季成叶庄鸿娟

著

风沐浴"小花朵"

一中国儿童卫生保健与身心发育



中 儿 生 存 保 护 和 发 展 书 系

春风沐浴"小花朵"

"LITTLE FLOWERS" BATHED IN SPRINGWIND

中国儿童卫生保健与身心发育

Health Care and Physical and Mental Development of Chinese Children

藏书

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by Ji Chengye Zhuang Hongjuan

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序言

卷腾

人类即将告别 20 世纪而跨人新的文明时代。

今天的儿童是 21 世纪的主人,儿童的生存、保护和发展是提高人口素质的基础,是人类未来发展的先决条件。我国人口占世界人口五分之一强,儿童数量居世界首位。因此,现在就抓好儿童工作,不仅对下世纪中国的经济腾飞和社会稳定具有战略意义,而且对促进人类进步、维护世界和平也会产生深远的巨大的影响。

1990 年召开的世界儿童问题首脑会议通过了《儿童生存、保护和发展世界宣言》和《执行九十年代儿童生存、保护和发展世界宣言行动计划》。1991 年 3 月,李鹏总理代表

我国政府在上述两个文件上签了字,并向全世界做出了庄严的承诺:"我们将保证履行的义务。我们相信在联合国的帮助下,中国儿童一定能够达到文件中所提出的一些或求。"为表明我国政府重视儿童问题首脑会下,依据世界儿童问题首脑会济和的态度,依据世界儿童问题首脑会济和的态度,依据世界儿童国民经济和创度。它是我们有一个人,是一个人们的一个人,我们是一个人们的一个人。

儿童是祖国的未来,民族的希望。儿童的健康成长关系到祖国的前途和命运。新中国建立以后,党和政府一贯重视和关怀、即使康成长,积极为儿童的生存、保护和发展创造良好的社会环境。党的十一届三中全会以来,党和政府把"提高民族素质,要从儿童不大计。"作为社会主义建设的根本大计,"爱护儿童,教育儿童,为儿童做表率,为儿童工作进一步,我国儿童工作进一步,我国儿童工作进一步,我国儿童大大平比新中国建立以前有了显著的提高,主要指标均处于发展中国家的前列。

当然,我们还应当看到,由于我国地域辽阔, 经济文化发展不平衡,各地的条件也千差万 别,因此儿童的教育、保健等方面与实际需要 仍然有较大的差距。要实现《九十年代中国 儿童发展规划纲要》提出的奋斗目标,实现我 国政府向国际社会的承诺,还需要全社会坚 持不懈地努力,做大量的艰苦细致的工作。

儿童生存、保护和发展又是一项综合性 强的系统工程,涉及国家、社会和每个家庭, 以及许多科学领域。儿童事业的发展,在很 大程度上要依靠教育、卫生、文化艺术和新闻 出版工作者、社会工作者采用行之有效的科 学方法去教育和动员群众,提高广大群众的 素质,让"儿童优先"的原则成为我国公民的 自觉行动,"让每个儿童有更好的未来"成为 全社会的共同意识。四川少年儿童出版社响 应联合国世界儿童问题首脑会议的紧急呼 吁,带头宣传和执行(九十年代中国儿童发展 规划纲要》以及有关儿童工作的政策法规、编 辑出版了这套(中国儿童生存、保护和发展书 系)。这套书系率先科学地总结了我国儿童 工作积累的经验、取得的成绩和存在的一些 问题,并从理论上探讨产生这些问题的原因, 从实践上寻找解决问题的思路导向,以期引 起社会各界对中国儿童生存、保护和发展问

题的关注,使我国儿童工作得到进一步改善和提高,这是为我国儿童事业做了一件功德无量的好事。我们相信,这套书系的编辑、出版,对我国儿童工作的综合、协调、全面发展会起到积极的促进作用。

1993年12月2日

PREFACE

Mankind will pretty soon bid farewell to the 20th century and march forward to a new civilized era with big strides.

The master of the 21st century would be no other than today's children. Their existence, protection and development are the foundation to enhance the quality of our population, and the prerequisite of human development in the future. The population of our country accounts for more than one-fifth of that of the world, and the population of our children comes to the top in the world. Therefore, it is not only of strategic significance to stress the work of children for China's economic

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boom and social stability in the next century, but also of far-reaching influence on boosting human progress and safeguarding world peace.

In 1990, the World Declaration of the Existence, Protection and Development of Children and the Executive Plan on the World Declaration of the Existence, Protection and Development of Children were adopted at the Summit Conference on Matters of the World's Children. In March, 1991, Premier Li Peng, on behalf of the Chinese Government, affixed his signature on the above two documents, and solemnly declared in front of the whole world: "We promise to fulfil our obligations. Our society believe that the Chinese children, with the help of the United Nations, are sure to fulfil some of the requirements put up in the documents." In order to show the active and serious attitude of our government towards this work, the State Council of the People's Republic of China issued, in March 1992, the Programme for the Development of Chinese Children in the 1990s, which is in accordance with the two documents adopted by the Summit Conference on Matters of World's Children, and based on the Ten-year Planning for the National Economic and Social Development of Our Country, and the task and general objective set up in the Eighth Five-Year Plan. This programme, following the issue of the Protective Decree for the Minor in the 1990s, is another important document for the existence and development of the Chinese children, and an exploit which benefits not only the contemporary era, but also throughout the ages.

Realizing that the healthy growth of children, who are the future of the nation and the hope of the people, is closely connected with the future and destiny of our country, our Party and government have paid great attention to and showed much concern for the young generation, taking vigorous actions to create favorable social conditions for them. Ever since the Third Plenary Session of the Eleventh Central Committee of the C. P. C., the Party and the government has taken the slogan "It is necessary to start from children to enhance the quality of the nation" as a matter of prime importance for socialist construction.

"Taking good care of, educating, setting good examples and handling practical affairs for children" have already become public consciousness in our society, and therefore, such work has further been advancing along the right track of socialization, scientification and legitimation. As a result, the development of our children has been leveled up to a much higher standing than before the birth of New China, and all the main indexes relating to this field are now in the forefront of those of the developing countries. Furthermore, we should also be aware of the fact that there is still a great gap, because of the vast territory, the unbalanced development in economy and culture, and the immense variety of conditions in difference regions, between reality and actual demand for education and health care for our children. It is necessary for the whole of our nation to work unremittingly and meticulously to attend the aim of the Programme for the Development of Chinese Children in the 1990s, and redeem the promise made to the international societies by our government.

The task of children's existence, protec-

tion and development is also a comprehensively systematic project, relating to the country, the society and every family, and many domains in science. The development of the cause, to a great extent, must rely on workers in the fields of education, sanitation, art, culture, journalism and publication, and social workers to educate and mobilize the masses, by applying some effective scientific measures, to enhance the quality of the public, so that the principle of "Giving priority to children" could become the conscious action of all Chinese citizens, and that of "Making sure that each child has a better future", the common consciousness of the whole society.

The Sichuan Juvenile and Children Publishing House, responding to the urgent call of the summit Conference of the United Nations on matters of the World's Children, takes the lead, by publishing this series of books, The Existence, Protection and Development of the Chinese Children, in publicizing and implementing the Programme of the Development of the Chinese Children in the 1990s and other policies and decrees in this field. This series

summarizes, in a scientific way, experiences, achievements, and some problems in the work of children in our country, discusses in theory causes engendering such problems and tries to find some thought provoking means to solve these problems, in the attempt of drawing the attention of all social circles to further improve and strengthen the work of children, This is certainly a great undertaking. We are confident enought to expect that the publication of this series of ours would play an active roll in the overall, coordinated and comprehensive development of the work of children in our country.

December 2, 1993

Huang Qizao

本书内容提要

随着独生子女在我国的普及,儿童卫生保健和身心发展问题,越来越成为广大家长、儿童医务保健工作者最关心的问题。本书在总结我国建国以来儿童卫生保健事业的成生、思力经验的基础上,科学地论述了遗传与优生、围产期与优生、婴幼儿的养育与保健等基础常识,并按婴儿、幼儿、学龄儿童等年龄段别阐述了儿童常见疾病的防治,针对儿童常见疾病的防治,针对儿童常见疾病的防治,针对儿童常见疾病的防治,针对儿童生理和心理发育过程中可能会出现的问题,是出了具有操作意义的措施和方法。对初与庭野田子人员的色色、妈妈来说,本书是一部家庭题研究者和广大儿童卫生保健工作者来说,又不失为一部很有参考价值的专著。

ABSTRACT

As the fact of the only child becomes more and more popular in China, the problems of child hygiene, health protection and mental development have gotten more and more parent's, child medical and health worker's attention. This book is on the basis of summary of the achivement and experiencein the field of child care from the founding of the People's Repilic of China. It scientifically expounds the basic common knowledge, such as inheritance and good – birth, perinatology and good – birth, child care and health protection, etc., and expounds the cure and prevertion of the common child diseases from

the age of infant, child and schoolage child. It puts forward some practical countermeasures to the problems which would probably arise in the course of the child physical and mental development. It is an essential manual on child health protection for each family and it is a monograph for workers on China's child problems, which they can make reference to.

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