高等学校英语专业等级考试必备

英语专业四级考试直通车

TEM-4 Express Train

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出版说明

随着社会的发展进步,人们对子女基础教育的投入越来越大,学校和家长对中考的重视程度也越来越高。怎样才能做到既要减轻学生过重的学习负担,跳出题海,又要使学生很好地重温和巩固所学的知识,并能在升学考试中充分地发挥出较高的水平呢?为此,我们组织省内有多年中考命题经验的教研人员和长期指导学生进行中考复习的一线教师编写了这套《中考决胜 2002》。

本套模拟试卷是根据教育部"关于初中毕业、升学考试改革的指导意见"的指导思想:"语文考试应着重考查学生的阅读能力和表达能力;数学考试应在考查学生的基本运算能力、思维能力和空间观念的同时,着重考查学生运用数学知识分析和解决简单实际问题的能力,应设计一定的结合现实情境的问题和开放性问题;外语考试应着重考查学生理解、运用语言的能力;理化考试要结合具体问题考查学生对基本概念和原理的理解,以及应用这些概念和原理分析和解决简单实际问题的能力,切实加强与实验有关内容的考查,在试卷中应适当增加开放性试题"。同时依据"关于2001年辽宁省初中升学考试各学科考试范围与要求"的最新精神,本着全面覆盖考点、突出重点的原则进行编写的。

本套模拟试卷共 5 册,包括语文、数学、英语、物理、化学。由于本丛书紧扣中考,完全按中考题型精心设计,更加注重能力和素质的考查,命题遵循大纲,但又不拘泥于教学大纲,增加了大量应用性、能力型题目。所以我们相信,学生在总复习中使用本模拟测试卷,可以紧紧抓住考点,突破难点,强化热点;提高学习的针对性、有效性,切实起到临考热身作用,取得事半功倍的学习效果。

由于时间仓促,本书可能有不足之处,希望大家指正。



前 言

《英语专业四级考试直通车》是完全根据《高等学校基础阶段英语教学大纲》和《高等学校英语专业四级考试大纲》的要求,并参照"高等学校英语专业四级考试"的题型编写而成的。全书共分写作、听力理解、完形填空、语法与词汇、阅读理解等五章。本书旨在帮助准备参加英语专业四级考试的考生提高英语水平,在英语专业四级考试中取得理想成绩。

本书具有以下显著特点:

突出重点,强调重现 本书中的题型、难度、题量、重点难点分布和试题内容均与《高等学校基础阶段英语教学大纲》和《高等学校英语专业四级考试大纲》的要求保持高度一致,具有很强的实用性、实践性、针对性和科学系统性。同时,为了加深学生对大纲重点难点内容的掌握,我们对这部分内容设计了多个题目,增加其重现率,以期使学生通过反复训练,牢牢掌握这部分内容。

应试要略, 画龙点睛 本书配有各题型应试要略讲座, 对写作、听力理解、完形填空、语法与词汇、阅读理解等各题型的设置、要求、时间、考查目的、题目侧重点均做了详尽说明, 并对各题型的应试技巧和解题策略等做了系统性阐述。

详尽解释,剖析难点 在完形填空、语法与词汇、阅读理解训练试题后附有参考答案和详细解析。在详解中不仅说明了选择正确答案的原因,而且还举出了实例进行说明;不仅让学生知其然,而且知其所以然,使他们能够举一反三,提高英语水平和应试能力。听力理解试题后附有参考答案和听力文字材料。写作试题后附有范文和专家点评,以供考生模仿和参考。

英美发音,精心录制 听力理解试题部分配有英美专家精心录制的磁带。根据《高等学校英语专业四级考试大纲》要求,磁带朗读既有美国专家,也有英国专家。

本书作者长期从事英语专业基础阶段重点专业课程的教学,积累了丰富的教学经验,所主要负责的山东大学外语学院英语系的本科生在全国英语专业四级考试中的及格率在 1996~2001 年中连续六年保持在 95%以上,名列全国前茅。

但是由于时间紧迫,作者水平有限,难免有错误和不足之处,请读者指出。

编著者 2002年1月1日

第~	章	写作	(1)	
	第-	-节	写作要略	
	第二	节	写作范文与专家点评	
第二	章	听力	理解(14)	
	第-	一节	听力理解解题要略	
	第二	节	听力理解强化训练试题 (20)	
	第三	节	听力理解强化训练试题文字材料 (47)	
	第四	1节	听力理解强化训练试题参考答案	
第三	章		填空(66)	
	第-		完形填空解题要略(66)	
	第二	节	完形填空强化训练试题与精解	
第四	章		与词汇(90)	
	第一		重点难点语法精解	
	第二		重点难点词汇辨析	
	第三		语法与词汇强化训练试题 ······(143)	
	第四	节	捂法与词汇强化训练试题精解 ·····(158)	
第五	章		理解 (199)	
	第一		阅读理解解题要略(199)	
	第二		阅读理解强化训练试题(206)	
	第三		到读理解强化训练试题精解 ······(222)	
	第四	节	央速阅读强化训练试题(241)	
	第五	节	央速阅读强化训练试题参考答案(261)	
附录	_		专业四级考试大纲(修订本)(262)	
附录	<u> </u>	英语	专业四级考试全真模拟试题 ······(268)	

第一章 写作

第一节 写作要略

《高等学校英语专业基础阶段教学大纲》中对写作课的要求做出了以下规定: (1) 能根据各种不同的听力材料进行笔头回答问题、复述内容和写摘要。 (2) 能根据提示,在半个小时内写出 150~200 词的叙事性短文。以上均要求做到内容完整、条理清楚、语法基本正确、语言通顺恰当。 (3) 能写简单的书信、通知、便条,格式正确,语言基本得体。总之,写作教学的任务是培养学生初步写作的能力,包括提纲、文章摘要、短文以及最简单的常用应用文。

英语专业四级考试(TEM-4)的写作部分由两部分组成:第一部分是作文,要求字数为 150 字,时间为 35 分钟:第二部分是写一个便条,50~60字,时间为 10 分钟。

英语专业四级考试(TEM-4)作文部分一般给出题目和三个段落的提纲,我们可以根据题目的字面意思以及提纲各要点的关系来了解和掌握作文的主旨大意。也就是要学会审题,对所给定的作文题目仔细分析、揣摩,并准确理解题目的要求,避免离题。这是短文写作成功的第一步。英语专业四级考试作文特点决定了作文写法的基本框架,文章大的框架分为三个部分:

- A. 引言(Introduction):通常表明作者的观点或文章的主题;
- B. 主体(Body): 可以由一个或几个段落组成,是文中说明事实或情节发展的部分:
- C. 结论(Conclusion):常常是由整篇文章所得出的简短结论,或者事情发展到最后的情节或者事情的结果、结局等。

这三大结构应该说是动笔写作前的构思基础。我们写作的基本思路都应该紧紧围绕着这条主线去发展。首先及时把自己的观点在文章的第一部分直截了当地摆出,然后再把论据一条一条地叙述,支持前面的观点。论据可以合写成一段,也可以按一个论据一个自然段的方式排列。论据写完后,文章便可以结束;也可以再加一段,重提前面的观点,并作进一步的阐说。在经过总体构思后,就面临着具体策划文章该如何展开,哪些地方要详写,哪些地方要略写,哪些内容先写,哪些内容后写,需要举哪些例子等。无论如何,论据应力求全面客观,实事求是,以增强说服力。

此类议论文对语言的要求主要体现在三个方面:首先,要用恰当的逻辑词表示文章的逻辑性;第二,要注意自然段与主题句的运用,即用自然段表示出文章的逻辑性,并在每段中用主题句说明要点,给人一目了然的感觉;第三,要关注句型结构,写作时应注意每句的重心和句与句之间的衔接,使句意一环扣一环,避免松散。

在多年的英语专业教学中,我们发现学生在英文写作上的弱点主要表现在以下几个方面:

- (1) 不了解英文段落的基本铺写模式;
- (2) 上下文缺乏连贯与一致;
- (3) 结构不合理;
- (4) 缺乏组织观点的能力;

- (5) 语法错误太多:
- (6) Chinglish 不断;
- (7) 不懂得如何改进自己的作文:
- (8) 句子不通顺(表现为大量的不完整句、串句、杂乱句、叠句、错位修饰、混乱排比、等等)。

语言能力的提高是一个反复练习的过程。它包括听说的能力、阅读、词汇和写作能力。写作能力又涉及到两个方面:用词的能力和句子结构的能力。用词能力指的是对同一种内容,你可以有不同的表达方式。如果你在一篇文章中反复地出现同一个词,而没有可以替换的,那你的分数一定不会高。写作时用词得当,不仅能准确表达思想,而且能展示作者规范使用语言的功底和驾御语言的能力。但这并不意味着必须使用偏词、难词,着眼点还是应该放在基本词汇的用法上,包括同义词和近义词的使用,词汇的搭配以及惯用法等。

事实上,单词量并不能代表你的写作水平。单词就像是一块块的砖,但是如果你想建一幢大楼,只有材料是不够的,你还需要一个杰出的设计师。一个正确的句子除了用词得当以外,语法也应该正确无误。如果语法不正确,再好的构思也难以准确表达出来。有的学生写作时受汉语影响, 遣词造句的随意性大,想到哪,写到哪,所以常常在无意中出现结构和意义不完整的句子。还有的学生句子写得太长,逗号一逗到底;分词和动词不定式,或者几个意义不相干的句子生硬地拼进一个句子结构中。

下面列举一些在写作中常用的基本句式表达方式,以供参考:

1. 表条件的表达方式:

To be a good reader, you should...

If you want your dream to come true ...

Only by taking measures can men ···

11. 表原因的表达方式:

because, since, as, for, seeing that, considering that, now that...

Seeing that he is ill ...

Computer is very useful in that...

Now that I am well again ...

Ⅲ.表否定的表达方式:

but, except, without, lack, fail, rather than...

Ⅳ. 独立结构的表达方式:

To our relief ···

All things considered ...

As is well-known ···

虽然英语的章法非常严格,但是它需要你在句法上有所变化。也就是设计句子结构的能力更重要。句型多样化是指在语法正确,结构完整的前提下,根据句意使句式有变化,生动活泼,重点突出,增加文章的闪光点。写作时如果只用主语+谓语+宾语的简单形式,文章就会因句式简单而显得平淡枯燥。连接词和词组就像黏合剂,把句子顺溜成段落,把段落变成一气呵成的文章。没有连

词,文章读起来就像机械拼装的一堆单句,阅卷者的感觉就很差了。

连词例子:

1.表示时间、频率或数量:

in general, every, some, after, on the whole, usually, most, at other times, in most cases, frequently, main, finally, as a rule, rarely, before, meanwhile...

Ⅱ,引出其他相关内容:

additionally, as well as, just as, again, along with, also, further, furthermore, likewise, in the same manner, in the same way, in addition to...

Ⅲ. 引出事例:

for example, namely, for instance, as an example, that is...

Ⅳ. 表示比较或转折:

although, instead, rather than, but, nevertheless, though, however, on the other hand, otherwise...

V. 引出结论:

all in all, in consequence, in brief, as a result, the point is, in conclusion, therefore, hence, in sum...

写作考试的第二项内容就是书写便条,一般为 50~60 个字。便条就是一种简单的书信形式,它的特点在于内容简短,大多是临时性的询问、留言、通知、要求等。与正规书信相比,便条的语言更为口语化。有急事需告诉别人而又不能面谈时,就可以写便条,如请假条、留言条等等,一般不写地址,与普通书信基本相同。结尾时也无需结尾礼词,只需写上写便条者姓名。便条的日期一般只要写上星期几,也可以写明上午、下午的具体时间。便条具有用途广泛、形式简单、文字要求不十分严格的特点。

要在35分钟内快速高质量地写完文章,需要注意以下三个步骤:

第一步: 审题、确定观点、列出论据(只需在草稿纸上用英文单词或汉语列出各个理由,防止遗忘),时间大约为3~5分钟。要避免两个极端:①用时间太少,没有想清楚理由就动手写,不仅造成文章逻辑结构不清,还会引起行文中频繁的修改,欲速则不达;②用时间太多,不要奢望一次思考就能把所有理由及相关例证都想出来。其实想出两条之后就可以动笔,各个理由的例证可以到时候边思考边写。这一点考生不必怀疑。

第二步:正文写作时间大约为 25~27 分钟,应牢记以下几点:①各段写作时注意突出重点,主题句应给予高度重视,它可以使你各段落的大意清晰明了;②不要总想着面面俱道,只要抓住问题的一两个方面,说深说透就可以了;③在进行论述时,可采用以下几种方法, A. 举具体事例; B. 说对方相对缺点; C. 使用数据; D. 使用假想例子; E. 使用类比、比喻、引用等修辞手段来论述。当然哪一种你最容易想出来、就用哪一种。

第三步:有侧重点地检查:①句法:确保每句话是完整的,有谓语,且简单句只有一个谓语。②时态:文章绝大部分使用的是一般现在时;一般现在时第三人称要使用单数;使用过去发生的事例时用的是过去时;③主谓一致;④要确保文章有结尾段。

此外,还应保持书面整洁,字体不要太大也不要太小。

第二节 写作范文与专家点评



SECTION A COMPOSITION

Though it is believed that the development of information technology has made the world smaller, some people have a feeling that they are becoming more and more isolated from each other. What is your opinion?

People Are Becoming Isolated from Each Other

Though the development of information technology has made the world smaller, I think that people are becoming more and more isolated from each other. There are two reasons for this.

Firstly, due to fierce competition, modern people have to be hardworking in order to keep up with the steps of city life, so that they have less time to communicate with each other. Everybody is busy all the time. Moreover, living in apartments in different blocks, people are isolated from each other. It is not convenient for them to meet each other freely. Secondly, the wide use of telephone and overwhelming emergence of the Internet prevent modern people from seeing each other quite often. Nowadays instead of writing letters and sending postcards, people simply send an email or make a phone call to send good wishes in a few minutes. In some sense, people are becoming mechanic.

In order to solve the present problem, people need to be fully aware of the fact that the modern ways of communications cannot take the place of the traditional ones. Sending emails cannot have the same effect as writing or face-to-face talk. Traditional ways should be encouraged and people should write letters as much as possible.



第一段直接表明观点,指出人际关系越来越疏远;第二段从两个方面解释原因,层次分明;第三段找出解决办法,同时文章结尾。

SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Contributions Wanted

Contributions Wanted

In celebration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of our university, this magazine, Youth Garden, has decided to publish a special issue for readers with the title "I Love My University." All the students are warmly welcome to send in their contributions in whatever form and style before Sept. 30, 2001. Such contributions are expected to be within a 5000-word limit and should be sent directly to the editorial board of the magazine.

The Editorial Board Sept. 10



We see advertisements on television everyday. Some people think that TV advertising brings us benefits, but others don't think so. What is your opinion?

TV Advertisement

As TV becomes the most popular media now, we can see advertisements on television everyday. There is no denying that TV advertisements have a lot of advantages. However, I do not agree that TV advertising brings us benefits, at least to the audience.

For one thing, the TV advertisements waste a lot of time of audience, who have to spend a long time to watch many useless programs. We all have this experience that we were very annoyed about a long TV advertisement when we were watching a normal program. When TV advertisements interrupt the TV program or sports match abruptly, how bored you are at that moment. For another, not all the TV advertisements are useful and harmless, the audience are often misled by the TV advertisements of overstatement. Some dishonest producers often utilize the TV advertisement to promote their inferior products.

In a word, the TV advertisement has already permeated the lives of people. So it is very difficult to say clearly that the advertisement is good or bad. In my opinion, I certainly hope that TV advertisements ought to be reduced a little in the near future.



本文共分三段,第一段说明作者的观点,观众并不完全受益于电视广告;第二段从两个方面来 论证;第三段概括性的结尾。

SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Message

10:45 a.m., Monday

Dear Paul,

Professor Smith has just rung up, saying that he will meet you at ten tomorrow morning for a talk about your semester paper. Please wait for him in our classroom, or ring him back if the time does not suit.

Bob



Juvenile delinquency is a serious problem nowadays, please state just one major reason for this and give one or two reasons to support your point of view.

The Negative Influence of Mass Media

The increasingly high rate of juvenile delinquency is a great problem in modern society. More and more people are paying special attention to it. I consider that the negative influence of mass media is one of the main causes of the problem.

Publishers of books and program producers are more concerned with profits than with the quality. Thus books or movies may have negative effects on children. Take obscene books and violence movies as examples. They are very dangerous to children. Once the children are exposed to violence or bad and dirty ideas are introduced into their mind, there will be lifelong harm. Some young children watch hours of TV programs in cluding murders, fights and crimes every week, with no adult to tell them that life is not like that most of them. The effect of the heavy dose of violence is to suggest to children that violence is an ordinary way of life, and that shooting and cheating are ways to succeed. Such a misbelief usually leads them to a wrong way in the nearby future.

The present situation calls for a control and supervision on the mass media. Books and programs should be in good quality. There should be more educational books and programs for young children in order to tell them how to distinguish the right from the wrong.



第一段作者直接摆出自己的观点,传媒的负面影响是造成青少年犯罪的主要原因;第二段通过 例证对自己的观点进行辩护;第三段找出解决办法,对传媒有效的监督,提高质量。

SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Recalling a Promise

Dear Tom,

I just heard that my mother is seriously ill. I must go home at once and I'm leaving early tomorrow morning. Then, I have to recall my promise to make a trip with you. I am sure that you will understand my anxiety and will forgive this last-minute change.

Xiao Hai

Oct. 11



Inventions such as eyeglasses and the sewing machine have had an important effect on our lives. Choose another invention that you think is important. Give specific reasons for your choice.

Television

As modern men, we are used to so many inventions. Perhaps television is an obvious example, which has had an important effect on our lives.

Television has become our major means of entertainment. We no longer go to the cinema or the theater unless there is something special. We have become so addicted to our TV sets that we could feel miserable if we were deprived of them. Television has also become our chief means of obtaining information. Without going out, we can know what the weather will be like tomorrow, what is going on at home and abroad. Because of television, the world has become much smaller and things and people that used to be strangers are now familiar to us. Because of television, we are thousands of times more informed than our ancestors.

Television has become part of our lives. It has become a component part of the furniture of our homes. Television vastly enriches our lives. With it, we are happy and informed. In short, whether it is interesting or boring, whether it makes sense or nonsense, our life would be empty without it.



第一段:引出主题,指出电视的重要性;第二段通过电视已成为主要的娱乐手段和一种重要的信息来源,直接谈其对人类生活的影响;第三段指出电视已成为生活的一部分——一种概括性的结尾。

SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Congratulations on One's Prize-winning

Dear Martin,

I'm delighted to hear that you have just won the first prize in the Provincial English Speech Contest.

Congratulations!

Your hard work and your industriousness combined with your gift indicate a dynamic future. I wish you all the best in your study career.

Cordially yours

Lucy



Some people say that older people should live with their adult children. Other people say that they shouldn't. Which do you think is a good practice?

Old People Shouldn't Live with Their Adult Children

One of the topic in daily life is whether or not the older people should live with their adult children. My answer to the question is that it is better for them not to.

To begin with, people of different generations have different views and values. What is quite normal to the parents may seem to be old-fashioned or wrong to the children. When they live together, they may disagree on matters ranging from minor domestic matters to national and international issues. Secondly, people of different ages have different ways of life. The old people like a quiet, peaceful and regular life; whereas the young love noises, activities, and unrestrained enjoyment. Consequently, if they live together, the old may feel that they are always disturbed and the young may feel that they are often handicapped. Such a family life may be unpleasant or even unbearable to both the old and the young.

In short, if the parents and their adult children do not live together, both the old and the young can enjoy complete independence and freedom, live a life they like.



文章在第一段叙述作文题内容,然后直接摆出自己观点,形成一个主题句;第二段从两个方面 论证;最后一段起概括和说明的作用,同时文章收尾。

SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Consolation

Dear Tom,

I'm terribly sorry to learn of your illness. Everybody in our class misses you so much and we're all expecting you'll be back soon. Don't worry about your lessons and just take things easy. With good wishes for your swift recovery.

Wang Lan



Some people think that the family is the most important influence on young adults. Other people think that friends are the most important influence on young adults. Which view do you agree with? Use examples to support your position.

Friends Are the Most Important Influence on Young adults

Of the various factors that can have influence on young adults, the family and friends stand out most. My view is that in most cases, it is friends who have the most important influence on young adults.

When they are young, children love their parents so much that they simply adore them, imitating their speech and behavior and trying to learn everything from them eagerly. As they become older, however, young adults turn to the outside world. Those whom they are associated with most are those who are of the same generation. These youngsters chat and play together, and they share the same or similar views and values. At this stage, they may not be able to find new idols, but they certainly influence each other in many aspects. They may also be influenced by many other factors in the outside world, but, comparatively speaking, the influence on them comes mostly from those around them—young people who are their friends.

Of course, not all children change in this way. But, generally speaking, at a certain stage, friends are the most important influence on young adults.



文章第一段从题目引出自己的观点;第二段说明父母的影响由大到小的变化以及后期的影响 主要来自朋友;第三段总结性结尾。

SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Sick Leave

Dear Prof. Wang,

I am terribly sorry that I can't come to class today, for I have caught a bad cold. Enclosed is a certificate from Doctor Li who advised that I'd better have a rest for 2 days.

I guess my absence will not cause you any serious inconvenience.

Sincerely yours

Han Bing



Some people learn best when a classroom lesson is presented in an entertaining and enjoyable way. Other people learn best when a lesson is presented in a serious and formal way. Which way of learning do you prefer? Give reasons to support your answer.

Entertaining Lesson is Better Than Serious Lesson

I prefer that lessons are presented in an entertaining and enjoyable way. This preference of mine is a result of my own learning experiences.

According to my own experiences, an entertaining lesson is easier to remember the things taught than a dry and monotonous one. Psychologically, this is because knowledge imparted in an interesting way can leave our minds a deep impression with more associations. Consequently, what is stored in our memory can last longer and is easier to recall. Furthermore, I have felt that an entertaining lesson can make me forget time and tiredness whereas a serious lesson can make me feel exhausted easily. During a serious lesson, we have to be serious and try hard to concentrate, but we can not do this for long before we are mentally tired. During an entertaining lesson, however, we get relaxed from time to time because of the well-planned humour and the changing way of presentation. The result is that we can learn continuously and more effectively.

However, I do not object to formal and serious lessons if some teachers are used to them. But, I prefer entertaining and enjoyable lessons because I feel they are better.



文章第一段选择趣味性讲课; 第二段从趣味性讲课便于记忆和趣味性讲课能减轻大脑负担, 提高学习效果两个角度进行说明;最后一段进一步说明总的观点。

SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Invitation

Dear Ms Gates,

We are having a party in our classroom # 201 to celebrate the Mid-Autumn Festival. Would it be possible for you to join us at 8p.m. on Friday, October 1? We would be very happy if you could be with us.

Students of Class 5 Grade '93



Some people believe that being an only child is more advantageous than growing up in a large family, other people offer different opinion. Write a short essay to explain which position you support.

Being an Only Child is More Advantageous

More and more people are concerned with the number of children in a family. From my point of view, being an only child offers more advantages than disadvantages.

In comparison with the life in a big family, the life of being an only child has four obvious advantages. Firstly, the child enjoys the privilege of being the center of attention and can get all the love and care of the parents. Secondly, the parents are usually able to satisfy all the material needs of the child. Thirdly, the child is completely free from the possible conflicts often found in a big family. Lastly, because of lack of mutual help and because the parents can not be with the child all the time, the child is likely to develop an independent character that will enable him or her to succeed more easily in society.

Although the disadvantages of being an only child are also obvious, such as the lack of playmates at home and the possible overindulgence in some cases, it seems to me that being an only child is more advantageous.



文章第一段引出话题,表明观点;第二段叙述独生子女成长的有利方面;第三段概括性结尾。 SECTION B NOTE-WRITING

Notice of Loss

Lost

I was too careless and lost my school bag in the 2nd floor reading room of the library, in which there are an English grammar book and a stationery box. Anyone who is so kind to take it back please send it to me or contact me. I need it urgently for the final exam.

Add. Room 303, Boy-student Dormitory Building

Tel: 8567541

Profound thanks from,

Loser,

Yang Mingming