

许国璋主编《英语》

词汇学习

徐赴戎
黄 丹 编
尹昌玲

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成都科技大学出版社

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前 言

许国璋教授主编的教科书《英语》一至四册，廿余年来畅销不衰，国内无数的学生，教师和业余自学者均以此书为精读课本。我们当年曾经学习过这套教材，今天又一直使用它；集多年教学之所得，我们编写了这套书的《词汇学习》。本书分上、下两册；上册与《英语》第一、二及第三册前六课相配合。下册与《英语》第三册后十课和第四册相配合。（第一册自第十三课起，前十二课因系语音教程，故从略。）其内容包括课文、对话、课堂用语、习惯用语、词汇学习以及诗歌中的生词。解释和例句力求浅显易懂。旨在为使用这套教材的广大同志提供一点帮助。为便于使用该书特作如下说明：

一、生词的释义和例句根据该词在课文中的含义而定，至于课文中未出现的他义，则不作解释。

二、本课重复的生词只注释一次；不同课文中重复的单词仍加注释，并尽可能变换例句。

三、例句尽量使用课文中的句子，以期达到不但学习生词，还可进一步熟悉课文的目的。

四、本书中所用少量略语与一般英文词典相同，因此不一一列举。

本书在编写完后得到了成都科技大学外语系黄鼎业副教授，四川大学外文系罗义蕴教授的认真修改，使其质量得到了保证；成都科技大学出版社的同志对该书的问世做了大量的工作。在此我们谨致以衷心的感谢。

本书适合于中学教师，大专院校学生及广大英语自学者

使用。其中黄丹同志编写了第一册第十三至十六课，第二册第六至十一课，第三册第七至十一课以及第四册的第十一、十二、十三、十五、十六课；尹昌玲同志编写了第一册第十七至二十课，第二册第十二至十七课，第三册第十二至十六课以及第四册的第五、六、八、九、十课；其余课文由徐赴戎同志编写。

由于编者的水平有限，书中缺点和错误之处实属难免，切望读者和专家指正。

徐赴戎

一九八八年春于凉山教育学院

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BOOK ONE

Lesson Thirteen

A DAY AT COLLEGE

I. WORDS TO THE TEXT

college n. 大学, 学院 a school for higher and professional education, often connected to a university: He studies at an Educational C~. She graduated from a Teacher's C~ in 1980.

early adv.: adj. 早 before the usual, arranged, or expected time: arriving, developing, happening, etc., before the usual arranged, or expected time: The bush was planted ~ in the season. The plane was 15 minutes ~.

dress vi. 穿衣 to put clothes on oneself or sb. else: She is ~ing, don't hurry her. Please ~ the baby.

wash vt. : vi. 洗 to clean with or as if with liquid: The little girl is ~ing her handkerchief. W~ your hands before you have dinner.

out adv. 往外 away from the inside: in or to the open air, the outside, etc.: Shut the door to keep the wind ~. The doctor asked him to put his tongue ~.

fresh adj. 新鲜的 in good natural condition because not long gathered, caught, produced, etc.: new: You can buy ~ fruit and vegetables in the market. This fish smells: I think it's not quite ~.

air n. 空气 the mixture of gases which surrounds the earth and which we breathe: The fresh ~ made him pleasing. She felt the need of fresh ~.

then adv. 然后 at that time: I was still unmarried ~ .

When you see her, ~ you'll understand.

most pron. 大部分 greatest in number, quantity or degree: The money should be shared among those who have ~ need of it. The little boy takes ~ interest in the toy.

attend vt. 出席, 参加 to be present at; go to: I shall ~ a meeting this afternoon. It will be well ~ed.

lecture n. 讲演课 a speech spoken or read before a group of people, esp. as a method of teaching at universities: For most of the morning he attends ~s or practises his English.

Who will give us ~ next week?

practise vt. 练习 to do repeatedly or do exercises regularly in order to gain skill: She's been practising the same tune on the piano for nearly an hour. You mustn't ~ the drums while the baby is sleeping.

after prep. 在...之后 following in time or order: later than: We shall leave ~ breakfast. They will return the day ~ tomorrow.

library n. 图书馆 a building or part of a building which contains books that may be borrowed by the public or by members of a special group: In the evening, he often goes to the ~ to read newspaper. The ~ in our college is very large.

take vt. 拿、取、获 to gain; seize; win: Now that the People's forces have taken the airport, the end of the war is nearer. John took second place in the race.

rest n. 休息 freedom from anything tiring: Sunday is my

~ day. I have to take a short ~ at noon every day.

short adj. 短的 not far from one end to the other: little in distance or length: She had her hair cut ~. He is a short man, ~er than his wife.

newspaper n. 报纸 a paper printed and sold to the public usu. daily or weekly, with news, notices, adverticements, etc: I have to read People's Daily N ~. In the ~ he reads a piece of suprising news.

hour n. 小时 the period of time, 60 minutes, of which 24 make a day: He can read 50 pages an ~. An ~ passed, but she didn't come.

for prep. 作...之用; 为了 that used for the purpose of: This parcel isn't ~ you, it's ~ your sister. They've bought some new chairs ~ the office.

sport n. 运动 an outdoor or indoor game, competition, or activity carried on by rules and needing bodily effort and skill: He loves ~s very much. Do you think cricket is an exciting ~?

run vi. 跑 to move on one's legs at a speed faster than walking: Don't try to ~ before you can walk. He ran to catch the bus.

round prep. 围绕, 在...周围 with a circular movement about a central point: The earth goes ~ the sun. They danced ~ the holy tree.

track n. 跑道 a course specially prepared for racing: Every morning he gets up very early and runs round the ~. Do you know the man standing on the running ~?

play vt. 玩, 打球 to do things that pass the time pleasantly, esp. including running and jumping: have fun to take part in a sport or game: The cat is ~ing with a piece of string. In many countries people ~ football at all times of the year.

ball n. 球 a round object used in play; anything of like shape: The earth is a ~. The baby is playing a ~.

game n. 游戏, 球赛 a form of play or sport, or one example or type of this: Football is a ~ which doesn't interest me. Let's have a ~ of cards.

often adv. 经常 at many times: How ~ do you go there? He comes ~ to visit us.

walk n: vi. 走路, 散步 a natural and unhurried way of moving on foot in which the feet are lifted one at a time with one foot not off the ground before the other touches: to move at a walk: After supper we usually take a short ~. We have ~ed 15 miles.

garden n. 花园 a piece of land, often near a house, on which flowers and vegetables be grown: There is a beautiful ~ behind the house. What flowers have you grown in your ~?

sometimes adv. 有时 at times: now and then: S~ I wonder why I ever listen to him. S~ he comes by train and ~ by car.

listen vi. 听 to give attention in hearing: L ~ to the music. Don't make a noise. Are you ~ing or are you just pretending to?

broadcast n. 广播 a single radio presentation: Do you often listen to the ~? We listen to the English ~ every evening.

prepare vt. 准备 to put something in a condition ready for use or for a purpose: Please ~ the table for dinner. The nurse is preparing the child to go to the hospital.

II. WORDS TO THE DIALOGUE

home n. 家 the house where one lives, the place where one was born or habitually lives: She goes ~ very late every night. Where is your ~? My ~ is in Shanghai.

oh Interj. 啊 expressing surprise, fear, etc.: used before a name when calling someone: Oh, do you live near the park? Oh, is he your brother?

steel works 钢铁厂 an industrial place of work producing steel: My parents work in a steel ~. His elder brother is a worker in the steel ~.

there adv. 那里 to, at or in that place: Paul is hiding ~, under the trees. Go and stand over ~.

nursery n. 托儿所 a place where small children are taken care while their parents are at work, shopping etc.: It's difficult now for a baby to go to ~. The ~ has been built up since 1976.

elder adj. 年长的 older, esp. the older of two esp. in a family: Her ~ sister is married. Who is your ~ brother?

young adj. 年青的 in an early stage of life, growth, development, etc. recently born or begun: She seems to be a ~

girl. Who is ~er of you two?

middle school 中学 a school for children between the ages of 9 and 13: My younger brother is at middle ~. I teach Chinese in this middle ~.

hospital n. 医院 a place where ill people stay and have treatment which should cure them: My mother is a doctor in a ~. His sister is a nurse in a ~.

III. ADDITIONAL WORDS

husband n. 丈夫 the man to whom a woman is married: Her ~ loves her very much. What's your ~? He is an enginner.

wife n. 妻子 the woman to whom a man is married: His ~ caught a cold and couldn't come. Your ~ told me you were quarrelling this afternoon.

factory n. 工厂 a building or group of buildings where goods are made, esp. in great quantities by machines: This is a shoe ~. There are 3000 workers in this ~.

parents n. 父母, 双亲 father and mother of a person: Her ~ are teachers of a college. He missed his ~ after he left them only one month.

Pioneer n. 少先队员 a member of special group: My niece is a P~. He is glad to be a P~.

institute n. 学院 an institution for study or research: The subject he studies in the ~ is chemistry. She studies hard and has passed the examination of the ~.

Lesson Fourteen

A LETTER TO A FRIEND

I. WORDS TO THE TEXT

letter n. 信 a written or printed message sent usu. in an envelope: I am very glad to get your ~. He writes a ~ to his family once a month.

friend n. 朋友 a person who shares the same feelings of natural liking and understandings, the same interests, etc., but is not closely related: He's a close ~ of my father. She's no ~ of mine: I don't like her at all.

dear adj. 亲爱的 much loved: He is my ~ friend. She loves her ~ son.

fly vi. 飞 to move or be moved through the air by means of wings or a machine: Most birds and some insects ~. The damaged aircraft was ~ing on only one engine.

already adv. 已经 by or before a stated or suggested time: He had ~ gone when I arrived. This is ~ my seventh week at college.

seventh num. 第七 being number seven in a series: This is the ~ year for his working in this school. It is the ~ novel written by him.

busy adj. 忙 working, not free: He is ~ writing the article. She is ~ with some important work.

life n. 生活 the condition of existence, esp. of a human being: L ~ isn't all fun. L ~ here is very interesting.

here adv. 这里 at, in or to this place: H ~ is where I want

to stay. It's ~ we met.

interesting adj. 有趣的 which takes one's interest: This is an ~ idea. He is an ~ man: he often makes others laugh.

so adv. 如此地 in the way I show: in that way: Watch me do it, you should push the needle through ~. Cut the apples up like ~.

thing n. 东西 any material object: an object that need not or cannot be named: What's that ~ you've got on your head? "You can't leave that ~ here." shouted the policeman.

learn vt. 学习 to gain knowledge of or skill in: I'm trying to ~ French. She is ~ing to be a dancer.

like vt. 喜欢 to be fond of; find pleasant: I've never tasted it, but I'm sure I'd ~ it. I ~ to visit her as often as possible.

much adv. 非常 to a great degree: I don't like that idea ~. I'm ~ surprised to hear that.

also adv. 也, 又 as well; besides; too: Were you at the film? I was ~ there. There have English, History and Maths: they ~ study Chinese.

Chinese n. 中文 adj. 中国的 the language of China: related to China: They wondered at the great achievements of the ~ people.

history n. 历史 the study of events in the past, such as those of a nation, arranged in order from the earlier to the later esp. events concerning the rulers and government of a country, social and trade conditions, etc: My brother

teaches H ~ of the World in a school. H ~ makes one wise.
 after prep. 在...之后 following in time or order: later
 than; next: Year ~ year went by without hearing him.
 Your name comes ~ mine in the list.
 all pron. 全部, everything, or everyone: A ~ enjoyed
 themselves. I've brought ~ of my books.
 kind n. 种类 a group, the members of which all have cer-
 tain qualities: type: sort: He collects different ~ s of
 stamps. She likes to make different ~ s of friends.
 activity n. 活动 the condition of being active: sth. is or is
 being done esp. for interest or education: He has many ac-
 tivities that take up his time when he's not working. There
 are not many activities at our college.
 farm n. 农场 an area of land, together with buildings,
 concerned with the growing of crops or the raising of ani-
 mals: I enjoyed myself when I was working on the ~.
 Thousands of chickens are fed on this ~.
 usually adv. 通常 often, generally: I'm not ~ so late. They
 ~ watch TV in the evening.
 meeting n. 会议 a gathering of people esp. for a purpose:
 We had a long and exhausting political ~ this morning.
 There was a luncheon ~ at the club today.
 report n. 报告 an account or description of events, experi-
 ences, etc.: Do you know who will give us ~ next week?
 We were listening to a ~ while the earthquake took place.
 film n. 电影 a cinema picture: Have you seen any good
 ~ s lately? Recently I seldom go to see a ~.