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新编 实用英汉 双解短语词典

燕学斌 朱玉琴 主编

河北大学出版社

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A NEW PRACTICAL ENGLISH - CHINESE DICTIONARY OF ENGLISH PHRASES WITH BILINGUAL EXPLANATIONS

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前 言

英语中有大量短语(phrases),它们往往难以从字面意义的简单总和来判定其意义,而且使用时的搭配关系也比较复杂、灵活,如何掌握这些短语,是学习中经常遇到的一个难题,这部《新编实用英汉双解短语词典》是以收录英语短语为内容的词典,供中学、中专、专科文化程度的读者使用。本词典中收入短语共 2000 多条,释义力求准确,并在释义后收集了大量的句子或短语作为例证,供读者使用时参考。

收入本词典的短语主要包括动词短语(v.phr.)、名词短语(n.phr.)、副词短语(adv.phr.)、形容词短语(adj.phr.)、介词短语(prep.phr.)、代词短语(pron.phr.)等,在选收词条时不拘于理论上的严格区分,有些词条虽然不属于短语的范围,其形式与短语类似,也一并收入本词典。

本词典词条的释义均采用英汉双解。释义后所附例条、例句, 有的参考国内外出版的词典,有的选自英语报刊,少数词条附有用 法说明,以便区分、比较,使读者加深理解。

本词典在整个编写过程中,责任编辑王善军博士自始至终予以鼓励、支持和关心,并对本书的编写提出了许多有价值的意见, 燕山大学外语系李力洋教授和爱辉旅游学院赵文教授,作为主审 在百忙中认真地对稿子进行了审阅,编者在此表示诚挚的谢意。

限于编者人员的水平,这部词典的缺点和错误一定还不少,我们恳切地希望广大读者多提出宝贵意见,以便修订,使这部词典在使用上能起到应有的作用,更好地为读者服务。

本词典编写组 2000年3月



a beam of n.phr.

- □a ray of (light); a gleam of ¬束光, 道光; [喻] 笑容, 喜色
 - ①Can you see a beam of light from the hole? 你能看见从洞里射出的一道 光线吗?
 - ②She welcomed him with a beam of joy. 她以欢快的笑容欢迎他。
 - ③A beam of sunlight came through the clouds. 一東阳光穿透了云层。

a bit $n.or\ adv.phr.$

- a short time 一会
 - ①Wait a bit. 等一会。
 - ② They waited a bit before the bus came. 他们等了一会,公共汽车就到了。
- 圖a small piece 一点点;some 一点
 - ①Cut a bit off the line, it is too long. 线太长,截去一点儿。
 - ②There is no rice in the bag, but he can find a bit in the jar. 这个袋子没来了,不过他能在那个坛子里找到一点。
- Ca little 有点儿
 - ①I'm feeling a bit cold. 我现在觉得有点儿冷。

- ②If you put on a bit more you would not feel cold. 如果你多穿一点儿就不觉得冷了。
- Notes:通常修饰形容词时,其否定形式为 not a bit; not at all; not at least 一点儿也不;毫不
- ①I'm not a bit tired. 我一点儿也不疲倦。[[比较:I am not a little tired. 我非常累。]]
- ②He's not a bit better. 他一点儿也没有好。
- drather 颇,相当地(通常用来修饰介词 短语)
 - ①He looks a bit like his father. 他长得颇像他的父亲。
 - ②The how and the why of it is a bit like what you said. 它的方法和理由 颇像你说的那样。

a bit of n. phr.

- □a small amount of 一点点,少量, 些
 - ①There is a bit of water in the bottle. 瓶子里有点儿水。
 - ②I know a bit of English. 我懂得点儿 英语。
 - ③There's only a bit of bread left on the table. 桌子上只有点儿面包了。

a chain of n. phr.

- □a series of, a number of (connected things, events, etc.) 系列, —连串 (东西,事件等)
 - ①Li Ming's success in English made his teacher have a chain of thoughts. 李明在英语上的成绩引起了他的 老师一连串的思索。
 - ②His coming caused a chain of events to occur in our town. 他的到来在我们城里引起了一连串的事件发生。

a copy of n.phr.

- a something that is made to look exactly like another thing 抄本、复本、复制品
 - ①Please send a copy of this letter to Mr. Brown. 请把这封信的副本送给布朗先生。
 - ②The picture on my wall is a copy of a painting by Xu Beihong. 我墙上的那张画是徐悲鸿油画的复制品。
- 回a single example of (a magazine, book, newspaper, etc) 一本、一份(书、杂志、报纸等)
 - ① I ordered two copies of this book from abroad. 这本书我从国外订购了两本。
 - ②Over one thousand of copies of the book were sold. 这书销售量超过一千册。

a couple of n.phr.

- atwo people or things usually thought of together 一双,一对(人或物)
 - ①Mary and my brother are a couple of friends. 玛丽和我弟弟是一对朋友。
 - ② He spent a couple of days in the country. 他在乡下住了两天。
 - Notes: couple, pair 意为一双,但有区别:
 - ①couple 是指任意两种同样的物件,例:
 - I bought a couple of shirts. 我买了两件衬衫。

- ②pair 是指两个互属的事物。例: I bought a pair of gloves. 我买了一副手套。
- ⓑa small number of, a few 少数,几个
 - ①I have a couple of things to do. 我有 几件事要做。
 - ②In a couple of months he will come back. 两个月后他就回来了。

a crop of n.phr.

- □a large number of, a group of (things coming together)许多,大量
 - ①There are a crop of new books on the desk. 桌子上有一大堆新书。
 - ②We are going to overcome a crop of difficulties. 我们要克服许多困难。Notes:通常接可数名词。

a crowd of n.phr.

- □ a large number of(people or things collected together); a pile of 一群, 一堆, 一伙
 - ①There are a crowd of people on the road. What is happening? 路上有一群人。那里发生什么事了?
 - ②There are a crowd of steel plates in front of the house. 房前有一堆钢板。
 - ③ A crowd of people at the football match gave cheers for our team. 观看足球赛的人群为咱们队喝采。

a far cry adj. phr.

- □very different from 差别很大,大不相同,距离很大
 - ①Our lives are a far cry from the ones before. 我们的生活和过去相比有天地之别。
 - ②My ideal is a far cry from his. 我的理想与他相比相差十万八千里。

a few n.or adj.or adv.phr.

a small number of (people or things); some 少量的(人或事),少许的,少数 几个

- an. phr.
 - ①Are your friends here? Yes, a few are here. 你这里有朋友吗? 是的, 有几个。
 - ②A few of those roses are worth buying. 那些玫瑰花中有几朵值得买。

badj. phr.

- ①There are a few differences between the two. 这两者之间有些差异。
- ②We are going away for a few days. 我 们要离开几天。

Cadv. phr.

- ①We need a few more English-Chinese dictionaries. 我们还需要一些英汉词典。
- ②I'd like a few more red roses. 我想再要几朵红玫瑰。
- ② quite a few [a good few]好些,相当多 You'll have to wait a good few weeks. 你得等好几个星期。
- 配用 the, his, her 等来取代 a,表示特指例:

This is one of the few pictures I have. 这是我拥有的少数几张画之一。

Notes: (a)通常 a few 与强调否定的 few 在意义上不同, a few 的语义是 "一些,少量", 而 few 的语义是"没有多少"例:Few of those roses are worth buying. 那些玫瑰花没有几朵值得买。(b)通常 a few 与有同语义的 a little 用法不同, a few 后只接可数名词, 而 a little 后只接不可数名词。

a few of n.or adj. phr.

- □a small number of 少量的,有几个
 - ①I know a few of the students have made that mistake, but most of them regret it. 我知道少数学生犯过这样 错误,但其中大多数都感到后悔。
 - ②I have seen a few of these movies. 这 些电影我曾看讨几部。
- a good deal or a great deal n.or

adj.or adv.phr.

- a quite a lot(of things, events, ect.) 许多,大量(东西,事件等)
 - ①He ate a great deal. 他吃了很多。
 - ②Tom's mother knows a great deal about the technique of singing. 汤姆 的母亲知道很多唱歌的技巧。
- 回quite a lot, very much 很多,颇大,非常
 - ①He ran a good deal faster than I. 他 跑得比我快得多。
 - ②My hometown has changed a great deal. Now we lead a happy life. 我们 的家乡变化很大,现在我们过着幸 福的生活。

a good deal of or a great deal of n.phr.

- □much, a large amount of 许多, 大量
 - ①She has a great deal of work to do. 她有许多工作要做。
 - ②A good deal of money was spent on the project. 那项工程花费了大量的 金钱。

Notes:通常接不可数名词。又如: a good deal of heat 大量的热, a great deal of energy 大量的能

a good many or a great many $n \cdot or adj \cdot phr$.

an. phr.

- ①A good many of the beautiful flowers were white. 那些漂亮的花大多数是白色的。
- ②A good many of the trees were destroyed in the storm. 那些树好多被暴风雨摧毁了。
- ③He has bought a good many of new desks. 他买了许多新书桌。

Notes:词组 a good many 后不加 of, 直接接可数名词,如果该名词有定冠词或定语,则必须加 of。

badi. phr.

①A great many soldiers were buried in

- the cemetery. 有许多的军人被埋葬 在那个陵园里。
- ②There are a good many desks and chairs in the room. 屋子里有很多桌子和椅子。

a great quantity of or a large quantity of $n \cdot phr$.

- □a lot of, plenty of 许多, 大量的
 - ①There are a great quantity of high precision instruments in the lab. 实验室里有大量的精密仪器。
 - ②We've had a large quantity of rain this summer. 今年夏天雨水很大。

Notes:a great quantity of 后既可接可数名词又可接不可数名词。又如:a large quantity of food 大量的食物, a large quantity of good clothes 许多的好衣服。

a great variety of n.phr.

- □a great number or collection of things differing in characters 多种,各种,多种多样的
 - ①At school we learn a great variety of things. 在学校我们学习各种知识。
 - ②We have collected a great variety of butterflies. 我们收集了各式各样的蝴蝶。

a group of n.phr.

- □ a number of (people or things gather closely together and considered as a whole) —组,一群,一伙
 - ① More than a hundred years ago, a group of men, women and children moved from the east to the west. 一百多年前,一群男人、女人和儿童从东部地区移居到了西部地区。
 - ②A group of little girls was (were) playing in the trees. 一群小女孩正在那片树林里玩。
 - ③A group of boys were waiting by the school. 一群男孩正在学校旁边等

候。

Notes:整体意思较强时视为单数,强调个别的人时视为复数。

a heap of n.phr.

- □ a pile of; a large number of (any material gathered or thrown together into a pile) 堆;大量,许多
 - ①A heap of difficulties were oppressing him. 成堆的难题使他感到沉重的压力。
 - ②She's had a heap of trouble. 她有很多烦恼。

Notes: (a) of 的后面可接可数及不可数名词,但可数名词须用复数。 (b) 动词的单复数与 of 后面的名词一致。

a host of n.phr.

- □a large number of 大量,许多,一大群
 - ①We have a host of difficulties to overcome. 我们有许多困难要克服。
 - ②Tom has a host of friends, but none of them does a good deal. What do you think of Tom? 汤姆有好多朋友,但他们没有一个人能行善,你认为汤姆这个人怎样?

a jet of n. phr.

- □a continuous strong stream of(gas, liquid or flame)—股(气体,液体或火焰) 喷流
 - ①It sends up a jet of water 125 feet high. 它喷出了 125 英尺高的水柱。
 - ②The firemen directed jets of water at the burning house. 消防队员把水柱 喷向燃烧着的房子。

a kind of n.phr.

- □a group which is part of a larger group; type; sort 一种,一类,一层
 - ①I don't like reading those kind of books. 我不喜欢读那类书。
 - ②He had a kind of feeling that he had never had before. 他有一种从来没

有过的感觉。

③He is a kind of genius. 他可算是天才。

Notes: (a)a kind of 接单数名词,如接复数名词,其前不用冠词。例:a kind of book 一类书, those kind of books 那类书, that kind of book 那类书。(b)a kind of 和 a sort of 的区别是 a sort of 通常用英语口语或商业语,指大体相似的东西,而 a kind of 是一般用法,指属于同种类的东西而言,但在实际上常被毫无区别地使用。

a large amount of n.phr.

- □a great deal of much 许多.大量
 - ① A large amount of gold has been found in the western parts of the U. S.A. 在美国西部地区发现了大量的黄金。
 - ②He paid a large amount of money for his house. 他花了巨款买房子。

Notes: a large amount of 后多和不可数名词连用,又如: a large amount of damage 大量的损失。

a little n.or adj.or adv.phr.

□rather, in a small way, sort(in time, distance, stature)有点儿,小规模地,短的(时间,距离,身材)

an. phr.

- ①You have done a very little for us. 你 对我们的帮助太少了。
- ②I'd like some cake, just a little. 我要 点蛋糕,一点就够了。
- ③There's only a little left. 只剩一点 儿了。

badj. phr.

- ①Won't you stay a little time with me? 你不想陪我一会吗?
- ②I had a little difficulty in finding the house. 我找那房子有一点困难。
- ③He knows a little French. 他懂一点 法语。

- Cadv. phr.
 - ①This dress is a little too short for me. 这件衣服对我来说太短了点。
 - ②We are going a little too slowly, I am afraid. 恐怕咱们进行得太慢了点。
 - ③It has got a little warmer. 天气变得稍微暖和些了。

Notes:(a) 通常 a little 和 little 语义不同。a little 的意思是"一些,少量",而 little 的意思是"没有多少"。例如:

- ①There's a little wine left in the bottle. 瓶子里还剩下一点酒。
- ②There's little wine left in the bottle. 瓶子里没剩下多少酒。
- (b)a little 和 a few 的区别见 a few 条注释(b)

a lot n.or adv. phr.

- □a large number or amount, very many or very much 许多,很多
- an.phr.
 - ①She knows a lot about it. 关于那件 事她知道得很多。
 - ②I have a lot to do today. 今天我有很 多工作要做。

Dadv. phr.

- ①Thanks a lot. 多谢您了。
- ②I think he is a lot older. 我想他还要 老得多。
- ③She spends a lot less money every month than I. 她每个月花钱比我少得多。

区经常与 whole 连用表示强调

- ① You are lazy. John is a whole lot lazier than you. 你懒,约翰比你还懒得多。
- ②I learnt a whole lot from Li Ming in my childhood. 在我童年的时候,我 向李明学了好多东西。

a lot of n.phr.

□a large quantity of, plenty of, much or many 很多,大量

- ①You have a lot of records and tapes. 你的唱片和录音带真多。
- ②She spends a lot of money on dress. 她在服装上花钱很多。

Notes: a lot of 后既可接可数名词,也可接不可数名词。

a mass of n.phr.

- □a lot of, a great deal of 许多, 大量
 - ①She has a mass of things to do. 她有 一大堆事要做。
 - ②The ship cut its way slowly through masses of ice. 船破开冰块缓缓前进。
 - ③There are masses of people in the hall. 大厅里有很多人。

Notes: a mass of 后既可接可数名词, 也可接不可数名词。

a number of n.phr.

- □some; several; many 一些;若干;许多
 - ①I have a number of letters to read. 我 有许多信要看。
 - ②I've seen the movie a number of times. 那部电影我已看过多次了。
 - ③He has a number of records. 他有很多唱片。

Notes:(a)a number of 之后接可数名词的复数形式,而视为复数,动词用复数。例:

A number of accidents always occur on such days. 在这种日子里常常有许多事故发生。

(b)当作整体看待时,动词可用单数。例:

A limited number of cars is available. 汽车使用数目有限制。

(c)根据上下文确定"许多"或"若干" 等词义,使之更明确,通常加上 great, large,good, small, certain 等形容词使 用。例:

a great(large) number of tourists 许多游客, a good number of books 相当多

的书,a small number of errors 少数的错误,a certain number of young women 一些年轻的女人。

a pair of n. phr.

- □a set of(two things of the same kind or two persons associated together) 对, —副, —双
 - ①He has bought a pair of trousers and two pair(s) of shoes. 他买了一条裤子和两双鞋。
 - ②The pair of pandas were (was) the main attraction at the zoo. 这对熊猫是动物园最引人注目的动物。

Notes:(a)与数词连用时,可以用复数形式,也可以用单数形式。例: two pair(s) of glasses 两副眼镜,(b) a pair of 指两个互属的必须配在一起的东西,而 a couple of 指任何两件同等的东西或两个同样的人。例: a pair of gloves, a couple of shirts 两件衬衣, a couple of pails of water 两桶水

a piece of n.phr.

- □a bit of or a part of sth. 一块,一片,一件
 - ①There are some pieces of furniture in the room. And on the desk there is a piece of paper and five pieces of chalk.屋子里有些家具,在那张桌 子上放着一张纸和五支粉笔。
 - ②He came into only a tiny piece of the land. 他仅继承一块小小的土地。

Notes:(a)接在不可数名词前,表示该 名词的数量,(b)与形容词连用时,形 容词通常置于 piece 之前。

a pile of n.phr.

- □ a number of things lying one upon another, a heap of, plenty of 一堆,大量, 许多
 - ①The cupboard was full of piles of old books. 欄子里堆满了旧书。
 - ② I've got piles of work to do today. 今

天我有一大堆工作要做。

Notes: of 后可接可数名词, 也可接不可数名词。

a series of n.phr.

- □ a group of things of the same kind or related in some way, coming one after another or in order 一连串, 一系列,连续的,例:a series of shows on TV 电视连续剧, a series of concerts 一连串的音乐会。
 - ①There has been a series of car accidents at the crossing. 在那个交叉路口曾经发生过一连串的车祸。
 - ②He suffered a series of mishaps. 他遭遇了一连串的灾祸。
 - ③ Tom has read a series of articles about pollution. 汤姆读了一系列有 关污染的文章。

a set of n. phr.

- □a group of naturally connected things; group forming a whole ─组, ─套, ─ 副。例: a set of gardening tools ─套园艺工具
 - ①There is a set of carpenter's tools in the room.屋子里有一套木匠工具。
 - ②I have bought a set of shelves for the kitchen. 我买了一套碗架放在厨房 里。

a sort of-See a kind of

a type of n.phr.

- □a kind of, a sort of, a class of 一种, 种类型
 - ①Cotton is a type of material. 棉花是一种原料。
 - ②What type of plant is this? 这是哪一种植物?
 - ③He is a perfect type of scholar. 他是 十足的学者典型。

Notes:(a) type of 后面接的名词通常 无冠词。(b)(美口语中)有时省略 of。

a variety of n.phr.

- □ a number or a group of different things 种种,若干,各种。例: a variety of butterflies 各式各样的蝴蝶
 - ①There are a wide variety of people on the earth. 地球上有各种不同的人。
 - ②Everyone arrived late at the party for a variety of reasons. 由于各种不同 原因,大家赴宴都迟到了。
 - ③There's a new variety of rose here. 这里有新品种玫瑰。

a view of n.phr.

- □ a sense of, a set of opinions 一系列看法, 一种观点,观念,展望
 - ①The lawyer hasn't yet formed a clear view of the case. 律师对这个案子还没有一种清楚的概念。
 - ②His view of the future world economy is hopeful. 他对未来世界经济的发展是乐观的。

abide by v.phr.

- □to be faithful to, obey(laws, agreements, etc.)忠于,遵守(法律、契约等)
 - ①As a student, you must abide by the school regulations. 作为学生, 你必须遵守学校的规章制度。
 - ②I abide by what I said. 我信守诺言。

able to adj. phr.

- □ having the power or the knowledge to do sth. 具有办事能力或才智
 - ①He is able to run faster than I. 他跑 得比我快。
 - ②Will you be able to come to me to-morrow? 明天你能来我这里吗?
 - ③ He alone has been able to swim across the channel. 到现在为止,只有他能游过那个海峡。
 - ④I was able to catch the last train. 我 赶上了末班火车。

Notes:(a)现在式 is(am, are)able to do

- 可用 can 代替,主语为物时,一般都能用 can。
- (b)can 没有将来式,完成式,又因其 不能使用于其他助动词后面,所以用 be able to do 来代替。
- (c) 叙述过去的事实时,如果使用could 会与虚拟语气难以分辨,应使用was(were)able to do 表达。
- (d)表示过去某个时间(只有一次)的能力时,不可用 could,应使用 was (were)able to do.
- (e)表示比较级、最高级,使用 better (more)able to, best(most)able to.

above all adv. phr.

- □ of first or highest importance; most especially 首先是,最重要的是,特别是
 - ①Above all I like learning English. 我最喜欢学英语。
 - ②A clock must be above all correct. 时 钟最重要的是准确。

absent from adj. or v. phr.

- □being away from 缺席,不在,离开
 - ①I'll be absent from home in the afternoon. 我下午不在家。
 - ②She was absent from school with a cold. 她因感冒而没去上学。
 - ③He absented himself from the meeting. 他没参加那个会议。

absorb from v. phr.

- □take in…from 从…中吸取
 - ①Animals absorb oxygen from air but plants absorb carbon dioxide. 动物从空气中吸收氧气,可是植物从空气中吸收二氧化碳。
 - ②Everything on the earth absorbs heat from the sun. 地球上万物都从太阳 吸收热量。
 - ③ We must absorb more knowledge from books. 我们必须从书本中多吸取一些知识。

absorbed in adj. phr.

- □ taking up the attention of 全神贯注于 …, 专心于…
 - ① He was absorbed in the book and didn't hear you call. 他全神贯注地 读书,没听到你在招唤。
 - ②My boss is completely absorbed in his business. 我们的老板完全专心于他的事业。
 - ③The children are absorbed in play. 孩子们一心只管玩。

accept as v. phr.

- □ take as; believe to be 接受为;承认是 regard as 把…当作
 - ①The Qinhuangdao city committee decided to accept him posthumously as a member of the Communist Party of China. 秦皇岛市委决定追认他为中国共产党党员。
 - ②The old woman accepted the girl as her daughter. 老大娘把那个女孩当作自己的女儿。
 - ③Did you accept his statement as true? 你承认他说的话是实话吗?

accord with v. phr.

- □be consistent with 和…一致;与…相 符合
 - ①Anarchy does not accord with the interests or wishes of people. 无政府 状态不符合人民利益和愿望。
 - ②That does not accord with what you said yesterday. 这和你昨天讲的不一致。

Notes: accord 一词可用作名词,见词组 in accord with.

according as conj. phr.

- □depending on whether 视…而定;依照
 - ①They move into the next class, according as they pass or fail the examination. 他们能否就读下一年级要看考试是否及格而定。
 - 2) You may go or stay, according as

vou. 去留随你决定。

according to + n. (pron) prep. phr.

- □in accordance with; as someone or something says 按照;根据…所说
 - ①According to Tom, Jane got married last month. 听汤姆说, 简上个月结婚了。
 - ②I'll do it according to your instructions. 我会照你的指示做。
 - ③According to the weather report it is going to rain tomorrow. 据气象报告,明天将下雨。

Notes:(a)according as 和 according to 的区别在于 according as 是个连接词,接续从句,而 according to 是个介词,接续名词。如果接续从句的话,要用 that, what, how 等词引出。(b) according to 在语气上比 in accordance with 轻得多。

account for v. phr.

- ②explain; give the reason of 解释;说明 …原因
 - ①Peter must be ill. It's the only thing that will account for his strange behaviour. 彼得想必是病了,这是唯一能说明他行为反常的理由。
 - ②It has never been accounted for how the corrupt official was able to embezzle such a huge sum of money. 从 未有人解释过这个贪官如何贪污 这样巨额现款。

Donsist of 占

- ①These countries account for about 90 percent of Africa's total area and population. 这些国家约占非洲面积和人口的90%。
- ②Drunk driving accounts for a large part of traffic accidents.酒后开车占 交通事故的比例很大。

act as v. phr.

- □play the part of; serve as 充当
 - ①Mr. Li acted as an interpreter to the foreign visitors last Sunday. 上星期天李先生担任了外宾的翻译。
 - ②Some of the ants act as guards and soldiers in time of trouble. 一些蚂蚁在出了乱子的时候充当警卫和士兵。

act for v. phr.

- □ serve as the agent of; do duties instead of 作为…代理;代理
 - ①He acted for Smith while he was ill. 史密斯生病时他代理她的职务。
 - ②He is temporarily acting for her in that post. 他是暂时代理她的职务。
 - ③I will act for him in this matter. 我要 代他办理这事。

act on(upon) v.phr.

- ⓐ have an effect or influence on 对…发生作用;对…有影响
 - ① This medicine acts on (upon) the heart. 这种药对心脏起作用。
 - ②Heat acts on bodies and causes them to expand. 热对物体产生作用,使它们膨胀。
 - ③Alcohol acts on the brain. 酒精影响 大阪。
- ⑤ follow, take (advice, an instruction, an order, a rule…) 根据(劝告、指令、命令、规则等)办事
 - ①The committee acted on the suggestions the masses made. 委员会按群众提出的建议办。
 - ②If my advice had been acted on he would not have made that mistake. 他要是听了我的劝告,就不会犯那个错误了。
 - ③Such views, however, are not to be acted upon but to be criticized. 但这种意见不能照办而要批评。

act upon See act on.

act up to v. phr.

- □do things(by putting the principles, expectations, a promise, one's reputation …into practice) 履行, 实行(原则、期望、诺言、声誉等)
 - ①But you didn't act up to your principle. 但你并没有按你的原则办。
 - ②I hope you will act up to the good advice they've given you. 我希望你按照他们给你出的好主意办。

active in adj. phr.

- □doing a lot of things in 积极的,积极参加的
 - ①He is active in work. 他工作积极。
 - ②He takes an active part in politics. 他 积极从事政治活动。

adapt for v. phr.

- □make more suitable by altering(改装、 改编)使更适应了
 - ①The author is going to adapt his play for television. 这位作者打算把他的舞台剧改编一下搬上电视。
 - ②It's surprising that this novel hasn't yet been adapted for the cinema. 令人吃惊的是,这部小说居然还没有被改编成电影。
 - ③These tractors have been adapted for use in very cold climates. 这些拖拉机已经改装过,适合在严寒的气候中使用。

adapt to v. phr.

- □make sth. suitable for(a new need of or different conditions)使适于(新的要求或不同条件)
 - ①I think I have adapted myself to the climate here. 我认为我已经适应这里的气候了。
 - ②The new teacher was very slow to adapt to the unusual rules of the school. 新老师对学校异乎寻常的那套校规迟迟不能适应。

add to v. phr.

- □increase 增加;增添
 - ①This of course added to our difficulties. 这自然增加了我们的困难。
 - ②This was to add greatly to his knowledge of the weather. 这后来大大增添了他对天气的认识。
 - ③I believe this trip will add greatly to our understanding of your country. 我相信这次到这里来将大大加深我们对贵国的了解。

add up v.phr.

- acalculate the total 求和
 - ①You haven't added the figures up right. 这些数字你没加对。
 - ②Adding it all up, we'll find the answer. 把所有的数加起来,我们就会得出答案。
- lb to make sense; be understandable 有意义;合乎情理;可理解
 - ①Sometimes she would greet him happily; sometimes he found her in tears. It just didn't add up. 有时她会兴高彩烈地欢迎他;有时他又会发现她在淌眼泪。这简直说不出是何道理。
 - ②His words and behaviours didn't add up. 他的话和行动叫人莫名其妙。

add up to v. phr.

- amake a total of; amount to 加起来共计
 - ①His total income adds up to \$40000 annually. 他的总收入达到每年 4 万美金。
- lb (informal) mean; result in 意思是; 导致
 - ①It all adds up to this——he is a selfish man. 所有这一切说明一点——他是一个自私自利的人。
 - ②All this adds up to a new concept of the universe. 所有这一切形成了对宇宙的一个新概念。

address oneself to v. phr.

- □work at 从事于;忙着做,着手;论述
 - ①He addressed himself to the main difficulty. 他着手处理主要难题。
 - ②It's time we should address ourselves to the business in hand. 是该动手做 我们手头的事情的时候了。
 - ③ Addressing himself to the headmaster, he defended the students' behaviour. 他与校长交谈,为学生们的行为辩护。

Notes: 本词组中的 to 是个介词,后接名词或 v - ing 形式。

admire for v. phr.

- □Look at with pleasure or satisfaction for (some reason)赞赏:称赞
 - ①I admire her for her sincerity. 我钦 佩她的诚实。
 - ②She admires me for my bravery. 她 软佩我的勇气。
 - ③Visitors admire Chengde for its beauty. 观光者赞赏承德的美丽。
 - ④Heilongguan village is admired for its water. 黑龙关村的水受到人们的称赞。

admit of v. phr.

- □leave room for 留有余地,允许
 - ①The words admit of no other meaning. 这些句子不容许有别的意义。
 - ②The matter admits of no delay. 这事 不能耽搁。
 - ③The regulations do not admit of our doing that. 按照规定我们不能这样做。

Notes: 通常由"事"而不是"人"来作这一短语动词的主语。

admit to v. phr.

- 图allow to enter; let in 许可进入,让进入
 - ①We don't admit children to this film. 我们不让孩子进来看这部电影。

- ②Only one hundred boys are admitted to the school every year. 该校每年只收一百名男学生。
- Dagree to the truth of 承认,供认
 - ① She admitted to being easily annoyed. 她承认自己爱生气。
 - ②I must admit to being ashamed for what has happened. 发生了这样的事我应承认我感到惭愧。

Notes:本词组中的 to 是介词,后面接名词或 v~ing 形式。

advantage over n. phr.

- □something more useful or more helpful than …比…优越;优于
 - ①Tom's university education gave him an advantage over boys who had not been to a university. 汤姆的大学教育使他较未上大学的男孩子占优势。
 - ②She's got the job because she has the advantage over others of knowing many languages. 因为她有别人所无的懂多种语言的长处, 所以获得了这项工作。
 - ③In the first half, we had the advantage over opposing team. 前半场,我们比对方占优势。

afraid of

- □ having fear, worried about 害怕,担心
 - ①We should not be afraid of any difficulties. 我们不应该怕任何困难。
 - ②She was afraid of angering her husband and did her best not to make a noise. 她怕触怒她丈夫,尽力不弄出声响来。
 - ③He was afraid of being found out.他 害怕被人发觉。
 - ①He was afraid of losing face. 他担心 失面子。

afraid to adj. phr.

□not daring; having fear 不敢;害怕,惧

怕

- ①She was afraid to wake her husband. 她不敢叫醒她丈夫。
- ②My God, I am afraid to tell her. 天 哪,我不敢告诉她。

Notes: afraid of doing 与 afraid to do 在意义上不同,前者怕做错某事,后者是不敢做,畏惧。

after a while adv. phr.

- □after a little or a short time 过一会儿
 - ①After a while the train stopped at the station. 不久,火车停在了车站。
 - ②After a while she went on speaking. 过了一会,她又接着说。

after all adv. phr.

- @in spite of everything 毕竟,终究
 - ①So you see I was right after all. 你看,到头来还是我对。
 - ②After all, the ball is very important. 这次舞会毕竟非常重要。

Dit must be remembered 记着

I know he hasn't finished the work, but, after all, he is a very busy man. 我知道他尚未完成工作,不过,别忘了,他是个忙人。

after hours adv. phr.

- □later than the usual times of work or business 下班以后,业余
 - ①I look after my grandson after hours. 我在业余时间看孙子。
 - ②He teaches my grandson how to handle a computer after hours. 他下班后教我孙子怎样操作电脑。

again and again adv. phr.

- □repeatedly, very often 一再,多次,再三
 - ① The teacher asked the students to practise the dialogue in pairs again and again. 老师让学生两人一组反复地练习对话。
 - ② Galileo tried the experiment again and again. 伽利略反复做了这个实

验。

agree about or in v. phr.

- □regard with favour 同意,赞同(对某事有相同看法,或就某事取得一致意见)
 - ①Have you agreed about the price yet? 你们就价格达成协议了吗?
 - ②I don't agree in their method. 我不 赞成他们的方法。
 - ③After that we could agree about the procedure of the meeting. 然后我们可以就会议程序达成协议。

agree on or upon v. phr.

- □reach a harmonious understanding about 就某一点上取得一致意见(双方决定)
 - ①I'm sorry we can't agree on this. 很遗憾我们在这一点上意见不一致。
 - ②They agreed on going. 他们同意要去。
 - ③Finally a detailed plan of work was agreed upon. 最后就详细的工作计划取得了一致意见。

agree to v. phr.

- □give consent to, accept(an idea, a plan, a suggestion)答应,接受(想法,计划,建议)
 - ①He didn't agree to our plan. 他不同意我们的计划。

Notes:此语中 to 是介词,后面常接表示想法、计划、建议等的名词。

- ②Has she agreed to go to the cinema with us? 她答应和我们一起去看电影吗?
- ③They agreed to help me. 他们同意帮助我。

Notes:在②③句子中 to 后接动词原形,表示同意做某事。

agree with v. phr.

□share the same view as 同意某人或某

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