation.

- A. habitual B. familiar C. conventional D. nonstandard

答案为 D。aberrant 异常的。nonstandard 不标准的, (语言) 不规范的。habitual 习惯的, 惯常的。familiar 熟悉的。conventional 惯例的, 传统的。

abide [ə'baɪd] *vi.* 坚持, 遵守

vt. 忍受, 容忍, 承受

[试题] The biggest challenge facing the police is to do everything to make the law-_____ people feel safe.

- A. sliding B. abiding C. bidding D. kidding

答案为 B。law-abiding 守法的。slide 滑动。bid 出价, 投标。kid 开玩笑。

ablate [æb'leɪt] *vt.* 烧蚀(腐蚀, 风化, 切开)

[试题] The laser would _____ part of the junk's surface, creating a bit of thrust to move the piece out of the way.

- A. ablate B. accumulate C. assimilate D. coagulate

答案为 A。句意: 雷射会使废弃物表面部份脱落, 产生的些许推力可以使该废弃物偏离原来的轨道。ablate 融化。accumulate 积累, 积蓄。assimilate 吸收; 同化。coagulate 凝结, 凝固。

abnormality [ˌæbnɔ:'mæləti] *n.* 反常(的行为), 变态, 畸形

[试题] His _____ aroused his neighbour's suspicion, at the end the police confirmed that he was the person committing the robbery.

- A. abnormality B. formality C. unusual D. irregularity

答案为 A。句意: 他的不正常举止引起了邻居的怀疑, 最终警方确定他就是那个抢劫犯。abnormality 反常(的行为), 变态, 畸形。formality 拘泥形式; 正常礼节。unusual 不寻常的; 别具一格的。irregularity 不规则; 不规律。

abolish [ə'bɒlɪʃ] *vt.* 取消, 废除(法律、制度、习俗等)

[试题] There are many bad customs and unconstitutional law that ought to be _____.

- A. eliminated B. cancelled C. abolished D. refused

答案为 C。abolish 废除(法律、制度等)。

abortion [ə'bɔ:ʃ(ə)n] *n.* 流产, 堕胎; 失败; 夭折; 中止

[试题] Many women took to the street to join the demonstration to make _____ legal.

- A. adaptation B. adoption C. abortion D. addiction

答案为 C。句意:许多妇女走上街头,加入使堕胎合法化的游行示威活动。abortion 堕胎。adaptation 适应。adoption 采用;收养。addiction 沉溺,上瘾。

abound [ə'baʊnd] *vi.* 多;充足,充满,大量存在

[试题] The area _____ in natural beauty—a variety of plants, animals, and other types of wildlife.

- A. booms B. promulgates C. abounds D. remains

答案为 C。句意:这个地区充满了自然美——有各种植物、动物,还有其他种类的野生动植物。abound in... (地区)有许多的...。boom 突然兴隆,日趋繁荣。promulgate 颁布(法令);传播。remain 保持;残存。

abrade [ə'breɪd] *v.* 擦伤;磨损

[试题] Floats in satin and sateen fabrics tend to snag and _____ easily, thus, such fabrics are not as durable as plain or twill weave fabrics.

- A. abrade B. barricade C. parade D. upgrade

答案为 A。句意:缎纹织物中的浮长线容易磨损、起毛或纤维被勾出。因此,这类织物不如平纹织物和斜纹织物耐穿。abrade 磨损。barricade 设路障于。parade 游行。upgrade 提升;使升级。

abreast [ə'breɪst] *adv.* 并肩地,并排地;最新;赶得上

[试题] Read the newspapers every day if you want to _____ the times.

- A. come up with B. put up with C. keep abreast of D. part company with

答案为 C。句意:如果你想与时俱进,就要每天读报。keep abreast of 与...并进,跟上,不落后于。come up with 提出,拿出。put up with 忍受,容忍。part company with 分离,有分歧。

abrupt [ə'brʌpt] *adj.* 突然的;粗鲁的;唐突的;生硬的

[试题] The bus came to a(n) _____ stop, making many passengers fall off their seats.

- A. absolute B. abrasive C. disrupt D. abrupt

答案为 D。abrupt 意外的,突然的。absolute 完全的,绝对的。abrasive 研磨的。disrupt 混乱的,中断的。

abscess ['æbsɪs] *n.* 脓肿,砂眼,脓肿

[例句] I think I have an abscess on my gums and it could be serious.

译文:我想我的牙床上有个脓疮,这可能是严重的。

absorb [əb'sɔ:b] *vt.* 吸收,消除;理解;占用

[试题] We are all overwhelmed with more facts and information than we can possibly _____. (FATMD-2001)

- A. feed B. maintain C. absorb D. consume

答案为 C。句意:我们淹没在难以吸收的大量事实和信息中。absorb 消化,吸收。feed 饲养,喂养。maintain 维持,维修。consume 消耗,消费。

absorbed [əb'sɔ:bd] *adj.* 全神贯注的,一心一意的

[试题] I was so absorbed in my work that I completely forgot the time. (FATMD-2006)

- A. engraved B. engrossed C. enforced D. enveloped

答案为 B。absorbed 全神贯注的,一心一意的。be engraved in 铭刻。enforced 强迫的。envelop 包封,遮盖。

abstain [əb'steɪn] *vi.* 弃权;(有意)戒绝;节制

[试题] The doctor suggests that anyone who has a sore throat should _____ from alcohol and smoking.

- A. abstain B. detain C. retain D. sustain

答案为 A。句意:医生建议任何一个嗓子疼的人戒除烟酒。abstain 禁绝,戒除。detain 拘留。retain 维持,保留。sustain 供养。

abstemious [æb'sti:mjəs] *adj.* 有节制的,节约的

[试题] Not content with being _____ himself, he openly _____ the prohibition of the sale of intoxicating beverages so that all could be sober.

- A. monastic... urged B. ascetic... proposed

C. abstemious... advocated D. sober... rejected

答案为 C。句意:不满足于自己一人饮食有节制;他公开提倡禁止销售能让人酒醉的饮料,以使大家都能保持清醒。abstemious 饮食有度的,有节制的。advocate 倡导。monastic 隐士的。urge 催促。ascetic 苦行的,过简朴生活的。propose 提议,建议。sober 未醉的,清醒的。reject 拒绝,抛弃。

abstract ['æbstrækt] *n.* 摘要,概要,抽象

adj. 抽象的;非具体的;非实在的

vt. 摘要,提炼;抽取,提走

[试题] Pure mathematics differs from applied mathematics in that the former is more _____.

A. vague B. abstract C. concrete D. academic

答案为 B。句意:纯粹数学和应用数学不同,因为前者更抽象。abstract 抽象的,理论的。vague 含糊的,不清楚的。concrete 具体的,有形的。academic 学院的,学会的。

absurd [əb'sɜ:d] *adj.* 荒谬的,无理的,荒唐可笑的,愚蠢的

[试题] The very idea of her winning the beauty competition is quite _____.

A. absurd B. abrupt C. abnormal D. futile

答案为 A。句意:幻想她会赢得选美比赛的想法是十分荒谬的。absurd 荒谬的,荒唐的,可笑的。abrupt 突然的。abnormal 反常的,不正常的。futile 无用的,无效果的。

abuse [ə'bju:z] *n./v.* 滥用;虐待;辱骂;弊端

[试题] They should never be allowed to _____ their authority and position.

A. abuse B. abase C. clarify D. clamp

答案为 A。abuse 滥用。abase 使谦卑。clarify 澄清,阐明。clamp 夹紧。

academic [ækə'demik] *adj.* 学院的,理论的;不切实际的

n. 大学教师,学者

[试题] High school students in China are judged mainly in terms of _____ performance.

A. accurate B. adequate C. academic D. accidental

答案为 C。academic performance 学习成绩。accurate 精确的。adequate 适当的。accidental 意外的。

accelerate [ək'seləreit] *v.* 加速,促进,催促

[试题] The secret to turning a daily stroll into a meaningful form of exercise is to pick up the pace. (FATMD-2001)

A. dilate B. multiply C. accelerate D. enlarge

答案为 C。句意:把每天的漫步变成一种有意义的锻炼形式的秘诀是加快速度。pick up 加快,加速。accelerate 加速。dilate 扩大,膨胀。multiply 繁殖,增加。enlarge 扩大,放大。

accent ['æksənt] *vt.* 重读;加重音符号;强调

n. 重音,口音;强调;重音符

[试题] He spoke in a thick German _____.

A. accent B. pronounce C. tone D. pronunciation

答案为 A。accent 常指“某一地区语言的发音特征”;tone 一般指“说话人的口气或声音的高低、轻重”等;pronunciation 指“发音”,不涉及语言的腔调和语气。accent 还具有强调“重点”的抽象意义。例如,In all our products the accent is on quality. 在我们一切产品中,最重视的就是质量。

access ['ækses] *n.* 通道,入口;访问

vt. 接近,存取

[试题] Students have _____ to the library during the vacation.

A. entrance B. way C. access D. admission

答案为 C。句意:学生假期可以使用图书馆。entrance 入口,它与 to 搭配时,意为“...的入口”;way 道路,方式;have access to 进入,可利用;admission 准许加入某机构或组织,通常不与 have 搭配。

accessory [æk'sesəri] *n.* 附件,零件;从犯,同谋者

adj. 附属的,补充的,同谋的,副的

[试题] All the _____ to her costume, hat, gloves, shoes, and purse were perfectly matched.

- A. implements B. accessories C. supplements D. acquisitions

答案为 B。accessory 配件,装饰品。implement 工具,器具。supplement 补充,附录,增刊。acquisition 获得,获得物。

accidental [ˌæksɪ'dentl] *adj.* 意外的,非主要的,附属的

n. 非本质属性,次要方面

[试题] While shopping in a department store, I _____ left my purse lying on a counter of handbags.

- A. initially B. fortunately C. frustratedly D. accidentally

答案为 D。句意:在商场购物时,我将钱包意外的落在一个手提包柜台上。accidentally 偶然地,意外地。initially 最初,开始。frustratedly 受挫折地。

acclaim [ə'kleɪm] *vt.* 欢呼,喝彩

n. 喝彩,欢呼

[试题] He received world-wide _____ for landing on the moon.

- A. appreciating B. award C. acclaim D. discrimination

答案为 C。acclaim 喝彩,欢呼。appreciating 欣赏;感激。award 奖,奖品。discrimination 辨别(力),歧视。

accommodate [ə'kɒmədeɪt] *vt.* 为...安排食宿,收容;容纳,接受

vi. 适应

[试题] The new dormitory built a few months ago is large enough to _____ over three hundred students.

- A. exempt B. include C. contain D. accommodate

答案为 D。accommodate 向...提供住处,容纳(指宽松的容纳能力)。exempt 免除,豁免。include 包括,包含。contain 包含,容纳(包含或拥有某物以作为一部分)。

accomplice [ə'kɒmplɪs] *n.* 帮凶,同伙

[试题] He was arrested, but his _____ got away.

- A. ally B. partner C. assistant D. accomplice

答案为 D。accomplice 共犯,同谋者,帮凶。ally 盟友。partner 合伙人。assistant 助手。

accomplish [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] *vt.* 完成,达到,实现

[试题] Though this task was difficult, they managed to _____ it in time.

- A. accomplish B. demolish C. establish D. publish

答案为 A。句意:虽然这个任务困难,他们还是设法按时完成了。accomplish 完成。demolish 拆毁,毁坏。establish 建立,创办。publish 发表,公布,出版。

account [ə'kaʊnt] *n.* 计算,账目,说明,估计,报道

vi. 说明,总计有,认为,得分

vt. 认为

[试题] The cashier was asked to _____ every penny of the money that he took care of.

- A. account to B. use up C. amount to D. account for

答案为 D。句意:出纳员被要求讲明他所负责的每一笔资金的用途。account for 说明(原因等);说出(钱等的)用途。use up 用光,耗尽。amount to 总计。account to 无此搭配。

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleɪt] *v.* 积聚,堆积

[试题] He gradually _____ an impressive collection of paintings.

- A. accumulate B. amass C. collect D. hoard

答案为 A。句意:他渐渐积累起可观的绘画收藏品。accumulate 指“逐渐有规律地增加或积蓄”;amass 指“积累到很大数量”并通常含有“价值很大”的意思(尤其指财富);collect 指“集中到一组或某一地点”,还含有“加以挑选”的意思,如 collect stamps 集邮;hoard 通常指“永久地保存或囤积”。

accurate [ˈækjʊrɪt] *adj.* 正确的,精确的

[试题] It took a week of investigation to get an even reasonably _____ account of the accident.

- A. correct B. exact C. precise D. accurate

答案为D。句意:为了对这个事故做出合理精确的解释,花了一星期时间调查。correct指没有差错或谬误的;exact强调数量与质量方面的极度精确;precise强调有关细节方面的高度精确;accurate指十分符合标准,并强调忠于事实或真理。

accustomed [ə'kʌstəmd] *adj.* 惯常的,通常的,习惯的,按照风俗习惯的

[试题] The machine operators are so _____ to the noise that they don't even notice it.

- A. associated B. subjected C. accustomed D. familiar

答案为C。accustomed 通常的,习惯的,be accustomed to 习惯于…。associate 使联合,联系,常用于 associate 与结构。subject 使遭受,使服从。familiar 熟悉的,be familiar with 通晓的。

acellular [ei'seljulə] *adj.* 无细胞的;非细胞的

[例句] A homogenous, acellular material similar to fibrin, is found normally in the placenta and formed in connective tissue and in the walls of blood vessels in certain disease states.

译文:类纤维蛋白,一种均质、非细胞组成、类似于纤维蛋白的物质,通常在胎盘中可见,在连接的组织及某些疾病状态下的血管壁内形成。

achromatopsia [ə'krəʊmə'tɒpsɪə] *n.* 色盲

[例句] My brother suffered from achromatopsia and can not discern between red and green.

译文:我兄弟患色盲症,分不清红色与绿色。

acidosis [æsi'dəʊsɪs] *n.* 酸液过多症,酸毒症

[例句] A number of intoxicants are associated with metabolic acidosis.

译文:许多毒性物质可引起代谢性酸中毒。

acknowledge [ək'nɒlɪdʒ] *vt.* 承认;感谢;告知收到

[试题] Indeed, the crucial role of vigorous physical activity has been poorly acknowledged as a major factor in the causes and cure of obesity, particularly the problem of being overfat. (FATMD-1999)

- A. recognized B. documented C. appraised D. administered

答案为A。acknowledge 公认,承认。appraise 评价。document 证明。administer 管理,执行。

acknowledgement [ək'nɒlɪdʒmənt] *n.* 承认,确认,感谢

[试题] He was given a laptop computer in acknowledgement of his work for the company. (FATMD-2005)

- A. accomplishment B. recognition
C. apprehension D. commitment

答案为B。acknowledgement 承认,感谢。in recognition of 承认…而,为酬答…而。accomplishment 成就,完成。apprehension 理解,明了。commitment 许诺,承担义务。

acoustic [ə'ku:stɪk] *adj.* 有关声音的,声学的,音响学的

[例句] The standard view is that these tasks are segregated so that organs for balance, for instance, do not have an acoustic function. (FATMD-2005, Reading Comprehension)

译文:标准的观点是这些任务是分开的,所以,举例来说,掌握平衡的器官是没有听力功能的。

acquaint [ə'kweɪnt] *vt.* 使熟识;使认识

[试题] Tom has been living in the town for ten months, yet he seems to be _____ with everyone who comes to the cinema.

- A. admired B. acquired C. known D. acquainted

答案为D。句意:汤姆在这个镇上住了10个月,但好像每一个来过电影院的人都认识他。acquaint with sb. 认识…某人。admire 钦佩。acquire 获得。know 了解。

acquit [ə'kwɪt] *vt.* 宣告无罪;无罪释放;还清(债务)

[试题] The jury was convinced that she was guilty. However, because of some false information, she was later _____ of crime.

- A. acquitted B. accused C. charged D. released

答案为A。acquit 宣判无罪。accuse 指控。release 释放。

activation [æktɪ'veɪʃən] *n.* 活化,激活;[化] 活化作用

[例句] None of the words was emotionally charged, so even when Thai speakers could understand them, there was no right-side activation. (FATMD-2002, Reading Comprehension)

译文:所有词语都是不带感情地说出来的,因此即使当讲泰语的人可以理解这些词时,这也没有激活右脑。

acupuncture ['ækjʊpʌŋktʃə(r)] *n.* 针灸, 针灸疗法

[例句] Thanks to acupuncture therapy, the patient is getting along very well.

译文:幸亏用了针灸疗法,病人大有起色。

acute [ə'kju:t] *adj.* 灵敏的, 敏锐的; 尖锐的, 突出的; 急性的

[试题] Growing awareness of the _____ problems in many US schools has placed them high on the lists of philanthropic individuals and foundations.

- A. acute B. ascendant C. ascribable D. armistice

答案为 A。acute 严重的, 深刻的。ascendant 上升的, 优越的。ascribable 可归于...的。armistice 停战, 休战。

adapt [ə'dæpt] *vt.* 使适应; 改编, 改写

[试题] The shrewd politician _____ his speech to suit the interest of the audience.

- A. adopts B. adapts C. adjusts D. bases

答案为 B。句意: 这个精明的政客改编他的演讲来迎合大众的兴趣。adapt 改编, 改写。adopt 采用, 收养。

adjust 调节, 调整。base 以...作基础, 基于...

adenocarcinoma [ˈædinəʊ,kɑ:sɪ'nəʊmə] *n.* [医] 腺癌

[例句] Over time, there is a risk for adenocarcinoma with ulcerative colitis.

译文: 随着时间的推移, 溃疡性结肠炎病人有患腺癌的危险。

adept [ˈædept, ə'dept] *adj.* 熟练的, 拿手的

n. 老手, 擅长者

[试题] My parents are convinced that children are more _____ at playing the piano and encourage me to practice hard.

- A. adopt B. adapt C. adept D. acute

答案为 C。句意: 我的父母相信孩子更善于弹钢琴, 鼓励我刻苦练习。adept 熟练的, 擅长的。adopt 采取; 收养。adapt 使适应; 改编。acute 尖锐的, 剧烈的, 急性的。

addicted [ə'dɪktɪd] *adj.* 沉溺于某种嗜好中的

[例句] People can be addicted to different things—e. g., alcohol, drugs, certain foods, or even television.

(FATMD-2000, Reading Comprehension)

译文: 人们可能会沉溺于各种事情中——例如, 酒精, 毒品, 某种食物, 甚至电视。

addiction [ə'dɪkʃən] *n.* 沉溺, 上瘾

[例句] Clock addiction is tough to break. Learning a new pace of life is like mastering a foreign language.

(FATMD-1998, Reading Comprehension)

译文: 很难打破人们对于钟表的热爱。学习一种新的生活节奏就像掌握一门外语一样。

additive [ˈædɪtɪv] *adj.* 附加的

n. 添加剂

[例句] Some food additive are regarded as beneficial by the manufacturer.

译文: 生产者认为有些食品添加剂是有用的。

adduce [ə'dju:s] *vt.* 引证, 举出(例证、理由、证据)

[试题] When you _____ evidence of this nature, you must be sure of your sources.

- A. adduce B. deduce C. induce D. reduce

答案为 A。句意: 在你提供实质性的证据时, 你必须确知它的来源。adduce 引证。deduce 演绎, 推演。induce 引诱, 劝使。reduce 缩小, 减低。

adequate [ˈædɪkwɪt] *adj.* 适当的, 足够的, 充分的

[试题] By law, when one makes a large purchase, he should have _____ opportunity to change his mind.

- A. accurate B. urgent C. excessive D. adequate

答案为D。句意:根据法律,当一个人购买一大宗商品的时候,他应该有足够的机会改变主意。adequate 适当的,足够的。accurate 正确的,准确的。urgent 急迫的,紧急的。excessive 过多的,过分的。

adhere [əd'hɪə] *v.* 粘附,胶着;坚持,遵守

[试题] He resolutely _____ what he had said at the meeting; he had not changed his mind in any way.

- A. adhered to B. adhered with C. cohered to D. cohered with

答案为A。句意:他毅然坚持自己在会议上所发表的观点,一点也没有改变主意。adhere to 与 stick to, cling to 同义,意为“坚持”;B与C是错误搭配;cohere with 与...凝结,和...连贯。

adiposis [ˌædɪ'pəʊsɪs] *n.* 肥胖症

[例句] The paper summarized the study progress in treatment of adiposis hepatica with Chinese crude drugs to dissipate phlegm and remove blood stasis.

译文:文章对近年有关化痰祛瘀中药治疗肝性肥胖病方面的研究进展文献资料进行了综述。

adjacent [ə'dʒeɪsənt] *adj.* 邻近的,接近的

[试题] The toy business in Los Angeles is proving so successful that toy companies have begun to sprawl into _____ neighborhood.

- A. glossy B. adjacent C. dizzy D. abrupt

答案为B。adjacent 邻近的。glossy 有光泽的,平滑的。dizzy 头晕的。abrupt 突然的。

adjust [ə'dʒʌst] *vt.* 调节(整),校准,使适合

[试题] These desks and chairs can be _____ to the height of any child.

- A. appointed B. adjusted C. addressed D. adopted

答案为B。adjust 调节,调整。appoint 任命。address 向...作(正式)讲话,从事。adopt 采纳。

administer [əd'mɪnɪstə] *v.* 掌管;实施,执行;给予,提供

[试题] In many Chinese homes, the funds are _____ by the wife.

- A. administered B. donated C. restrained D. admitted

答案为A。administer 掌管,管理。donate 捐赠。restrain 抑制。admit 容许,承认。

admit [əd'mɪt] *v.* 容许,承认,接纳

[试题] When all his experiments fail, a bright child can even _____ to himself and others that for the time being he is not going to get an answer.

- A. inform B. admit C. permit D. conform

答案为B。句意:如果所有的试验都失败了,聪明的孩子会向自己和别人承认他暂时还不能得到答案。admit 承认。inform 通知。permit 允许。conform (to) 遵守,符合。

admonish [əd'mɒnɪʃ] *vt.* 告诫;警告

[试题] The witness was _____ by the judge for failing to answer the question. (FATMD-2006)

- A. sentenced B. threatened C. admonished D. jailed

答案为C。句意:证人由于回答不出问题,而受到法官的训斥。admonish 训诫,警告。sentence 宣判,判决。threaten 恐吓,威胁。jail 监禁。

adolescence [ˌædələ'seɪns] *n.* 青春期,青少年时期

[试题] Accounts of conflict between _____ and their parents date back virtually as far as recorded history.

- A. alien B. descendant C. destiny D. adolescent

答案为D。句意:父母与处于青春期的孩子之间的冲突可以上溯至有史实记载的年代。adolescent 青少年。alien 外国人,外族人。descendant 后裔,后代。destiny 命运。

adopt [ə'dɒpt] *vt.* 采用,收养;通过

[试题] If the volleyball team _____ the scheme you suggest, they are more likely to be successful in the international competition.

- A. decide B. command C. vote D. adopt.

答案为D。句意:如果排球队采用你所建议的计划方案,那么他们将更有可能在国际比赛中获得成功。adopt 采用,这里指“采用计划”,用 adopt the scheme (plan)。command 命令,指挥。vote 投票,选举。

adore [ə'dɔ:] *v.* 崇拜,爱慕,喜欢

[试题] In that time, Mr. White enjoyed tremendous popularity. He was _____ by poor and rich.

- A. adorned B. administered C. adjoined D. adored

答案为 D。句意:那时候,怀特先生享有盛名,他受到了所有穷人和富人的崇拜。adore 崇拜,爱慕,敬重。adorn 装饰。administer 掌管,管理。adjoin 邻接,毗连。

advent [ˈædvənt] *n.* 出现,到来

[试题] Up to now, historians have assumed that calendars came into being with the advent of agriculture. (FATMD-1999)

- A. development B. arrival C. movement D. advance

答案为 B。句意:到目前为止,史学家已经设想日历是随着农业的出现而产生的。advent 出来,到来。arrival 到来。movement 运动,动作。advance 前进,提前。

adversary [ˈædvəsəri] *n.* 敌手;对手

[试题] To those nations who would make themselves our adversary, we offer not a pledge but a request: that both sides begin anew the quest for peace, before the dark powers of destruction unleashed by science engulf all humanity in planned or accidental self-destruction.

- A. friends B. civilians C. sages D. foes

答案为 D。句意:对于那些想与我们为敌的国家,我们提出一个要求而并不是做出一份保证:在由科学掌控的黑暗破坏力有计划地或无意间自我毁灭地吞噬掉全部人性之前,双方再次开始寻求和平。adversary 敌手,对手。foe 反对者,敌人。civilian 平民。sage 贤人,圣人。

advisable [əd'vaɪzəbl] *adj.* 可取的,明智的

[试题] If the test taker finds an item to which an answer is not known, it may be _____ to leave it blank and go on with the test.

- A. valuable B. advisable C. considerable D. considerate

答案为 B。advisable 明智的。valuable 贵重的。considerable 大量的。considerate 体谅人的,考虑周到的。

advocate [ˈædvəkit] *n.* 提倡者,鼓吹者

vt. 提倡,鼓吹

[试题] Some experts _____ modifying the Red List criteria to include local human population density.

- A. insist B. advocate C. simulate D. determine

答案为 B。句意:有些专家提倡修改濒危物种红色名录标准,使之包含当地的人口密度。advocate doing 提倡做…。insist on doing 坚持做…。simulate 模仿。determine to do 决心做…。

aerobic [ˌeɪə'rəʊbɪk] *adj.* 需氧的

[例句] If you want to decrease body fat, you must do aerobic exercises.

译文:如果你想减少脂肪,你必须要做有氧运动。

aesthetics [i:s'θetiks] *n.* 美术理论, 审美学

[例句] This is disturbing not only for aesthetic reasons; it will also decrease the value of our houses if we are ever to sell them. (FATMD-1999, Reading Comprehension)

译文:这样会令人困扰,不仅仅是出于审美原因,在我们出售时还会降低我们房子的价值。

affection [ə'fekʃən] *n.* 友爱,爱情;影响,疾病;倾向

[试题] But when it comes to Ms. Yale, the speaker softens his criticisms with _____ and forgiveness.

- A. affection B. affirmation C. argumentation D. association

答案为 A。句意:当批评到耶鲁先生时,说话人的语气和缓了,带着挚爱和谅解的态度。affection 钟爱,挚爱。affirmation 断言,主张。argumentation 争论,论证。association 联合,结交。

afferent [ˈæfərənt] *adj.* 传入的

[例句] The majority of the sensory or, afferent impulses from muscle do not reach the level of consciousness.

译文:来自肌肉的绝大部分感觉或传入神经冲动不会被人所意识到。

affiliate [ə'fɪliət] *vt.* 使加入,使隶属于

n. 成员, 分支机构

[试题] The two clubs did not have the same members, but they were _____ with each other.

- A. affected B. afflicted C. affiliated D. influenced

答案为 C。affiliate 使隶属于, be affiliated with 与...有关系。influence 影响。afflict 折磨。

affinity [ə'fɪnɪti] **n.** 密切关系, 姻亲关系; 吸引力, 亲合力

[试题] Many people in Wales have an affinity with music.

- A. reputation for B. solubility in C. tincture in D. attraction to

答案为 D。affinity 情投意合, 喜爱。attraction to 对...有吸引力。reputation for 有...名声。solubility in 在...里可溶解。tincture 与 of 搭配, 意为“带有...颜色、气味等”。

afflict [ə'flɪkt] **vt.** 使痛苦, 使苦恼, 折磨

[例句] In this way the name “hospital” became connected with caring for the afflicted. (FATMD-1999, Close Test)

译文: 这样“医院”这个词就开始与照顾痛苦受折磨的人有关联。

affluent [ˈæfluənt] **adj.** 富裕的

[试题] Having come from an affluent society, Jim found it difficult to adjust to a small country town.

- A. an affable B. a wealthy C. an overpopulated D. a large

答案为 B。affluent 富裕的。wealthy 与之同义。affable 友善的, 和蔼的。overpopulated 人口过密的。

afoot [ə'fʊt] **adj.** 在准备[进行, 酝酿, 计划]中; 进行中的

adv. 在准备中, 在进行中

[例句] And there are positive changes afoot higher up the scientific career ladder too. (FATMD-2004, Reading Comprehension)

译文: 而且也有比职位提升更好的积极的转变在酝酿。

aftercare [ˈɑ:ftəkeə(r)] **n.** 调养

[例句] She firmly believes that advice and counselling are critical in aftercare and the road to recovery.

译文: 她坚信建议与忠告对病后调养具有决定意义并引导其走向康复。

aftosa [æf'təʊsə] **n.** 口蹄疫

[例句] Improved vaccines for aftosa, malaria and other tropical animal diseases are also on the horizon.

译文: 预防口蹄疫、疟疾和其它热带动物疾病的高效疫苗也已经出现。

agenesis [ə'dʒenɪsɪs] **n.** 发育不全

[例句] Severe tooth agenesis will affect the development of mandible and maxillary bones.

译文: 多数牙齿先天性缺失会影响上下颌骨的发育。

aggravate [ˈægrəveɪt] **vt.** 加剧, 使恶化, 激怒

[试题] These photo studios have to cut prices to win back their customers. In fact it _____ their already worsening financial situation.

- A. irritates B. annoys C. aggravates D. enhance

答案为 C。句意: 为了重新赢得顾客, 这些照相馆不得不降价, 事实上这加剧了他们正日益恶化的经济局势。aggravate 加剧。irritate 激怒。annoy 使苦恼。enhance 提高。

aggregate [ˈægrɪgeɪt] **n.** 总数; 合计

v. 使聚集; 共计达

[试题] Because some resources must be allocated at the national level, we have created policies which reflect the aggregated attributes of our society.

- A. annoyed B. worsened C. assembled D. strengthened

答案为 C。aggregated 聚合的, 合计的。assembled 组合的。annoyed 苦恼的。worsened 恶化的。strengthened 加强的, 巩固的。

aggressive [ˈægrɪsɪv] **adj.** 侵略的, 好斗的, 放肆的; 敢做敢为的, 有进取心的

[试题] Policymakers have significant freedom to ease policy _____ since inflation remains low and tame.

A. desperately B. casually C. exceedingly D. aggressively

答案为 D。句意:由于通货膨胀保持低水平和沉稳,决策者有大胆地制定灵活政策的重大自由。aggressively 大胆地;挑衅地。desperately 孤注一掷地,绝望地。casually 漫不经心地,随意地。exceedingly 非常地,极度地。

agile ['ædʒaɪl] *adj.* 敏捷的,轻快的,灵活的

[例句] Activity in older people helps them stay agile, work and feel better. (FATMD-2000, Close Test)

译文:老年人参与锻炼活动有助于他们保持灵敏,工作得更好,感觉也更好。

agitated ['ædʒɪteɪtɪd] *adj.* 激动的;表现不安的

[例句] Most of the time she as friendly and happy, however, several times a day she gets quite agitated without apparent cause. (FATMD-2001, Reading Comprehension)

译文:大多数时间她很友好也很开心,然而一天有几次她会莫名其妙地感到不安。

agony ['æɡəni] *n.* 苦恼,极大的痛苦

[试题] Nobody can stand for long agony of a severe toothache. (FATMD-2004)

A. sufferance B. suppuration C. plague D. torment

答案为 D。agony 极大的痛苦。torment 痛苦。sufferance 忍耐。plague 瘟疫,灾祸。

ailing ['eɪlɪŋ] *adj.* 生病的,境况不佳的

[例句] People began to feel that it was the duty of the state to care for its ailing citizens. (FATMD-1999, Close Test)

译文:人们开始感到照顾生病的公民是国家的责任。

ailment ['eɪlmənt] *n.* (轻微的)疾病

[试题] Many modern _____ can be linked to today's polluted environment and the way we live.

A. tournaments B. illusions C. ailments D. inflations

答案为 C。ailment 疾病。tournament 锦标赛。illusion 幻想。inflation 通货膨胀。

alimony ['ælɪməni] *n.* [律] (离婚或分居后在诉讼期间男方给女方的)赡养费,生活费

[例句] Women usually have more to gain from the courts in the way of alimony rights to the home, and child maintenance. (FATMD-1999, Reading Comprehension)

译文:女性通常可以从法庭上获取更多的家庭赡养费以及孩子的抚养费。

aisle [aɪl] *n.* 走廊;过道

[试题] Many people at the rock concert were standing in the _____, because there were no seats left.

A. aisles B. altars C. bridges D. tributaries

答案为 A。句意:在摇滚音乐会上,由于没有座位许多人只能站在过道上。aisle 过道,走廊。altar 祭坛。tributary 支流,进贡者,属国。

albumin [æl'bjʊmɪn] *n.* 白蛋白;清蛋白

[例句] The white of an egg consists mainly of albumin which can be dissolved in water.

译文:鸡蛋的白色部分,主要由能溶于水的白蛋白构成。

alert [ə'leɪt] *adj.* 警觉的,机警的

n. 警惕,警觉

vt. 使...处于戒备;发空袭或暴风警报给...;警告...作准备

[试题] Dolphins also sleep with one half of their brains so that the other half can remain _____ to swim.

A. alert B. dizzy C. drowsy D. listless

答案为 A。句意:海豚也是用半个大脑睡觉,另一半大脑保持清醒,以便游泳。alert 警惕的,警觉的。dizzy 眩晕的,头晕眼花的。drowsy 昏昏欲睡的。listless 倦怠的,无精打采的。

alien ['eɪljən] *n.* 外侨

adj. 外国的,相异的,不相容的,背道而驰的

[试题] Although technically we speak the same language, many British people feel the United States to be an alien culture.

A. an outlandish B. a foreign C. a refined D. a barbarian

答案为 B。alien 外来的,异族的。foreign 外国的,外来的。outlandish 外国气派的,奇异的。refined 精制的,优雅的。barbarian 野蛮的,粗鲁的。

alienate ['eɪljəneɪt] *vt.* 使疏远;离间

[试题] During his reign Henry VII made a determined effort to recover royal lands alienated illegally from the crown.

A. stolen B. seized C. bought D. transferred

答案为 D。句意:在 Henry VII 统治时期,他下决心重新取得皇室被非法割让出去的土地。alienate 让与,割让;疏远。transfer 转移,转让,转换。

alimentary [ˌæli'mentəri] *adj.* 营养的;消化器官的

[例句] In land animals, saliva contains mucus, and provides lubrication for food in the alimentary canal.
译文:陆上动物的唾液内有粘液,并对消化道内的食物起着润滑作用。

alkaline ['ælkəleɪn] *adj.* 碱性的

n. 碱性,碱度

[例句] Parallel tests suggested that the alkaline electrolyte was beneficial to phenol degradation.

译文:对比实验揭示,碱性电解液有利于苯酚的降解。

allay [ə'leɪ] *v.* 减轻,消除(痛苦、恐惧等)

[试题] This medicine is widely used in our community to _____ pains.

A. allay B. ally C. alley D. allege

答案为 A。句意:这种药在我们村镇被广泛用来镇痛。allay 缓和,减轻。ally 使(两个或两个以上的国家通过条约)联合或联盟。alleyn 小巷。allege 宣称,供述。

allege [ə'ledʒ] *vt.* 断言,宣称;<法>指控

[例句] More than 22,000 people holding the 349 number have filed 689 civil suits seeking damages, as well as 5,200 criminal complaints alleging fraud and deception. (FATMD-2001, Reading Comprehension)

译文:持号码 349 的 22000 多人提出了 689 份民事诉讼寻求损害赔偿,5200 份刑事申诉声言受到欺诈。

allergic [ə'lɜ:dʒɪk] *adj.* 过敏的

[试题] As she is _____ to eggs she cannot eat one without breaking into a rash.

A. accustomed B. relevant C. allergic D. partial

答案为 C。句意:由于她对鸡蛋过敏,因此她每吃一次鸡蛋都会出疹子。be allergic to 对...过敏的。be accustomed to 习惯于。be relevant to 与...相关。be partial to 对...有癖好的,过分喜爱。

alleviate [ə'li:vieɪt] *vt.* 缓解,缓和,减轻

[试题] The doctor gave him an injection in order to _____ the pain. (FATMD-2007)

A. alleviate B. aggregate C. abolish D. allocate

答案为 A。句意:医生给他注射了一针以减轻他的痛苦。alleviate 减轻。aggregate 集合,合计。abolish 废止,废除。allocate 分派,分配。

allocation [ˌæləu'keɪʃən] *n.* 分配,安置

[试题] Whichever approach is adopted, each student will require material and _____ which is at his level. (FATMD-2000)

A. presentation B. constituent C. compound D. allocation

答案为 D。句意:不论采用哪种方法,每位学生都需要与自己水平相当的素材和内容分配。allocation 分配,配置。presentation 陈述,表达。constituent 委托人;要素。compound 混合物,化合物。

allowance [ə'laʊəns] *n.* 折扣;津贴;宽容,允许

vt. 定量供应

[试题] In drawing up a plan, it is always advisable to _____ unforeseen circumstances.

A. make allowance for B. take offence at
C. make a fuss D. take one's cue from