

新 大 纲

# 大学英语 词组活用宝典

顾建华 龚 嵘 主编

英 语 宝 典 丛 书

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## 编者的话

针对广大学生动词词组和习语掌握能力较薄弱的现状,根据国家教委新编大学英语教学大纲的通用词汇表,我们精心选编了这本《大学英语词组活用宝典》,旨在通过典型实例和释义,使学生准确、牢固地掌握大纲所规定的词组和习语,为学好英语打下坚实的基础。

本手册的特点是:

1. 针对性强。书中例句严格按照教委对文理工科学生的要求选编。

2. 规范明了。所列词组和习语的条目,例句典型、释义准确,详细介绍大纲范围内的词组和习语的具体用法,标准规范,一目了然。

3. 分类编写。本书分成两大部分,第一部分为必须掌握的基础词组和习语;第二部分为较高水平,有一定难度的词组与习语。

本书可供文、理、工、医、农、各本、专科学生、研究生学习和复习迎考用,也可供教师课内外辅导用。因作者水平有限,书中疏漏之处在所难免,敬请专家、读者不吝指正。

编者

## 本书编写组

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# 前 言

21 世纪国家之间的竞争究其核心而言就是人才的竞争,而要占领科技前沿阵地制高点的关键是知识的更新。外语作为一种工具对能否成功地实现国际间的科技及文化的交流至关重要。大学英语的教学水平直接关系到所培养人才的质量,也是反映一所大学整体教学水平、涉及科研水平高低的十分重要的标志之一。作为体现和检验大学英语教学,评估学生外语语言水平的重要手段之一,大学英语四、六级考试自在全国推广之日起,就受到大学英语教学界的教师及广大学生的高度重视,大学英语考试通过反复的实践,遵循“标准化、规范化”的原则,不断地自我完善,并得到了社会的好评。大学英语四、六级考试的证书成为成功就业的重要依据,这一点早已成为人们的共识。

多年来华东理工大学外语系的英语教师致力于大学英语教学的研究,深入研究教学规律,并运用语言习得规律和语言测试理论,不断地优化大学英语教学工作。近年来华东理工大学英语教学取得了优异的成绩。此外,广大教师在教学过程中也积累了丰富的教学资料,目前正在总体策划和组织具有丰富教学经验和研究心得的资深教师投入新一轮的英语教学系列教材的编写和审核工作。首次推出的英语宝典丛书大学系列是根据新大纲编写的针对性很强的大学英语学习系列。具体包括:

《大学英语阅读与翻译宝典》

《大学英语四级结构宝典》

《大学英语四级听力宝典》

《大学英语写作宝典》

《大学英语四级应试宝典》

《大学英语词汇活用宝典》

《大学英语词组活用宝典》

《英语背诵范文精华》

本丛书非常适宜于大学英语四级考试复习迎考使用,同样也适用于其他相同程度的学生学习英语时使用。

我们衷心希望本丛书的出版能为广大读者提供帮助,为大学英语的教学作出应有的贡献,由于水平有限,书中难免有疏漏之处,恳盼大学英语教学界的专家和同行不吝赐教。

丛书编委会

2000年12月

## A

**a bundle of** 一捆 (a number of articles fastened, tied together)

There is a bundle of firewood in the kitchen.

厨房里有捆柴。

**ability for** 能力 (potential capacity or power to do sth. physical or mental)

He showed remarkable ability for this job.

他有非凡的才能干这项工作。

**absence from** 缺席 (being away from)

His long absence from work delayed his promotion.

他长期不上班延误了提升。

**absent from** 缺席 (not present at)

He was absent from his work without leave.

他擅离职守。

(be) **absorbed in** 专心于 (interested in, engrossed in)

He is completely absorbed in his business.

他完全专心于他的业务。

**access to** 进入; 通道 (way into a place)

The only access to the farmhouse is across the fields.

到达那农舍的唯一通路是穿过田间。

接触, 使用或接近的权力、机会或方法 (right, opportunity or means of reaching, using or approaching)

Students must have access to good books.

学生必须有机会读到好书。



**according to** 根据, 依照 (as said or shown by)

According to my watch, it is 6 o'clock.

根据我的表, 现在是六点钟。

视……而定 (in a way that agrees with)

Cut the coat according to the cloth.

量布裁衣。

**account for** 占 (cover, amount to, make up)

Poor peasants accounted for the majority of the rural population.

贫农占农村人口的大多数。

**accurate in** 精确 (careful and exact in)

He is accurate in his observation. 他观察正确。

**acquaintance with** 习知 (knowledge or information about)

His acquaintance with French is insufficient to enable him to appreciate this great author of France.

他的法语知识尚不足以使他欣赏这位伟大的法国作家。

相知, 相识 (friendship with)

I've struck up an acquaintance with him.

我与他交上了朋友。

**a crocodile of** 两列, 一队 (two line of, a group of)

There are a crocodile of small boys walking in the street.

有两列小男孩走在大街上。

**act as** 作为, 充当 (fulfill the purpose of)

A trained dog can act as a guide to a blind man.

一只经过训练的狗可以充当盲人的向导。

**(be) adapted for** (改变, 改编) 使适应 (making suitable for a new use, need, situation, ect.)

This book is adapted for beginners. 本书经过改写可以适应初学者的需要。

The house was adapted for occupation. 这座房子已经被改造得可以居住了。

**admit to** 许可(人或物)进入(permit a person or thing to enter)

He was admitted to the hospital suffering from burns.

因被火烧伤, 他被送进医院。

He was admitted to bail.

他获准保释。

**advantage over** 占优势(better position or opportunity than)

Tom's university education gave him an advantage over boys who had not been to a university.

汤姆的大学教育使他较未上大学的男孩占优势。

**advocate of** 提倡者(person who speaks in favor of sb. or sth.)

They are open advocates of military gambles.

他们公开鼓吹军事冒险。

**affection for** 深爱, 慈爱, 亲爱(gentle, lasting love for, as of a parent for its children; fondness for)

Every mother cherished great affection for her children.

每个母亲都深爱自己的孩子。

**afraid of** 担心, 担忧(worried or anxious about possible results)

Don't be afraid of asking for help.

不要怕向人求助。

**agree with** 同意(have or share the same opinion with)

We all agree with what you say. 我们都同意你所说的。

与……相符; 与……一致(to be in accordance with)

Your story agreed with what had happened.

你所说的情况与事实完全相符。

**(be in) agreement with** 同意(having the same opinion with)

I'm quite in agreement with what you say.

我十分同意你所说的话。

**ahead of** 提前(in advance of, in front of)

There is infinitely bright future ahead of us.

我们有无限光明的前途。

**a large amount of** 一大笔, 大量(a large sum of)

A large amount of money was spent on the bridge.

建造那座桥耗费了大量的金钱。

**all of a sudden** 突然(suddenly)

All of a sudden the lights went out.

灯突然灭了。

**all sorts of** 各种各样的(all kinds of)

When I was little, we had all sorts of hobby groups.

小时候我们有各种各样的兴趣小组。

**all the way** 一直, 自始至终(all along, from the beginning to the end)

Jack climbed all the way to the top of the tree.

杰克一直爬到树顶。

从远道(from a distant place)

Dr. Bethune came all the way to help the Chinese people.

白求恩大夫不远万里来帮助中国人民。

一路上(throughout the journey)

They sang all the way back.

他们一路唱着歌归来。

**along with** 与……一起(together with, with)

When we went to Paris, I took my sister along with me.

我们去巴黎时,我带着我妹妹一起去。

**a mass of** 大量(a quantity of)

A mass of snow and rock broke away and started an avalanche.

一大堆雪和岩石裂开了就开始雪崩。

**a matter of life and death** 生死攸关的事 (a matter of great importance)

Phone an ambulance. It's a matter of life and death.

叫救护车,这是生死攸关的事。

**(be) amazed at** 吃惊 (surprised at)

Visitors were amazed at the students' conversational fluency in English.

访问者对学生讲英语的流利程度感到惊讶。

**ambition for** 抱负,雄心,野心 (strong desire for success, power, rich, etc.)

He has great ambition for fame and gain.

他热衷于图名谋利。

**amount to** 总计,共达 (add up to, be equal to)

What he said amounted to very little indeed.

他所说的话并不重要。

**analysis of** 分析 (separation into parts possibly with comment and judgement)

That newspaper has a very good analysis of the political situation.

那份报纸对政治局势作了很好的分析。

**(be) angry at** 发怒 (filled with anger at)

He was angry at being kept waiting.

他因为一直被冷落而生气。

**(be) annoyed at** 烦恼 (irritated at, angry at)

He was vastly annoyed at the committee's delay.

他对委员会的拖拉作风非常恼火。

**answer to** 回答 (reply to, sth. done in return to)

The editorial was in answer to the reader's angry letter.

这篇社论是对读者愤怒来信的答复。

**anxiety for** 渴望(keen desire for sth.)

His anxiety for knowledge deserves our praise.

他强烈的求知欲值得我们称赞。

(be) **anxious about** 担心(feeling anxiety about, troubled about)

She was anxious about her daughter being out so late at night.

她为女儿这么晚不回家感到焦急。

(be) **anxious for** 渴望

I'm anxious for a change.

我渴望换换环境。

(be) **anxious to** 渴望,切望(eager to, strongly wishing to)

He was anxious to meet you.

他渴望会见你。

**anything but** 绝不是,并不(not at all)

That little bridge is anything but safe.

那座小桥一点儿也不安全。

**apart from** 除了……之外(except for, aside from)

It's a good job, apart from a few slight faults.

除了一些缺点之外,这倒不失为一份好工作。

Apart from the cost, the hat doesn't suit me.

除了价格之外,这顶帽子也不适合我戴。

**appeal to** 请求(earnest request to)

She made one last appeal to her father to forgive her.

她最后一次请求父亲宽恕她。

吸引(attraction to)

The work presents an irresistible appeal to people of all walks of life.

这部著作对社会各阶层的人们都有不可抗拒的吸引力。

**apprehensive of** 恐惧的, 焦虑的 (fearful, worried about)

He was apprehensive of being killed.

他害怕被杀。

**approach to** 途径 (way, path to)

His sober approach to the crisis averted a catastrophe.

他对危机的冷静处理避免了一场大灾难。

(be) **apt at** 善于 (quick-witted, good at)

He is apt at mathematics.

他擅长数学。

**argue + n. + into** 说服某人做某事 (persuade sb. to do sth. by giving reasons)

They tried to persuade him into joining them.

他们试图说服他参加他们的组织。

**arm in arm** 绕着臂 (with the arm of one person being linked through the arm of the another)

The twin sisters walked in the street happily, arm in arm.

孪生姐妹手牵手, 高兴地走在街上。

**around/round the clock** 整日整夜, 夜以继日地 (all day and all night, usu. without stopping)

People with very important jobs sometimes have to work around the clock.

有重要职务在身的人, 有时必须夜以继日地工作。

**arrange for** 安排 (take action to cause or get)

I've arranged with my firm for a taxi to pick us up at 10 o'clock.

我已与公司安排了一辆计程车, 十点钟来接我们。

**as a matter of fact** 实际上 (in fact, actually)

Officially he is in charge, but as a matter of fact, his secretary does all the work.

名誉上由他主持,其实,他的秘书处理一切事务。

**as a result** 因为,由于(because)

He was late as a result of the heavy snow.

因为大雪,他迟到了。

**as a rule** 通常(usually generally)

Tom gets up at six and has breakfast at six thirty as a rule.

通常,汤姆六点钟起床,六点半吃早餐。

**as a whole** 总的来说(in general)

To view the situation as a whole, we believe it is favorable to us.

从总体上看,我们相信形势对我们是有利的。

**as far as** 就……而论;到……的程度(to the degree or distance that)

I will help you as far as I can.

我将尽力帮助你。

**as for** 关于,至于(with regard to; concerning)

I could stay for one or two days, but as for staying a week—that would be impossible.

我可以停留一两天,至于停留一周——那是不可能的。

**as good as** 几乎……一样(almost)

Without her glasses she was as good as blind.

没了眼镜,她几乎像瞎了一样。

**as long as** 只要(on condition that, if)

You can go out, as long as you promise to be back before 11 o'clock.

你可以出去,只要你保证在11点前回来。

**assent to** 赞成,同意(agreement with)

I took his smile for a silent assent to my proposal.

我把他的微笑当作是对我的建议的默许。

(be) **associated with** 联想 (connected with in one's mind)

In children's minds, summer is always associated with holidays.

在孩子们心中,夏天总是和假日联系在一起的。

**as to** 至于,关于 (with regard to)

As to that, I haven't decided yet.

至于那件事,我尚未决定。

关于 (about)

John has been given no directions as to what to do next.

关于下一步该做什么,约翰尚未接到指示。

**as usual** 和平常一样,照例 (as is common or has happened before)

As usual, he spent the whole night at home watching TV.

和往常一样,他把整个晚上消磨在家中看电视。

**as yet** 到目前为止,迄今 (up to this moment)

As yet, we have received no answer.

迄今我们未获答案。

**a succession of** 一群 (a number of)

The teacher walked into the classroom, followed by a succession of students.

老师走进教室,后面跟着一群学生。

**a series of** 一系列,一连串 (a group of things of the same kind or related in some way, coming one after another or in order, a whole train of)

It awakens a series of associations of ideas.

它唤起一系列的联想。

(be) **ashamed of** 羞愧,悔恨 (feeling shame, guilt or sorrow because of sth. done)

You should be ashamed of your behaviour!

你应当为你的行为而感到羞愧!



There's nothing to be ashamed of.

没有什么可难为情的。

**a snatch of** 一片,一阵(a short outburst or period of)

He had a snatch of sleep sitting in his chair.

他坐在椅子上小睡片刻。

**at a distance** 有一段距离(a long way)

Although he is at a distance from the building, John sees clearly a man enter it.

尽管约翰离大楼有段距离,但他清楚地看到一个人走了进去。

**at a glance** 一瞥之下(immediately on looking)

At a glance, she recognized him as her former classmate.

一瞥之下,她认出他是自己以前的同学。

**at a loss** 不知所措,迷惑(confused)

I found myself at a loss for words of consolation.

我简直想不出安慰的话来。

**at arm's length** 距离身体一段距离(at a distance from one's body)

He is holding the paper at arm's length to read it.

他手拿报纸,放在离身体一定距离的地方读。

**at best** 至多,充其量(in the most favorable case)

At best we can do only half as much as last year.

我们顶多只能做到去年的一半。

**at dusk** 在黄昏(at the time when daylight is fading)

The lights go on at dusk.

一到傍晚灯就亮了。

**at fault** 咎由自取,归咎(in the wrong; to be blamed)

If my memory is not at fault, it was Thursday.