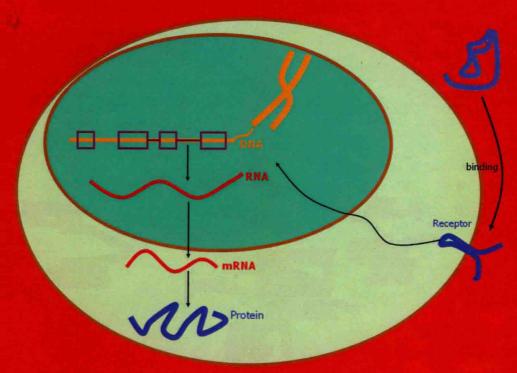
# Advances in Statistical Bioinformatics

Models and Integrative Inference for High-Throughput Data



Edited by Kim-Anh Do Zhaohui Steve Qin Marina Vannucci

# ADVANCES IN STATISTICAL BIOINFORMATICS

Models and Integrative Inference for High-Throughput Data

# Edited by KIM-ANH DO

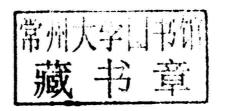
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#### ADVANCES IN STATISTICAL BIOINFORMATICS

Providing genome-informed personalized treatment is a goal of modern medicine. Identifying new translational targets in nucleic acid characterizations is an important step toward that goal. The information tsunami produced by such genome-scale investigations is stimulating parallel developments in statistical methodology and inference, analytical frameworks, and computational tools.

Within the context of genomic medicine and with a strong focus on cancer research, this book describes the integration of high-throughput bioinformatics data from multiple platforms to inform our understanding of the functional consequences of genomic alterations. This includes rigorous and scalable methods for simultaneously handling diverse data types such as gene expression array, miRNA, copy number, methylation, and next-generation sequencing data.

This material is written for statisticians who are interested in modeling and analyzing high-throughput data. Chapters by experts in the field offer a thorough introduction to the biological and technical principles behind multiplatform high-throughput experimentation.

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#### Preface

Providing genome-informed personalized treatment is an important goal of modern medicine. Identifying new translational targets in nucleic acid characterizations is an important step toward that goal. The information tsunami produced by such genome-scale investigations is stimulating parallel developments in statistical methodology and inference, analytical frameworks, and computational tools. Within the context of genomic medicine and with a strong focus on cancer research, this book describes the integration of high-throughput bioinformatics data from multiple platforms to inform our understanding of the functional consequences of genomic alterations. This includes rigorous and scalable methods for simultaneously handling diverse data types such as gene expression array, miRNA, copy number, methylation, and next-generation sequencing data. This book is intended for statisticians who are interested in modeling and analyzing high-throughput data. It covers the development and application of rigorous statistical methods (Bayesian and non-Bayesian) in the analysis of high-throughput bioinformatics data that arise from problems in medical and cancer research and molecular and structural biology. The specific focus of the volume is to provide an overview of the current state of the art of methods to integrate novel high-throughput multiplatform bioinformatics data, for a better understanding of the functional consequences of genomic alterations. The introductory description of biological and technical principles behind multiplatform high-throughput experimentation may be helpful to statisticians who are new to this research area.

Chapter 1 provides a detailed introduction to the next-generation highthroughput technology platforms that are the main workhorses in today's biomedical research laboratories and sets the scene for the subsequent methodology chapters. This chapter is mainly aimed at nonbiologists and details the unique measurement technologies, including next-generation DNA sequencing, genome profiling, and gene silencing, with associated idiosyncrasies for xii Preface

the different platforms. It also generates an overall outline of issues that statistical methodologies can address. Chapter 2 briefly describes The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA) project, an ambitious undertaking of the National Institutes of Health to identify all key genomic changes in the major types and subtypes of cancer. The description includes the history and goals of the TCGA project; how samples are collected and analyzed on multiple platforms; how the resulting data are processed, stored, and made available to qualified researchers; and what tools can be used to analyze TCGA data.

Subsequent chapters focus on specific methodological developments and are grouped approximately by the data types, with several chapters discussing the integration of at least two different data types. The central statistical topics addressed include experimental design, model building, group comparisons, regulatory networks, Bayesian networks, and gene interactions. The general theme of each chapter is to review existing methods, followed by a specific novel method developed by the author(s). Results are often demonstrated on simulated data and/or a real application data set. Additionally, relevant software may be discussed.

Chapter 3 describes a novel statistical method for analyzing the new array-based sequencing data. The novel method named SRMA increases the accuracy of identifying rare variants and thereby reduces the costs of subsequent sequence verifications. Chapters 4 and 5 discuss statistical approaches for quantifying gene expression and differential expression using RNA-seq data. Chapter 4 covers a wide range of topics, from read mapping, transcriptome assembly, and normalization to Poisson models to measure gene expression levels, methods to detect differentially expressed transcripts, and transcripts showing allelic imbalance. Chapter 5 focuses on transcript-level expression quantification using model-based methods. The authors provide a detailed review of six major approaches and discuss the advantages and limitations of all the methods. The authors then conduct performance comparisons using a series of real data sets to help researchers gain in-depth understanding of RNA-seq data.

Chapter 6 reviews a Bayesian approach for base calling, which uses a hierarchical model to account for the different sources of noise in the Solexa sequencing data. Chapters 7 and 8 survey statistical methodologies and Bayesian modeling for the analysis of ChIP sequencing data. Chapter 7 offers a detailed overview of the ChIP-seq experiment and steps required in the data analysis part, including read mapping, peak-calling, validation, and motif analysis. All main algorithms designed for the analysis of ChIP-seq data are discussed. In Chapter 8, the authors present a detailed description of the PICS/PING framework they have developed to analyze transcription factor and nucleosome

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positioning ChIP-seq data. Chapters 9 through 11 discuss advanced statistical approaches for conducting association tests, particularly under the setting of genome-wide association study (GWAS). Chapter 9 surveys the standard methods of analysis for GWAS data, compares them with the underlying genetic model, and describes statistical approaches, such as penalized methods, that have attempted to bridge the gap between the theoretical models and the methods of analysis, with particular emphasis on Bayesian methods. Chapter 10 describes Bayesian techniques that can improve the reliability of inference through the incorporation of prior biological knowledge in SNP association studies. These methods can be used to identify the subset of SNPs most relevant to the disease under study and construct effective estimates that reflect uncertainty over model choice. The authors conclude with a brief discussion of Bayesian modeling and variable selection approaches for genome-wide association studies. Chapter 11 reviews recent developments in multi-SNP analysis, focusing on Bayesian variable selection regression, and compares them with penalized regression approaches. The authors explain the advantage of multi-SNP analysis in quantifying the total heritable signal in the data, including an interesting approach that can achieve this goal without identifying individual SNPs. The authors also discuss machine learning methods approaches for binary phenotypes.

Chapter 12 describes the problem of interpreting copy number data in the context of cancer research, specifically the problems that arise because of tumor ploidies significantly different from normal and the impact of normal DNA contamination of tumor samples, especially those from solid tumors. The authors then review a model that enables recovery of the copy number alterations in the tumor DNA from estimates of the tumor DNA fraction and ploidy, along with several algorithms for estimating these model parameters. Chapters 13 through 16 deal with integrated data analysis. Chapter 13 describes Bayesian variable selection models for integrative genomics. The authors first look into models that incorporate external biological information into the analysis of experimental data, in particular gene expression data. The authors then focus on Bayesian models that achieve an even greater type of integration, by incorporating into the modeling experimental data from different platforms, together with prior knowledge. In particular, they apply graphical models to integrate gene expression data with microRNA expression data. In Chapter 14, the authors discuss the problem of modeling the fundamental biological relationships among different types of genomic alterations surveyed in the same set of patient samples. The authors illustrate how to solve the problem using an objective Bayesian model selection approach for Gaussian graphical models and use the glioblastoma study in The Cancer Genome Atlas as an example. Three data xiv Preface

types, microRNA, gene expression, and patient survival time, are used in this integration study. Chapter 15 presents several recent statistical formulations and analysis methods for differential co-expression analysis and for multitissue gene expression data analysis and methods for eQTL analysis based on RNA-seq data. Chapter 16 considers the joint modeling of microarray RNA expression and DNA copy number data. The authors propose Bayesian mixture models for the observed copy numbers and gene expression measurements that define latent Gaussian probit scores for DNA and RNA and integrate the two platforms via a regression of the RNA probit scores on the DNA probit scores.

Chapter 17 through 19 discuss emerging ideas in genomic data analysis. Chapter 17 reviews the basic framework of Bayesian sparse factor modeling, a highly flexible and versatile approach for multivariate analysis, and describes its applications in bioinformatics, such as in transcription regulatory network inference and biological pathway analysis. In Chapter 18, the authors discuss applying the survival-supervised latent Dirichlet allocation (survLDA) model to utilize rich, diverse data types, such as high-throughput genomic information from multiple platforms, to make informed decisions for a particular patient's well-being, for personalized genomic medicine. The authors use simulation studies to understand what conditions can lead to an increased predictive power of survLDA. In Chapter 19, the author discusses how to achieve reliable estimation and variable selection in the linear model in the presence of high collinearity. The author examines deficiencies of the elastic net and argues in favor of a little-known competitor, the "Berhu" penalized least squares estimator, for high-dimensional regression analyses of genomic data.

Chapter 20 provides a simple, practical, and comprehensive technique for measuring consistency of molecular classification results across microarray platforms, without requiring subjective judgments about membership of samples in putative clusters. This methodology will be of value in consistently typing breast and other cancers across different studies and platforms in the future. Chapter 21 surveys a variety of pathway analysis methodologies for functional enrichment testing and discusses their strengths and weaknesses. A study of the gene expression profile differences between metastatic and localized prostate cancer is used for illustration. Chapter 22 discusses the problem of recovering progression patterns from high-dimensional data. The author argues that if the ordering of the cancer samples can be recovered, such ordering layout trajectories may reflect certain aspects of cancer progression and therefore lead to a better understanding of the disease. The final chapter, Chapter 23, reviews the evolving aims of phylogenetic inference, with successful insights derived from modern viral surveillance, and the techniques that can help to overcome the computational limitations of Bayesian phylogenetic inference.

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We thank our colleagues, friends, and collaborators for contributing their ideas and insights to this collection. We are excited by the continuing opportunities for statistical developments in the area of integrated high-throughput bioinformatics data. We hope our readers will enjoy reading about new technology advances and new trends in statistical development.

Kim-Anh Do Zhaohui Steve Qin Marina Vannucci

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