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# 前 言

本书是高级英语第一册(Advanced English, Book I)的续编。

本书收集的 14 篇课文皆为本世纪现代英语的原文,除其中两篇课文的个别地方外,文章一概未做任何删改或压缩。课文的难度逐渐增加。课文的题材和体裁力求广泛、多样,以利于学生扩大知识面和接触不同的文体。课文的篇幅比较适中,文字规范化,适于精读分析。

本书的练习项目一部分与上册相同(如内容问答,词汇、构词法、修辞手段等方面的练习),目的在于复习巩固已学到的知识,另外增加了写注释、课文写作技巧分析、写作练习等新的项目。这些练习的目的是:第一,提高学生的独立工作能力,引导学生学会查找有关参考书,并使学生自己动手写注释、做笔记。第二,培养学生分析欣赏写作技巧的能力。在掌握课文内容的基础上,学生还应该注意文章的结构、语言的特点以及各种写作技巧的运用。为配合分析课文的写作技巧,安排了写作练习,包括句子、段落等方面的主要项目。

为了培养学生自己查找工具书的习惯,书后附有参考书单 (List of Suggested Reference Books),推荐一部分常用的词典、百科全书及其他方面的工具书,其中一部分已附在各课练习的[SRB] (即: Suggested Reference Books) 一项下面。每课课文后面附有注释,凡在学生常用的词典(如:新英汉词典, Webster's New World

Dictionary of the American Language, The Concise Oxford Dictionary) 中能够查到的语言现象或背景知识,都未加注释。为读者使用方便,课文的段落都标了号码。

由于编写时间较紧,编者的水平有限,本书不免存在缺点和不妥之处,欢迎使用者提出批评与建议。

编者

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# Face to Face with Hurricane Camille

Joseph P. Blank

- 1 John Koshak, Jr., knew that Hurricane Camille would be bad. Radio and television warnings had sounded throughout that Sunday, last August 17, as Camille lashed northwestward across the Gulf of Mexico. It was certain to pummel Gulfport, Miss., where the Koshaks lived. Along the coasts of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama, nearly 150, 000 people fled inland to safer ground. But, like thousands of others in the coastal communities, John was reluctant to abandon his home unless the family his wife, Janls, and their seven children, aged 3 to 11 was clearly endangered.
- 2 Trying to reason out the best course of action, he talked with his father and mother, who had moved into the ten-room house with the Koshaks a month earlier from California. He also consulted Charles Hill, a longtime friend, who had driven from Las Vegas for a visit.
- 3 John, 37 whose business was right there in his home (he designed and developed educational toys and supplies, and all of Magna Products' correspondence, engi-

neering drawings and art work were there on the first floor) — was familiar with the power of a hurricane. Four years earlier, Hurricane Betsy had demolished his former home a few miles west of Gulfport (Koshak had moved his family to a motel for the night). But that house had stood only a few feet above sea level. "We're elevated 23 feet," he told his father, "and we're a good 250 yards from the sea. The place has been here since 1915, and no hurricane has ever bothered it. We'll probably be as safe here as anyplace else."

- 4 The elder Koshak, a gruff, warmhearted expert machinist of 67, agreed. "We can batten down and ride it out," he said. "If we see signs of danger, we can get out before dark."
- 5 The men methodically prepared for the hurricane. Since water mains might be damaged, they filled bathtubs and pails. A power failure was likely, so they checked out batteries for the portable radio and flashlights, and fuel for the lantern. John's father moved a small generator into the downstairs hallway, wired several light bulbs to it and prepared a connection to the refrigerator.
- 6 Rain fell steadily that afternoon; gray clouds scudded in from the Gulf on the rising wind. The family had an early supper. A neighbor, whose husband was in Vietnam, asked if she and her two children could sit out the storm with the Koshaks. Another neighbor came by on his way inland would the Koshaks mind taking care of his dog?
- 7 It grew dark before seven o'clock. Wind and rain now whipped the house. John sent his oldest son and daugh-

ter upstairs to bring down mattresses and pillows for the younger children. He wanted to keep the group together on one floor. "Stay away from the windows," he warned, concerned about glass flying from storm-shattered panes. As the wind mounted to a roar, the house began leaking — the rain seemingly driven right through the walls. With mops, towels, pots and buckets the Koshaks began a struggle against the rapidly spreading water. At 8:30, power failed, and Pop Koshak turned on the generator.

- 8 The roar of the hurricane now was overwhelming. The house shook, and the ceiling in the living room was falling piece by piece. The French doors in an upstairs room blew in with an explosive sound, and the group heard gunlike reports as other upstairs windows disintegrated. Water rose above their ankles.
- 9 Then the front door started to break away from its frame. John and Charlie put their shoulders against it, but a blast of water hit the house, flinging open the door and shoving them down the hall. The generator was doused, and the lights went out. Charlie licked his lips and shouted to John. "I think we're in real trouble. That water tasted salty." The sea had reached the house, and the water was rising by the minute!
- 10 "Everybody out the back door to the cars!" John yelled. "We'll pass the children along between us. Count them! Nine!"
- .11 The children went from adult to adult like buckets in a fire brigade. But the cars wouldn't start; the electrical systems had been killed by water. The wind was too

strong and the water too deep to flee on foot. "Back to the house!" John yelled. "Count the children! Count nine!"

- 12 As they scrambled back, John ordered, "Everybody on the stairs!" Frightened, breathless and wet, the group settled on the stairs, which were protected by two interior walls. The children put the cat, Spooky, and a box with her four kittens on the landing. She peered nervously at her litter. The neighbor's dog curled up and went to sleep.
- 13 The wind sounded like the roar of a train passing a few yards away. The house shuddered and shifted on its foundations. Water inched its way up the steps as first-floor outside walls collapsed. No one spoke. Everyone knew there was no escape; they would live or die in the house.
- 14 Charlie Hill had more or less taken responsibility for the neighbor and her two children. The mother was on the verge of panic. She clutched his arm and kept repeating, "I can't swim, I can't swim."
- 15 "You won't have to," he told her, with outward calm. "It's bound to end soon."
- 16 Grandmother Koshak reached an arm around her husband's shoulder and put her mouth close to his ear. "Pop," she said, "I love you." He turned his head and answered, "I love you" and his voice lacked its usual gruffness.
- 17 John watched the water lap at the steps, and felt a crushing guilt. He had underestimated the ferocity of Camille. He had assumed that what had never happened could not happen. He held his head between his hands, and

silently prayed: "Get us through this mess, will You?"

- 18 A moment later, the hurricane, in one mighty swipe, lifted the entire roof off the house and skimmed it 40 feet through the air. The bottom steps of the staircase broke apart. One wall began crumbling on the marooned group.
- 19 Dr. Robert H. Simpson, director of the National Hurricane Center in Miami, Fla., graded Hurricane Camille as "the greatest recorded storm ever to hit a populated area in the Western Hemisphere." In its concentrated breadth of some 70 miles it shot out winds of nearly 200 m. p.h. and raised tides as high as 30 feet. Along the Gulf Coast it devastated everything in its swath: 19,467 homes and 709 small businesses were demolished or severely damaged. it seized a 600,000-gallon Gulfport oil tank and dumped it  $3\frac{1}{2}$  miles away. It tore three large cargo ships from their moorings and beached them. Telephone poles and 20-inch-thick pines cracked like guns as the winds snapped them.
- 20 To the west of Gulfport, the town of Pass Christian was virtually wiped out. Several vacationers at the luxurious Richelieu Apartments there held a hurricane party to watch the storm from their spectacular vantage point. Richelieu Apartments were smashed apart as if by a gigantic fist, and 26 people perished.
- 21 Seconds after the roof blew off the Koshak house, John yelled, "Up the stairs into our bedroom! Count the kids." The children huddled in the slashing rain within the

circle of adults. Grandmother Koshak implored, "Children, let's sing!" The children were too frightened to respond. She carried on alone for a few bars; then her voice trailed away.

- 22 Debris flew as the living-room fireplace and its chimney collapsed. With two walls in their bedroom sanctuary beginning to disintegrate, John ordered, "Into the television room!" This was the room farthest from the direction of the storm.
- 23 For an instant, John put his arm around his wife. Janis understood. Shivering from the wind and rain and fear, clutching two children to her, she thought, Dear Lord, give me the strength to endure what I have to. She felt anger against the hurricane. We won't let it win.
- 24 Pop Koshak raged silently, frustrated at not being able to do anything to fight Camille. Without reason, he dragged a cedar chest and a double mattress from a bedroom into the TV room. At that moment, the wind tore out one wall and extinguished the lantern. A second wall moved, wavered, Charlie Hill tried to support it, but it toppled on him, injuring his back. The house, shuddering and rocking, had moved 25 feet from its foundations. The world seemed to be breaking apart.
- 25 "Let's get that mattress up!" John shouted to his father. "Make it a lean-to against the wind. Get the kids under it. We can prop it up with our heads and shoulders!"
- 26 The larger children sprawled on the floor, with the smaller ones in a layer on top of them, and the adults bent over all nine. The floor tilted. The box containing the litter

of kittens slid off a shelf and vanished in the wind. Spooky flew off the top of a sliding bookcase and also disappeared. The dog cowered with eyes closed. A third wall gave way. Water lapped across the slanting floor. John grabbed a door which was still hinged to one closet wall. "If the floor goes," he yelled at his father, "let's get the kids on this."

- 27 In that moment, the wind slightly diminished, and the water stopped rising. Then the water began receding. The main thrust of Camille had passed. The Koshaks and their friends had survived.
- 28 With the dawn, Gulfport people started coming back to their homes. They saw human bodies more than 130 men, women and children died along the Mississippi coast and parts of the beach and highway were strewn with dead dogs, cats, cattle. Strips of clothing festooned the standing trees, and blowndown power lines coiled like black spaghetti over the roads.
- 29 None of the returnees moved quickly or spoke loudly; they stood shocked, trying to absorb the shattering scenes before their eyes. "What do we do?" they asked. "Where do we go?"
- 30 By this time, organizations within the area and, in effect, the entire population of the United States had come to the aid of the devastated coast. Before dawn, the Mississippi National Guard and civil-defense units were moving in to handle traffic, guard property, set up communications centers, help clear the debris and take the homeless by truck and bus to refugee centers. By 10 a.m., the Salvation Army's canteen trucks and Red Cross volunteers and

staffers were going wherever possible to distribute hot drinks, food, clothing and bedding.

- 31 From hundreds of towns and cities across the country came several million dollars in donations; household and medical supplies streamed in by plane, train, truck and car. The federal government shipped 4, 400, 000 pounds of food, moved in mobile homes, set up portable classrooms, opened offices to provide low-interest, long-term business loans.
- 32 Camille, meanwhile, had raked its way northward across Mississippi, dropping more than 28 inches of rain into West Virginia and southern Virginia, causing rampaging floods, huge mountain slides and 111 additional deaths before breaking up over the Atlantic Ocean.
- 33 Like many other Gulfport families, the Koshaks quickly began reorganizing their lives. John divided his family in the homes of two friends. The neighbor with her two children went to a refugee center. Charlie Hill found a room for rent. By Tuesday, Charlie's back had improved, and he pitched in with Seabees in the worst volunteer work of all—searching for bodies. Three days after the storm, he decided not to return to Las Vegas, but to "remain in Gulfport and help rebuild the community."
- 34 Near the end of the first week, a friend offered the Koshaks his apartment, and the family was reunited. The children appeared to suffer no psychological damage from their experience; they were still awed by the incomprehensible power of the hurricane, but enjoyed describing what they had seen and heard on that frightful night. Janis had just one delayed reaction. A few nights after the hurri-

cane, she awoke suddenly at 2 a.m. She quietly got up and went outside. Looking up at the sky and, without knowing she was going to do it, she began to cry softly.

- 35 Meanwhile, John, Pop and Charlie were picking through the wreckage of the home. It could have been depressing, but it wasn't: each salvaged item represented a little victory over the wrath of the storm. The dog and cat suddenly appeared at the scene, alive and hungry.
- 36 But the blues did occasionally afflict all the adults. Once, in a low mood, John said to his parents, "I wanted you here so that we would all be together, so you could enjoy the children, and look what happened."
- 37 His father, who had made up his mind to start a welding shop when living was normal again, said, "Let's not cry about what's gone. We'll just start all over."
- 38 "You're great," John said. "And this town has a lot of great people in it. It's going to be better here than it ever was before."
- 39 Later, Grandmother Koshak reflected: "We lost practically all our possessions, but the family came through it. When I think of that, I realize we lost nothing important."

(from *Rhetoric and Literature* by P. Joseph Canavan)

#### **Notes**

 Joseph P. Blank: The writer published "Face to Face with Hurricane Camille" in the Reader's Digest, March 1970.

- 2. Hurricane Camille: In the United States hurricanes are named alphabetically and given the names of people like Hurricane Camille, Hurricane Betsy, and so on; whereas in China Typhoons are given serial numbers like Typhoon No. 1, Typhoon No. 2 and so on.
- 3. The Salvation Army: A Protestant religious body devoted to the conversion of, and social work among the poor, and characterized by use of military titles, uniforms, etc. It was founded in 1878 by "General" Booth in London; now worldwide in operation.
- 4. Red Cross: an international organization (in full International Red Cross), founded in 1864 with headquarters and branches in all countries signatory to the Geneva Convention, for the relief of suffering in time of war or disaster

# EXERCISES

#### I . Write a short note of about 100 words on Las Vegas.

Suggested Reference Books[SRB]

- 1. any standard gazetteer
- 2. Encyclopedia Americana
- 3. Encyclopaedia Britannica

#### I . Questions on content:

- 1. Why did John Koshak decide to stay and face the dangers of a devastating hurricane?
- 2. What does "Magna Products" stand for?

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- 3. Why did Charlie think they were in real trouble when he found the water tasted salty?
- 4. Why did Grandmother Koshak, at this critical moment, tell her husband she loved him?
- 5. Why did John Koshak feel a crushing guilt?
- 6. Why did Grandmother Koshak ask the children to sing?
- 7. What did Janis understand when John put his arm around her?

#### **II**. Questions on appreciation:

- 1. What is the organizational pattern of this piece of narration? How would you classify the first six paragraphs?
- 2. What does the writer focus chiefly on developing character, action (plot), or idea (theme)?
- 3. Who is the protagonist or leading character in the story?
- 4. What opposing forces make up the conflict?
- 5. How does the writer build up and sustain the suspense in the story?
- 6. How does the writer give order and logical movement to the sequence of happenings?
- 7. At what point in the story does the action reach its highest point?
- 8. At what point would you have ended the story? Why?
- 9. Is the last paragraph important? Why?

#### N. Paraphrase:

- 1. We're elevated 23 feet. (para 3)
- 2. The place has been here since 1915, and no hurricane has ever bothered it. (para 3)

- 3. We can batten down and ride it out. (para 4)
- 4. The generator was doused, and the lights went out. (para 9)
- 5. Everybody out the back door to the cars! (para 10)
- 6. The electrical systems had been killed by water. (para 11)
- 7. John watched the water lap at the steps, and felt a crushing guilt. (para 17)
- 8. Get us through this mess, will You? (para 17)
- 9. She carried on alone for a few bars; then her voice trailed away. (para 21)
- 10. Janis had just one delayed reaction. (para 34)

#### V. Translate paras 21-27 into Chinese.

# **V**I. Look up the dictionary and explain the meaning of the italicized words:

- 1. since the water mains might be damaged (para 5)
- 2. sit out the storm with the Koshaks (para 6)
- 3. another neighbor came by on his way inland (para 6)
- 4. the French doors in an upstairs room blew in (para 8)
- 5. the generator was doused (para 9)
- 6. the electrical systems had been killed by water (para 11)
- 7. it devasted everything in its swath (para 19)
- 8. she carried on alone for a few bars (para 21)
- 9. make it a lean-to against the wind (para 25)
- 10. and he pitched in with Seabees in the worst volunteer work of all (para 33)

#### **M**. Discriminate the following groups of synonyms:

1. demolish, destroy, raze, annihilate

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