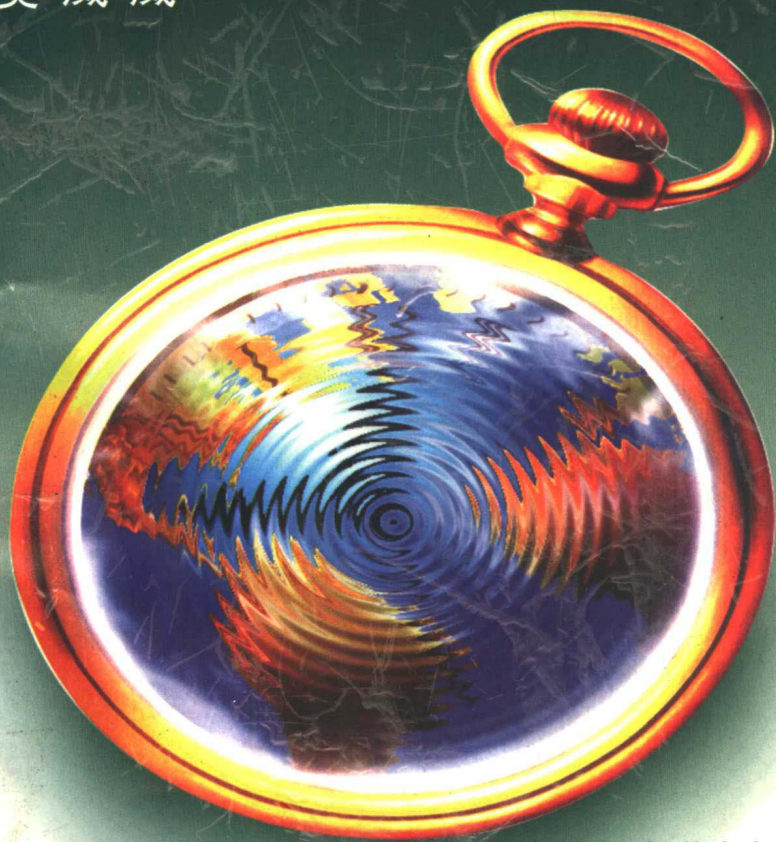




# 英语考试 易混淆词字与练

樊 葳 葳



华中理工大学出版社

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**Learn to Discriminate  
Similar English Words**

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## 内 容 提 要

本书以英语语音、语义研究为基础,将各类英语考试所涉及的 800 多个易混淆词按同义、近义、同音、近形分类举例,对较难辨别差别的词提供了辨异,给出练习,为读者学习英语词汇、掌握词汇用法提供了方法和实例。

本书供参加大学英语四级、六级、研究生英语和各类英语考试的读者使用。其他英语学习爱好者亦可获益于此书。

## 前言

扩大英语词汇量是每位英语学习者最迫切的愿望。但在浩瀚庞大的英语词汇面前，许多人就有束手无策的感觉，往往是花费大量的时间和精力，但仍不能领悟到词汇学习的关键，更不能在各类考试和实际工作中具备运用自如的能力。

本书旨在帮助中级英语学习者在英语词汇学习上开辟一条新路，即将英语词汇按同义、近义、同音、近音、近形分类，精选了800多个大学英语大纲所覆盖的词汇，对较难分辨的词，提供了辨异，重点突出，并附有典型用法的例句和练习，旨在帮助读者尽快掌握大学英语四六级，研究生和各种中高级英语测试所必须的词汇，同时其他同等水平的读者亦可通过使用本书达到学习词汇举一反三的目的。

希望读者在使用本书的过程中，特别注意咀嚼每个单词后面的例句，可通过大声朗读、默写等方式将句子背诵下来，体会其译文，然后再做练习。这样反复下来，可使读者熟悉和掌握每个和每组词汇的用法及其异同，进而在地道的英语上下文中掌握一个或一串词汇。本书全部例句和练习中的句子均有汉语译文，读者亦可通过将已译成汉语的句子再译成英语来检测自己使用英语的能力，在此过程中，读者亦可体会到英语表达和汉语表达的异同和其各自的语言魅力。

在使用本书时，读者可通过查询书后的索引来查某个单词，亦可以发现与其相似的其它词汇。读者还可以从前到后顺序学习，日

积月累。

本书在编写过程中参考了各类辞典词书，详细书目已在书后列出。由于本人水平有限，错误难免，恳切希望读者批评指正。

樊葳葳

1998年·元月

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## 第一章 同义近义动词

### Word study 1

<b>abandon</b>	<b>leave</b>	<b>shed</b>
<b>desert</b>	<b>quit</b>	<b>withdraw</b>
<b>discard</b>	<b>resign</b>	<b>yield</b>
<b>drop</b>	<b>retire</b>	

abandon [ə'bændən] 放弃, 抛弃, 遗弃

The crew abandoned the ship.

船员们放弃了那艘船。

You are not supposed to abandon your car on the motorway.

你切不可将车遗弃在公路上。

He then abandoned his wife and went off to live in South Africa.

他于是遗弃了他的妻子而跑去南非谋生。

desert [di'zɜ:t] 抛弃, 遗弃

She deserted her family and ran away with him.

她遗弃了家人与他一起逃走了。

All her friends deserted her.

她所有的朋友都与她绝交。

He deserted his friend in need.

他遗弃了他那位需要帮助的朋友。



discard [dis'kɑ:d] 抛弃, 丢弃

I discarded the broken radio.

我丢弃了那架坏了的收音机。

They ate food discarded by the soldier.

他们吃了士兵们丢弃的食物。

**辨析**: abandon 强调丢弃不顾, 不负责任; desert 强调抛弃了自己的天职或应尽的义务, 不合乎道德规范; discard 强调抛弃对自己已经没有用的东西。

drop [drɒp] 丢掉

He dropped his wallet in the train.

他乘火车时丢了钱包。

Planes dropped bombs all through the night.

整夜飞机都在扔炸弹。

He dropped the idea of going abroad.

他放弃了出国的念头。

**注意**: “给我写信”是 Drop me a line.

“倒下死去”是 Drop dead.

“来看我”是 Drop in on me.

leave [li:v] 舍弃, 离去

He left his cat in the wood.

他把猫丢在树林里。

Many of the children I met had left home after a savage beating.

我遇到的许多孩子在挨打后弃家出走。

**注意**: “离开北京”是 Leave Beijing.

“去北京”是 Leave for Beijing.

“停止谈话”是 Leave off talking.

“遗忘了一个包”是 Leave behind a bag.

“忽略了一个字”是 Leave out a word.

“离她而去”是 Take leave of her.

quit [kwit] 抛弃,退出

She quit the room in anger.

她气极了,离开了房间。

Jack wants to quit smoking.

杰克想戒烟。

resign [ri'zain] 放弃

He resigned all hopes.

他放弃了所有的希望。

He resigned his position as chairman.

他辞掉主席职务。

She resigned herself to her fate.

她听任于命运安排。

retire [ri'taɪə] 退休,退入

He retired from public life.

他从公务生活中退了出来。

He retired to his room.

他退到他的房间。

I usually retired before ten o'clock.

我一般 10 点前睡觉。

shed [ʃed] 抛弃,摆脱

About 2 000 workers are due to be shed by the company.

大约 2 000 名工人将被公司辞退。

I shed all my restrain.

我摆脱所有的束缚。

The snake sheds its skin.

蛇蜕其皮。

withdraw [wið'drɔ:] 撤销,退出

He withdrew his statement.

他撤回他的声明。

She withdrew from the room.

她从房间退出去。

yield [ji:ld] 放弃

They yielded their land to the invaders.

他们把土地拱手让给入侵者。

They were obliged to yield fifteen or twenty kilometers.

他们被迫后撤了 15 或 20 公里。

Radio has yielded to television.

收音机让位于电视。

### Exercise 1

Multiple choice questions.

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ village was filled with a deathly silence.  
a. ☒ deserted                      b. left  
c. abandoned                      d. dropped
2. Should they \_\_\_\_\_ the present system entirely?  
a. ☒ discard                      b. drop  
c. abandon                      d. quit
3. All they want to do is \_\_\_\_\_ at 16 and get a job.  
a. desert                      b. ☒ leave  
c. resign                      d. drop
4. He was given two months' notice to \_\_\_\_\_ his house.  
a. discard                      b. resign  
c. ☒ quit                      d. shed
5. You are a widow now. I think you must \_\_\_\_\_ yourself to that fact.  
a. ☒ resign                      b. retire  
c. withdraw                      d. ☒ yield

6. He consented to dance for us and \_\_\_\_\_ to put on his costume.
- a. resigned                      b. yielded  
c. retired                        d. shed
7. I want to \_\_\_\_\_ a statement I made earlier on.
- a) withdraw                      b. retire  
c. resign                          d. abandon
8. Any lock will \_\_\_\_\_ to a bit of brute force.
- a. resign                          b. yield  
c. withdraw                      d. shed

### Key 1

1. a 那座荒芜的村庄充满了死一般的寂静。
2. a 他们应该完全摒弃现行的制度吗?
3. b 他们所需要的是在 16 岁离家独立并能谋得一份工作。
4. c 他接到通知要他在两个月内搬家。
5. a 您现在守寡了,我认为您必须接受这个事实。
6. c 他同意为我们表演舞蹈,然后退下去换上演出服。
7. a 我想撤回我早些时曾发布的一项声明。
8. b 只要多使点劲,什么锁都能撞得开。

## Word study 2

<b>accept</b> <b>receive</b> <b>take</b>	<b>accompany</b> <b>attend</b>	<b>accomplish</b> <b>achieve</b> <b>complete</b> <b>execute</b> <b>finish</b>	<b>fulfil</b> <b>perfect</b> <b>perform</b>
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accept [ək'sept] 接受, 领收

I accepted her invitation.

我接受了她的邀请。

I received his offer but did not accept it.

我收到他给予帮忙的提议, 但我没有接受。

He accepted these conditions.

他接受了这些条件。

The new theory became wildly accepted.

新理论被广泛认可。

receive [ri'si:v] 接收, 收到, 受到

The patient received the best of care.

病人受到最好的看护。

The hotel receives guests from all over the world.

这家旅馆接待来自世界各地的客人。

Any suggestions will be received with thanks.

我们诚谢任何建议。

take [teik] 接受, 拿取

He takes no gifts from anyone.

他不接受任何人的馈赠。

We have had to take a pay cut.

我们不得不接受降薪。

**注意:**“服药”是 take medicine 不是 drink medicine。

“喝汤”是 take (eat) soup 不是 drink soup。

“喝水”是 drink water。

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] 伴随,陪同

I accompanied him on a visit to Shanghai.

我陪他去上海旅行。

He accompanied me on the guitar.

他用吉它给我伴奏。

She came out of the house accompanied by her lawyer.

她由律师陪同从家里走了出来。

She asked me to accompany her to the church.

她要我陪她去教堂。

attend [ə'tend] 陪伴,伴随

Our plans were attended with many difficulties.

实施计划时,种种困难随之而来。

May good luck attend you!

望你好运长相随!

She hated all the publicity and gossip which attended her activities.

她讨厌她所有的活动都受传媒曝光和报道。

**辨析:** accompany 表示一般意义上的伴随; attend 强调伴随者据有一定的从属地位。

accomplish [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] 成功地完成

The task will be accomplished in a year.

那工作将在一年内完成。

She wanted to go there and try to accomplish being an actress.

她想去那儿,实现她当演员的梦想。

**注意:**“达到……目的”是 accomplish one's purpose。

“实现……目标”是 accomplish one's goal。

“完成……任务”是 accomplish one's mission。

“结束……工作”是 accomplish one's task。

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] 完成,达到

By hard work we can achieve anything.

只要努力工作,我们任何事情都能成功。

He will do anything in order to achieve his aim.

为了达到目的,他将不择手段。

Independence was achieved over a century ago.

于 100 年前实现了独立。

complete [kəm'pli:t] 完成,完结

The building is not completed yet.

那幢建筑物尚未建成。

Give yourself plenty of time to complete a job.

给你自己留下充裕的时间来完成一项工作。

execute ['eksikju:t] 完成,实行

We executed our plan at once.

我们立刻执行了计划。

Never once did I doubt that I would be able to execute my plans.

我从未怀疑过我将能完成自己的计划。

finish ['finiʃ] 完成,结束

He finished the argument by walking out of the room.

他以走出房间来结束争论。

Can I just finish with a final question?

我能以提最后一个问题来结束吗?

fulfil [ful'fil] 实现,履行





- c. took d. finished
3. The producer was \_\_\_\_\_ three members of his staff.  
a. accompanied by b. accompanied with  
c. attended by d. attended with
4. He feared the consequences that might \_\_\_\_\_ such experiments.  
a. attend b. accompany  
c. accomplish d. take
5. The riots \_\_\_\_\_ nothing.  
a. achieved b. accomplished  
c. completed d. finished
6. A teacher training course takes three years to \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. finish b. complete  
c. achieve d. execute
7. The boy has \_\_\_\_\_ his homework.  
a. finished b. completed  
c. achieved d. executed
8. They are bent on improving and \_\_\_\_\_ existing weaponry.  
a. finishing b. perfecting  
c. performing d. completing
9. How he \_\_\_\_\_ these miracles nobody ever quite knew.  
a. completed b. fulfilled  
c. achieved d. performed
10. This limits the ability of many of the smaller organizations to \_\_\_\_\_ their obligations.  
a. fulfil b. achieve  
c. complete d. finish