新东方学校英语词汇丛书

TOEFL調汇

王玉梅 编著



TOEFL 词汇

王玉梅 编著

冯界图出出版公司

北京・广州・上海・西安

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

TOEFL 词汇/王玉梅编著.一北京:世界图书出版公司 北京公司,2001.1

ISBN 7-5062-4854-9

I.T··· Ⅱ.王··· Ⅲ.英语—词汇—高等学校—自学 参考资料 Ⅳ.H313

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2001)第 00937 号

TOEFL 词汇

编 著:王玉梅

责任编辑:孟淑贤 雷玉清 王志平

装幀设计: 杨 敏

出 版:世界图書出版公司北京公司

印刷:北京兆成印刷厂

发 行:世界图书品版公司北京公司

销 售:各地新华书店和外文书店

开 本: 850×1168 毫米 1/32

印 张: 17.25 字 数: 694 千

版 次:2001年1月第1版 2001年1月第1次印刷

印 数:1-11000

ISBN 7-5062-4854-9/H·365

定价: 30.00元

版权所有 翻印必究

序言

本书勘称目前最贴近 TOEFL 考试, 复习 TOEFL 词汇最有效的词汇书。全书以 2000 年 1 月之前历年 TOEFL 真题作为统计的依据。本书共分三部分:

第一部分是<u>核心词汇</u>,有 40 个 word lists。针对每个单词, 注释了它在历年中所有考过的词性及中文意思,并给出曾考过的 同义词及预测了可能要考的同义词。

第二部分为<u>补充词汇</u>。搜集了市面上 TOEFL 词汇书频频出现的词汇,但这些词汇在历年从未考过。单独列在一起,既避免了同学们花大量的时间记一些从未考过的词汇(其未来要考的可能性当然大大少于历年常考词汇),同时为学有余力,想拿高分的同学提供一些补充,避免记万而漏一。

第三部分为阅读词汇。以新东方 TOEFL 讲义上的常考阅读词 汇为基础,给出了考过的中文释义及文章的篇数。这些词的专业性不是很强,但它在本书中所罗列的五大类阅读段子中经常出现,如不熟,将会影响对文章的理解。这些词汇对阅读段子的帮助将远远超过记一些专业性很强,但不影响理解的专业词汇。附录部分给出了常考动词的不规则动词词表,请务必记牢记准,这是准备 TOEFL 考试的基础。

本书的使用方法:

- 1. 将书后附录部分——不规则动词词表牢记,这是准备 TOEFL 语法、阅读的基础。
- 2. 从 Word List 1 开始,先看 "考前必须掌握的词汇"部分(这部分是在 TOEFL 中考过 5 次以上的词),看看你认识多少,不认识的用笔标出,作为重点记忆。

对认识的词**千万不要大意**,你所掌握的意义可能是比较常见之义,但 TOEFL 考过几次都是另一个意思,等于这个词还是不认识。如: clutch,大部分词汇书均释成: vt. 抓住; vi. 掌握, 攫。但它曾考过两次,都是: n. 一次所孵的卵(或蛋)。又如 mold 一词,大部分书释为: v. 塑造。其实此词考得最多之义为: n. 1. 模子; 铸型 (7 次); 2. 霉菌(1 次)。所以,请以本书中所列词性及中文为准,这是 TOEFL 中考过的所有词性及意义的总结。

3. Word List 中每个词的同义词部分,斜体为曾考过的同义词,请一定记熟。除了主词以外,大部分还给出了它在考试中所有考过的派生词或形近易混词,放在一组会记得快且准。

考试频率经电脑统计,准确率在98%以上。频率高的词、频率高的词义重点记忆。

4. 每个 Word List 结束后请重回"考前必须掌握的词汇"部分,检查是否掌握了这些词。这些是考过 5 次以上的词,有这些词打底,也就奠定了 TOEFL 考试的基础。

- 5. 然后请翻到第三部分"阅读词汇", 熟记 5 大类文章中的 常见词,不熟将会影响对文章的理解。
- 6. 最后是补漏部分。请翻到第二部分,这些也是常见词,只 是还未考过,说不定就是下次要考的呢。

作者编写这本最新 TOEFL 词汇书历时一年。作者查阅、总结了全部 TOEFL 考题及国内外所有最新的 TOEFL 资料,力求准确、详尽地捕捉到 TOEFL 中常考词及常考词义,使考生在付出同样时间及心血的前提下,复习有的放矢,抓住重点,事半功倍。承蒙新东方学校俞敏洪校长对本书做了大量的指导工作,才有本书。感谢新东方学校副校长包凡一老师的大力支持,并且做了部分文字审校工作,使本书尽力完善。

最后,祝愿所有不甘平庸,奋战 TOEFL 的同学,每一分努力, 终将有一份回报。当夜深人静,精疲力竭之时,让我们告诉自己 要坚持。因为我们深信:挑战极限,追求卓越,人生终将辉煌。

王玉梅

2000年12月

目景

第一部分	核心词汇1
第二部分	补充词汇449
第三部分	阅读词汇 ·····517
附 录:	不规则动词词汇表539

第一部分 核心词汇

Word List 1

adequate

adjustment

考前必须掌握的词汇(记本书中的中文解释): abandon abandoned ability capability normal normally absent absence absolutely absorb abstract abundant abundance academic access accessible acclaim accommodate accomplishment accompany account for accumulate account accounting accurate accuracy accurately inaccurate achieve achievement acid acquire acute adapt adaptation actual

in addition to

adiust

admire

abandon [ə'bændən]

vt. 抛弃; 放弃 (7次)

The baby was <u>abandoned</u> by his teenage mother. (syn: forsake, desert, give up) n. 放纵,沉溺于 (syn: unrestraint)

· *abandoned adj. 被抛弃的; 废置的 (5 次) (syn: empty, deserted)
*abandonment n. 抛弃; 放弃(1 次) (syn: desertion)

abbreviate [ə'bri:vɪeɪt] vt.

1. 缩短

additive

inadequate

administer

President Yu Minhong was asked to <u>abbreviate</u> his speech since students crammed in the room without air-conditioning were running out of patience. (syn: shorten, cut)

- 2. 缩写
 - *abbreviated adj. 简短的 (1 次) (syn: shortened)
 - *abbreviation n. 缩写, 缩写词 (1 次)

additional

administration

adjacent

abide [ə'baɪd]

vi. 遵守 abide by (syn: follow, comply with, observe)

vt. 忍受 (syn: endure, put up with, bear, tolerate)

*abiding [əˈbaɪdɪŋ] adj. 持久的 (1次)

As the school principal, Mr. Yu's <u>abiding</u> concern has always been to provide students with most useful training. (syn: *enduring*, permanent)

ability [ə'bɪlɪtɪ] n. 能力, 才干 (61 次) (syn: capacity, resources, skill)

*inability [ɪnəˈbɪlɪtɪ] n. 无能, 无力 (1 次)

*capability [keɪpə'bɪlɪtɪ] n. (实际) 能力,性能;容量 (7次)

*viability [,va1ə'biliti] n. 1. 生存能力 (1 次) 2. 可行性 (1 次)

*variability [,veərɪə'bɪlɪtɪ] n. 可变性 (2 次)

ablaze [ə'bleɪz] adj.

- 1. 着火的,燃烧的 (syn: burning, on fire)
- 2. 闪耀的 (syn: radiant, bright, brilliant)

*blazing ['bleɪzɪŋ] adj. 炽烧的,闪耀的 (2次)

abnormal [æbˈnɔːm(ə)l] adj. 反常的,异常的: 变态的 (2 次) The warm December weather in Beijing is <u>abnormal</u>. (syn: anomalous,unusual)

*normal ['no:m(ə)l] adj. 正常的,正规的;标准的 (16次) *normally [no:m(ə)lɪ] adv. 正常地,通常地 (19次)

abolish [əˈbɔlɪʃ] vt. 废除,取消 (1 次) Slavery was <u>abolished</u> in the United States after the Civil War. (syn: *eliminate*, do away with, annul)

- *abolition [æbəˈlɪʃ(ə)n] n. 废除, 革除 (1 次)
- *abolitionist n. 废奴主义者 (2次)

abort [ə'bɔ:t] n. 中止计划(任务) (1次)

The minister ordered a general <u>abort</u> when he learned there was a mistake on the newly issued stamp. (syn: failure, stop)

试读结束:需要全本请在线购买: www.ertongbook.com

abound [ə'baund] vi. 充满;富于 abound in (3 次) Deer and rabbits <u>abound in</u> this forest. (syn: be full of, be plentiful)

abrasion [ə'breɪʒ(ə)n] n. 表面磨损 (1 次) Constant <u>abrasion</u> from shoes wore down the wooden floor. (syn: attrition, scraping)

*abrasive [ə'breɪsɪv] adi. 研磨的 (2次)

abrupt [əˈbrʌpt] adj. 突然的,意外的 (2 次) His <u>abrupt</u> question embarrassed me. (syn: sudden, unforeseen)

*abruptly adv. 突然地,唐突地 (syn: suddenly, unexpectedly)

absenteeism [æbsənˈtiːɪzm] n. 旷课,旷工 (1 次) The rate of <u>absenteeism</u> at this school is very high.

*absentee n. 缺席者

*absent [ˈæbsənt] adj. 缺少的;不在的,缺席的(8次) Parental love was totally <u>absent</u> from his childhood. (syn: missing, not present)

*absence [ˈæbsəns] n. 缺乏,没有;不在,缺席(6 次)

absolute ['æbselu:t] adj. 完全的;绝对的 (2次)
The captain of a ship has the <u>absolute</u> right to jettison cargo when necessary. (syn: complete, sheer)

*absolutely adv. 完全地,绝对地 (6 次) (syn: utterly, definitely)

absorb [əb'sɔ:b] vt. 吸收 (液体、知识等) (29 次) All living things <u>absorb</u> oxygen. (syn: take in, receive)

*absorption n. 吸收 (1次) (syn: assimilation, reception)

abstract ['æbstrækt] adj. 抽象的 (17 次) His <u>abstract</u> ideas were not easily understood by many people. (syn: theoretical, nonobjective) *abstraction [əbˈstrækʃ(ə)n] n. 抽象概念 (1 次) (syn: concept, idea)

absurd [əb'sɜːd] adj. 荒谬的,可笑的 (2 次) He made some <u>absurd</u> comments about taxes being too low. (syn: preposterous, ridiculous, foolish)

abundant [ə'bʌndənt] adj. 丰富的,充裕的; 大量的 (27 次) In recent years an <u>abundant</u> number of complaints have disturbed the telephone company. (syn: plentiful, profuse, sufficient)

*abundantly adv. 丰富地 (1次) (syn: in great numbers, amply)
*abundance n. 丰富, 充裕 (12次) (syn: profusion, richness)

abuse [ə'bju:s] n. (权利等的) 濫用; (物品的) 不精心使用 (1 次) An <u>abuse</u> of authority by the manager led to disagreement among the members. (syn: misuse, misapplication)

abut [əˈbʌt] vi. 邻接,毗邻 (1 次)
The library <u>abuts to</u> the old museum. (syn: adjoin, border on)

academic [,æke'demɪk] adj. 学术的; 学院的; 理论的 (13 次) Like other <u>academic</u> disciplines, sociology has several major subdisciplines. (syn: scholarly, collegiate, theoretical)

*academician [əˌkædəˈmɪʃ(ə)n] n. 学会会员; 院士; 学者 (2 次)

accelerate [əkˈseləreɪt] v. 加快,加速 (4 次)
The car <u>accelerated</u> as it went past me. (syn: increase, speed up, hasten)

*accelerated [əkˈseləreɪtɪd] adj. 加速的,迅速的 (1 次)

Accelerated evolution happened when significant changes were ushered in the environment. (syn: rapid)

*acceleration n. 加速度(4次)

access ['ækses] n.

1. 接触,接近(的机会) (8 次)

Students must have access to a good teacher. (syn: approach)

2. 入口, 通道 (1次)

The only access to this building is through pipes. (syn: entrance, entry)

- *accessible [əkˈsesɪb(ə)l] adj. 可接近的,可接触的; 可得到的 (8 次) (syn: available, approachable, attainable)
- *accessibility n. 易接近;可到达 (1次)
- *accessory n. 附件,零件 (1次)

accidental [ˌæksɪˈdent(ə)l] adj. 意外的,偶然的 (2次) I didn't know she was on my plane; our meeting was <u>accidental</u>. (syn: unexpected, unforeseen)

*accidentally adv. 偶然地, 意外地 (3 次) (syn: inadvertently, by chance)
*accident n. 意外事件, 事故 (4 次)

acclaim [əˈkleɪm]

n. 赞誉,赞许 (4 次) (syn: recognition, praise)

vt. 喝彩, 欢呼; 称赞 (2 次)

Spectators acclaimed the winner of the competition. (syn: hail, applaud)

*acclaimed adj. 受赞誉的 (4次)

In addition to painting highly <u>acclaimed</u> portraits, Mary was an adviser to several major art collectors. (syn: *praised*, accepted, famous)

accommodate [əˈkɔmədeɪt] vt.

1. 容纳,包含;供应(住宿)(4次)

That hotel room accommodates four people.

(syn: handle, contain, host, serve)

2. 使适应; 迁就,满足 (2次)

I will accommodate my scheme to yours. (syn: suit, adjust)

*accommodation [ə.kɔməˈdeɪʃ(ə)n] n. 住处,膳宿 (1 次) (syn: lodgings, housing)

accompany [əˈkʌmpənɪ] vt. 陪伴,陪同:伴奏(11 次) She was accompanied by her son. (syn: travel with, go along with)

*accompanying adj. 陪伴的,附随的 (4 次)

With the acceleration of industrial growth came acute urban crowding and accompanying social stress. (syn: attendant, concomitant)

*accompaniment n. 伴奏 (4 次)

accomplish [əˈkʌmplɪʃ] vt. 完成,达到,实现 (3 次) The task was <u>accomplished</u> in an hour. (syn: finish, achieve)

*accomplished. adj. 精通的,熟练的(2次) (syn: skilled, experienced)

*accomplishment n. 成就 (9 次) (syn: achievement, fulfillment)

accordion [əˈkɔːdɪən] n. 手风琴 (4 次)

account [əˈkaunt] n.

1. 说明,解释 (9次)

The police wrote an account of the accident. (syn: report, description)

2. 户头; 账目 (8次)

The new law requires a personal ID to open any accounts at a bank.

3. 理由, 根据; 考虑 (2次)

*on account of 由于…, 因为… (1次) (syn: because of, due to)

*take account of 考虑到;体谅(1次)

*take into account 重视; 考虑 (1 次)

*account for (vi.) 解释 (9次)

He accounted for the missing items as lost. (syn: explain)

*accounting n. 会计学 (5 次)

*accountant n. 会计(员), 会计师 (3 次)

accredit [əˈkredɪt] vt. 委派官员到国外,授权 (1 次)
Diplomatic negotiations generally take place in embassies where ambassadors are <u>accredited</u>. (syn: authorize, commission)

accumulate [əˈkjuːmjuleɪt] vi. 堆积,积聚:积累 (8 次) Dust and dirt soon <u>accumulate</u> if a library is not cleaned daily. (syn: pile up, collect, gather)

^{*}accumulated adj. 积聚的, 积累的 (1次)

^{*}accumulation n. 积聚 (2次) (syn: accretion, concentration, collection)

accurate ['ækjurit] adj. 准确的,正确的 (15 次) Her report is <u>accurate</u> and well written. (syn: *precise*, *correct*, exact)

*accuracy [ækjurəsi] n. 精确性,正确度 (5次) (syn: exactness, precision)

*accurately adv. 正确地,精确地 (11 次) (syn: correctly, exactly)

*inaccurate adj. 错误的,不准确的 (5次)

accuse [ə'kju:z]vt. 指责,归咎 (1 次)
Janet's boyfriend accused her of lying. (syn: blame, condemn)

*accusation n. 谴责; 控告 (1 次) (syn: indictment, charge)

accustomed [əˈkʌstəmd] adj. 习惯了的 (4 次)
Janet is <u>accustomed</u> to the cold in Harbin. (syn: habitual, familiarized)

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] vt. 完成,实现 (30 次)
The movie star <u>achieved</u> success and wealth. (syn: win, accomplish, fulfil)

*achievement n. 成就,功绩 (13次) (syn: feat, accomplishment)

acid ['æsɪd]

n. 酸 (14次)

adj.

1. 酸的 (4次)

Vinegar has a strong acid taste. (syn: sour, tart)

2. 尖酸的, 刻薄的

She made some acid comments about his writing. (syn: harsh, tart)

*acidic adj. 酸的,酸性的 (2次)

*acidity n. 酸度,酸性 (1 次)

acquaintance [əˈkweɪntəns] n. 熟人 (2 次) We are <u>acquaintances</u> and talk now and then.

*(be) acquainted with 熟悉 (1次)
Let me <u>acquaint</u> myself with the facts of the case.
(syn: be informed about)

acquisition [ˌækwɪˈzɪʃ(ə)n] n. 获得 (4 次)

The stockbroker made an <u>acquisition</u> of the future price of the stock based on its historical growth patterns. (syn: acquirement, attainment)

*acquire vt. 获得, 学到 (22 次) (syn: obtain, secure)

acronym ['ækrənɪm] n. 用大写字母表示的缩写词 (2 次) AIDS is an <u>acronym</u> for Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome. (syn: abbreviation)

actual [ˈæktʃuəl] adj. 实际的,现行的 (14 次)
Our <u>actual</u> expenses for food and clothes last year were much lower than we thought. (syn: true, real)

*actuate ['æktjueɪt] vt. 开动;促使 (syn: set in motion, motivate)

*actually adv. 实际上,事实上(syn: truly, in fact, really)

*activate ['æktɪveɪt] vt. 刺激,使活动 (4次) (syn: encourage, stimulate)

*actively adv. 活跃地, 积极地 (syn: energetically, vigorously)

acute [əˈkjuːt] adj.

1. 灵敏的, 敏锐的 (6次)

<u>Acute</u> hearing helps most animals sense the approach of thunderstorms long before people do. (syn: *keen*, penetrating)

2. (事情) 剧烈的; 很严重的 (2次)

With the acceleration of industrial growth came <u>acute</u> urban crowding and accompanying social stress. (syn: intense, critical, severe)

*acumen [ˈækjumen, əˈkju:men] n. 敏锐,聪明 (1 次) (syn: acuteness,insight)

adapt [əˈdæpt] v. (使)适应,调整;改编 (22 次) After moving to Harbin, Janet <u>adapted</u> to the cold weather. (syn: adjust, accommodate)

*adaptable [ə'dæptəb(ə)l] adj. 能适应的,适应性强的 (4 次) Mary is very <u>adaptable</u> and will do well in any situation. (syn: flexible, pliant)

*adaptation [ˌədæp'teɪʃ(ə)n] n. 改编,改写;适应环境 (20 次)