

英语基础训练

ENGLISH
BASICS

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目 录

第一编 填空与翻译

- Ex. 1 a/an/the (1)
- Ex. 2 be (am/is/are) + 名词 (4)
- Ex. 3 名词单复数 (5)
- Ex. 4 be + 形容词/副词/介词短语 (7)
- Ex. 5 动词 be 的否定式、疑问式
及其简略回答 (9)
- Ex. 6 too/either (10)
- Ex. 7 动词 have/has 与 there be (12)
- Ex. 8 不可数名词 (16)
- Ex. 9 表示地点的介词 (18)
- Ex. 10 人称代词、物主代词及反身代词 (20) △ D?
- Ex. 11 所有格 of / -'s (24)
- Ex. 12 祈使句 (26)
- Ex. 13 感叹句 (27) ✓
- Ex. 14 数词 (29)
- Ex. 15 现在进行时 (30)
- Ex. 16 行为动词一般现在时 (32)
- Ex. 17 always/usually/often/
sometimes/seldom/never (33)
- Ex. 18 时态复习 (I): 一般现在时/
现在进行时 (35)
- Ex. 19 动词 be 的一般过去时 (37)

- Ex. 20 规则动词的一般过去时.....(38)
- Ex. 21 不规则动词的一般过去时.....(39)
- Ex. 22 时态复习 (I): 一般现在时 / 现在进行
时 / 一般过去时.....(41)
- Ex. 23 be going to(43)
- Ex. 24 一般将来时.....(45)
- Ex. 25 表示时间的介词.....(49)
- Ex. 26 before / ago ; after / in(50)
- Ex. 27 时态复习 (II): 一般现在时 / 现在进行
时 / 一般过去时 / be go-
ing to / 一般将来时 ... (52)
- Ex. 28 one / another (one) / other /
each other (one another).....(54)
- Ex. 29 both / all / every / each /
neither / none(56)
- Ex. 30 some / any(59)
- Ex. 31 somebody (someone) /
anybody (anyone) /
everybody (everyone) /
nobody (no one) /
something / anything /
everything / nothing(60)
- Ex. 32 much / many / a lot of ;
little / few ; a little / a few.....(63)
- Ex. 33 特殊问句.....(68)
- Ex. 34 can / may / must / cannot (can't) /
mustn't / needn't(69)

- Ex. 35 have (breakfast/a cold/
a meeting etc.) 和 have to (71)
- Ex. 36 副词 (74)
- Ex. 37 as...as/not as (so)...as;
more...than/-er than;
the most/the -est..... (76)
- Ex. 38 ✓ the same...as/different
from/like..... (80)
- Ex. 39 现在完成时 (82)
- Ex. 40 时态复习 (W): 一般现在时/现在进行
时/一般过去时/一般
将来时/现在完成时..... (85)
- Ex. 41 介词短语作定语 (88)
- Ex. 42 ✓ by/on/in/with (91)
- Ex. 43 直接宾语和间接宾语 (92)
- Ex. 44 shall/will/should/
would/may/must..... (95)
- Ex. 45 连系动词: look/become/
get/seem/feel/turn (97)
- Ex. 46 动词+介词/副词+宾语 (99)
- Ex. 47 ✓ too...to/enough to (102)
- Ex. 48 I. for/during/
before/after/until
I. 介词复习 (104)
- Ex. 49 ✓ so/neither (110)
- Ex. 50 already/still/yet/any more (112)
- Ex. 51 选择问句/否定问句/反意问句 (115)

Ex. 52 被动语态 (119)

Ex. 53 现在完成进行时 (123)

Ex. 54 过去进行时 (126)

Ex. 55 过去完成时 (128)

Ex. 56 过去完成进行时 (131)

Ex. 57 时态复习(V):一般现在时/现在进行时/
现在完成时/现在完成进行
时/一般过去时/过去进行
时/过去完成时/过去完成
进行时 (133)

Ex. 58 it 作主语的用法 (137)

Ex. 59 不定式作宾语/宾语补语 (139)

Ex. 60 不定式作定语/表语 (141)

Ex. 61 不定式作状语 (143)

Ex. 62 be + 不定式 (145)

EX. 63 动名词作主语/宾语/
介词宾语/表语 (147)

Ex. 64 现在分词作表语/定语/状语/
宾语补语/主语补语/独立结构 (150)

Ex. 65 I. 过去分词作表语/定语/状语/
宾语补语/主语补语
II. 非限定动词复习 (156)

Ex. 66 as well/as well as/
not only... but (also) (164)

Ex. 67 and/but/or/however/
therefore (167)

Ex. 68 主语从句/表语从句/宾语从句 (169)

Ex. 69	直接引语和间接引语.....	(173)
Ex. 70	定语从句.....	(177)
Ex. 71	状语从句.....	(181)
Ex. 72	whoever/whatever/whenever/ whichever/wherever	(186)
Ex. 73	so...that/so that/in order that...	(187)
Ex. 74	独立结构.....	(188)
Ex. 75	wish 句子	(191)
Ex. 76	非真实条件句.....	(192)
Ex. 77	no sooner...than/hardly...when/ it is not long...before	(194)

第二编 选 择

Ex. 78	动词时态和语态.....	(197)
Ex. 79	情态动词.....	(215)
Ex. 80	词类与词义.....	(219)
Ex. 81	疑问句、祈使句和感叹句.....	(236)
Ex. 82	主语和谓语一致.....	(242)
Ex. 83	主从复合句和并列句.....	(248)
Ex. 84	非限定动词.....	(260)
Ex. 85	名词与冠词.....	(275)
Ex. 86	代词.....	(279)
Ex. 87	形容词、副词和数词.....	(286)
1 Ex. 88	介词.....	(296)

第三编 改 错

Ex. 89	名词.....	(306)
Ex. 90	冠词.....	(309)

Ex. 91	代词.....	(311)
Ex. 92	形容词和副词.....	(314)
Ex. 93	情态动词.....	(318)
Ex. 94	非限定动词.....	(320)
Ex. 95	时态与语态.....	(323)
Ex. 96	连接词.....	(328)
Ex. 97	介词.....	(329)
Ex. 98	主谓一致.....	(333)
Ex. 99	词序.....	(337)
Ex. 100	否定句.....	(340)
Ex. 101	用词.....	(341)
Ex. 102	并行结构.....	(344)

第四编 阅读与理解 (346)

附录 练习答案

一、填空与翻译	(356)
二、选择	(424)
三、改错	(429)
四、阅读与理解	(429)

第一编 填空与翻译

Exercise 1 A/AN/THE

A. 填入 a 或 an:

1. a cat, an ox, a horse, an umbrella, a university, a young worker, a old worker, a French book, a English book, an hour and a half
2. English is a useful language.
3. Have you an uncle? No, I have no uncle. I have only an aunt.
4. This is a yellow pencil.
5. He is telling me a old story, but it is a interesting story.
6. His wife is not a European. She is an American.
7. Give him a orange.
8. Li's father is a oil worker in Daqing.
9. It takes them only a hour to build a house.
10. This is not a apple, it is a ink-bottle.
11. John is a university student.

B. 在需要的地方填入 the, a 或 an:

1. The old man had a son and a daughter.

___ son was nine. ___ daughter was only five.

2. There is ___ picture on ___ wall. It is ___ nice picture. I like ___ picture very much.

3. The sun rises in the east and sets in the west.

4. The Huanghe River is one of the longest rivers in X China.

5. That is ___ book you are looking for.

6. My brother has ___ unusual hobby.

7. They like to listen to ___ Radio Beijing.

8. Please wait for 1 few minutes.

9. Lan Lan studies at the First Middle School of Nanning. Every day she goes to ___ school by ___ bus.

10. I often go to swim in the summer.

11. The boys have gone to play X basketball. I think.

12. Do you know where a Guilin is?

13. I want to have a look at the painting.

14. We have three meals a day: X breakfast in the morning, X lunch at the noon and X supper in the evening.

15. We are learning X Chinese, X English, X maths, X physics and X chemistry.

16. We must form a united front against the super-powers.

17. Most of girls in our class like sports.

18. We are going to have X-ray check.

19. clothes are made from cotton and silk and wool.

20. After ~~X~~ supper he stayed at ~~the~~ home for half ~~AN~~ hour.

21. We have deep hatred for "gang of four".

C. 翻 译:

1. 请把盐递给我。

2. 路旁的那座高楼是一家新旅馆。

3. 我昨天买了一本英文杂志和一本词典。杂志在书桌上。词典在家里。

4. 哪一个航空模型是你的? 是白的那个呢, 还是黄的那个?
moves

5. 月亮绕着地球转。地球绕着太阳转。
The moon moved the earth, and the earth moves around the Sun

6. 伦敦是英国的首都。它是世界上最大的城市之一。

Note: 1) a 用于辅音 (不是指辅音字母) 前, 如: a boy [bɔɪ]; a university [ˌjuːniˈvɜːsɪti]; an 用于元音 (不是指元音字母) 前, 如: an egg [eg]; an hour [ˈaʊə].

2) the 用在特定名词之前, 表示当时双方都知道指的是何人何物。

如: a) Look at the picture. (指挂出来的那幅图画)

b) I bought a novel yesterday. The novel

is very interesting. (指昨天买回的那本小说)

c) *The boy on the left is my brother.*
(指左面那个男孩。)

d) *The earth moves round the sun.* (太阳、地球都只有一个，双方都知道是指什么)

Exercise 2 BE (AM/IS/ARE)+名词

A. 填入 am, is 或 are:

1. I am a middle school pupil.
2. My younger sister is a Young Pioneer.
3. I am Li Hua. You are Zhang Ying.
4. Your mother is a doctor.
5. He is Tom. His sister is Mary.
6. Lan Lan and Fang Fang's father is a driver.
7. This is a red pen. That is a blue pen.
8. These are Chinese books. Those are English books.
9. China is a great socialist country.
10. A horse is a useful animal.
11. We are Young Pioneers.
12. My sister and I are both Pioneers.
13. You are all League members.
14. They are masters of their own country.
15. Cats and dogs are animals.

16. Both his parents are peasants.

17. Most of us are girls.

18. All of them are Englishmen.

B. 翻译: *This is ink. That is a pen.*

1. 这是墨水, 那是钢笔。

2. 我叫李明, 我是个共青团员。 *My mother is a teacher. She is a teacher of English.*

3. 我妈妈是个教师, 她是英语教师。

4. 外语是人生斗争的一种武器。

5. 乌龟和野兔都是动物。

6. 这些男孩是我的同班同学。

These boys are my classmates.

Exercise 3 名词单复数

A. 将下列名词变成复数填入空格:

1. a desk

two desks

2. a bike

three bikes

3. a brush

many brushes

✓ 4. a key

six keys

5. a city

many cities

6. a knife

five knives

7. a piano

two pianos

8. one man

nine men

9. one foot

two feet

10. a sheep

a lot of sheep

✓ 11. a child

a great number of children

12. a class

four classes

✓ 13. a wolf

some wolves

- ✓ 14. an ox hundreds of oxen
 ✓ 15. a month twelve months
 ✓ 16. a fish some fish
 17. a university three universities
 18. a car seven cars
 ✓ 19. a chief two chiefs
 ✓ 20. a photo some photos
 ✓ 21. a comrade- many comrades-in arms
 in-arms

B. 写出下列名词的复数:

- | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| sisters | toys | villages |
| chains | tomatoes | ✓ mouse <u>mice</u> |
| ears | heroes | ✓ youth <u>s</u> |
| beds | radios | gases |
| gates | ✓ leaf <u>s</u> | hair <u>(s)</u> |
| classes | ✓ woman <u>cadres</u> | water <u>(s)</u> |
| glasses | dustman | fruit |
| watches | child | ✓ house <u>s</u> |
| foxes | life | goose <u>geese</u> |
| factory <u>ies</u> | teeth | ✓ brother <u>s-in-law</u> |
| library <u>ies</u> | ✓ deer | ✓ zoo <u>s</u> |
| ✓ baby <u>ies</u> | days | ✓ mouth <u>s</u> |
| city <u>ies</u> | bookshelf | |
| boys | ✓ roof <u>s</u> | |

Exercise 4 BE+形容词/副词/介词短语

A. 填 空:

1. I am tired (累了).
 2. She is there. (在那里).
 3. The boy is in the room (在房间里).
 4. Class is over. (结束了).
 5. The sun is red (红).
 6. The glass is full of water (装满了水).
 7. The theatre is far away (很远).
 8. The film is on. (上映).
 9. Xiao Wei is from ~~the~~ Guangxi (广西人).
 10. The library is open (开放).
 11. Lan Lan is not here (不在这里).
 12. Jane is not from London (不是伦敦人).
 13. Dong Dong is not in the ~~room~~ class room (不在教室).
 14. I am not hungry (不饿).
 15. My sister is not tall (不高).
 16. Xiao Li is ill (病了).
 17. Time is up (到了).
 18. Her teacher's room is very clean (很干净).
 19. My mother is out (出去了).
 20. The box is not ~~weigh~~ heavy (不重).
8. 仿照例句填空:

例: This is a red pencil.

→ This pencil is red.

1. This is a white rabbit.

This rabbit is white.

2. This is a big room.

This room is big.

3. This is an old man.

This man is old.

4. That is a young man.

That man is young.

5. That is a good watch.

That watch is good.

6. That is a clean table.

That table is clean.

C. 翻译:

1. 这本小说很有趣。 This novel is very interesting.

2. 她十七岁了。 she is seventeen

3. 会议结束了。 The meeting is over.

4. 足球赛在进行。 The football match is on.

5. 那些少先队员们出去了。 Those are out.

6. 他擅长游泳。 He is good at swimming.

7. 我喜欢运动。 I like sport.

8. 我爸爸在家。 my father is at home.

9. 学生们都在操场上。 The pupils are on the playground.

10. 桌子很脏。

The desk is very dirty.

**Exercise 5 动词 BE 的否定式、疑问式
及其简略回答**

A. 仿照例句填空:

例: Am I a Chinese?

→ Yes, you are.

No, you are not (aren't).

1. Am I a teacher?

Yes, you are.
No, you aren't.

2. Are they new pupils?

Yes, they are.
No, they aren't.

3. Are you a student?

Yes, I am.
No, I am not.

4. Is your school over there?

Yes, it is.
No, it isn't.

5. Is it a transistor?

Yes, it is.
No, it isn't.

6. Are Mr. and Mrs. Smith from England?

Yes, they are.
No, they aren't.

7. Is the zoo far from here?