

New

邓 钧 主编

Concept

English 1-2

Exercises

新概念英语 一、二册  
练习集

国际科技大学出版社



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# 新概念英语一、二册

## 练习集

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## 内 容 简 介

本书配合《新概念英语》一、二册编写，用以复习、巩固课文中的词汇、语法和句型。练习采用当前国内外考题中常见的几种形式。书后附有参考答案。本书可供学习《新概念英语》一、二册的广大读者使用，亦可供高中生、中专生和大学低年级学生作为英语基础练习之用。

### 新概念英语一、二册练习集

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## 前 言

英国著名语言学家 L.G. Alexander 编著的《新概念英语》(New Concept English) 是一套很受欢迎的系列英语教材, 它由四册书组成: (一)《英语入门》(First Things First), (二)《实践与提高》(Practice and Progress), (三)《发展技巧》(Developing Skills), (四)《流利英语》(Fluency in English)。

本书是根据我国学生的特点, 配合上述 (一) (二) 两册教材编写的补充练习集, 用以帮助学习者进一步巩固所学的词汇和句型。本练习集共有40个练习, 其中《英语入门》8个, 《实践与提高》32个。每个练习用以巩固若干篇课文, 且以动词、介词、固定词组为主, 重点是第二册(《实践与提高》)。练习采用当前考题中常见的几种形式, 如多项选择、词汇辨异、动词形式变化、汉译英、改错、综合填空和阅读理解等。为了便于自学, 书后附有本练习集的参考答案。

本练习集可供学习《新概念英语》一、二册的广大读者使用, 亦可供高中生、中专生、大学低年级学生作为英语基础练习之用。

参加本练习集编写的除主编外, 还有郑时敏(《实践与提高》练习28—32, 改错练习和部分阅读理解练习), 王忠清(《实践与提高》练习27)。加拿大籍英语教师、教育学硕士 Frank Moody 编写了综合填空练习, 并审阅了本书初稿

英语部分。

在本书定稿的过程中，我们得到了美籍英语教师Ava Chen和英籍英语教师 Nick Santcross的热情帮助，谨此致谢。

由于水平有限，本练习集中错误在所难免，欢迎大家批评指正。

编 者

一九八八年六月

于国防科技大学

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## Exercise 1

(Passages 1—35)

A. Look at this example:

<p>She <i>goes</i> to town <i>every day</i>. (yesterday) She <i>went</i> to town <i>yesterday</i>.</p>
--

Do these in the same way:

1. He *is* busy *every day*. (yesterday)
2. I *go* to school *every day*. (yesterday)
3. John *does* morning exercises *every day*. (yesterday)
4. Mary *comes* here *every morning*. (this morning)
5. Hans *copies* English words *every day*. (yesterday)
6. She *has* a letter *every week*. (yesterday)
7. His mother *makes* cakes *every two days*.  
(yesterday)
8. She *gives* her child three cakes *every day*. (this morning)
9. We *read* newspapers *every day*. (yesterday)
10. She *types* letters *every day*. (this morning)



**B. Complete these sentences with the past tense of each verb:**

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) that man.
2. Mr Blake \_\_\_\_\_ (be) an engineer.
3. Miss Alice Dupont \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a typist.
4. She \_\_\_\_\_ (type) a letter.
5. Mrs Blake \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) a meal.
6. I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a letter this morning.
7. He \_\_\_\_\_ (take) an umbrella with him.
8. They \_\_\_\_\_ (go) into the park.
9. He \_\_\_\_\_ (drink) the milk.
10. He \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) the cake.

**C. Change these sentences into questions:**

1. Mr Brown was an American engineer.
2. Mr Robert looked at the picture.
3. He sharpened his pencil.
4. She turned on the light.
5. I changed my shoes.
6. She swept the living-room.
7. He put on his coat.
8. She opened the door.
9. I read the newspaper today.
10. I met him in the park.

**D. Translate the following sentences into English:**

1. 戴维斯先生今天很忙。
2. 弗兰克有一条新领带。

3. 出租汽车来了。
4. 他关了灯，出去了。
5. 她走进卧室，把灯打开。
6. 请把英语书放在桌子上。
7. 明天见。
8. 我昨天遇到他。
9. 他游泳去了。
10. 给你伞。

## Exercise 2

(Lessons 36—53)

A. Complete these sentences with the past tense of each verb:

1. Fred \_\_\_\_\_ (work) hard.
2. George \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for Susan.

3. John \_\_\_\_\_ (paint) the door blue.
4. Bob \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to the radio this morning.
5. Mary \_\_\_\_\_ (make) him a cup of coffee.
6. Mr Young \_\_\_\_\_ (hurry) to the office.
7. It \_\_\_\_\_ (snow) all day.
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) who he was.
9. It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) for two days.
10. The water \_\_\_\_\_ (boil) for five minutes.

**B. Change these sentences into questions,**

1. He worked all day.
2. She waited for him for twenty minutes.
3. Bob painted the wall grey.
4. He hurried to the school.
5. It snowed this morning.
6. She made cakes for her children.
7. He took off his coat.
8. My wife cooked a good meal.
9. I asked his name.
10. I told him my name.

**C. Translate the following sentences into English,**

1. 他总是努力工作。
2. 我等约翰等了十五分钟。
3. 玛丽找到了一个新工作。
4. 他举起杯子就喝。

5. 她说了真话。
6. 他可以步行。
7. 我们从上海飞到了北京。
8. 夏天他天天游泳。
9. 春去夏来。
10. 司密斯先生喜欢游泳。

## Exercise 3

(Lessons 54—71)

A. Change the words *every day* to *now*, and write these sentences again:

*Example:* I do morning exercises *every day*.

I am doing morning exercises *now*.

1. I go to my office *every day*.
2. He *drinks* water *every day*.
3. Our friends *come* here by bus *every day*.
4. I *do* an English exercise *every day*.
5. My brother *listens* to the radio *every day*.
6. They *wait* at the bus-stop *every day*.

7. John *plays* basketball *every day*.
8. Mary *takes* medicine *every day*.
9. I *speak* English *every day*.
10. She *stands* at the door *every day*.

**B. Answer the question: "What are you doing now?" with the ideas suggested;**

*Example:* What are you doing now? (stand near you)  
I am standing near you.

What are you doing now?

1. Sit in a chair.
2. Open a bottle.
3. Have lunch.
4. Read a book.
5. Wait for a bus.
6. Go to school.
7. Type a letter.
8. Sweep the floor.
9. Cook a meal.
10. Drink milk.

**C. Now do the same with the question "What is he doing?" Use the ideas of Exercise B.**

**D. Give the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

1. He \_\_\_\_\_ (work) this morning.
2. She \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a job yesterday.
3. Jim \_\_\_\_\_ (come) last night.
4. My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) yesterday evening.
5. Last week he \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the park.

6. He \_\_\_\_\_ (be) always busy.
7. I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) him this morning.
8. Tim always \_\_\_\_\_ (go) out with an umbrella.
9. I \_\_\_\_\_ (read) a newspaper now.
10. After lunch he \_\_\_\_\_ (go out).

**E. Translate the following sentences into English.**

1. 他正在换鞋。
2. 上个星期日他们到乡下去了。
3. 约翰每星期给他妈妈写一封信。
4. 学生们正在抄写这些句子。
5. 她的英语说得很好。
6. 玛丽是在午饭以前到的。
7. 吉姆今天缺席。
8. 上个星期他们在乡下度周末。
9. 今天早上他开车到学校去了。
10. 我把票拿给他看。

## Exercise 4

(Lessons 72—91)

**A. Complete these sentences with the present perfect tense of each verb:**

1. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to London.
2. You \_\_\_\_\_ (not take off) your hat and coat.
3. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) her handbag.
4. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not find) it yet.
5. Her friend \_\_\_\_\_ (lend) her another one.
6. She \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) to give it back to her friend.
7. Sawyer \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in Bridge Street for many years.
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) the film before.

**B. Complete these sentences with either the past tense or the present perfect tense:**

1. We \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to England last year.
2. I'm sorry, I \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) your name.
3. My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (get up) at 7.
4. The sun \_\_\_\_\_ (rise) at six this morning.
5. My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ (sell) his radio last month.
6. Now he \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) another one.
7. But he \_\_\_\_\_ (not pay) for it yet.

8. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not write) to him for a month.  
9. "Is it true?" "Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ (know) it  
for weeks.  
10. Tom \_\_\_\_\_ (decide) to move to Beijing.

**C. Put in *shall* or *will*:**

1. The aeroplane \_\_\_\_\_ arrive in two hours' time.
2. I \_\_\_\_\_ wait till he comes.
3. When \_\_\_\_\_ we see you again?
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ send you a letter from Sweden.
5. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ write to you tomorrow.
6. I \_\_\_\_\_ telephone you this afternoon.
7. We \_\_\_\_\_ get some tickets.
8. He \_\_\_\_\_ come home.
9. She \_\_\_\_\_ sell his old car.
10. She \_\_\_\_\_ buy a new one.

**D. Translate the following sentences into English:**

1. 我的邻居昨天买了许多东西。
2. 她要寄一封信给她的妈妈。
3. 他正在学习什么科目？他正在学法语。
4. 他正在修理我的手表。
5. 我的书在楼上；你拿下来好吗？
6. 她让她的孩子在街上玩。



7. 这张票要花多少钱? 要花两元。(two yuan)

8. 我们明天离开上海。

9. 我相信他已经到达了。

10. 我知道你是多么想念你的妈妈。

## Exercise 5

(Lessons 92—109)

A. Choose the one word or phrase that best completes the sentence.

- He asked his teacher some \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. lamps                      B. libraries  
C. questions                D. pictures
- What time does your brother \_\_\_\_\_ from work?  
A. go                            B. return  
C. get                            D. bring
- He arrived too late and \_\_\_\_\_ the train.  
A. missed                      B. forgot  
C. lost                            D. left
- You can \_\_\_\_\_ your school life.