

普通高等教育“九五”国家级重点教材



21世纪

大学英语

TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY COLLEGE ENGLISH

练习册（第三册）

主编单位

复旦大学 ● 上海交通大学

复旦大学出版社

复旦大学出版社 高等教育出版社

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前 言

《21 世纪大学英语》是根据教育部新颁发的《大学英语教学大纲》编写的一套大学英语教材，包括《读写教程》、《听说教程》、《练习册》和《教师参考书》各四册，供大学英语教学两年使用。

《读写教程》每册十个单元，每个单元由同一题材的三篇文章组成。课文 A 为精读材料，配有阅读理解、词汇、结构、翻译、写作等多种练习；课文 B、C 为泛读材料，课文前系统介绍各种基本阅读技能，课文后配有阅读理解练习题。我们的意图是把精读、泛读融为一体，把听、说、读、写、译五种技能的训练和培养围绕精读课文进行，重点培养读、写、译的语言能力。

《听说教程》在题材方面与《读写教程》一致，使学生在听、说两方面进一步得到训练。《听说教程》由五个部分组成：1. 复习“热身”；2. 根据功能、意念编写的对话练习；3. 围绕《读写教程》课文 A 进行的主题讨论；4. 听力训练；5. 课外听、说练习。

《练习册》包括三个部分。第一部分是《读写教程》课文 A 篇的词汇、结构补充练习；第二部分为《读写教程》B 篇的词汇、结构补充练习；第三部分是与《读写教程》各单元题材相关的三十篇阅读材料及阅读理解题。《练习册》可在教师指导下供学生课外自学使用，练习答案附在书后。

《教师参考书》为教师提供与《读写教程》、《听说教程》相关的背景知识、难句解释、语言点释例、课堂活动、补充材料、以及课文参考译文和练习答案。

此外，《读写教程》配有录音磁带和多媒体课件、《听说教程》也配有录音磁带

《读写教程》、《听说教程》和《练习册》分工不同且各有侧重点，但相互间又紧密配合，形成一个有机的整体，以实现大纲规定的大学英语教学目的，即：“培养学生具有较强的阅读能力和一定的听、说、写、译能力，使他们能以英语为工具交流信息。”

《21 世纪大学英语》在选材上注重内容的趣味性、信息性、可思性和前瞻性，语言的规范性、致用性和文体的多样性。课文绝大多数选自 20 世纪 80、90 年代出版的英美报刊书籍，为适合教学目的对部分内容做了一些删改。

《21 世纪大学英语》由复旦大学和上海交通大学联合编写，上海大学的部分教师参加了《听说教程》的编写工作。美籍专家 Sherill Pociacha 和 Maurice Hauck 参加了部分内容的编写，并对全书提出了修改意见。对他们的辛勤工作，我们表示衷心的感谢。

《21 世纪大学英语》于 1997 年初开始编写，初稿曾在复旦大学和上海交通大学 97 级 12 个、98 级 26 个班中试用，较受欢迎。根据试用师生的反馈意见，我们又作了一些补充、修改。在此，对两校试用这部教材的师生表示诚挚的谢意。

本书为《练习册》第三册，由郑树棠、胡开宝主编。

编者
2000 年 5 月

使用说明

本练习册是《21 世纪大学英语〈读写教程〉》的配套书，供修大学英语课程的学生使用。

本册共有十个单元。每单元均由三部分组成：第一部分为《21 世纪大学英语〈读写教程〉》Text A 的配套练习，第二部分为 Text B 的配套练习，第三部分为快速阅读训练。

《练习册》（第三册）的总体设计安排如下：

第一部分练习有：1. 同义词反义词识别 2. 词汇填充 3. 词汇多项选择 4. 介词与副词填充 5. 构词 6. 动词短语 7. 改错 8. 中译英。

第二部分练习也设有八项；但这部分没有改错练习，改设完形填空。

上述两大部分的练习中，除动词短语、改错、完形填空和中译英之外，各项练习全部设有 AB 两组，其中 A 组训练四级词汇，B 组训练六级词汇，可供教学选择使用。

第三部分为快速阅读，每单元有 350 词左右的短文三篇，每篇短文后有四至五个阅读理解多项选择题。考虑到进入第三册学习的学生已经学完了主要的阅读技能，故本册阅读理解部分除个别情况外，一般不对短文中出现的生词加中文释义，酌情提高了阅读理解的要求。

本练习册不是读写教程中已有练习的重复。练习内容包含了读写教程中某些积极词汇的训练，也包括了对过去已学词汇及语法难点的复习，同时也适量扩大了四、六级词汇。使用《21 世纪大学英语》读写教程的院校可以根据学生的具体情况，使用本练习册中的全部或部分内容。

《练习册》（第三册）由郑树棠、胡开宝主编，编写人员为李晓红、何小凤、丁雅萍、金霞、董梅、查晟华等。

编者

2000 年 5 月

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UNIT 1

Text A

Part I Exercises for Text A

I. Match the words in Column I with their synonyms or antonyms in Column II.

A.

I

1. passion
2. perceive
3. consequence
4. scheme
5. confidence
6. beam
7. gaze
8. appetite
9. seal

II

- a. smile warmly; shine brightly
- b. plan; plot
- c. emotion; excitement; ardor
- d. desire; liking
- e. result; effect
- f. stare
- g. observe; note
- h. belief; sureness
- i. open; disclose

B.

I

1. compulsory
2. sturdy
3. stump
4. incentive

II

- a. feeble; frail
- b. optional; selective
- c. stimulus; motive
- d. puzzle; embarrass

II. Complete the following sentences with the words given below. Change the form where necessary. Note there are more words than necessary.

A.

scheme	sigh	relief	frown	compel	romantic
confidence	beam	perceive	invest	widen	casual

1. Mary's parents objected to her marriage to John; they _____ to separate them.
2. Once or twice a _____ of light from a motorbike or a car swings past my window.
3. As it approaches the sea, the river begins to _____ out.
4. He didn't want to visit her but conscience _____ him to.
5. A key task is to get the pupils to _____ for themselves the relationship between success and failure.
6. It was an immense _____ for John to find his family all survive the earthquake.
7. The easiest way to make ice-cream yourself is to _____ in an ice cream machine.

B.

compulsory	henceforth	sturdy	browse	stump	oriental
relish	revelation	betray	drastic	incentive	

1. He said that he would _____ the challenge of doing jobs that others turned down.
2. Foreign food aid has led to a _____ reduction in the number of people dying of starvation.
3. He was sitting on the sofa _____ the sports pages of the evening paper.
4. John Diamond was _____ by an unexpected question at the press conference.
5. The prospect of promotion was an _____ to Bill to work hard.
6. He told Mary that he would not _____ her confidence in him, and he kept his word.
7. _____, parties which fail to get 5% of the vote will not be represented in parliament.

III. Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that best completes each sentence.

A.

1. The committee _____ on our plan to import the latest equipment from Germany.
A. disagreed B. approved C. agreed D. frowned
2. The singer has a _____ career spanning twenty years; he's still popular with

young people.

A. perspective B. respective C. glorious D. magnificent

3. Mary _____ when she learned that her son failed in the college entrance exams again.

A. breathed B. held her breath C. relieved D. sighed

4. She merely filled the containers, _____ them with a cork, and posted on labels.

A. closed B. sealed C. covered D. surrounded

5. The couple enjoyed a _____ dinner for two at one of their favorite restaurants.

A. dramatic B. striking C. romantic D. lively

6. His death was totally unexpected and, in _____, no plans had been made for his replacement.

A. result B. outcome C. consequence D. influence

B

1. John was very embarrassed, for an unexpected question raised by the interviewer _____ him.

A. shocked B. stunned C. denied D. stumped

2. When I returned to my hometown 20 years later, I found that my son had grown into a tall and _____ man.

A. steady B. stationary C. sturdy D. steadfast

3. We cannot choose whether we will pay income tax or not, because payment of income tax is _____.

A. compulsive B. compulsory C. comprehensive D. impulsive

4. Some young people suddenly become self-conscious and tongue-tied in early _____.

A. childhood B. infancy C. adulthood D. adolescence

5. If your child's temperature rises, _____ it down gently with tepid(微温的) water.

A. absorb B. seal C. sponge D. roll

IV. Fill in the following blanks with the correct adverbs or prepositions.

A

1. The manager didn't scold me; _____ the contrary, he praised me for my positive advice.

2. The police are stepping _____ their efforts to fight crime.

3. The company decided to invest a large sum of money _____ the manufacture of colored TV sets.
4. You could hang _____ to it in the hope that it will be worth millions in ten years' time.
5. Pecky Sharp was swept _____ her feet. She had always dreamt of being an officer's wife.

B.

1. It will take several hours to pore _____ the volumes of documents.
2. Because of racial discrimination, many jobs were barred _____ the colored people in that area.
3. I slumped down in my usual armchair and felt around _____ the newspaper.
4. The meeting of the two prime ministers offered the incentive _____ the improvement of the relationship between their countries.

V. Complete each of the following statements with the correct forms of the words given in brackets.

A.

1. (glory) A tree, _____ lit by flickering neon lights, pressed against the windowpanes.
2. (confident) I can say with _____ that such rumors are totally groundless.
3. (invest) New tax incentives (税收优惠) will be introduced in the hope of stimulating future _____.
4. (consequence) The warming of the Earth and the _____ climatic changes affect us all.

B.

1. (reveal) Many Congressmen criticized the President following the _____ of his affairs with his former secretary.
2. (betray) She felt that what she had done was a _____ of her religious beliefs.
3. (referee) The match will be _____ by Derek Bevan from Wales, who has been famous for his impartial judgment.
4. (orient) The _____ use no butter and they prefer the very healthful peanut oil.

Unit 1

VI. Study the following phrasal verbs and do the corresponding exercises.

step + prep./ adv.

I) Match the definitions in Column II with the phrasal verbs in Column I.

I

1. step in
2. step up
3. step back
4. step down

II

- A. resign from an important position or job
- B. get involved in a difficult situation
- C. think about sth. as if one was not involved in it.
- D. increase sth. or its intensity

II) Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with the correct adverbs or prepositions.

1. If no agreements were reached, the army would step _____.
2. Mr. Orlando was forced to step _____ as mayor despite his popularity with the voters.
3. Security is being stepped _____ to deal with the increase in violence.
4. It was necessary to step _____ from the project and look at it as a whole.

VII. Each of the following sentences contains an error in it. Point it out and correct it.

1. Living and working in the small village for nearly 30 years, Tom found it hard to mix well with his neighbors in this city.
A B C D
2. There is often disagreement as to whom is the better Shakespearean actor, Evans or Gielgud.
A B C D
3. He was so disappointed that he angrily chose the worse movie he could find, in the hope that it might at least seem funny.
A B C D
4. The purpose of the instruction is making it easy for new comers to find their way around the city.
A B C D
5. To the finalists, Bob and I, the last high jump was the most exciting as well as the
A B C D

most difficult.

6. The Queen Victoria was too gigantic an ocean-liner for Captain Williams to guide

A

him into one of the most dangerous rivers without any mistake.

B

C

D

7. Dr. Lorber insists that language cannot be turned at will into a sort of an algebra

A

B

C

under the rule of strictness and fixity.

D

8. I never feel badly if after trying hard I fail to win a prize; the effort gives me

A

B

C

D

satisfaction.

9. Everyone who comes must take a ticket with him.

A

B

C

D

10. In 1775, John Curran was admitted to the Irish bar, where his humorous, flowery,

A

B

C

and sarcastic speech secured him for immediate success.

D

VIII. Translate the following into English.

1. 约翰三岁时就能背诵三十首诗，能说两种外语，被称为神童。
2. 鲍勃对这位姑娘可谓一见钟情，为了使她对自己倾心，他刻苦学习，充分表现自己的才能。
3. 发现女儿经常与他讨厌的男孩约会，他很恼火。
4. 成功在望，是他加倍工作的动力。
5. 当你偶尔感到头疼时，一片阿司匹林常可减轻症状。
6. 他对不得不到木工那里去做学徒，是不会高兴的。
7. 昨天有七位学生请病假，这实在出乎我的意料之外。
8. 每当她发现斯蒂文注视她时，她总是嫣然一笑。
9. 尽管他努力以自己的才学弥合她和女友之间的差距，但最后他们还是分道扬镳了。
10. 这位数学家这些年来一直保持低姿态，因此很少有人知道他所取得的巨大成就。

Part II Exercises for Text B

I. Match the words in Column I with their synonyms or antonyms in Column II.

A.**I**

1. punishment
2. coach
3. concrete
4. shave
5. option
6. deliver

II

- a. abstract
- b. utter; announce
- c. choice; selection
- d. cut
- e. teach; train
- f. penalty; fine

B.**I**

1. tow
2. collide
3. sober
4. furious
5. void
6. verdict
7. blaze

II

- a. vacuum; emptiness
- b. judgment; decision
- c. flame; flare
- d. push; propel
- e. excited; passionate
- f. calm; cool; quiet
- g. crash; clash

II. Complete the following sentences with the words given below. Change the form where necessary. Note there are more words than necessary.

A.

punishment	mechanic	mechanism	coach
license	option	fold	concrete

1. There is something wrong with the _____ of our refrigerator.
2. She brought with her a bench whose back can _____ forward to make a table.
3. The _____ resigned after his team won success in the World Cup Finals in Italy.