

高校英语专业八级考试必备



ENGLISH WORDS 8000
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8000

英语词汇

揭示英语单词内在规律

剖析英语词汇结构奥秘

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寻觅学习记忆英语单词之捷径

突破英语词汇难记易忘之瓶颈

主编：龚庆华

黄婷

马昕



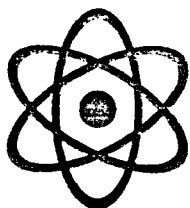
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☆ 高校英语专业八级考试必备 ☆

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英语词汇

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主编：龚庆华 马 昕 黄 婷
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编

者

寄

语

英语词汇是学习英语的“拦路虎”。词汇量不足将严重影响英语学习,英语听、说、读、写、译等方面能力也会受到很大的约束,所以,掌握更多的词汇是学好英语的关键,也是参加各类英语考试取得高分的重要保证。虽然有很多英语学习者急于求成地在短期内使词汇量有重大突破,孤立地背单词或盲目使用相关的词汇书,但这些在短期内虽有一定的效果,可随着词汇量的增加或无味的强化练习,负担过重,枯燥无味,严重影响学习兴趣,难以坚持下去而事与愿违。有鉴于此,我们特编写了《快速突破8000英语词汇》一书,使英语学习者在短期内,突破词汇难关,有效地扩大词汇量,迅速提高英语水平。该书有以下突出特点:

☆收词全而新 范围明确

本书选词新颖规范,体系严谨,博采众长,紧扣最新“高校英语教学大纲”,符合新大纲的各项规定和量化指标。同时,还精选了当今世界最流行、最常用的新生词汇,大大地扩充了词汇量。

☆收词精益求精 以一当十

书中所有词,都经过多次筛选和精心提炼,精选了使用频率高的英语词汇,删去了一些与日常生活和专业不紧密的、难度不适合考试的或过于陈腐的词汇。所有词条、考点都切合最新大纲,使读者学习少走弯路,省时高效。

☆突出活用 融会贯通

学习英语的目的是为了实际运用。全书以词的用法及搭配关系为主线,贯穿到全书的始终,重点词汇或词组配以例句说明,这样既加深了对所学的单词的记忆,又能够透彻准确理解和牢固掌握及灵活运用所学的单词或词组。

☆重点突出 突破考点

本书精选出一些重点、常考及难度较大的词汇和词组,并重点练习,进一步提高重点、难点词汇和常考词汇的覆盖率和重现率,使读者学习畅通无阻,融会贯通。

☆科学易学 快捷高效

本书从培养读者学习兴趣,掌握学习规律和技巧,提高学习效率等方面入手,并打破“中国式”学英语的常规,进行了科学的大胆的探索。无论是内容或编排形式以及教学方法都作了新的尝试,使读者情趣盎然,信心百倍地学习,并能在短期内,轻松突破词汇大关,顺利通过高校英语专业八级考试。

☆学练结合 全面提高

严格遵循语言学的规律,词汇练习旨在强化记忆单词,有效地培养语言综合运用能力和应试能力。所以,书中每单元之后都以实战模拟形式,进行科学强化练习,从而使读者达到学精、练透、用活、考好之目的。

真诚地希望本书能有效地帮助广大读者快速突破英语词汇量,迅速提高英语水平。

编者

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A

- **abandon** [ə'bændən] v. ①to withdraw one's support or help from, esp. in spite of duty, allegiance, or responsibility 抛弃, 遗弃 ②to give up 放弃

[习惯用法] **abandon oneself to** 纵情, 恣意, 耽溺

[仿真题] The lost car was _____ in the woods off the high way.

- a. vanished b. abandoned
c. scattered d. rejected

abandon, desert, give up 和 forsake 辨析

abandon: 永远和完全的“抛弃、放弃”, 自愿或非自愿均可, 并且表示以后再也不愿见到所抛弃之物。这个词书面色彩较浓。

desert: 强调违背法律、道德义务而抛家舍业、逃避责任, 带贬义。

give up: 多用于口头, 表示停止、放弃做某事。

forsake: 正式用语, 强调对所放弃之物感情上断绝依恋。

- **abash** [ə'bæʃ] v. to make ashamed or uneasy; disconcert 使困窘
 - **abate** [ə'beɪt] v. to reduce in amount, degree, or intensity; lessen 减少, 减弱
 - **abdicate** [ˈæbdɪkeɪt] v. to relinquish (power or responsibility) formally 放弃; 退位
 - **abduct** [ˈæbdʌkt] v. to carry off by force; kidnap 劫持; 诱拐
 - **aberration** [ˌæbə'reɪʃən] n. ①a departure from the normal or typical 失常 ②a deviation from the proper or expected course 偏离
 - **abet** [ə'bet] v. to approve, encourage, and support (an action or a plan of action); urge and help on 教唆; 帮助
- [习惯用法]** **abet somebody in something** 唆使某人做某事
- **abeyance** [ə'beɪəns] n. the condition of being temporarily set aside; suspension 暂缓; 中止
 - **abhor** [əb'hɔ:] v. to regard with horror or loathing; abominate 憎恨; 厌恶
 - **abject** [ˈæbdʒekt] a. ①being of the most contemptible kind 卑鄙的 ②being of the most miserable kind; wretched 可怜的
 - **abjure** [əb'dʒʊə] v. ①to recant solemnly; repudiate 郑重放弃; 否认 ②to renounce under oath; forswear 发誓弃绝

- **ablaze** ['əbleiz] a. ①being on fire 燃烧的 ②radiant with bright colour 闪耀的, 发光的
- **ablution** [əb'lju:ʃən] n. a washing or cleansing of the body, esp. as part of a religious rite (宗教) 净礼; 沐浴
- **abnormal** [æb'nɔ:məl] a. not typical, usual, or regular; not normal; deviant 反常的, 不规则的

[仿真题] This year, we have had an ____ amount of rain.

- a. abnormal b. irregular
 - c. abnormally d. irregularly
 - **aboard** [ə'bɔ:d] ad. & prep. on or into (a ship, train, aircraft, bus, etc.) 上船 (车, 飞机等)
 - **abolish** [ə'bɒlɪʃ] v. to do away with; annul 废除; 取消
- [仿真题] Many bad customs and laws should be ____.
- a. cancelled b. refused
 - c. rejected d. abolished

- **abolition** [æb'ɒlɪʃən] n. the act of putting an end to something 废止, 革除
- **abominable** [ə'bɒmɪnəbəl] a. ①unequivocally detestable; loathsome 可厌的, 可憎恶的 ②thoroughly unpleasant or disagreeable 令人不愉快的, 恶劣的
- **aboriginal** [æbə'ridʒənəl] a. of or relating to aborigines 土著的
- **abound** [ə'baʊnd] v. to exist in large numbers or great quantity 充满, 富于

[习惯用法] abound in 富于, 多

- **abreast** [ə'brest] ad. side by side 并肩, 并排
- **[习惯用法] keep/be abreast of** 不落后至
- **abridge** [ə'brɪdʒ] v. to make (something written or spoken) shorter 缩写; 缩短
- **abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] a. ①unexpectedly sudden 突然的 ②surprisingly and unceremoniously curt; brusque 粗鲁无礼的 ③steeply inclined 陡峭的
- **abscond** [æb'skɒnd] v. to leave quickly and secretly and hide oneself, often to avoid arrest or prosecution 潜逃, 逃匿
- **absent-minded** [æbsnt'maɪndɪd] a. so deep or far away in thought that one is unaware of what one is doing, what is happening around one, etc. 心不在焉的, 茫然的, 恍惚的

- **absolve** [əb'zɒlv] v. ①to pronounce clear of guilt or blame 赦免 ②to relieve of a requirement or an obligation 解除

[习惯用法] be absolved of something 某人免受...

- **absorb** [əb'sɔ:b] v. ①take or suck in, e.g. a liquid; take in, e.g. heat, light, knowledge, etc. 吸收(液体、热、光、知识等) ②use up much of the attention, interest or time of 吸引...的注意力或兴趣; 耗费...的时间; 使全神贯注

absorb 和 attract 辨析

absorb: 吸收、吸取。

attract: 吸引、招引。

[仿真题] She was so _____ in her job that she didn't hear anybody knocking at the door.

- a. attracted b. absorbed
c. drawn d. concentrated

- **abstain** [əb'steɪn] v. to refrain from something by one's own choice 自制; 回避

[习惯用法] be abstained from doing something 弃权做某事

- **abstinence** [ˈæbstɪnəns] n. the act or practice of refraining from indulging an appetite, as for food 节制; 禁欲
- **abstract** [ˈæbstrækt] a. separated from what is real or concrete; thought of separately from facts, objects or particular examples 抽象的 v. ~ (from): take out; separate 提炼出, 取出, 抽出 n. short account, e.g. of the chief points of a piece of writing, a book, speech, etc. (文章、书籍、演说等的) 摘要

[习惯用法] in the abstract 从抽象的方面看, 观念上, 理论上

abstract, summary 和 outline 辨析

abstract: 概要、摘要, 指由他人简短、概括地表达原作的主题, 尤指对学术论文和法律论据的简述。

summary: 总结、摘要, 以寥寥数语概括长篇讲话或文章的主要论点, 不考虑原文的风格。

outline: 要点、大纲、概要, 根据原作的构思层次、顺序把要点总结出来。此外还有轮廓、外形之意。

[仿真题] He read through the book and made a(n) _____ of the contents.

- a. outline b. summary

c. abstract

d. brief

- **abstruse** [æb'stru:s] a. difficult to understand; recondite 深奥的
- **absurd** [əb'sə:d] a. unreasonable; foolish; ridiculous 不合理的, 愚蠢的, 可笑的, 荒唐的

absurd 和 ridiculous 辨析

absurd: 荒唐的, 不合理的, 强调不符合常识或人情。

ridiculous: 可笑的, 荒谬的, 滑稽的, 有时因其荒谬而引申为“令人发笑的”, 暗含蔑视成分。

- **abundance** [ə'bandəns] n. a great quantity; plenty 充裕, 大量
[习惯用法] **an abundance of** 充裕, 大量
- **abundant** [ə'bandənt] a. more than enough; plentiful 大量的, 充裕的, 丰富的

[习惯用法] **be abundant in (with)** 有丰富的, 有大量的

- **abuse** [ə'bu:z] v. ①to assail with contemptuous, coarse, or insulting words; revile 辱骂, 诋毁 ②to use wrongly or improperly; misuse 滥用, 妄用 n. ①insulting or coarse language 辱骂, 咒骂 ②improper use or handling; misuse 滥用 ③a corrupt practice or custom 恶习
- **abyss** [ə'bis] n. ①an unfathomable chasm; a yawning gulf 深渊 ②the abode of evil spirits; hell 地狱
- **academic** [ækə'demik] a. ①concerning teaching or studying 教学的, 学术的 ②concerning those taught to provide skills for the mind rather than for the hand 人文学科的 ③of a college or university 学院的, 大学的 ④impractical 不实际的
- **accelerate** [æk'seləreit] v. ①to increase the speed of 加速 ②to cause to occur sooner than expected 催促
- **accent** ['æksənt] n. ①prominence (by means of stress or intonation) given to a syllable (籍重读或音调所加于一音节上的) 重音 ②mark or symbol, usu. above a letter, used in writing and printing to indicate the quality of a vowel sound or syllabic stress 重读音符 (通常标在字母上方, 用于书写或印刷中, 以表示元音或重读音) ③individual, local or national way of pronouncing (个人, 地方或民族的) 口音, 腔调, 土腔 ④way of speaking which indicates a particular quality, etc. 说话的语气, 声调, 语调
- **accentuate** [æk'sentʃueit] v. to stress or emphasize; intensify 强调; 使突出

- **acceptance** [ək'septsəns] n. ① the act of accepting or being accepted 接受 ② favour; approval 承认; 认可 ③ (in business) an agreement to pay 承兑票据
- **access** ['ækses] n. ① a means of approaching, entering, exiting, or making use of; passage 进入, 通路 ② the right to approach, enter, exit, or make use of 使用或进入的途径或权力
[习惯用法] easy/difficult of access 易于/ 难于接近
- **accessory** [ək'sesəri] n. ① thing that is added but is not a necessary part 附件, 附属品 ② thing that completes a woman's clothes 妇女衣着装饰品 ③ person who is not present at a crime but who helps in doing it 从犯
- **accidental** [æk'si'dentl] a. happening by chance 偶然的, 意外的
- **accommodate** [ə'kɒmədeɪt] v. ① to provide with a room in which to live or stay 供给住宿 ② have enough space for 容纳 ③ bring into agreement with something else 使调和, 使配合 ④ change one's way of life to fit new conditions 改变以适应新情况 ⑤ supply with something 供给
- **accommodation** [ə'kɒmədeɪʃn] n. ① a place to live 住所 ② the act of changing something so that it suits new conditions 适应 ③ lodging, food, and services 膳, 宿及各种服务 ④ a seat or place to sleep, together with services and/or food 附有服务及/或食物的座位或住宿处
- **accompaniment** [ə'kæmpənɪmənt] n. ① something which is usu. or often found with something else 陪伴物, 伴随物 ② music played on a musical instrument to support singing or another instrument 音乐伴奏
- **accompany** [ə'kæmpəni] v. ① go with 伴随, 陪伴, 跟随 ② occur or do at the same time as 与...同时发生或做出 ③ play an accompaniment to 为...伴奏
- **accomplice** [ə'kɒmplɪs] n. one who aids or abets a lawbreaker in a criminal act, either as a principal or an accessory 同谋; 帮凶
- **accomplishment** [ə'kɒmplɪʃmənt] n. ① the act of finishing work completely and successfully 完成, 达到 ② something completely and successfully done 成就
[习惯用法] difficult/easy of accomplishment 难于/易于完成
- **accord** [ə'kɔ:d] v. to be the same (as); agree 符合: 一致 n. an agreement 协调: 一致

【习惯用法】 of one's own accord 自愿地; 自动地 with one accord 一致同意的 in accord with 与...一致 out of accord with 与...不一致

【仿真题】 His violent action does not accord ____ his peaceful words.

a. with b. to c. of d. in

- **accordance** [ə'kɔ:dəns] n. in a way that fulfils or agrees with 符合; 一致

【习惯用法】 in accordance with 根据

- **accordingly** [ə'kɔ:diŋli] ad. ① in a way suitable to what has been said or what has happened 相应地 ② therefore; so 因此; 所以
- **accost** [ə'kɔ:st] v. to approach and speak to in an aggressive, hostile, or sexually suggestive manner 招呼; 搭讪 (以一种挑衅, 敌对或有性暗示的方式)
- **accredit** [ə'kredit] v. ① to believe 信赖 ② to supply with credentials or authority; authorize 授权, 委托 ③ to ascribe or attribute to; credit with 归结于

【习惯用法】 accredit somebody as 任命某人担任某职务

- **accretion** [ə'kri:fən] n. growth or increase in size by gradual external addition, fusion, or inclusion 增长
- **accrue** [ə'kru:] v. ① to come to one as a gain, an addition, or an increase 自然增加 ② to come into existence 产生
- **accumulate** [ə'kju:mjuleit] v. to make or become greater in quantity or size, esp. over a long period; collect or grow into a mass 积蓄; 积累
- **accuracy** [ækjʊrəsi] n. exactness or correctness 精确; 准确
- **accurate** [ækjʊrit] a. careful and exact, free from error 精确的, 正确无误的

accurate, exact 和 precise 辨析

accurate: 强调准确性以及事实无出入。

exact: 强调各细节均与事实、标准等完全相符。

precise: 用于物时与 exact 同义, 用于人时指待人接物严密谨慎。

【仿真题】 The drawing of this house is ____ in every detail.

a. accurate b. precise
c. right d. exact

- **accurately** [ækjʊritli] ad. exactly 精确地; 准确地
- **accusation** [ækju'zeɪʃən] n. ① the act of accusing 控告 ② a charge of doing wrong 犯罪指控

- **accuse** ['ækju:z] v. (1)to charge formally with a wrongdoing 控告某人 (犯某项罪), 控诉, 告发 (2)to charge with a shortcoming or an error 非难, 谴责

[习惯用法] **accuse somebody of something/doing something** 控告, 指控

accuse, charge 和 impeach 辨析

accuse: 表达的“指控, 控告, 非难”比较直接尖锐, 但指控对方的事不一定很严重

charge: 一般用于较严重的错误或罪行。注意 charge 的常用结构是 charge sb. with something。

impeach: 正式法律用语, 尤指检举、弹劾。impeach 的常用结构是 impeach somebody for (of, with) something 和 impeach somebody for doing something。

[仿真题] The soldier was _____ of running away when the enemy attacked.

- a. scolded b. charged
c. accused d. punished

- **accustom** ['ækastəm] v. make used to 使习惯于

[习惯用法] **accustom oneself to** 使习惯于 **become/be accustomed to something/doing something** 习惯于

- **achievement** [ə'tʃi:vmənt] n. ①achieving 完成 ②something done successfully, with effort and skill 成就, 成绩, 功绩

[仿真题] According to the psychoanalyst Sigmund Freud, wisdom comes from the _____ of maturity.

- a. fulfillment b. achievement
c. establishment d. accomplishment

- **acknowledge** ['æknɒlɪdʒ] v. ①confess 公认, 承认 ②report that one has received 说明已收到某物 ③express thanks for 为...致谢 ④indicate that one recognizes somebody by giving a greeting, a smile, a nod of the head 以问候语, 微笑, 点头等表示认识某人

- **acoustics** [ə'ku:stiks] n. ①the scientific study of sound, esp. of its generation, transmission, and reception 声学 ②the total effect of sound, esp. as produced in an enclosed space 音响效果

- **acquaint** ['ækweɪnt] v. (1)to make familiar 使某人(自己)熟悉于... ②to cause to come to know 使明白、通晓

【习惯用法】 acquaint somebody/oneself with 使某人熟悉于... be acquainted with somebody 与某人见过面, 认识

【仿真题】 Mrs. Green seems to be _____ with everyone who comes to the store.

- a. accepted b. admitted
c. admired d. acquainted

- **acquaintance** [ə'kweɪntəns] n. ① knowledge or information gained through experience 从经验获得的知识, 习知 ② person with whom one is acquainted; person whom one knows (less intimately than a friend) 相识的人 (但不如朋友那样亲密)

【习惯用法】 make somebody's acquaintance/make the acquaintance of somebody 与某人结识 (如经过介绍)

- **acquire** [ə'kwaɪə] v. gain by skill or ability, by one's own efforts or behaviour (由技术, 能力, 努力或行为而) 获得, 得到
- **acquisition** [ækwi'zɪʃən] n. ① acquiring 获得 ② something acquired 获得物, 添加物
- **acquit** [ə'kwɪt] v. to free or clear from a charge or accusation 宣告无罪; 赦免
- **acre** ['eɪkə] n. measure of land, 4840 square yards or about 4000 square metres 英亩 (=4840 平方码, 约 4000 平方米)
- **acrid** ['ækrid] a. ① unpleasantly sharp, pungent, or bitter to the taste or smell 辛辣的 ② caustic in language or tone 言词刻薄的, 辛辣的
- **acrobat** ['ækrəbæt] n. person who can perform difficult or unusual physical acts with skill 杂技演员, 特技表演者
- **actively** ['æktivli] ad. energetically 活跃地, 积极地, 主动地
- **acumen** [ə'kju:men] n. quickness, accuracy, and keenness of judgment or insight 敏锐; 聪明
- **acute** [ə'kju:t] a. ① extremely sharp or severe; intense 深刻的, 剧烈的 ② having a rapid onset and following a short but severe course 急性的 ③ high in pitch; shrill 高音的, 尖锐的 (指声音)

【习惯用法】 acute angle 锐角

- **adamant** ['ædəmənt] a. impervious to pleas, appeals, or reason; stubbornly unyielding 坚定不移的
- **adapt** [ə'dæpt] v. to make suitable to or fit for a specific use or situation 使...适应, 适合 ② rearrange 改编; 改写

[仿真题] When you go to a foreign country, you must ___ yourself to new manners and customs.

a. fit **b. adapt** c. adjust d. accommodate

- **adaptation** [ə'dæpʃən] n. ①state of being adapted 适应, 改编 ②something made by adapting 改制物, 改编本
- **addition** [ə'diʃən] n. ①process of adding 加 ②something added or joined 增加物

[习惯用法] in addition to 加之, 又, 除...之外, 并且

- **additional** [ə'diʃənəl] a. extra, added 外加的, 附加的, 另加的
- **adequate** [ˈædikwɪt] a. sufficient to satisfy a requirement or meet a need 令人满意的, 适当的, 足够的, 符合要求的
- **adhere** [əd'hɪə] v. ①to stick firmly (to another or each other) 粘附, 粘着 ②continue to follow or remain loyal to (an idea, belief, plan, etc.) 坚持, 遵循

adequate, enough 和 sufficient 辨析

adequate: 强调符合一个客观要求或标准, 这个要求或标准可能不太高或不太严格, 有时也兼有“适当的”之意。

enough: 强调分量和数量的足够, 可用于正式或非正式文体中, 可以放在被修饰词前面或后面。它还可以做副词。

sufficient: 意为“充分的, 足够的”, 只能放在被修饰词前面。

[仿真题] He ___ his decision.

a. stick up b. adhered with
c. cohered with **d. adhered to**

- **adjacent** [ə'dʒeɪsnt] a. close to; lying near 邻近的
- **adjure** [ədʒʊə] v. ①to appeal to or entreat earnestly 恳请 ②to command or enjoin solemnly, as under oath 命令
- **adjustment** [ə'dʒʌstmənt] n. change 调整, 调节
- **administer** [əd'mɪnɪstə] v. ①control, manage, look after business affairs 管理, 治理 ②apply, put into operation 执行, 实施 ③cause to take 使作誓言, 使接受
- **admiration** [æd'ma'reɪʃən] n. ①feeling of pleasure, satisfaction, respect 赞赏, 赞美, 钦佩 ②object that arouses feeling of pleasure, satisfaction, respect 令人赞赏的对象
- **admission** [əd'mɪʃən] n. ①admitting, being admitted, to a society, a

school, a building such as a theatre, a museum, etc. (入会, 入学, 入场, 如戏院、博物馆等的) 许可, 入会费, 门票 ②statement admitting something; confession or acknowledgement 承认某事之陈述, 供认

[习惯用法] **by/on one's own admission** 如某人自己所承认的

- **admonish** [əd'mɒnɪʃ] v. to counsel (another) against something to be avoided; caution 警告; 劝诫
 - **administration** [əd'mɪnɪ'streɪʃən] n. ①the activity of a sovereign state in the exercise of its powers or duties 行政管理 ②those who constitute the executive branch of a government 行政机关, 管理部门
 - **admiral** [əd'mərəl] n. officer in command of a country's warships, or of a fleet or squadron, naval rank above vice-admiral and below admiral of the fleet 舰队司令, 海军上将
 - **adolescent** [ədələ'sent] a. of, relating to, or undergoing adolescence 青少年, 青春期的
 - **adopt** [ə'dɒpt] v. ①take (somebody) into one's family as a relation, esp. as a son or daughter, with legal guardianship 以合法监护人的身份将(某人)收入家中为亲属, 尤指收养子或养女 ②take, e.g. an idea or custom, and use 采纳, 采取意见、风俗等, 采用 ③accept, e.g. a report or recommendation 接受报告、建议等
 - **adore** [ə'dɔː] v. ①worship, love deeply and respect highly 崇拜, 敬爱, 爱慕 ②like very much 极为喜爱
 - **adorn** [ə'dɔːn] v. to lend beauty to; decorate 装饰, 佩带增加优美
 - **advantage** [əd'vɑːntɪdʒ] n. ①benefit or profit; gain 益处 ②a beneficial factor or combination of factors 便利 ③a relatively favourable position; superiority of means 优点, 优势
- [习惯用法]** **have/gain/win an advantage over** 占优势 **take advantage of somebody** 欺骗某人, 捉弄某人 **take (full) advantage of something** (充分)利用某事物 **to advantage** 更加, 越发有效的 **turn something to advantage** 尽量利用某事物
- **advantageous** [əd'ventɪdʒəs] a. helpful to a particular aim 有利的
 - **advent** [əd'vent] n. the coming or arrival, esp. of something extremely important 来到, 来临
 - **adventurous** [əd'ventʃərəs] a. ①fond of, eager for, adventures 喜冒险的 ②full of danger and excitement 充满危险和刺激的
 - **adverse** [əd'veɜːs] a. ①acting or serving to oppose; antagonistic 反对

的 ②contrary to one's interests or welfare; harmful or unfavourable 不利的

- **advert** [əd've:t] v. to call attention; refer 谈到, 提及

[习惯用法] **advert to something** 提及某事

- **advertise** [əd'velaiz] v. make known to people (by printing notices in newspapers, etc. or by other means, e.g. TV) 为...做广告, 登广告
- **adviser, advisor** [əd'vaizə] n. person who gives advice, esp. one who is habitually consulted 顾问, 指导者
- **advocate** [əd'vekɪt] n. ①person who speaks in favour of somebody or something 提倡者, 拥护者 ②person who does this professionally in a court of law in Scotland 苏格兰法庭上的辩护士 v. support, speak publicly in support of 提倡, 主张
- **aesthetic** [i:s'θetik] a. relating to the philosophy or theories of aesthetics 美学的; 审美的
- **aerial** [æ'riəl] a. ①of, for, or by means of aircraft 空中的, 航空的 ②of, in, or caused by the air 空气的, 似空气的, 无形的 n. a wire, rod, etc. often on top of a house or on a car, for receiving radio or television signals 天线
- **affable** [ə'fəbl] a. easy and pleasant to speak to; approachable; gentle and gracious 和蔼的, 友善的
- **[习惯用法] be affable to somebody** 对某人和蔼可亲
- **affect** [ə'fekt] v. ①cause a change in; influence 影响 ②(of disease) attack (somebody/something) (指疾病) 侵袭、感染 ③touch; move 感动
- **affection** [ə'fekʃən] n. kindly feeling, love 亲爱, 爱
- **affectionate** [ə'fekʃənɪt] a. having or showing fond feelings or affection; loving and tender 亲爱的, 挚爱的

affect 和 effect 辨析

affect 是动词, have an influence on, 影响。

effect 是名词, result or influence, 效果, 影响。

- **affirmative** [ə'fə:mətiv] a. & n. (a statement) saying or meaning "yes" 肯定的, 肯定
- **agency** [eidʒənsi] n. ①business, place of business, of an agent 经销, 代办, 经销处, 代理处 ②the operation, action of 动作, 作用, 工具,