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## **ENGLISH**

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New Edition 新

亚历山大(L. G. ALEXANDER)(英) 何其莘 合作编著 金斯伯里(ROY KINGSBURY)(英)



Developing Skills 培养技能



(以)外语教学与研究出版社



LONGMAN 朗文

朗文 外研社 册

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### 朗文 新概念英语 (新版)

#### **NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH (New Edition)**

WORKBOOK 3 练习册 3

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#### What's new in this edition?

This is the only new edition ever to be undertaken since *NCE* was originally published. The classic course continues to provide a complete and well-tried system for learning English, enabling students to reach their maximum potential in the four primary skills of understanding, speaking, reading and writing. The sound basic principles which made *NCE* a world-famous course have been retained. However, the following important features have been introduced in the new edition:

- All topical references in the texts and exercises have been brought up to date.
- All outdated texts have been completely replaced and accompanied by new exercises and new artwork.
- The original methodology has been modified to improve communication skills, with active training in listening comprehension right from the very first lesson.
- Drills and written exercises, previously published separately as supplementary materials, have been incorporated into the main coursebooks.
- The following features have been added to help Chinese learners of English:
   Bi-lingual vocabulary lists; notes in Chinese on texts and exercises and suggested translations of the texts.
- The pages have been enlarged and, where possible, are self-contained, so that lessons are easy to conduct.

#### 本版本有什么新内容?

本版是《新概念英语》首次出版以来第一次推出的新版本。这套经典教材一如既往向读者提供一个完整的、经过实践检验的英语学习体系,使学生有可能在英语的 4 项基本技能 ——理解、口语、阅读和写作 —— 方面最大限度地发挥自己的潜能。新版本保留了《新概念英语》得以成为世界闻名英语教程的一整套基本原则,同时又包含了以下重要特色:

- 所有课文和练习中有关时事的内容都已更新。
- 所有过时的课文都已更换、由新课文和配套的新练习。新插图取代。
- 原有的教学法经过调整,以利于提高学生的交际能力。从第一课开始就安排了有效的听力训练。
- 教材更简洁精练,过去作为补充材料单独出版的句型训练和笔头练习均已取消,其精华 纳入主干教程。
- 为了帮助中国的英语学习者,新版增加了英汉对照词汇表、课文注释、简短的练习讲解和课文的参考译文。
- 版面加大,在可能情况下,每课书相对独立,以方便课堂教学。

#### Welcome to NCE Workbook 3!

This Workbook has been specially written for Chinese students who are using *New Concept English* in China.

#### How will it help you?

The Workbook contains exercises and you write your answers in the book itself. The exercises try to achieve two objectives:

- They support the English you are learning from the coursebook, lesson by lesson. They will help you because you can write your answers in your own time and at your own pace.
- The forms of the exercises are based on those that are used in popular examinations which are taken by students at this level. The exercises are bsed on styles used in the following examinations:

British examinations

FCE - the Cambridge First Certificate in English

IELTS – the International English Language Testing System

American examinations

TOEIC - the Test of English for International Communication

TOEFL – the Test of english as a Foreign language

This means that you will be practising the English you are learning in Students' Book 3, while at the same time becoming familiar with the types of exercises set in common examinations in English as a Foreign Language. However, the Workbook does not provide in-depth preparation for any of the examinations listed above. If you wish to sit for one or more of these exams, we advise you to prepare yourself specifically for this purpose after you have completed *New Concept English* Book 3.

#### What does Workbook 3 contain?

The Workbook contains written exercises for each of the sixty lessons of NCE Book 3, *Developing Skills*. There are two pages of exercise for each lesson.

#### What kinds of exercises are there?

There are:

Comprehension exercises

These test your ability to understand texts and real-life situations and to make deductions about the meaning of what you read.

Language practice exercises

These test your ability to understand and control aspects of syntax, grammar and vocabulary.

• Open-ended written exercises

These consist of letter-writing and composition and give you the opportunity to write in English in your own words. You are usually provided with a brief framework or outline for each written task, and we encourage you to try to use as much language from the coursebook lesson as you can.

#### How do you use the Workbook?

- Do the two pages of Workbook exercises *after* you have studied a lesson in the Coursebook. Read the instructions for each exercise carefully, then follow the example when writing your answers.
- Check your answers in the Workbook key *after* you have finished the exercises. Don't be tempted to cheat! You will help yourself best by attempting your own answers first.
- When you have finished a set of exercises, think carefully about the ones you got wrong and try to understand where you went wrong.

I'm sure this Workbook is a very useful addition to NCE 3 and will help you to learn English better and to guide you towards particular examinations as well. I wish you every success!

Louis Alexander

#### 欢迎使用《新概念英语练习册 3》!

本练习册专为使用《新概念英语》的中国学生编写。

#### 特点:

它为您提供各种练习。您可以直接在书上做练习,写出答案。这些练习有两个目的.

- 帮助您巩固教材中每课所学的内容。其好处在于: 您可以根据自己的学习进度安排做练习的时间。
- 练习是根据这个水准的学生通常参加的考试题型设计的。这些练习采用了如下考试的风格:

英国 —

剑桥第 1 英语证书考试 (FCE, the Cambridge First Certificate in English) 雅思考试 (IELTS, the International English Language Testing System)

美国 —

托业考试 (TOEIC, the Test of English for International Communication) 托福考试 (TOEFL, the Test of English as a Foreign Language)

也就是说,在练习学生用书第 3 册中所学的内容的同时,您将能逐渐熟悉最常见的几种将英语作为外语的考试中的题型。然而,本书并非旨在一味地为如上所列的几种考试提供应考资料。如果您希望参加其中的一种或多种考试,我们建议您学完《新概念英语》第 3 册后专门进行准备。

#### 本书的内容:

本书是《新概念英语》第3册《培养技能》的配套练习,每课一组练习。每课练习包含两页内容。

#### 练习的内容:

书中包括以下方面的练习:

- 理解练习 这些练习测试您理解课文与真实情景的能力以及对所读内容进行推断的能力。
- 语言练习 这些练习测试您的句法、语法以及词汇方面的能力。

• 自由写作练习

这些包括书信写作与短文写作,给您提供用英文写作的机会。通常是每个练习题都提供一个简短的提纲或写作框架,鼓励您尽量多用教材中学过的语言。

#### 如何使用本书:

- 本书的练习要在学完课文之后再做。 仔细阅读每项练习的指令, 然后仿照示例做练习。
- 做完练习再核对书后的答案。但不要作弊! 先独立完成练习, 再核对答案, 这样效果最好。
- 每做完一项练习,都要仔细思考出错的地方,搞清楚错在哪里。

我相信这本练习册对学习《新概念英语》第3册的读者非常有用,它可以帮助您更有效地学习英语!祝您成功!

Comis Algo.

亚历山大

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### **NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH**

# Workbook 3

#### Lesson 1 A puma at large

#### A The passive

Complete the second sentence (in each pair), using the word given, so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. You must use the word in bold. We have done the first for you. 用所给的黑体词完成以下句子, 使每组中的两句话表达相似的意思。

1	People find will only Wild kangaroo	_					
2	'A wild kangaroo has been spotted in Regents Park,' the girl said to the man.  told  The girl in Regents Park.						
3	People didn't take the girl seriously when she said she had seen a kangaroo.  wasn't  When the girl said seriously.						
4	Lots of people given Descriptions			-			by lots of people.
5	No local zoo ha missing No kangaroo _	•			•		_ from any local zoo.
В		below is to ose the of	incomplete. Ine word or p	hrase tl	hat best	completes i	ı will see four words or phrases he sentence. Put a ring round a 在横线上。
1		the first r	eport came i	n about	a wild	tiger in Loi	ndon, nobody believed it.
	(a) While	( <i>b</i> )	Since	( <i>c</i> )	When	(d)	Whenever
2	People ran awa	y to escap	pe the tiger_		i	t was seen.	
	(a) however						
3	Experts said it	was not d	angerous		it	was approa	ched.
			for			. ,	
4		there was	a new sight	ing, the	police	and animal	experts rushed to the spot.
	(a) And	<i>(b)</i>	As soon as	(c)	But	( <i>d</i> )	As a result
5		_	_	7	_	assumed t	hat it came from a private zoo.
	(a) Although		However			( <i>d</i> )	As
6	The animal was	s finally c	ornered		cap	tured.	
	(a) and	(b)	so	(c)	but	(d)	also

#### C Special difficulties

Read this carefully. Some of the lines are correct, and some have a word which should not be there. If a line is correct, put a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) on the right. If a line has a word which should not be there, write the word in the space on the right. We have done the first two for you. 改错。在正确的句子的右侧打一个勾, 把不正确的词填在右侧的横线上。

The escaped puma is something everyone has been talking about for weeks.	
As soon as it was reported for missing, a group of people in our village	for
could be found discussing to who they should complain to about it.	(1)
'Where did the puma come from?' asked a woman.	(2)
'What about is everyone talking about?' asked one of the men.	(3)
'To which village did the hunters go to first?' asked another.	(4)
'If the hunters are armed,' said another, 'what are they worried about?'	(5)
'It's the same kind of animal by which I was attacked by in Africa,' said	(6)
Major Hubbard, 'and I'd like to look for it myself.' They talked like this	(7)
for hours. They didn't really discuss anything, and didn't decide anything!	(8)

#### **D** Comprehension

Read this, then answer the multiple choice questions. 阅读故事, 圈出正确答案。

There are still parts of the world which have not been explored properly. One part is the dense jungle of the Congo in central Africa. It is not unknown to human beings, for tribes of pygmies live there, but it has not been mapped. Not surprisingly, the pygmies know the jungle and its animal inhabitants intimately. They know where to find monkeys and chimpanzees, the okapi and different kinds of deer and wild pig. But they also believe that there is at large in the jungle an animal like a dinosaur with a horn on its head, which no one has ever caught or killed. The pygmies say it has been spotted many times in the past, but their stories have not really been taken seriously until very recently. All the descriptions of the creature in the past have been extraordinarily similar, and as the evidence began to accumulate, scientists felt obliged to visit and investigate. The animal which was observed by the pygmies and which certainly sounded like a dinosaur is now believed to be a rhinoceros.

- 1 What is special about the Congo jungle?
  - (a) Pygmies live there.
  - (b) No scientists have been there.
  - (c) Much of it is unexplored.
  - (d) African tribes have mapped it.
- 2 How well do the pygmies know the jungle?
  - (a) Extremely well.
  - (b) Reasonably well.
  - (c) Quite well.
  - (d) Not very well at all.

- What do the pygmies say about the animal?
  - (a) It has spots all over its body.
  - (b) It looks like an okapi with a horn.
  - (c) It is similar to a wild pig.
  - (d) It has only been seen, never caught.
- 4 Scientists went to the Congo because
  - (a) the pygmies invited them.
  - (b) they thought they'd find a dinosaur.
  - (c) the rhinoceros was rare.
  - (d) they wanted to solve a mystery.

#### Lesson 2 Thirteen equals one

#### A Key structures: the present simple and the present continuous

Read each question or statement and the three possible responses. Choose the best response to the question or statement, a, b or c, and write it in. 选择正确的答案, 并填在横线上。

1	Woman: Why's John going over to the shop this early in the morning?  Man:
	(a) He's coming back soon.
	(b) Because he's coming back to meet the shopkeeper.
	(c) He always goes over at this time to buy some milk.
2	Man 1: How's your boy getting on at school?  Man 2:
	(a) He usually gets on the 8 o'clock bus.
	(b) Quite well, but he's always getting into trouble.
	(c) He's very well, thanks.
3	Man: You don't like Joan much, do you?  Woman:
	(a) So do I.
	(b) But you don't always see her, do you?
	(c) No, she's forever complaining about something.
4	Woman 1: I saw Peter picking blackberries yesterday.  Woman 2:
	(a) Yes, he always goes out picking blackberries at this time of year.
	(b) He's always picking up things, isn't he?
	(c) Yes, I saw them, too.
5	Man 1: Why does Mary annoy you so much?  Man 2:
	(a) Because it's such a noise.
	(b) Yes, she does – quite a lot.
	(c) Because she's constantly asking me for money.
В	Special difficulties: prepositional phrases
	Read each sentence carefully. In each one, identify the one underlined word or phrase (A, B, C
	or D) that must be changed for the sentence to be correct. 圈出句子中错误的词或词组。
1	I'll sign the contract at once. No, by second thoughts I'd like to wait a day or two.  A B C D
2	When the actress <u>turned up at last</u> , she was <u>to tears</u> and said she wished she were <u>at home</u> .  A B C D
3	At the times we thought we would never reach the top of the cliff, but in the end we made it.
	A B C D

4	When my friend told r	ne he was <u>in s</u>	ome difficul	lty, what he <u>n</u>	neant was that he	was on debt.
	A		В		C	D
5	At first John and Marc had little in the common, but in time they became good friends.					
,	A	riad ittio <u>iii t</u>	В	C	D	Tronds.
	••		2			
6	On average Charles sp	ends 3 days a	week away	at business a	nd 3 days on duty	in the office.
	A	В	J	C	D	-
C	Vocabulary					
	Choose the correct wo	ord or words to	o complete e	ach sentence	by putting a ring	round a, b or c,
	and write it or them in	. 圈出正确答	案,并填在;	横线上。		
1	I woke with a	and lo	oked at the o	clock. It was e	exactly midnight!	
	(a) rush	(b) t	eginning		(c) start	
2	She just caught	of an	old friend a	s he cycled o	off round the corn	er.
	(a) sight	(b) g	glance		(c) glimpse	
3	He felt ridiculous, faci	ing the robber		only with	a rolled-up news	spaper!
	(a) carried	(b) a	ırmed		(c) worn	
4	'What's	_ here?' said t	the policema	in when he ar	rived.	
	(a) going over	· -	going up		(c) going on	
5	We're trying to	£10,0	000 to have	our village ha	all rebuilt.	
	(a) raise	( <i>b</i> ) r			(c) rouse	
6	They're collecting mo	ney for the vio	ctims of the	earthquake. I	t's a very good _	•
	(a) purpose	( <i>b</i> ) r	reason		(c) cause	
D	A report					
	Read the story 'Thirte	•	•		. •	
	Bill Wilkins and the vi					
	torch, he immediately		'阅读课艾,	然后用间接	引语重述比尔·展	<b>戈尔金斯与牧师</b>
	的对话,并用指定的。	习于开头。				
						· · - · · -
					<del> </del>	

#### Lesson 3 An unknown goddess

A Key structures: the simple past – irregular verbs

	Put in the simple past forn	n of the verbs in brackets. 用一	·般过去时填空。
	Yesterday was an amazing	g day, not because of anything	g special, but because so many things
	happened. My alarm clock	(1 ring) at 6 c	o'clock, I (2 wake up
	and (3 ge	et) straight out of bed. Unusua	lly, I was immediately wide awake.
	(4 have) a	a bath, dressed and	(5 go) into the kitchen where
	(6 make	) some coffee and toast wh	ich I (7 drink) and
	(8 eat) as	fast as I could. I	(9 leave) the house and almos
	(10 fly) do	own the road. At the bus stop I	(11 stand) and waited
	I(12 hear)	a voice say 'Good morning' an	d I (13 think), 'It's tha
		_	reath and (15 speak) to
			friend (17 drive by) ir
		·	(19 begin) to think how I could
			(20 tell) you a lot of things
	happened, and that was on		(20 ton) you a for or ming.
		-,	
В	Special difficulties		
			da, borc, and write it or them in. 图
	出正确答案,并填在横线	上。	
1	The streets in our village a	are too for lorr	ies to drive through.
	(a) slim	(b) thin	(c) narrow
2	We know the building is v	ery old, but we can't find out r	nuch about its
	(a) storey	(b) story	(c) history
3	We must do everything we	e can to protect the	of the ancient city.
	(a) leftovers	(b) remains	(c) remainder
4	Does anyone know what _	here last night?	
	(a) happened	(b) happened to	(c) happened to occur
5	Some of the animals that v	ve found had been perfectly	in the mud.
	(a) kept	(b) preserved	(c) stored
6	The walls of the ancient E	gyptian tomb were	with beautiful paintings.
	(a) decorated	(b) painted	(c) furnished