Idiomatic English

地道英语一百句丛书

地道英语·复合句

中国书籍出版社 CHINA BOOK PRESS 地道英语一百句丛书



图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

地道英语复合句一百句/浩瀚等编著 .一 北京:中国书籍出版社,2001.9 (地道英语一百句/浩瀚主编) ISBN 7-5068-0949-4

I. 地... Ⅱ. 浩... Ⅲ.①英语-口语②英语-复句 Ⅳ.H319.9

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2001)第 062544 号

书 名/地道英语复合句一百句

书 号 / ISBN 7-5068-0949-4/H.202

责任编辑 / 柳华

责任印制 / 王大军 刘颖丽

封面设计 / 恳垦工作室

出版发行 / 中国书籍出版社

地 址/北京市丰台区太平桥西里 38号

(邮编: 100073)

电 话/(010) 63455164 (总编室) (010) 63454858 (发行部)

经 销/全国新华书店

印 刷/北京地矿印刷厂

开 本 / 787 毫米 × 1092 毫米 1/32 9 印张

版 次/2001年9月第1版 2001年9月第1次印刷

定 价 / 10.00 元 (册)

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② 录

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①That the earth is round is true.
地球是圆的,这是一个事实。(2)
②Whether he'll come (or not) hasn't been decided.
他是否来还没定下来。(5)
③When the meeting will be held has not been announced.
会议什么时候举行尚未宣布。(8)
④Who let out the news remained unknown.
谁泄露了那个消息仍旧无人知道。 (12)
(5) Which answer is right isn't known to us.
哪一个答案是对的,我们还不知道。(16)
6 What is said above is very important.
上面所说非常重要。 (20)
Thou this happened is still a question.
这件事情是怎么发生的仍然是个问题。 (24)
®Why he didn't come here is not clear to anyone.

他为什么没有来这儿我们大家都不知道。 (28)
CHAPTER 2 表语从句
①My idea is that we'll all go except Lili.
我的想法是我们大家除了莉丽之外都去。 (33)
②That's what we should do.
这是我们的本分。(37)
3 The question is whether we can finish our work by
tomorow evening.
问题在于我们能不能在明天晚上以前完成这项工作。
(40)
(40)
11 It looks as if it is going to rain.
11 It looks as if it is going to rain.
④It looks as if it is going to rain. 天好像要下雨似的。(44)
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①It looks as if it is going to rain. 天好像要下雨似的。 (44) CHAPTER 3 實語从句 ①People used to believe that the world was flat.
④It looks as if it is going to rain. 天好像要下雨似的。 (44) CHAPTER 3 英语从句 ①People used to believe that the world was flat. 人们过去总以为世界是一个平面。 (49)
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①It looks as if it is going to rain. 天好像要下雨似的。 (44) CHAPTER 3 宾语从句 ①People used to believe that the world was flat. 人们过去总以为世界是一个平面。 (49) ②I am glad that you have come. 我很高兴你来了。 (53)
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④It looks as if it is going to rain. 天好像要下雨似的。 (44) CHAPTER 3 英语从句 ①People used to believe that the world was flat. 人们过去总以为世界是一个平面。 (49) ②I am glad that you have come. 我很高兴你来了。 (53) ③Thank you for what you have done for us. 感谢你为我们做了这些事。 (57)

CHAPTER 4 定语从句
①The letter which he had been waiting for finally arrived.
他一直等待的那封信终于到了。 (65)
②Proverbs are apothegms that have become familiar
sayings.谚语就是已为人们熟悉的格言。 (69)
③This is the teacher who teaches us maths.
这就是教我们数学的老师。 (73)
④I saw a woman whose bag was stolen.
我看见了一位妇女,她的皮包被偷走了。 (77)
Sunday is the day when I am least busy.
星期天是我最清闲的时候。 (81)
⑥I like the village where you live.
我很喜欢你住的那个村子。 (85)
This is the reason why things fall to the earth.
这就是为什么物体会落到地上的原因。(89)
Sound travels through a medium, which affects its
velocity.声音通过介质传播,这就影响了音速。 ··· (93)
CHAPTER 5 时间状语从句
CHAPTER STRIPPING MANAGE
①When he woke up, the sea had become calm again.
当他醒来时,大海又恢复了平静。 (98)
②I do that when I have time.
我有工夫就做那件事。(102)

③I'll explain it to you as we go along.
我们一边走,我一边讲给你听。(106)
(4) As he grew older, he became less active.
他大了,不那么活泼了。(109)
⑤Two persons came to see you while you were away.
你不在时,有两个人来找你。(112)
6 While he was travelling, he visited a lot of places.
他在旅行途中参观了许多地方。(116)
THe will turn off the lights before he leaves the office.
在他离开办公室前,会把灯关掉的。 (119)
8 He had finished his work before he watched TV.
看电视之前,他已经做完了工作。 (122)
我要趁早改正错误。 (125)
10 It was long before she went.
她过了很久才走。
${f \textcircled{1}}$ I always let you see it after I've written it.
我写好了总是给你过目的。 (131)
11 He took off his raincoat as soon as he entred the room.
他一进屋,就脱掉了雨衣。(135)
③No sooner had I opened the door than the lights went
out. 我刚打开门,灯就灭了。 (139)
ASince we came to London, we have made many friends.
自从我们来到伦敦,结识了许多朋友。 (143)
It is many years since he was a P.L.A man.

自从他参军以来,已经很多年了。 (147)
(6) I'll wait for you at the gate until you come.
我将在门口等你,直到你来。 (150)
They didn't stop discussing until they came to a
conclusion.直到得出了结论,他们才不再讨论。 ·······
(154)
CHAPTER 6 地点状语从句
①Where there is matter, there is motion.
哪里有物质,哪里就有运动。 (158)
②She may go wherever she wants.
她想到哪儿就到哪儿。
CHAPTER 7 原因状语从句
①He is disappointed because he failed again.
因为他又失败了,所以他感到失望。 (166)
②Because it rained, the metting was put off.
因为下雨,会议被延期了。 (169)
3Why do you cry? Because my father hits me.
你为什么哭?因为我父亲打我。(173)
(4) Since you refuse to co-operate, I shall be forced to
take legal advice. 你既然不肯合作,我只好去找律师。
(176)

⑤As it is raining hard, they stayed home.	
由于雨下得很大,他们只好呆在家里。	(179)
⑥Now that I'm here, I'd better stay.	
我既然到了这里,那就留下吧。	(183)
CHAPTER 8 结果状语从句	
①It's late, thus we must go.	
天色已晚,因此我们该走了。	(188)
②He hurt his head, so that he won't be able to play	
in the match.他的头部受了伤,因而不能参加比赛	
	(192)
③He spoke so fast that I couldn't follow him.	
他讲得那么快,我跟不上。	(196)
①It's such a good book that I've read it three times.	
这么好的一本书,以至于我已读了三遍。	(199)
CHAPTER 9 目的状语从句	
①I stepped aside that he might go in.	
我站开,好让他进去。	(204)
②I'll speak slowly so that you can understand me.	
我将慢慢讲以便你听懂我的话。	(208)
3) The teacher spoke so slowly that the students might	

understand her. 教员讲得很慢,以便学生听得懂。	•••••
	(212)
4 Man does not live in order that he may eat.	
人活着不是为了吃饭。	(215)
⑤He is working hard for fear that he should fail.	
他非常努力,唯恐失败。	(218)
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CHAPTER 10 真实条件状语从句	
①You'll miss the train if you don't hurry.	
如果你不赶快,你会误了火车。	(222)
②He will come unless it rains.	
如果不下雨,他是会来的。	(226)
3 Supposing he can't come, who will do the work?	
假如他不来了,谁来干这工作呢?	(229)
4 So long as I live, I must fight it out.	
一息尚存,我当为之奋斗。	(232)
CHAPTER 11 虚拟条件状语从句	
①If I were you, I would go at once.	
如果我是你的话,我立刻就走。	(237)
②If she had known it was supposed to rain, she would	
have taken her raincoat,如果她知道会下雨,她就会	令带上
雨衣的。	(240)

③If I were to do it, I would try doing it in some other	r
way.要是我来做这件事,我就会用其他办法试一证	t.
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	10000000000
CHAPTER 12 比较状语从句	
①Guilin is as beautiful as Hangzhou.	
桂林和杭州一样美丽。	(248)
②Xiaoli doesn't speak English as fluently as Xiaowan	g.
小李英语没有小王说得那么流利。	(252)
3 This applicant is by for the better than that one.	
这个申请人远比那个好。	(255)
They would rather die as free men than live as slave	s.
他们宁可作为自由人而死,也不愿作亡国奴而生。	•••••
	(258)
ACCURATION AND DESIGNATION	
CHAPTER 13 让步状语从句	
①Although it was cold, I went swimming.	
尽管冷,我还是去游泳了。	(263)
②I shall not mind even if he doesn't come.	
即使他不来,我也不介意。	(266)
3 Much as I hate him, I will not kill him.	
我虽然非常恨他,却不愿杀了他。	(270)
	\ <u>-</u> /

CHAPTER I 主语从句

- ★ 由 that 引导的主语从句
- ★ 由 whether 引导的主语从句
- ★ 由 when 引导的主语从句
- ★ 由 who 引导的主语从句
- ★ 由 which 引导的主语从句
- ★ 由 what 引导的主语从句
- ★ 由 how 引导的主语从句
- ★ 由 why 引导的主语从句

That the earth is round is true.

地球是圆的,这是一个事实。

ူ 畅说英语范例

It may be expected that we shall make our national reunification a reality.

可以期望我们将完成祖国的统一大业。

That she is still alive is sheer luck.

她还活着纯粹是幸运。

That you missed such a wonderful football match is a pity.

你错过了这么精彩的足球赛,真可惜。

That you missed such an interesting film is a pity.

你错过了这么有趣的电影,真可惜。

That he is honest is true.

他是老实的,是一个事实。

怎么用?

That the earth is round is ture.

睡在此句型中, that 是连词, 在从句中不担任成分。但 that 不能省略, 如省略了 that, 就不是从句了, 而是一个简单句。如: The earth is round. that 引导的主语从句常写为: It is ture that the earth is round.

到对话一

A: That you missed such an interesting film is a pity. You're very busy these days, aren't you? 你错过了这么有趣的电影真可惜。这些天你很忙, 是吗?

B: Yeah, I'm working on my project. 是的,我正在做我的项目。

A: If I can be of any help, please let me know! 如果我能帮上什么忙,请告诉我!

B: I will. Thank you. 我会的。谢谢。

① 对话二

A: It's a great pity he left suddenly.

他突然离开了,这真遗憾。

B: Yeah, he put all of us in a very awkward situation. 是呀,他让我们大家处于难堪的境地。

A: And he lost a good chance to let people understand him.

他也失去了一个让大家理解他的好机会。

B: That he is honest is true. 他是老实的,这是事实。

interesting['intristin]
busy['bizi]
project[pro'd3ekt]
awkward['o:kwod]
situation[sitju'eifon]
honest['onist]

有趣的 繁忙的 项目 难堪的;麻烦的 处境 诚实的





Whether he'll come (or not) hasn't been decided.

他是否来还没定下来。

❖ 畅说英语范例

It doesn't matter much whether we go together or separately.

我们一起去还是分头去都可以。

It doesn't make much difference whether it will rain or not. We'll have to go anyway.

天是否下雨没多大关系,不管怎样我们还是得去。

Whether they will go still remains a question.

他们是否去仍然是个问题。

Whether you will have time remains a question.

是否你有时间还是个问题。

It doesn't matter much whether my boyfriend will use or not.

不管我的男朋友用不用。