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新大纲



大学英语四、六级 固定词组 精解

张志仁 刘晓洁 主编

考研适用

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前 言

本书是为非英语专业大学生编写的一本英语工具书,它收录了教学大纲规定的全部英语固定词组。

固定词组也称为成语,是一种固定的词语搭配。它主要有两个特点:一是形式上的凝固性,其中的词不可拆散、置换或颠倒;二是语义的单一性,固定词组的含义不是其中词词义的相加,固定词组是词的等价物,应视为词汇单位。

在英语的长期历史发展过程中形成了数以万计的固定词组,在现代英语的口语或笔语中常用的也有几千条。因此,识记固定词组和识记单词同等重要,对固定词组掌握得如何是一个人英语水平体现。

在英语四、六级统考的词汇试题中就包括固定词组试题。部分学生由于忽视对固定词组的学习和掌握,在应试时,往往望文生义,造成误解,选错答案。

为了帮助学生掌握固定词组,提高语言能力,适应大学英语四、六级统考的要求,编者认为需要有一本系统介绍英语固定词组的工具书,供学生参阅,本书就是为此而编写的。

全书共收录固定词组 1654 条,每条附有汉语释义,并配以例句说明用法,为了应对统考,本书精选了历年四、六级考试和研究生入学考试的试题以及部分精编的模拟题,并对全部试题进行了详细的评注;有些固定词组语义相似或相近,本书均做了辨析。

本书词条以词组的中心词首字母为序排列,以求与《大学英语教学大纲》中词组出现的先后顺序相吻合。为了便于读者按首字母查阅词条,本书附有词条索引。

本书难免有疏漏之处,切望读者和同仁不吝赐教。

编 者

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abandon oneself to

- ### ► 释义 ◀

沉溺于

- ### ►用法◀

He abandoned himself to despair after many failures. 多次失败令他悲观失望。

- ### ► 考题 ◀

After her mother died, she _____ herself to grief.

- A. adjusted B. abandoned C. subjected D. exposed

答案: B。句意: 自她母亲去世后, 她悲不自胜。四个选项均可与介词 to 搭配, abandon 意为“沉湎于”, 符合题意。adjust “适应”; subject “使服从, 使遭受”; expose “使处于……作用下, 曝光”。

with abandon

- ### ► 释义 ◀

1. 放任地, 放纵地 2. 纵情地

- ### ►用法◀

1. Didn't they find it offensive to scream and guffaw with abandon in dancing balls and restaurants? 他们在舞会上和饭店里恣意尖叫哄笑, 难道不感到失态无礼吗? 2. People were shouting and cheering with abandon. 人们兴高彩烈, 纵情欢呼。

- ### ► 考题 ◀

The girls jumped up and down and waved their arms _____.

- A. with ease

- B. for free

- C. at large

- D. with abandon

答案:D。句意:那些女孩子跳上跳下尽情地挥舞着手臂。with abandon意为“纵情地”,符合题意。with ease“容易地”;for free“免费地”;at large“逍遥法外地,详尽地”。

to the best of one's ability



- 释义 ◀ 尽自己最大努力
- 用法 ◀ I will do the work to the best of my ability. 我会竭尽全力做好此工作。
- 考题 ◀ I will carry out your instructions to the best of my _____.
A. knowledge B. belief
C. ability D. remembrance

答案:C。句意:我会尽最大努力执行你的命令。四个选项均可与 to the best of... 搭配成短语, to the best of one's ability 意为“竭尽全力”,符合题意。to the best of one's knowledge “据某人所知”; to the best of one's belief “在某人看来”; to the best of one's remembrance “就某人记忆所及”。

be about to (do)

- 释义 ◀ 刚要,即将
- 用法 ◀ I was about to go to bed when he called me up. 我正要上床睡觉,他打电话来了。
- 辨析 ◀ **be about to do ★ be going to do**

这两个结构都表示将来,但是 be about to do 比 be going to do 表示更近的将来,所以 tomorrow 等表示将来的副词(短语)可和 be going to do 连用,通常不能与 be about to do 连用。如:He was about to say something more, and then checked himself. 他正打算再多说两句,但克制住了自己。He had been going to take her to a concert that night, but he had a bad headache. 他本打算那天晚上带她去听音乐会,但他头痛得厉害。

- 考题 ◀ As I was _____ to say when you interrupted me.
A. about B. going C. likely D. apt
- 答案:**A。句意:我正要说的時候你插嘴了。be about to do sth. 意为“即将,正要”,符合题意。be going to do sth. “打算”; be likely to do “可能”; be apt to do “易于……”。

in the abstract

- 释义 ◀ 抽象地,在理论上
- 用法 ◀ Language in the abstract is our facility to talk to each other. 抽象意义上的语言是指人们交谈的能力。
- 考题 ◀ _____, we approve of the Golden Rule, “Do unto others as you would have them do unto you,” but we do not always follow it.
A. In sum B. In detail
C. In short D. In the abstract

答案:D。句意:从理论上讲,我们赞同这条金科玉律,“己所欲者,

乃施于人”，但我们并不总是按此行事。in the abstract 意为“在理论上”，符合题意。in sum“总之”；in detail“详细地”；in short“简言之”。

in abundance

► 释义 ◀

充足，丰富

► 用法 ◀

At the party there was food and drink in abundance. 聚餐会上食品和饮料都很丰富。

► 考题 ◀

She is planting vegetables in great _____ in one acre of land.

A. abundance B. number C. deal D. many

答案：A。句意：她要在一英亩的土地上大量种植蔬菜。in abundance 意为“充足”，符合题意。in number“在数目上”；C、D 项均不与 in 搭配。

by accident

► 释义 ◀

偶然

► 用法 ◀

He might cut himself by accident; he would not cut himself on purpose. 他可能意外地割伤自己，他不会故意割伤自己。

► 考题 ◀

The trip was a success, but more _____ than design.

A. for luck B. by accident
C. according to plan D. without accident

答案：B。句意：这次旅行成功完全是偶然的，不是预先计划的。by accident 意为“偶然”，符合题意。for luck “为了图吉利”；according to plan “按照计划”；without accident “平安无事”。

of one's own accord

► 释义 ◀

出于自愿，主动地

► 用法 ◀

It's better that she joins us of her own accord. 最好她自愿参加。

► 考题 ◀

The children went to bed of their own _____, because they were so tired.

A. accord B. will C. advice D. approval

答案：A。句意：孩子们自己上床睡觉去了，因为他们已经很疲倦。of one's own accord 意为“出于自愿，主动地”，符合题意。will 可以与 of 搭配，通常形式为 of one's own free will “自动地”；C、D 两项均不与 of 搭配。

in accord with

► 释义 ◀

与……一致，与……相符合

► 用法 ◀

The two sides are completely in accord (with each other) on this matter. 双方在这个问题上意见完全一致。

- 考题 ◀ Some of his projects were hardly in _____ with their fundamental interests.

A. comparison B. contrast C. accord D. touch

答案:C。句意:他的一些项目与他们的基本利益冲突。in accord with意为“与……一致”,符合题意。in comparison with“和……相比”;in contrast with“与……形成对比”;in touch with“与……保持联系”。

with one accord

- 释义 ◀ 一致地,一致同意地

- 用法 ◀ With one accord they all stood up and cheered. 他们全体一致起立欢呼。

- 考题 ◀ They protested _____ that they knew nothing about the stolen goods.

A. at times B. in private
C. in total D. with one accord

答案:D。句意:他们众口一词,申明对被偷货物一无所知。with one accord意为“一致地”,符合题意。at times“时常”;in private“在私下”,与句中 protest“声言,申明”意义不符;in total“总共”。

in accordance with

- 释义 ◀ 与……一致,依照,根据

- 用法 ◀ Everybody should act in accordance with law. 人人都要依法行事。

- 考题 ◀ The accounts have always been handled _____ the banks policies.

A. in accordance with B. in connection with
C. in contrast with D. in line with

答案:A。句意:帐目往往按照银行规定处理。in accordance with意为“按照,依据”,符合题意。in connection with“关于”;in contrast with“与……形成对比”;in line with“与……一致,与……成直线”,在句中作表语。

of no account

- 释义 ◀ 不重要的

- 用法 ◀ His achievements in art were of no account. 他在艺术上的成就微不足道。

- 考题 ◀ “Have you hurt your hand?” “It’s _____.”

A. of no value B. seriously C. of no account D. slightly

答案:C。句意:“你伤到手了吗?”“不要紧。”of no account意为“不重要的”,在此相当于“it doesn’t matter”,符合题意。of no value“没有价值”;seriously“严重地”,slightly“轻微地”,这两个词皆为副词,在句中应作状语。



on account of

►释义◀ 为了……的缘故,因为,由于

►用法◀ We delayed our departure on account of the bad weather. 由于天气不好,我们将启程的时间推迟了。

► 考题 ◀ The picnic was held in the gym _____ the rain.

- A. in the way of B. by means of
C. of no account D. on account of

答案:D。句意:野餐因下雨改在体育馆内举行。on account of 意为“因为,由于”,符合题意。in the way of “至于说”;by means of “用……,凭借……”;of no account “不重要的”。

on no account

►释义◀ 绝不,绝对不

►用法◀ We must give them full attention and must on no account be negligent.
我们必须全神贯注, 绝不能掉以轻心。On no account must this
switch be touched. 切莫动这个开关。

► 考题 ◀ _____ should any money be given to a small child.

- A. On no account B. From all accounts
C. Of no account D. By all accounts

CET-6(1991.6)

答案:A。句意:无论如何不能让小孩子手中有钱。on no account 意为“绝不”,放在句首引出倒装,符合题意。from all accounts 无此搭配;of no account“不重要的”;by all accounts“据说,根据报道”。

take account of/ take...into account

►释义◀ 考虑到,顾及,体谅

►用法◀ The teachers promised to take account of the wishes of the parents before making any changes. 教师们答应在作出变更之前要考虑家长的愿望。 His exam results were not very good, but we must take his long illness into account. 他的考试成绩不很好,但我们必须考虑到他曾长期生病。

► 考题 ◀ I'd _____ his reputation with other farmers and business people in the community, and then make a decision about whether or not to approve a loan.

- A. make out B. account for
C. take into account D. make up for

CET-4(2000.1)

答案:C。句意:我将从这个社区其他的农场主和商人那里得到信



息以考虑他的信誉,然后再决定是否同意一项贷款。take into account 意为“考虑”,符合题意。make out “看出,理解”;account for “说明……的原因”;make up for “补偿”。

act on

► 释义 ◀

1. 遵照……行动,奉行 2. 作用于,影响

► 用法 ◀

1. Acting on information received, the police raided the club. 警方根据所获情报,突然搜查了那个俱乐部。2. The medicine acted on his fever at once. 这药对他的高烧功效显著。

► 考题 ◀

Does the drug take long to act _____ the nerve centres?

A. as B. up C. for D. on

答案:D。句意:这药要过很长时间才对神经中枢发生作用吗? act on 意为“作用于,起作用”,符合题意。act as “充当,起……的作用”;act up “出毛病,捣蛋”;act for “代理”。

act up

► 释义 ◀

1. 出毛病,运转不正常 2. 耍脾气,捣蛋

► 用法 ◀

1. My old car is always acting up. 我的老爷车经常出毛病。2. The children always start acting up when we have visitors. 当我们有客人来访时,孩子们就会开始调皮捣蛋。

► 考题 ◀

The car _____ because the spark plugs were dirty.

A. acted on B. acted up
C. worked on D. worked up

答案:B。句意:因为火花塞脏了,所以汽车运转不正常。act up 意为“出毛病,捣蛋”,符合题意。act on “作用于”;work on “从事于”;work up “激发,制订出”。

in the act of

► 释义 ◀

正做……的过程中

► 用法 ◀

I caught him in the act of reading my private letters. 他正在读我的私人信件时,被我当场抓住了。

► 辨析 ◀

in the act of ★ in the course of

两个介词短语都表示“在……的过程中”,in the act of 强调正当从事某种行动之际,相当于 while,如:In the act of picking up the ball, he slipped and fell. 正当拾球之际,他失足跌倒。in the course of 侧重于事情的整个过程中,相当于 during,如:In the course of the discussion many constructive opinions were heard. 在讨论当中,听到了很多建设性的意见。

► 考题 ◀

The thief was caught in the _____ of breaking into the house.

答案:B。句意:我们收集到的有关那个案件的资料意义甚微。add up to 意为“意味着,总括起来”,符合题意。make up for “弥补”; come up with “提出,想出”; put up with “容忍,忍受”。

in addition

► 释义 ◀

另外,加之

► 用法 ◀

There was an earthquake and, in addition, there were tidal waves. 除了地震之外,还有海啸。

► 考题 ◀

Aunt Mary gave us sandwiches for our picnic and a bag of cookies _____.

A. in a sense

B. in a word

C. in brief

D. in addition

答案:D。句意:玛丽婶婶为我们的野餐准备了三明治,还有一包小甜饼。in addition 意为“另外”,符合题意。in a sense “在某种意义上”; in a word “总而言之”; in brief “简言之”。

in addition to

► 释义 ◀

除……之外(还)

► 用法 ◀

In addition to giving a general introduction to computers, the course also provides practical experience. 课程除了介绍一般电脑知识外,还提供实际操作的机会。

► 考题 ◀

_____ being used in industry, laser can be applied to operations in the hospital.

A. Except for

B. In addition to

C. Out of

D. In spite of

CET-4 样题

答案:B。句意:激光除了用于工业外,还用于医院的手术中。in addition to 意为“除了……之外(还)”,符合题意。except for “除了……外”,用于对其前面的句子整体加以修正说明,如: Except for an old lady, the bus was empty. 除一位老太太乘坐外,公共汽车内再无别人。out of “由于,出于”; in spite of “不顾,不管”。

in advance

► 释义 ◀

1. 在前面 2. 预先,事先

► 用法 ◀

1. The leader of the band marched in advance. 乐队指挥走在前面。Galileo's ideas were in advance of the age in which he lived. 伽利略的思想超越了他所生活的时代。2. Because of the popularity of the region, it is advisable to book hotels or camp sites in advance. 由于那个地区享有盛誉,所以事先预定旅馆和露营地是明智的。

- 考题 ◀ “We will reserve a room at a hotel.” “But payment should be made _____.”

A. for the first time B. for the present
C. in advance D. in any event

答案:C。句意:“我们要在旅馆里预定一个房间。”“但房费应该先付。”in advance 意为“事先,预先”,符合题意。for the first time “首次,初次”;for the present “目前,暂时”;in any event “无论怎样”。

take advantage of

- 释义 ◀ 利用,占……的便宜

- 用法 ◀ You should take advantage of the fine weather to paint the fence. 你应该利用这好天气给篱笆刷油漆。Don't take advantage of others' weakness. 不要利用别人的弱点占便宜。

- 考题 ◀ I'd like to take _____ of this opportunity to thank you all for your cooperation.

A. profit B. benefit
C. occasion D. advantage

答案:D。句意:我愿借此良机,对你们的合作表示谢意。take advantage of 意为“利用,趁……之机”,符合题意。A、B 两项不是固定搭配;take this/that occasion to do “借这个机会……”。

to advantage

- 释义 ◀ 有利地,使优点突出地

- 用法 ◀ You should lay out your money to the best advantage. 你应该对你的钱尽量善加利用。This frame will show off the painting to more advantage. 这个画框会使这幅画更显眼。

- 考题 ◀ Oil paintings appear _____ better advantage from a distance.

A. in B. to C. of D. for

答案:B。句意:油画从远处欣赏效果更好。to advantage 意为“使优点突出地”,符合题意。其它三个介词不与 advantage 搭配。

again and again

- 释义 ◀ 再三地,反复不止地

- 用法 ◀ I told them again and again to turn down the radio. 我一再告诉他们把收音机的音量关小。

- 考题 ◀ Children were told _____ not to go near the railway.

A. again and again B. now and again
C. once again D. over again

答案:A。句意:孩子们再三被叮嘱不要靠近铁路。again and again

意为“再三地”，符合题意。now and again“时而”；once again“再一次”，相当于 over again。

in the aggregate

► 释义 ◀

总共，作为总体

► 用法 ◀

The tax increases will, in the aggregate, cause much hardship. 增加税收归结起来将造成很多困难。

► 考题 ◀

These products, _____, account for about 80 % of all our sales.

A. in common

B. in particular

C. in the aggregate

D. in the number

答案：C。句意：这些产品总共约占我们全部销售额的 80 %。in the aggregate 意为“总共”，符合题意。in common “共用的，共有的”；in particular “特别”；D 项的正确搭配应为 in number “在数目上”。

ahead of

► 释义 ◀

比……提前，比……更早

► 用法 ◀

This has made it possible to fulfil our production plan ahead of time. 这使得有可能提前完成我们的生产计划了。

► 考题 ◀

The time in London is five hours _____ the time in New York.

A. in front of

B. ahead of

C. behind

D. beforehand

答案：B。句意：伦敦时间要比纽约时间早五个小时。ahead of 意为“比……更早”，符合题意。in front of “在……前面”，表示位置；behind “在……后面”；beforehand “预先，事先”。

clear the air

► 释义 ◀

消除误会(或猜疑等)

► 用法 ◀

The President's statement that he would run for office again cleared the air of rumours and guessing. 总统将再次参加竞选的声明消除了传言和猜疑。

► 考题 ◀

We had been annoyed with each other for weeks before we cleared the _____.

A. air

B. way

C. desks

D. throat

答案：A。句意：几周以来我们彼此在生对方的气，最后我们尽释前嫌。clear the air 意为“消除误会(或猜疑等)”，符合题意。clear the way “扫清道路”；clear the desks “准备行动”；clear one's throat “清嗓子”。

in the air



- 释义 ◀ 流传中
- 用法 ◀ There is talk in the air of a Depression—and what does that mean?
人们对经济大萧条的传闻议论纷纷,那是什么意思?
- 考题 ◀ Although the change in personnel has been kept secret, some rumors about it are already _____ the air all over the whole company.
A. on B. off C. by D. in

答案:D。句意:虽然人事变动一直保密,但有些谣传已经在全公司散布开了。in the air 意为“在流传中,在谣传中”,符合题意。on the air “播送”;off the air “停播”;by the air 不成立,正确的搭配为 by air “乘飞机,由航空”。

off the air

- 释义 ◀ 停播
- 用法 ◀ Why has that station gone off the air? 那家电台为什么停止广播了?
- 考题 ◀ We will be _____ the air for the summer and returning for a new series in the autumn.
A. off B. on C. in D. at

答案:A。句意:我们将于夏季停播,于秋季播放一套新节目。off the air 意为“停播”,符合题意。on the air “播送”;in the air “流传中”;D项无此搭配。

on the air

- 释义 ◀ 广播
- 用法 ◀ The President will be on the air at 9:15 p.m. 总统将于晚九时十五分作广播演说。
- 考题 ◀ They said that the football match would be put _____ at 10 tonight.
A. in the air B. on the air C. off the air D. for the air

答案:B。句意:他们说这场足球赛今晚十点播送。on the air 意为“播送”,符合题意。in the air “流传中”;off the air “停播”;D项无此搭配。

up in the air

- 释义 ◀ 悬而未决的
- 用法 ◀ We go to Paris on Monday, but after that all our plans are up in the air.
我们星期一去巴黎,但此后的计划尚未决定。
- 考题 ◀ We may be going skiing at Christmas, but it's still all _____.

A. for sure B. for certain C. up in the air D. unlikely
答案:C。句意:我们圣诞节可能去滑雪,但还没有定下来。up in the air 意为“未定的”,符合题意。for sure “必定,一定”;for certain

