大学英语四级

语法结构题精选

第2版

祖延秀 主编



大学英语四级考试 语法结构题精选

(第2版)

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【内容简介】 本书是根据国家教委颁布的《大学英语教学大纲》、《大学英语四级考试大纲》以及全国大学英语四、六级考试委员会《关于全国大学英语四级考试采用新题型的通知》精神而编选的英语语法结构教材。全书共收有精选语法结构1000题,其中包括各语法项目的简要说明,针对各语法项目的单项练习和综合练习。题型新颖、内容丰富适中,针对性强、语法覆盖面广,是大学英语四级考试强化阶段的理想教材。

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(第2版)

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第2版前言

《大学英语四级应试系列丛书》1996年一经推出,就受到广大读者的欢迎,前后多次重印,仍供不应求,各地书店和读者纷纷求购。为满足广大读者的要求,我社根据国家教委《大学英语教学大纲》规定的要求和全国大学英语四、六级考试委员会公布的最新题型,进行了全面修订,以食读者。

西北工业大学出版社 1998年1月

前言

英语语法结构是大学英语学习中的一个重要组成部分,对学好英语,顺利通过国家四级考试起着举足轻重的作用。根据国家教委颁布的《大学英语教学大纲》和《大学英语四级考试大纲》以及全国大学英语四、六级考试委员会《关于全国大学英语四级考试采用新题型的通知》精神,我们根据不同语法项目的特点及考试形式,经过对我们多年使用的教材和各类考题的仔细推敲、研究,精选出这本英语语法结构题。目的在于通过大量不同题型的练习,使读者更系统地掌握所学的语法知识,提高解题能力及语言运用能力,并在大学英语学习的最后阶段在语法结构上有所新的突破。

全书共分两大部分。第一部分主要针对大学英语语法结构题的特点、考题形式及做题过程中易出现的问题,对主要语法知识及难点加以简要解释、说明。可供读者在解题过程中参考、查阅,并帮助解决做题过程中遇到的实际问题。每个语法项目后都附有针对性很强的单项练习。读者可通过大量、反复的练习,进一步了解、掌握、巩固所学语法知识,提高解题能力。第二部分为综合编排的语法结构 500 题。读者可通过大量、综合、多样化的练习,在英语语法上达到新的高度,并有所突破,进而全面提高整个英语水平和实际运用语言的能力。

本书编写人员如下:

祖延秀 主编,编写第一部分全部语法项目的解释说明

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及第一部分第十个语法项目后的单项练习 50 题,第二部分 450~500 题选编。

钱进荣 第一部分第一、二、三项语法后的单项练习 150 题及第二部分 1~150 题选编。

张伟华 第一部分第四、五、六项语法后的单项练习 150 题及第二部分 151~300 题选编。

郭红梅 第一部分第七、八、九项语法后的单项练习 150 题及第二部分 301~450 题选编。

由于编者水平有限,书中不足与错误在所难免,恳切希望广大读者给予批评指正。

编 者 1995.12

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第一部分 语法说明及单项练习

一、非谓语动词

要掌握动词的非谓语形式(分词、动名词、不定式),首先 必须很好地掌握非谓语动词的一般式、进行式和完成式以及 非谓语动词的主动、被动两种形式的构成。一般式的动作发生 在主要谓语动作之后。如:

He offered to help.

I prefer making an outline before I do my oral composition.

进行式表示非谓语动词的动作和主要谓语的动作同时发生。如:

I happened to be going that way.

完成式则表示其动作发生在谓语动作之前。如:

She seemed to have heard about it already.

The delegates, having fulfilled their mission, arrived back in Shanghai.

非谓语动词的被动形式也是常出现的一种题型。不定式的被动形式表示不定式逻辑上的主语是这个不定式所表示的动作的承受者;分词的被动式也用于表示被动的动作。如:

She asked to be sent to work in Tibet.

That building being repaired is our library.

其次还应搞清楚分词、不定式、动名词三者在用法上的异同。如做状语时,分词与不定式的区别。不定式做状语主要表示目的、结果、原因。如:

We live to serve the people heart and soul. (目的)

They lifted a rock only to drop it on their own feet. (结果)

We jumped with joy to hear the news. (原因) 而分词做状语则表示行为方式、伴随、时间(相当于时间状语从句)、原因(相当于原因状语从句)等。如:

Being so poor in those days (= As we were so poor in those days), we couldn't afford to send the boy to hospital.

Seeing the picture (= When we saw the picture), we could't help thinking of those memorable days in Yenan.

第三要弄清楚非谓语动词的逻辑主语应和句子的主语一致,如果不一致时,它们的逻辑主语应该以什么形式表示出来。不定式的逻辑主语由 for 引导出来。如:

The question is difficult for you to answer.

当分词的逻辑主语与句子主语不一致时,分词也应有自己的逻辑主语。分词加自己的逻辑主语,即独立结构,在句中一般做状语。如:

Spring coming on, the trees turned green.

All the work done, we went out to play.

练习(一)

1. Will you help _____ the table?

	A. me clearing	B. my clearing
	C. me cleared	D. me clear
2.	I was pleased ye	ou last week.
	A. to meet	B. meeting
	C. to have met	D. having met
3.	He wants to have some to	ools
	A. to work with	B. to work for
	C. to work	D. working
4.	You ought to st	tay here later.
	A. to allow	B. be allowed
	C. to allow to	D. to be allowed
5.	I do not remember	him at the last meeting.
	A. to have seen	B. being seen
	C. see	D. seeing
6.	When I heard the joke I c	ould not help
	A. to laugh	B. from laughing
	C. myself from laughing	D. laughing
7.	I objected to lik	e this.
	A. be treating	B. being treated
	C. be treated	D. treating
8.	It's no use to co	ome now. He is busy.
	A. asking him	B. to ask him
	C. ask him	D. that you ask him
9.	When will you finish	the book?
	A. in writing	B. to write
	C. having written	D. writing

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10.	Power stations employ _	water to produce elec-
	tricity.	
	A. falling	B. fallen
	C. falls	D. falled
11.	by the police, t	he thieves had no choice but to
	surrender.	
	A. Surrounded	B. Surrounding
	C. To be surrounded	D. To surround
12.	, we went swir	nming.
	A. Being a hot day	B. Due to a hot day
	C. The day being hot	D. Owing to a hot day
13.	When, the me	tal expands, and if to
	cool it will contract.	
	A. heated, allowing	B. heated, allowed
	C. heating, allowing	D. heating, allowed
14.	As there are several peop	ple, James is the only
	person he can see clearly	7.
	A. stand	B. to stand
	C. having stand	D. standing
15.	from high - sc	hool, he entered a college.
	A. Having graduated	B. Being graduated
	C. Graduated	D. Graduating
16.	Professor Downhill had	us all our names on a
	piece of paper.	
	A. written	B. to write
	C. be writing	D. write
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17.	He tried many times to	o sneak across the border to		
	a neighbouring country,	each time.		
	A. having been caught	B. only to be caught		
	C. always being caught	D. unfortunately caught		
18.	Tom's father wants	him.		
		B. to make a doctor of		
	C. a doctor made from	D. to make a doctor from		
19.	The day's work	, Mary and Mabel are playing		
	cards.			
	A. are done	B. doing		
	C. done	D. did		
20.	, she ran out of	the room.		
	A. Having tears in her e	yes and turned suddenly		
	B. Turning suddendly, with tears in her eyes			
	C. With a sudden turn to	earful eyes		
	D. With tear in her eyes	and a sudden turn		
21.	Joke had to becau	use I saw his coat in the office.		
		B. be coming		
	C. have come	D. have had come		
22.	We watchedsc	occer.		
	A. that John play	B. John play		
	C. John to play	D. John for playing		
23.	I appreciate th	at letter for me.		
	A. you to wirte	B. your writing		
	C. you write	D. that you writing		
24.	"What did you do in the	garden?"		

	"I watched my father	his motorbike."
	A. to repair	B. repairing
		D. repairs
25.	"Why isn't Robbert here's	,"
	"It's my secretary's faul	t. He forgot all about
	him."	
	A. telephoning	B. to telephone
	C. to telephone to	D. telephoning to
26.	I regret harder	when I was younger.
	A. not to have worked	
	C. not have worked	D. having not worked
27.	Many people favor	more nuclear pewer
	plants.	
	A. to build	B. built
	C. build	D. building
28.	After in his co	uch more than a dozen times,
	she gave up his attempt t	o sleep.
	A. he overturned	B. turning over
	C. his having turned	D. turning up
29.	Kubrick told his son to ha	eve his shoes
	A. shone	B. shining
	C. shined	D. polishing
30.	You can't help	commercials; every few min-
	utes the programme is	interrupted to give you one
	advertising something or	other.
	A. to hear	B. hearing

	C. with hearing	1). to be heard
31.	We were overjoyed at the	he news of China
	another man - made sate	llite.
	A. to have launched	B. to launch
	C. launched	D. having launched
32.	Of all his outdoor activit	ies, Paul like fishing best, but
	he doesn't enjoy	_ fish rods afterwards.
	A. cleaning	B. clean
	C. to clean	D. is cleaning
33.	It's no use our	any longer. He may come by
	any train. He is used to	finding his way around.
	A. to wait	B. waiting
	C. to have waited	D. having waited
34.	Do you think it possible	e to have the work
	within 3 days?	
	A. to do	B. to be done
	C. done	D. being done.
35.	In England, as early as t	he twelfth century, young boys
	enjoyedfootba	11.
	A. to play	B. playing
	C. play	D. being played
36.		e to go to the concert last
	night because she was	so busy her trip to
	America.	
	A. to prepare for	
	C. preparing for	D. preparing

37.	I can't understand	_at that poor child.
	A. you to laugh	
	C. why laugh	D. your laughing
38.	The recent issue of this pe	eriodical is worth
	A. to read	B. reading
	C. for you to read	D. for you reading
39.	The old man the	ball rolling, the others began
	to throw in their suggestic	ons.
	A. having set	B. setted
	C. having been setting	D. having been set
40.	nobody was	enthusiastic about it, they
	decided to cancel the trip.	
	A. Seen that	B. Seeing that
	C. To see	D. When see
41.	The welfare department, a	as well as the other social ser-
	vices, will have its budget	
	A. to be cut	B. cut
	C. cutting	D. to have been cut
42.	Two days later, we proved	d these facts
	A. be correct	B. be corrected
	C. to be correct	D. have been correct
43.	The noise of desks	could be heard out in the
	street.	
	A. to be opened and close	ed
	B. opening and closing	
	C. being opened and close	ed .
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	D. opened and closed	
44.	I regret you th	nat your application has been
	refused.	
	A. informing	B. beig informed
	C. to be informed	D. to inform
45.	Madame Curie is believed	radium.
	A. to discover	B. discovering
	C. to have discovered	D. having discovered
46.	According to the conditio	ns of their scholarships after
	their degrees	the university will employ
	them for three years.	•
	A. finishing	B. having finished
	C. they finish	D. they had finished
47.	There is the fact	that failure is the mother of
	success.	
	A. no denying	B. to not deny
	C. not to deny	D. of denying
48.	I don't allow in n	ny office and I don't allow my
	familyat all.	
	A. to smoke, smoking	B. to smoke, to smoke
	C. smoking, to smoke	D. smoking, smoking
49.	I felt like to him,	"Don't be such a complainer
	all the time."	
		B. saying
		D. to say
50.	When Mary was told th	e whole story, she ceased