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365

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**365** ™

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# invent [in'vent]

ut. 发明:创造

Bell **invented** the telephone in 1876. 贝尔于 1876 年发明了电话。

He **invented** a new method to cure cancer. 他找到一种治疗癌症的新方法。

【辨析 ]invent; discover; creat

invent 的含义是创造前所未有的东西; create 也指创造,但通常指精神上的创造; discover 有"发现"的意思, 指某些东西本已存在而未被发现或认识。

Who invented the steam engine? 谁发明了蒸汽机?

Columbus **discovered** America in 1492. 哥伦布在 1492 年 发现了美洲。

A good artist **creates** beautiful things. 一位好的艺术家能创造美好的东西。

【联想]invention [in'venfən] n. 发明,创造;发明物 lt's a most useful invention. 这是一项极其有用的发明。inventor [in'ventə] n. 发明者,创造者

Thomas Edison was a famous inventor. 托马斯·爱迪生是一位著名的发明家。

inventive [in'ventiv] adj. 发明的;创造的using one's inventive powers 发挥自己的发明创造才能

Tue

# invite [in'vait]

ut. 邀请;招待;接待

I invited him to my house. 我邀请他到我家去。

Jane wasn't invited. 简没有被邀请。

【词组】①invite sb. to + 名词(a party, wedding 等) 邀请某人去…

Mr. Li invited me to his birthday party. 李先生邀请我

参加他的生日宴会。

②invite sb. to do sth. 邀请某人做某事

Mrs Wang invited me to go to barbecue. 主太太邀请我去烧烤。

③invite sb. out 邀请某人一同外出散步、开车、娱乐等

【联想】invitation [invi'teifən] n. 邀请;招待;请柬

Thank you for your kind invitation. 多谢盛情邀请。

Last week I received an **invitation** to dinner. 我在上星期收到一张宴会请柬。

【搭配】a letter of invitation 邀请信

invitation (to sth./to do sth.) 邀请某人做某事

I received **an invitation to** attend his wedding. 我收到参加他婚礼的邀请。

【联想]inviting [in'vaiting] adj. 诱人的;动人的 an inviting smile 动人的微笑

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# it [it]

pron. ●它(指无生命的,在性别不详或无关紧要时,亦可指动物、幼儿等)

Can you spell it? 你能把它拼出来吗?

- ②这;那;它(指心目中的或上下文中提到的人或事物)—Who is it?—It's me. 准啊?是我。
- ③用于表示天气、时间、距离等

It's seven o'clock now. 现在七点整。 It's raining.天正下着雨。

【语法】汉语中有许多类似于上述两句的没有主语的句子,由于中国学生不习惯用 it 作主语,就常常出现以下这样的错误:

Now is seven o'clock. 这样就把 now 代替 it 当做主语了! ●用作先行词,代替一个不定式短语、动名词短语或从一句而在句中作形式主语

It was nice talking to you. 和你谈话很愉快。

【谚语】It is better to give than to receive.赋予比接受好。

【句型】It's time for/to...是做…的时候

It's time for supper. 该吃晚饭了。

It's time to go to school.该去上学了。

【交际用语】It doesn't matter. 没关系。

That's it! 就是这么回事! 对啊!

Thu

# join [daoin]

#### ut. ①连接;联合

That machine **joins** these different pieces of metal together. 那个机器将这些不同的金属块连为一体。

The workers **joined** the two islands with a bridge. It's easy to go from one island to the other now. 工人们在两岛之间架起一座桥,现在从一个岛到另一个岛就容易多了。

#### ②加入(团体,组织等)

He will join us for lunch. 他将和我们一起吃午饭。 vi. 参加

Are you going to join in our group singing? 你多加我们的合唱吗?

【搭配】join the Party 入党; join a club 加入俱乐部 【辨析】join; attend; take part in

join 意为"加入某组织成为其中一员"; attend 多指出席 (会议);take part in 意为"参加某项活动"。

He **joined** the PLA at the age of sixteen. 他十六岁时参加了解放军。

I have an important meeting to attend. 我有一个重要会议要参加。

They are going to **take part in** the discussion. 他们准备参加这次讨论。

# joke [d3ouk]

n. 笑话;玩笑

I heard a good **joke** on the bus this morning. 今天上午我在公共汽车上听到了一个有趣的笑话。

It is no joke. 这可不是闹着玩的。

ni. 开玩笑

He is only joking. 他只是开玩笑罢了。

ut. 开…的玩笑;戏弄

The man like to joke others, 这个男的喜欢戏弄别人。 【词组】 ① make a joke 讲笑话;开玩笑

He made a joke yesterday. 他昨天讲了一个笑话。

②play a joke on sb. 开某人的玩笑

The boy often plays a joke on others. 这个男孩经常开别人的玩笑。

❸in joke 开玩笑地;闹着玩的

It was done only in joke. 这只是闹着玩的。

① joke with sb. about sth. 就某事同某人开玩笑

【搭配】tell jokes 讲笑话

make jokes 讲笑话

play jokes 开玩笑

see jokes 理解笑话,懂得幽默

【语法】a practical joke 的意思是"一出恶作剧"。

# journey ['dʒə;ni]

n. 旅行;旅程

The **journey** was long and difficult. 这次行程路途遥远而艰难。

【词组】❶go/set out on a journey 出去旅行

②have a good journey (祝你) —路平安

3 make/have/take a journey (to) 作一次旅行

The summer vacation is coming, we plan to take a journey. 暑假即将来到,我们计划作一次旅行。

【辨析 ljourney; travel; tour; trip

journey 比较正式,主要指陆地上的长途旅行,重在"旅程"。 travel 泛指旅行的行为,而不指某次具体的旅行,

其复数形式 travels 指"游历"。tour 通常指"周游""旅行",指在途中若干地点作短期逗留的巡回旅行,如观光、视察、蜜月、商务旅行等。trip 指"旅行",通常含有回到启程地的来回旅行,但不含旅行的目的、方式和交通工具等,在口语中常与 journey 通用。

It's about 16 hours' **journey** by train from Beijing to Shanghai. 从北京到上海坐火车约需 16 个小时。

Travels can broaden our mind. 旅行可以开阔眼界。
He's already made a tour of Europe. 他曾经漫游欧洲。
He returned from his trip abroad. 他从海外旅行回来。

Sun

## jump [danmp]

ui. 跳;跳跃;跳越

The girl jumped for joy. 女孩高兴地跳起来。

n. 跳跃:跳跃运动

He got a first in the high jump. 他跳高得了第一名。

#### 【词组】 Djump over 跳过

Can you jump over the wall? 你能跳过这面墙吗?

- @jump onto 跳上
- @jump into 跳入

The soldier jumped into the river to save the boy. 战士跳 人河中去救男孩。

**① jump off 跳离** 

【搭配】the long jump 跳远; the pole jump 撑杆跳

#### 【辨析】jump; leap

这两个动词都可表示"跳",但具体意义有所不同。

●jump 表示"跳"、"惊跳",主要指从地面或其他物体 表面跳起。

On hearing the news, he **jumped** to his feet. 一听到那个消息,他一跃而起。

❷ leap 表示"跳"、"跃",指动作优美,轻捷地跳,是文学上和比喻上的常用语。

We are watching a dancer leap. 我们注视舞蹈者跳跃。

#### Practice

	Thomas Edisor	1 the e	electric light. I	le was a great	
	A. invent; inve	nter	B. invents; inve	enter	
	C. invented; inventor		D. invent; inventor		
2. Thank you for your kind					
	A. invite	B. invites	C. inviting	D. invitation	
3.	3 needs further discussion whether we'll build a lab or				
	not.			AND STATES	
		B. He			
4.	Some people b	elieve that milk	drinking will be	ecome less pop-	
	ular than its h	as been.(改错			
5.	He is going to	a mee	ting next Thursd	ay.	
	A. join	B. join in	C. take part in	D. attend	
6.	-	B. join in Party last year.	C. take part in	D. attend	
6.	I the				
	I the A. joined	Party last year.	C. took part in		
	I the A. joined Don't play a	Party last year. B. joined in	C. took part in	D. attended	
7.	I the A. joined Don't play a A. about	Party last year. B. joined in joke the B. on	C. took part in at boy. C. with	D. attended	
7.	I the A. joined Don't play a A. about	Party last year.  B. joined in joke the B. on there by air but	C. took part in at boy. C. with	D. attended D. to	
7.	I the A. joined Don't play a A. about I wanted to go for the	Party last year.  B. joined in joke the B. on there by air but	C. took part in at boy. C. with tIhadn't enou	D. attended D. to gh money to pay	
7. 8.	I the A. joined Don't play a A. about I wanted to go for the A. trip	Party last year. B. joined in joke that B. on there by air bu	C. took part in at boy. C. with t I hadn't enoug	D. attended D. to gh money to pay	
7. 8.	I the A. joined Don't play a A. about I wanted to go for the A. trip Don't	Party last year. B. joined in joke the B. on there by air but. B. voyage	C. took part in at boy. C. with t I hadn't enough. C. journey he bus stop.	D. attended D. to gh money to pay D. tour	

# just [d3.1st]

It was just a little cold. 只是有点感冒而已

②正好,恰好

It's just nine o'clock. 正好 9点钟:

❸刚才,方才

He has just left here. 他刚刚离开这儿

adj. 正义的,公正的

It's the **just** struggle of the world people. 这是世界人民的正义斗争。

【词组】①just now 刚才;不久以前

②just a moment 一小会儿

Just a moment, please! 请稍候片刻。

- gjust then 正在那时
- ●just as 正像;正当…的时候

We did this work just as you said. 我们是按照你所说的那么做的。

【语法】❶just 用作副词时,作"正好"、"恰好"、"刚刚"、"仅仅"讲,常用于完成时态,表示到说话的时候为止动作刚刚完成。

②just now(刚才), just then(正在那时), 二者均可以用于一般过去时。

Tue

# keep [ki:p] (kept, kept)

吡. ●保存;留住

Can I **keep** the book a little longer? 这本书我可以再续借一段时间吗?

②保持某一状态

Hope you'll keep well! 愿你保持身体健康!

【词组】①keep...in mind 记住,想着

@keep up with 跟上,不落在后面

Sorry, I couldn't keep up with it any longer, 对不起,我再也跟不上它了。

Okeep one's promise 履行诺言

You should keep your promise. 你应该履行诺言。

- ①keep a diary 记日记
- **6**keep...out (of) …不让…进入,使…在外

The machine helps to **keep** the cold **out**. 这台机器有助于**御寒**。

【搭配】●keep + doing sth. 多用来表示不间断地、持续地做某事。

- ❷keep+宾语+形容词(宾补) 让…保持…
- ❸keep + 宾语 + 现在分词(宾补) 让…持续
- ①keep on doing sth. 表示持续做某事,中间略有停顿。
- **5**keep + 宾语 + from doing (being done) 使…不做某事

Wed

## key [ki:]

n. 钥匙;答案;琴键

Peter turned the **key** in the lock and opened the door. 皮特在锁里转动钥匙,打开了门。

Check your answers with the **key** at the back of the book.把你的答案同书后的答案核对一下。

【词组】● key to... 开…钥匙;答案;关键

Have you got the key to the classroom? 你们已经拿到开教室的钥匙了吗?

②key to the exercise 练习答案

Do you know the key to the exercise? 你们知道练习答案 了吗?

- **❸a key to success** 成功的秘诀
- ①key figure 关键人物

【联想】keyboard ['ki;bo;d] n. 键盘

There is a **keyboard** in front of the computer. 计算机前面有个键盘。

【辨析】key; answer

key 和 answer 均可作"答案"解, 二者后面常接"to"表示 从属关系。answer 为常用词, 意义较广泛, give an answer (回答); a quick answer (很快答复)。 key 原意为"钥匙", 多指具有较强针对性的"答案"。 Thu

# kill [kil]

11. 杀死,杀害

They decided that from then on no one should ever **kill** a panda. 他们决定从那时起任何人不许捕杀大能猫。

vi. 杀死;危及生命

Carcless driving kills. 大意开车危及生命。

【词组】 ① kill time 消磨时间

- **②kill two birds with one stone** 一箭双雕
- 8 kill sth. off 除掉某事物,破坏某事

kill off weeds/insects 除杂草/害虫

【辨析】kill; shoot; murder

kill, shoot, murder 作为动词,都有"杀死"的意思,但用 法有所不同。

❶kill 笼统地表示"杀"的事实。

Just before he was **killed**, Joe Hill sent a message to his comrades all over the country. 乔·希尔在被害之前,还给全国各地的同志捎了一个口信。

②shoot 表示用箭或枪射杀。

The prisoner of war shoot himself. 那个战犯自杀了。

❸ murder 着重指"谋杀"。

One day, a man was **mardered** in a small town. 一天,小镇上有一个人被谋杀了。

Fri

### kind [kaind]

n. 种类

The shop sells all **kinds** of books. 这家书店卖各类书。 adj. 慈爱的,仁慈的,和善的

They are kind to us. 他们对我们很和善.

【词组】 **①a kind of**... 一种,某一种

We have a kind of feeling that we are being followed. 我们 有种被人跟踪的感觉。

②all kinds of... 各种各样的

There are all kinds of birds in the zoo. 动物园里有各种各样的鸟。

【句型】It's kind of you to do sth. 谢谢你做…

It's kind of you to repair the bike for me. 谢谢你为我修理了自行车。

#### 【辨析】kind; sort

kind 指任何一组由于具有相同的兴趣或特征而结合起来的人或物。sort 大体上可与 kind 在口语里互换,不如 kind 正式,比 kind 更多地具有主观判断的色彩。

An apple is a **kind** of fruit. 苹果是一种水果。

I don't like apples of that sort. 我不喜欢那类苹果:

【联想】kind-hearted adj. 好心的;kindly adv. 亲切地;诚恳地;kindness n. 仁慈,和蔼

Sat

# knife [naif]

n. 小刀,刀子;手术刀

Is the knife sharp enough? 刀刃够快吗?

He had been stabbed four times with a carving knife. 有人用 切肉刀捅了他四刀。

v. (用刀)切割;刺

The young man had been **knifed** in the chest. 那个年轻人 **的胸部中**力。

【词组】①like a knife through butter 容易;轻而易举 He got the scholarship like a knife through butter.他轻而 易举地获得了奖学金。

②under the knife 在手术刀下;在做手术时

The sick man died under the knife.病人死在手术台上。

【语法】●knife 的复数形式为 knives/naivz/。

- ②knife 的种类有:
- a butcher knife 屠刀
- a carving knife 切肉刀
- a kitchen knife 菜刀
- a pocket knife (可折合)小刀
- a table knife 餐刀
- a paper knife 裁纸刀
- ❷a knife and fork 为吃西餐用的"一副刀叉"。

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