

第一级

武汉大学出版社

全国公共英语等级考试

模拟试题

张宏敏  
编写

根据教育部考试中心考试大纲编写

总主编 王秀珍



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# 全国公共英语等级考试模拟试题

(第 二 级)

总主编 王秀珍

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## 序

由教育部考试中心设计、开发的全国公共英语等级考试体系(Public English Test System,简称 PETS)是面向全社会开放型的考试体系。该体系不受年龄、职业和学历的限制,考生可视自身情况择级自由报考。该项考试已开始在北京、上海、天津、河北、山东、福建、江苏、安徽、浙江、湖北、河南、广东、辽宁、吉林、海南 15 个省市推广。它满足不同层次考生的需求,共分五级。各级考试均为目标参照性考试,根据不同需要设置了考查听、说、读、写各种能力的题型,以全面测试考生在相应级别的英语交际能力。我们深信,随着社会主义市场经济体制的建立与完善,PETS 是我国英语考试改革的产物;经过推广,它会不断地得到社会的认可,逐渐取代我国现存的、互不关联的一些英语考试。据悉,该考试体系中一级略高于初中毕业生的英语水平;二级相当于普通高中优秀毕业生的水平;三级相当于在大专院校学习两年公共英语或自学了同等程度英语课程的水平;四级相当于在大学学习了三至四年或自学了同等程度英语课程的水平;五级相当于大学英语专业二年级结束时的水平。目前,有些省市认定二级考试的成绩可替代自学考试非英语专业专科的英语成绩;三级可替代自学考试非英语专业本科的英语成绩;五级可替代申请公费出国留学的 EPT 成绩。

为了使更多的考生顺利通过相应级别的考试,我们特聘请从事中学、大学教学有经验的英语特级教师、讲师、副教授、教授共同合作这套 PETS 1~5 级模拟题集。目的旨在让广大考生熟悉各

级目标性测试试卷的结构、题型的分布以及题项的难易度,从自测的角度了解自己的英语水平,并通过不断实践提高实际运用英语语言的能力。

本系列模拟题集由王秀珍教授担任总主编,中级英语教师余茂生(其业绩被收入中国人事部《中国专家大辞典》)、高级英语教师张宏敏、程维华副教授、冉小群副教授、汪火焰副教授分别担任1~5级模拟题集的主编。另外还聘请了一批教学经验丰富、科研能力强且具有合作精神的中青年教师参与编写。因此,这一系列题集是一项共同合作而成的研究成果。它具有针对性强的特点,我们相信它会受到广大读者的欢迎和关注。此系列模拟题集还配有音质纯正、语速适中的磁带。

在编写这一系列模拟题集之前,武汉大学出版社王春阁副编审对市场行情进行了认真的调查、积极筹备编写事宜,并协同其他编辑为此套书的出版做了大量的工作,在此表示衷心的感谢!

由于时间紧,在编写过程中难免出现疏漏之处,恳请各位专家同仁、广大读者指正。

**编 者**

2001年1月于珞珈山

# 前 言

《全国公共英语等级考试二级模拟试题》(听力和笔试部分)是根据 1999 年教育部考试中心确定的考试大纲编写的。

本书具有以下特点:1. 所选材料及模拟题符合考试大纲的要求,单词和习语均控制在考试大纲范围之内,模拟题的难度及长度尽可能与考试样题贴近。2. 所拟题目的难度也兼顾到目前的高考,读者也可把本书当做高考的模拟试题使用,本书题目均在高中生中试用过。3. 选材新颖,材料主要选、摘、编自国内外各种报刊、杂志、图书、教材及光盘。4. 题材多样,内容丰富。包括文化教育,社会生活,历史传记,风土人情,科普知识,幽默故事及时事热点等。选用的材料力求出自原版或不同于已出版的书籍。5. 语言规范,实用性强,符合公共英语的特点。

由于编者水平有限,不妥之处在所难免,欢迎广大读者批评指正。

编 者  
2001 年 3 月

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# 一、模拟试卷

## Test 1 第一卷

### 第一部分 听力理解

**第一节** 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A,B,C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题并阅读下一题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What is the price like in England in the woman's opinion?  
A. High.                      B. Low.                      C. Reasonable.
2. Why doesn't the man offer the woman a help?  
A. Because he doesn't like the woman.  
B. Because he is busy.  
C. Because this is his bedtime.
3. What doesn't the man like to study?  
A. Physics.                      B. Maths.                      C. Geography.
4. What's the time when they are having the conversation?  
A. At 4:00.                      B. At 4:05.                      C. At 4:10.
5. How much do they have to pay for their trip?  
A. 9.75 dollars.                      B. 12 dollars.                      C. sixteen dollars.

**第二节** 听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A,B,C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标

在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读各个小题;听完后,各小题将给 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6~7 题。

6. How long was the woman out of the country?

- A. Three weeks.      B. Four weeks.      C. Four months.

7. What did the woman have to declare?

- A. Plants.              B. Meat.              C. Wine.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8~9 题。

8. What are the two persons looking for?

- A. They are looking for some friends.  
B. They are looking for a restaurant.  
C. They are looking for some Chinese.

9. How many days are the Chinese restaurant open in a week?

- A. Four days.              B. Five days.              C. Six days.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10~12 题。

10. What did they do before they wanted to have something to eat?

- A. They saw a film.  
B. They went to the concert.  
C. They had some Chinese food.

11. How many kinds of food did the man suggest to the woman?

- A. Two.                  B. Three.                  C. Four.

12. Why did the woman prefer pizza to Chinese food?

- A. Because she had been to a Chinese restaurant the day before.  
B. Because she didn't like Chinese food.  
C. Because she liked pizza very much.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13~16 题。

13. Who had a birthday?

A. Jane's aunt.      B. Jane's sister.      C. Jane's mother.

14. Where was the party held?

A. At Jane's house.

B. At Jane's aunt's house.

C. At Jane's sister's house.

15. What did Jane do after the birthday party?

A. She typed a paper.

B. She helped her aunt with the cleaning of the house.

C. She studied the materials for her history paper.

16. Why was Jane nervous?

A. She was worried about the birthday party.

B. She found her history course very difficult.

C. She thought her history paper might be late.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17~20 题。

17. When is Tommy's birthday?

A. On March 13th.    B. On March 15th.    C. On March 23rd.

18. How often did Tommy write letters?

A. Once a month.    B. Once a week.

C. Never before this letter to his aunt.

19. How many times did Tommy's aunt attend his birthday party in all?

A. Never.

B. Twice.

C. Three times.

20. What did Tommy write this letter really for?

A. To tell her about his birthday party.

B. To remind her of buying him a birthday present.

C. To thank her for her birthday present.

## 第二部分 英语知识运用

### 第一节 单项填空

从 A, B, C, D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. — Thank you for all the help you've given us since we moved in.

— \_\_\_\_\_.

A. You're welcome

B. I'd like to hear that

C. Leave it to me

D. Yes, of course

22. — I'm sorry to say that I can't come to your party tonight.

— \_\_\_\_\_? Haven't we agreed on it?

A. What is it

B. What has it been

C. How is it

D. What do you think

23. — \_\_\_\_\_ the concert has been put off.

— Do you know when it will be?

A. I've been told

B. I've told

C. I was told

D. I told about

24. — I haven't heard from John for months.

— What do you suppose \_\_\_\_\_ to him?

A. was happening

B. to happen

C. has happened

D. had happened

25. This famous song \_\_\_\_\_ to us from generation to generation.

A. comes on

B. comes down

C. comes up

D. comes out

26. In China, \_\_\_\_\_ bicycle is \_\_\_\_\_ popular means of transporta-

tion.

A. the; a

B. a; /

C. the; the

D. a; the

27. It is no longer a question now \_\_\_\_\_ man can land on the moon.

A. that

B. if

C. whether

D. what

28. — Who is making such a loud noise?

— \_\_\_\_\_.

A. He must be John

B. She must be Mary

C. There must be the children

D. It must be the twins

29. The child is not old enough to \_\_\_\_\_ which one of the books is bad.

A. speak

B. talk

C. chat

D. tell

30. Tom has got a telescope, but he doesn't know \_\_\_\_\_.

A. how to do with it

B. what to do with it

C. how to do it

D. what to do it

31. When I was young, I was afraid \_\_\_\_\_ out at night because I was afraid \_\_\_\_\_ my way.

A. of going; losing

B. going; of losing

C. to go; of losing

D. to go; to lose

32. The three of them agreed that \_\_\_\_\_ arrived first should save seats for the other two.

A. however

B. whoever

C. whatever

D. whenever

33. There are \_\_\_\_\_ leaves everywhere on the ground. There

\_\_\_\_\_ a big wind last night.

A. fallen; must have been

B. falling; might be

C. fallen; must be

D. falling; must have been

34. Only by that means \_\_\_\_\_ to reduce our production costs.

A. can we

B. are we able

C. ought we

D. may we

35. — Hurry up! It's time to leave.

— OK, \_\_\_\_\_.

A. I come

B. I've come

C. I would come

D. I'm coming

## 第二节 完形填空

阅读下面的短文,从短文所给各题的四个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

One day a merchant's wife fell ill and he went to get a doctor. The doctor 36 came to see the woman and to do what he could do for her, but 37 he went into the house he 38. He knew that the merchant was 39 for not paying his bills when they were due(当偿付时). He 40 said to the man, "But if I do cure your wife I'm 41 you may not pay me."

"Sir," replied the merchant, "here I have a thousand pieces of 42. Whether you cure my wife or 43 you kill her, I will give you all this."

The doctor was 44 and went into the house. When he reached the woman's 45 it was soon 46 to him that he could do 47. She was very ill, and, though he gave her medicine, she 48 died. He told the merchant that he was very 49 and asked for the money which he had been 50.

"Did you 51 my wife?" asked the man.

"Certainly not," said the doctor.

"Did you 52 my wife?" said the man.

"I am afraid that was 53," replied the doctor.

"Well, 54 you have neither killed her nor cured her I have  
55 to pay you."

- |                   |               |              |              |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 36. A. willingly  | B. owfully    | C. luckily   | D. carefully |
| 37. A. as         | B. before     | C. after     | D. when      |
| 38. A. laughed    | B. paused     | C. thought   | D. broke     |
| 39. A. pleased    | B. seen       | C. famous    | D. noticed   |
| 40. A. then       | B. again      | C. therefore | D. so        |
| 41. A. afraid     | B. glad       | C. angry     | D. mad       |
| 42. A. coin       | B. bamboo     | C. iron      | D. silver    |
| 43. A. if         | B. when       | C. how       | D. whether   |
| 44. A. attracted  | B. surprised  | C. satisfied | D. moved     |
| 45. A. room       | B. bedside    | C. desk      | D. chair     |
| 46. A. clear      | B. easy       | C. necessary | D. difficult |
| 47. A. many       | B. some       | C. much      | D. little    |
| 48. A. later      | B. soon       | C. already   | D. really    |
| 49. A. regretful  | B. apologized | C. sorry     | D. sad       |
| 50. A. promised   | B. permitted  | C. given     | D. paid      |
| 51. A. comfort    | B. hurt       | C. cut       | D. kill      |
| 52. A. attend     | B. help       | C. cure      | D. treat     |
| 53. A. impossible | B. magic      | C. obvious   | D. true      |
| 54. A. however    | B. so         | C. but       | D. since     |
| 55. A. duty       | B. nothing    | C. honour    | D. little    |

### 第三部分 阅读理解

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A,B,C,D)中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

Last spring my wife suggested that I call in a man to look at our lawn mower (割草机). It had broken down the year before, and though I promised to repair it, I had never got round to it. I would not hear of the suggestion and I said that I would fix it myself. One Saturday afternoon, I pulled the machine into the garden and had a close look at it. As far as I could see, it was not too difficult: a turn of a screw (螺丝) here, a little tightening up there, a drop of oil and it would be as new. But the repair job was not quite so simple. The mower firmly refused to work. So I decided to take it to pieces. The garden was soon covered with piles of metal which had once made up of a lawn mower. But I was very pleased with myself. I had found the cause of the trouble. One of the chains was broken. After buying a new chain I began to put the piles of metal together again. I was not surprised to find that the machine still refused to work, for the simple reason that I had left several curiously shaped bits of metal which did not seem to fit anywhere. I had to give up at last.

56. After having a look at the lawn mower, the writer concluded

\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the machine needed a complete examination
- B. there was nothing seriously wrong
- C. it would be foolish of him to try to repair it



- D. the job needed attention and skills
57. The writer started to take the lawn mower to pieces \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the moment he laid his hand on the machine  
B. because he was encouraged by his wife  
C. for he thought it impossible to find the trouble without being told where it was  
D. only after he had failed his first try
58. The cause which brought about all this trouble was finally discovered to be \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. some missing screws  
B. a few curiously shaped pieces of metal  
C. in want of oil  
D. a broken chain

## B

Once Napoleon stayed in a small inn(hotel). The next morning he went to thank the innkeeper. "You have served me well, innkeeper," said Napoleon. "I wish to reward you. Tell me what you want."

"Sir, we want nothing," said the innkeeper. "But will you tell us something?"

"What is it?" Napoleon asked.

"We have heard a story," said the innkeeper. "Once during the war, the Russian took control of a famous house. You were sleeping in it. You hid while they looked for you. Will you tell us how you felt when they were looking for you?"

The innkeeper looked at Napoleon's face. Napoleon looked very angry. Napoleon called in two of his soldiers. Then he pointed to the