

大学英语自主学习丛书 主编 刘 桦

新编大学英语 辅导教材

2

NEW COLLEGE ENGLISH

肖蓉蓉 主编



西南交通大学出版社

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New College English



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前 言

《新编大学英语辅导教材》是按照教育部(1999年)最新公布的大学英语四、六级教学大纲和大纲词汇表的要求,在由浙江大学新编写,外研社出版的《新编大学英语》基础上编写的同步辅导教材。本书立足原教材,体现“主题教学”和“学生中心”两大特点,强调语言的功能性和交际性。鉴于新教材词汇量大,课文较难,要点讲解较少,我们认为及时给予学生课外导读帮助和教师案头参考是必要的,因此,本书是广大学生自学及测试和大学英语教师备课的参考用书。

本书按新大纲要求增强了词汇和记忆训练,增加了词汇量。本书提供极有实用效果的词缀分析和联想记忆两项内容。因为英语单词有很多是由代表一定意义的词根,词干和词缀构成的,只要掌握它们,单词量可以迅速扩充。另外,本书提供同根词或近(反)义词或拼写上易混淆的词等,即对一个名词进行横向和纵向联系,这不仅促进联想记忆,而且让学生有效地掌握和保持四、六级考点词汇。在本书后附有词缀表,随时对照本书词缀,提高词形结构意识。针对课文部分,本书对课内阅读和课外阅读均有句子注释,句法讲解,补充和强化学生的语法薄弱环节。本书对每篇课文编写了课文大意,理解题和翻译题,并针对各单元的重点,难点,按四、六级统考要求编写了单元测试题,以供学生自学和自测。

此外,本书在每个单元首尾部分均提供了本单元经典背诵句和体现同一主题的谚语,用以强化对课文主题的理解,更重要的是让学生在积累一定语言素材的基础上,学会表达和运用。

本书在编写中得到来自西南交通大学外语系教师的大力支持，在此谨向他们表示衷心的感谢。

编者

2000.9

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Unit One Food(食物)

Sentences to Remember

Some people in Africa think African termites make a delicious meal.

一些非洲人认为非洲白蚁是美味佳肴。

Food likes and dislikes do not always seem related to nutrition.

对食物的好恶并非总是与营养有关。

Dogs have value as protection against criminals.

狗的价值体现在防御罪犯侵犯(方面)。

一、In-Class Reading

Food and Culture 食物与文化

(一) Vocabulary

apparently[ə'pærəntli] adv. (obviously; seemingly, according to appearance) 显然地; 明显地

=ap(=ad 前缀, 向)+par(出现)+ent+ly(副词后缀) e. g.

Apparently, the gap between the rich and the poor in some countries is widening. 很显然, 一些国家的贫富差距越来越大了。

[联想记忆] **apparent** a. 明显的 **apparency** n. 可见 **obviously** ad. 明显地, **evidently** ad. 显然

[同义词] **patently, manifestly, clearly, perceptibly**

appropriate [ə'prəʊpriɪt] a. (fit, suitable) 适当的; 恰当的

= ap(to, 向, 前缀) + propri(= proper 适当的) + ate(形容词后缀) e. g. His simple clothes are not appropriate for that condition. 他的简朴衣服不适合那种场合穿。

[联想记忆] **appropriate** v. 擅用; 据为己有 **appropriately** ad. 适当的; 恰当的 **appropriation** n. 据为己有; 擅用 **appropriator** n. 擅用者; 占用者 **appropriative** a. 拨出(款项)的; 占用的; 盗用的

[同义词] **adapted, proper, seemly, befitting, relevant**

delicious [di'li:ʃəs] adj. (giving delight) 美味的; 堪玩味的

e. g. Doesn't the meal smell delicious! 饭菜真美味, 不是吗?
What a delicious joke! 多有趣的笑话!

[联想记忆] **deliciously** ad. 堪玩味地

[同义词] **tasty, appetizing, luscious, savoury, dainty**

disgusting [dis'gʌstɪŋ] a. (extremely unpleasant) 令人作呕的; 令人厌恶的

= dis(= apart 前缀, 分开, 不) + gust(词根, 尝试) + ing(形容词后缀) e. g. The food is disgusting. 这食物令人恶心。

[联想记忆] **disgust** n. & v. 厌恶; 作呕; 使厌恶; 使作呕, **disgusted** a. 厌恶的; 讨厌的, **disgustingly** ad. 令人厌恶地

[同义词] **sickening, nauseating, revolting, unpleasant, shocking**

nauseating [nɔ:si'eɪtɪŋ] adj. (cause nausea) 令人作呕的

e. g. nauseating food 令人作呕的食物; nauseating sight 令人作呕的情景

[联想记忆] **nausea** n. 作呕, 恶心 **nauseat** vt. 使作呕 **nauseous** a.

令人厌恶的

[同义词] v. sicken, disgust, revolt, repel, offend

nutritious [nju: 'trifəs] a. (nourishing; healthful) 有营养的; 滋养的

= nutrile (nourish, 滋养, 词根) + tious (形容词后缀) e. g. The food is tasty and nutritious. 该食物味美并富有营养。

[联想记忆] **nutrient** a. & n 营养的; 营养物; **nutriment** n. 营养品

nutrition n. 营养, 食物 **nutritive** a. 营养的; 关于营养的。 **malnutrition** n. 营养不良。

occur [ə'kə:] v. (take place, happen) 发生

e. g. When did the accident occur? 意外事故什么时候发生的?

An idea has occurred to me. 我想起一个主意。

[联想记忆] **occurrence** n. 发生, 事件

[同义词] come about, chance, arise, appear, exist

protection [prə'tekʃən] n. (prevention) from being harmed or damaged) 保护

= pro (前缀, 向前, 在前) + tect (= cover 遮蔽) + (t)ion (名词后缀) e. g. We need protection from the sun's rays. 我们需要太阳光线的保护。 She put on dark glasses as a protection against strong light. 她带上墨镜以防强光对眼睛的伤害。

[联想记忆] **protect** v. 保护 **protectionism** n. 保护贸易主义; 保护政策

protectionist n. 保护贸易论者 **protective** a. 保护的, 防护的

protector n. 拥护者; 保护者

[同义词] defence, guard, safeguard, shield, refuge

sacred ['seikrid] a. (divine; holy) 神圣的

= sacr (神圣的, 词根) + ed e. g. They entered the sacred mosque. 他们走进了神圣的清真寺。 They encountered a group of sacred elephants on their way to the forest. 他们在去森林的路上偶遇一群神象。

[联想记忆] **sacrifice** n. & v. 牺牲, 献祭 **sacredly** ad. 神圣地 **sacredness** n. 神圣 **sacred writings** 宗教经典 **sacred music** 圣乐 **a sacred place of revolution** 革命圣地 **a monument sacred to the memory of martyrs** 烈士纪念碑

[同义词] **holy, consecrated, blessed, divine untouchable**

sufficiently [sə'fiʃəntli] ad. (adequately; enough) 充分地; 足够地
= **suffic(e)** (满足的) + **(i)ent** (形容词后缀, 表“有……性质”) + **ly** (副词后缀) e. g. He had not insured the house sufficiently.
他对该房屋投保不足。

[联想记忆] **suffice** v. 足够; 满足……的需要 **sufficingly** ad. 足够地 **sufficiency** n. (常与不定冠词连用) 充足; 自满 **sufficient** a. 足够的; 充分的 **adequately** adv. 足够的

[同义词] **adj. enough, adequate, ample, abundant, plentiful**

taboo [tə'bu:] n. (act or thing regarded as forbidden) 禁忌
e. g. That mountain is under (a) taboo. 那座山不可接近。Customs that were once taboo are now discussed openly. 一度禁忌的习俗现在已公开讨论了。

[同义词] **prohibited, banned, forbidden, not allowed**

related to (connected with/in) 与……相关

e. g. English is related to French and Latin. 英文与法文和拉丁文有渊源关系。① **relate...to...** ……与……有关联 The report related the increasing number of crimes committed by teenagers to the failure of family education. 报告显示青少年犯罪的增加与家庭教育失败有关。② **relate to** 谈及 David related to his sufferings in his speech. 大卫在演讲中谈到了他的痛苦遭遇。

be sick (vomit) 呕吐

e. g. He began to feel sick as soon as the ship started to move. 船一起锚他就想吐了。He is sick with a cold. 他患了感冒。on

sick leave 请病假

[比较] be sick of 厌烦 I am sick of the same old routine every day. 我厌烦每天的例行工作。

in addition (besides) 另外, 还有

You need money and time, in addition, you need diligence. 你需要金钱和时间, 此外, 你还需要努力。

[短语] in addition to 除……之外 In addition to English, they have to study a second foreign language. 除英语外, 他们还得学一门第二外语。

(二) Sentences

1. When the famous boxer Muhammad Ali visited Africa, for example, one member of his group became quite sick when he saw someone pick up a butterfly and eat it. (L. 3~5) 例如, 当著名的拳击手穆罕默德·阿里出访非洲期间, 访问团里的一名成员看到有人抓了一只蝴蝶吃下去时更恶心想吐。

be/feel/become sick 感到恶心, 想吐; 生病 e. g. If you are sick, food that you have eaten is sent out through your mouth. 如果你恶心, 你吃的食物就会从嘴里吐出来。Flying always makes me feel sick. 乘飞机总让我感到恶心想吐。

2. Some people in Africa think African termites make a delicious meal. (L. 8) 有些非洲人认为非洲白蚁可做成美味佳肴。

句中动词 make 表示 have the right qualities for a particular task or role. 意为具有完成某一特别任务或作用的素质。e. g. Mary will make a good secretary. 玛丽会成为一名能干的秘书。She made him a good husband because he made her a good wife. 因为她成为他的贤妻, 所以也使他成为了好丈夫。Cold tea makes an excellent drink in summer. 凉茶是夏天极佳的饮料。

3. Apparently, dog's place in society as a companion and as a protection against criminals makes the dog taboo as food. (*L.* 37~38)很显然,狗作为人的伴侣和防御罪犯的社会地位使吃狗肉成为禁忌。

该句有三个“as”短语。其中,第一和第二个短语 as a companion and as a protection against criminals 用作定语修饰 the dog。taboo 作宾语“the dog”的补语。

(三) Text Reading

Main Idea

Food is one of the essential necessities for people. But different people have different likes and dislikes for food. Usually it depends on what cultures they come from. Generally speaking, people from the same culture may share similar food customs. People from different cultures, however, have quite different food likes and dislikes. Some people's favorite food in one culture may be very disgusting or nauseating for those from other cultures. But culture difference does not explain the whole situation. Anthropologists believe that nutrition and religion also play an important role sometimes. In some religions, some foods are regarded as taboos.

二、After-Class Reading I

The Menu 菜单

(一) Vocabulary

appetite['æpitait] n. (desire for food or sth)食欲;胃口;欲望

= ap(前缀,向)+pet(追求)+ite(欲望) e. g. The long walk

gave him a good appetite. 长途跋涉使他食欲大增。Nowadays, more and more young people have a strong appetite for knowledge. 现在,越来越多的年青人渴求知识。

[联想记忆] **appetitive** a. 关于食欲的 **appetising/appetizing** a. 开胃的; 鲜美的 **appetiser/appetizer** n. 开胃品 e. g. Pickled vegetables are good appetizers in summer. 泡菜是夏季的理想开胃品。have a good (bad/poor) appetite for 对……有(没有)胃口; lose one's appetite 食欲不振; to one's appetite 投某人之所好; satisfy one's appetite 满足食欲(欲望); moderate one's appetite 节食
[同义词] want, longing, craving, passion, relish, liking, affinity, inclination, propensity

association [ə'səʊʃi'eɪʃən] n. (an organization of people with a common purpose) 协会; 团体; (connection) 联系, 联想
= as(前缀, 向) + soci (associate 结交) + ation (名词后缀) e. g. the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries 中国人民对外友好协会 The name of Bermuda brings up associations of danger and death. 百慕大的名字使人联想到危险和死亡。

[联想记忆] **associate** v. 使联系, 使联合; 把……联想起来 **associated** a. 联合的 the Associated Press 联合通讯社, 简称美联社 **association** n. 社团的; 协会的; 联想的 **associationism** n. 联想主义 **associationist** n. 联想主义者 **associative** a. 联合的, 联想的 an alumni association 校友会 the Amateur Athletic Association 业余体育协会 a mutual aid/benefit association 互助会 a trade association 贸易协会 **dissociate** v. (dis 前缀, 不; 相反) 分开; 使脱离; 分裂 **dissociable** a. 可分离的; 孤僻的 **dissociation** n. 分离; 分裂

decline [di'klaɪn] n. (the condition of becoming smaller, weaker or

worse)下降,衰退;v. (to move from a better to a worse position, or from higher to lower)衰退,下降 (refuse politely)谢绝,婉拒

=de(前缀,向下)+clin(弯曲)e. g. There is a sharp decline in interest in sports in our school. 在我们学校人们对体育运动的兴趣骤减。The stock market is on the decline. 股票市场正在衰退中。I wish prices would decline. 要是物价能下降就好了。We asked them to come to our party, but they declined the invitation. 我们请他们参加宴会,但他们谢绝了邀请。a general decline in the rate of foreign exchange 外汇率普遍下跌 rapid decline in weight 体重的急剧下降 sales decline 销售额下降 fall/go into a decline 身体变得衰弱(尤指生肺病)。

[联想记忆] declination n. 倾斜,谢绝 declivity n. 下倾的斜面 acclivity n. 向上的斜坡, incline v&n. 倾向;倾斜 inclination n. 趋势;倾斜斜度 be on the decline=be going downhill 不断下跌 be on the rise=be on the increase/be increasing 不断上涨

expression[ik'spreʃən] n. (a particular word or phrase; an indication of feeling)表达;措辞;表情

=ex(前缀,向外)+press(压)+ion(名词后缀)e. g. This kind of homework gives students practice in written expression. 这种家庭作业让学生进行书面表达的练习。She looked at him with a startled expression. 她带着惊恐的神情望着他。An expression of rage came into his face. 他脸上浮现出愤怒的表情。

[联想记忆] express v. 表达;表示 a. 明确的;特快的 n. 快递;快汇 expressage n. 捷运业;快递;快递费 expressible a. 可表达的;可榨出的 expressional a. 表情的;表现的 expressionism n. 表现主义;表现派 expressionist n. 表现派艺术家 expressive a. 表现的;意味深长的 expressly ad. 明白地;显然地 be expressive of

表达;流露出(以物作主语) words expressive of gratitude(表示) 感激的话 a look expressive of hope/despair 希望/绝望的神色 a pleased expression 喜悦的表情 watch one's expression 察颜观色 a colloquial expression 口头用语 an embarrassed expression 尴尬的表情 everyday expression 日常用语 facial expression 面部表情 a grim expression 冷酷的表情 idiomatic expression 习惯表达方式 a rhetorical expression 华丽的词句 beyond/past expression 无法形容;难以表达 without expression 毫无表情地

originality[ə'ridʒi'næli] n. (creativity) 创造力;独创性

= ori(词根, to begin 开始; to rise 升起) e. g. He has shown much originality in sculpture. 他在雕塑方面显示出很强的创造力。He is a man of great originality. 他是一位很有创见的人。

[联想记忆] **origin** n. 起源; 出处(事物的开端) **original** a. 最初的 n. 原文, 原物 **originate** v. 创始; 发明 **originative** a. 独创的 **originator** n. 创始者; 发起人 **aboriginal** (ab, 前缀, 来自) a. 原始的; 土著的 n. 原始居民

preserve[pri'zə:v] v. (keep safe; prevent sth. from decaying) 保护; 保存

= pre(前缀, before 预先) + serve(to keep 保持) e. g. Boiling with sugar, salting, smoking, and pickling are different ways of preserving food. 糖渍、盐渍、熏、腌都是保存食物的方法。Ancient Egyptians knew of means to preserve dead bodies from decay. 古埃及人知道防止尸体腐烂的方法。preserve fruit in sugar 把水果做成蜜饯 preserve fish in/with salt 用盐腌鱼 preserve the scene in motion pictures 把这一场面拍成电影保存下来。story preserved in various European languages 在欧洲各种语言中流传下来的故事 preserve...in/with alcohol 用酒精保存.....

[联想记忆] **preservable** a. 可保存的; 可储藏的 **preservation** n.

保存; 保护 **preservative** a. 保存的; 防腐的 n. 防腐剂; 保护物

preservatize v. 给(食品)加防腐剂 **preserves** n. 蜜饯; 果酱 **pre-**

server n. 保护者; 防腐物 **reserve** v. 保留; 预订 n. 贮藏物; 预备

部队 **reserved** a. 保留的; 预定的 **reservation** n. 保留(条件); 预定

reservoir n. 贮水池; 水库 v. 积蓄

underestimate ['ʌndə'estimeit] v. (to make too low evaluation/calcu-

lation of; underrate 低估 ['ʌndə'estimit] n. 低估; 评价过低

= under(前缀, under; beneath 低; 下) + estimate (evaluate 估

价) e. g. too much underestimate the value of adult education

过分低估成人教育的价值。The Americans underestimated the

power of the explosion. 美国人对此次爆炸的威力估计不足。

[联想记忆] **underestimation** n. 低估 **underage** a. 未成年的 **un-**

dercurrent n. 下面的水流; 暗流; a. 不外露的 **underdeveloped**

a. 发展不全的; 发展中的 **underemployment** n. 就业率过低 **un-**

derground a. 地下的, 秘密的 ad. 地下地; 秘密地 n. [英] 地铁

(=[英] subway) **underline** v. 在……下划线; 强调 n. 底线

above all (most especially) 最重要的; 尤其

e. g. Children need many things, but above all they need love. 孩

子需要很多东西, 但最重要的是爱。Above all beware of fire.

尤其要当心火烛。

[比较] **after all** 毕竟 After all it is not so hard as it looks. 它毕

竟不像看上去那么难。He is a child after all. 他毕竟还是个孩

子。**first of all** 首先 First of all you must be frank. 首先你得坦

率。

give sb credit for sth (praise sb for sth; believe sb have ...) 因……

而赞扬某人; 相信某人有(某种优点)

e. g. I gave you credit for your sense, but you failed me. 我原以