



开本785~1092 1/41 年張10°2/ 1981年2月第1款 1981年2月第1次印制 **安徽書铜器**——安徽省博物馆藏安徽省博物馆 纂 《近年编》:黄春荣《杨斌设计:赵育弘、安徽省博物馆 纂 《近年编》:黄春荣《杨斌设计:赵育弘上游人《美华》《出版 女子》《上海发行所发行《上海市印刷》厂印刷 日数 0.001-7.000 ※-号号 8081-13540 1. (f) · 0. 67 ·

#### ᠉

仍具有安徽地區的地方特色。現按時代和地區特點, 精選十二件, 輯爲《安 銅器,在安徽地區均有出土,形制與紋飾都具有濃厚的地方特點。群雄争 徽青銅器》明信片一套,以供賞鑒。 霸的春秋時代,江淮流域的各諸侯國,均鑄造形式新穎、花紋隽麗的地方 **新器。後來,雖然許、蔡、楚帶來了中原和南方文化,但**直至戰國的晚期, **青銅器爲銅、錫、鉛等合鑄器皿,創與於夏。** 二里頭至四周時期的青

安徽省博物館

# AN INTRODUCTORY NOTE

of other metals. They were first made by founding in the Xia (Hsia) Dynasty, approximately over 4,000 years ago. Even the bronze vessels later unearthed in our Western Zhou (Chou) Dynasty (11th century B.C.-771 B.C.). All of them possess Anhui Province date back to some quite early ages from the Erlitou culture to the strong local features in both shape and decoration. Branzes are utensils of a copper and tin alloy, sometimes with lead or traces

and the region South of the Yangtze. However, their bronzes still retained the river valleys continued to develop, presenting a variety of novel forms and elegant those duchies and principalities that lay in the Changjiang (Yangtze) and Huaihe contention between powerful states for supremacy, the bronze ware produced in here to Anhui, they brought with them the cultures pertaining to the Central Plains designs. When the states of Xu, Cai and Chu, once in their own histories, moved ring States Period (475 221 B.C.). distinctive taste of the Anhui locality, even as far as the latter part of the War-During the Spring and Autumn Period (770-476 B.C.), one marked by the

arranged in chronological order and chasen to reflect the local characteristics of the bronze art. This set of postcards, entitled Anhui Bronzes, consists of twelve pictures

The Museum of Anhui Province

# ANHUI BRONZES

## Housed in the Anhui Province Museum of

Published by the Shanghai People's Fine Arts Publishing House

### 回線

| 濂      | 箹         | 丰                               | 礰              |               | 燕                  | 温                                |                    | 1FJ                                                  | (編                      | 瓣                  | 温                 |
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| 類      | $\forall$ | ے                               | 極炎             | 羅             | *                  | 类                                | Ή̈                 | 進                                                    | 五                       | (2)                | ू<br>हिला         |
| 鷺捉雙尾蛇  |           | 癣 遗———————————————————————————— | 蟠螭紋選春秋(公元前七七〇~ | 嘴 盃存秋(公元前七七〇~ | 形 鼎存秋(公元前七七〇~四七六年) | 紋 鼎・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・ | 耳 尊作秋(公元前七七〇一四七六年) | 四環小殼····················西周(公 <b>元</b> 前十一世紀~公元前七七一年) | 默步是画四周(公元前十一世纪一公元前七七一年) | 餐紋型 商代(公元前十六~十一世紀) | 虎 尊商代(公元前十六一十一世紀) |
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#### CONTENTS.

(proper names given in Chinese Phonetic Alphabet spellings; where deemednecessary, Wade Glies spellings supplied in parentheses)

Long Hu Zun (Tsun)——wine vessel with dragon and tiger design

Shang Dynasty (16th—11th centuries B.C.)

Taotie Wen Jia (Chia)——wine-heating vessel with gluttonous-beast design.

Shang Dynasty (16th -11th centuries B. C.)

Shouxing Zu Yi (Yi)——ewer with animal-shaped feet

Western Zhou Dynasty (11th century B.C.-771 B.C.)

Sihuan Xiao Gui (Kuei) --- small four-ring-eared food container

Western Zhou Dynasty (11th century 8.C.- 771 B.C.)

long'er Zun (Tsun)--- dragon-eared wine vessel

Spring and Autumn Period (770-476 B.C.)

Chan Wen Ding (Ting) - - cauldron with a cicada design

Spring and Autumn Period (770 -476 B.C.)

Xixing Ding (Ting) -- sacrificial-beast-shaped cauldron

Spring and Autumn Period (770--476 BC.)

Longzui He (Ho) — -wine-heating and wine-mixing vessel with a dragon-shaped spout

Spring and Autumn Period (770--476 B.C.)

Panchi Wen Xu (Hsu) ——food container with coiled dragon and serpent design

Spring and Autumn Period (770-476 BC.)

Lianban Hu (Hu)- ---wine, liquid or cereal container topped with lotus petals design

Spring and Autumn Period (770 -476 B.C.)

Chu Da Ding (Ting) --- big cauldron of the Chu State

Warring States Period (475-321 BC)

Ying Zhuo Shuangwei She--- an eagle over a captured double\_tailed snake

Warring States Period (475 - 221 B.C.)

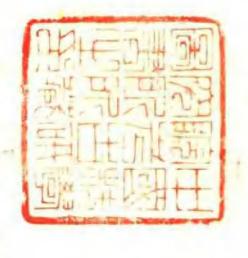
Translated by Yang Liyi (Lanier Young)



# POST CARD

館 虎 尊 商代(公元前十六-十一世紀)

Long Hu Zun (Tsun)—Wine vessel with dragon and tiger design; Shang Dynasty (16th—11th centuries B.C.)



中国上海人众美術出版就出版



整替拉里

商代(公元前十六一十一世紀)

中国上海人人义,听《旅社出版







## POST CARD



中国上海人人义,许多成业出版

over a captured double-tailed snake: War-

Ying Zhuo Shuangwei She an eagle

屬拉樂用點

戰國(公元前四七五一二一年)

ring States Period | 175-221 B.C.



姓大島 戰國(公元前四七五一十一年)

Chu Da Ding Ting big cauldron of the Chu State: Warring States Period



中国上海人以及出出版計出版



中国上海へぶ 7.4 TAT 14 疾就出版

design: Spring and Autumn Period 770-476

cereal container topped with lotus petals

Lianban Hu (Hu) wine, liquid or

存款(公元前七七〇一四七六年)

