



国际检察局讯问记录

Numerical Case Files Relating to
Particular Incidents and Suspected War Criminals,
International Prosecution Section (1945-1947)

国家图书馆 上海交通大学 编

57

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FILE NO.: 403

Report by J. J. Riley

RE : YOSHIDA, Shigeru

STATUS: Pending

DATE : 28 February 1946

The following was obtained from a "Summary of Information" dated 16 February 1946, on file in the office of the 80th Military Police Unit CIC:

In 1927, at the time that Ueda was private secretary to Baron Tanaka, YOSHIDA was Consul General at Mukden. The Kwantung Army Clique was already plotting the course that was later set in motion by the Manchurian Incident, but YOSHIDA was ignorant of these Army machinations. He belonged to the old school of diplomats and statesmen whose fundamental principle was cooperation with the United States and Britain. In this respect he was strongly influenced by his father-in-law, Count Makino, generally considered a "liberal" older statesman. After the February 26 Incident in 1936 Konoze told YOSHIDA that if Hirota was successful in forming a cabinet, he would recommend YOSHIDA for Foreign Minister; however, owing to the opposition of General Terumichi, YOSHIDA was not given the position, but was sent instead as Ambassador to London.

During this time Ueda first came into possession of the startling "Political and Administrative Reform Program" of the "inner group" in the Army. (See memorandum on "Secret History of the 'Inner Group' in the Japanese Army from 1927 to 1945, Appendix A; dated 25 November 1945, File No. 80-1-12.) After studying this secret program of the Army radicals for a year, Ueda felt it highly important to lay his discoveries before some responsible older statesman and picked on Count Makino as an influential and likely person. In 1938 he met YOSHIDA, who had meanwhile returned from London, and told him of his discoveries. YOSHIDA himself showed little interest or comprehension of the situation but agreed to arrange a meeting between Makino and Ueda. At this meeting, after three hours of explanation by Ueda, Makino cut him short with the statement that he had heard many people who had such theses to sell and would have to think the matter over before deciding whether it

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1 File 250
1 File 272
1 Mr. Morgan

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was worth his while to go into it further. Later YOSHIDA informed Ueda that Makino considered his information important and would like it reduced to two pages of writing to show in an "important quarter", by which he understood the Emperor. Ueda, however, found it impossible to reduce the information to so small a compass, and after writing fifty pages, he sought and obtained another interview with Makino.

On this occasion, Makino listened with greater interest but expressed surprise and incredulity when Ueda named General Nagata as having been the moving spirit of the Inner Group, since Makino had a feeling of affection and respect for Nagata. (Ueda described the latter as being comparable to the present Communist leader, Sanzo Nosaka, in the personal love he aroused and in his ability to create wide confidence through his apparent moderation). Probably owing to this fact, Makino never pursued the subject. Ueda continued his investigations and his written history of the Inner Group, conferring from time to time with YOSHIDA, while the Inner Group continued to steer the nation into the disaster of war with America. While YOSHIDA was in sympathy with him, according to Ueda, he was both timid and dense in regard to the Army plots which Ueda unfolded to him; he appeared almost afraid to learn too much about these intrigues and could hear the most startling facts without seeming to grasp their significance. Always a diplomat, he clung to a hope in diplomacy despite the fact that the secret Army plan made such a hope unrealistic. Together with his pro-American friends and neighbors, Count Kobayama and Baron Harada, he supported the vain and feeble effort of Konoze to avert war with America. With characteristic unawareness of the real nature of the issues, however, he and his friends remained closely under the influence of Seihin Ikeda, who was a tool of the Inner Group and is presently held as a war criminal suspect.

After the outbreak of war, Ueda turned to Konoze with the hope of showing him the true nature of the group controlling the Army, and thereby the country. Konoze listened to him attentively and grasped quickly the facts which YOSHIDA seemed unwilling to face. Over a considerable length of time, Ueda explained in detail to Konoze the workings and plans of the Inner Group and Konoze became convinced that the Emperor must learn of it. Ueda also "educated" Prince Takamatsu as to the actual Army situation, and Takamatsu attempted to enlighten his Imperial brother, but the latter refused to listen to him and even gave evidence of resenting his "interference". (When Takamatsu was afterwards removed to

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a Navy post away from the capital, Ueda asked him if the Emperor was responsible for having him removed, whereupon Takamatsu merely shrugged and smiled). Eventually Konoze was successful in having an audience with the Emperor in February 1945 and in awakening him to the true state of affairs. (See memorandum on Konoze, Fumimaro, dated 19 November 1945, File No. 80-K-17.)

Preceding this audience, Konoze had discussions with YOSHIDA and the members of his group, as well as with Ueda and his close friend and co-investigator, the journalist Tatsuo Iwabuchi. Repeatedly in these discussions, YOSHIDA showed his continuing unrealism; he still wished to try diplomacy in a situation where diplomacy was useless. At one point he proposed that he and Konoze should go to Switzerland to inaugurate peace discussions, until Ueda impatiently showed him that such negotiations would be meaningless while the Army was in control of the country and the Inner Group in control of the Army. Even after that, he proposed that someone should be sent to negotiate with Chiang Kai Shek, until it was again pointed out that the domestic situation made such a proposal meaningless. Konoze himself told the Emperor clearly that the only step which would make peace possible was to purge the Army of the Inner Group. With this plan in mind, and with the Emperor's tacit acquiescence, discussions continued with the aim of forming a cabinet under Konoze to take over after a coup d'etat.

In this cabinet, YOSHIDA was to be Foreign Minister. In his suggestions for other cabinet posts, he once more showed no discrimination indistinguishing those men who had been in close sympathy with the Army, and on several occasions Ueda quarreled with him over what he considered his stubborn refusal to face facts and free himself from reactionary militarist influences. However, the cabinet never came into existence, as the proposed coup d'etat was discovered by the Army and on 5 April 1945, YOSHIDA, Ueda and Iwabuchi were arrested by the Kempeitai, while Kobayama, Harada and others were held for questioning and their houses searched. Ueda's own history of the Inner Group, with supplementary documents, was concealed by his wife and later destroyed by her, she herself being burned to death in one of the air raids while Ueda was imprisoned. He was grilled by the Kempeitai as to his part in the proposed purge of the Army and was accused of having furnished Konoze with the data for the latter's audience with the Emperor in February. The Kempeitai showed themselves aware of the fact that Konoze had stayed with YOSHIDA the night before he saw the Emperor, and they showed Ueda that they had a record of every

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visit he had made to YOSHIDA for several years, including photographs of him entering or leaving the house. Ueda also learned that all YOSHIDA's servants, including a chauffeur inherited from Ambassador Grew, were in the employ of the Kempeitai. The lower Kempeitai officials who questioned him denied the existence of an Inner Group controlling the Army; the higher officials claimed that the "radical plot" unearthed by Ueda was the work of General Ishiwara alone and not the Inner Group and that it was the cause of Ishiwara's split with Tojo. As the result of various external pressures, however, YOSHIDA, Ueda and Iwabuchi were finally released from prison on May 30.

After his appointment as Foreign Minister in the Higashikuni Cabinet, YOSHIDA found that the situation in the Foreign Office was comparable to an undeclared strike, with the personnel refusing to cooperate with him. Ueda advised him to get rid of the Vice Foreign Minister; as a usual thing, this latter officer actually controls the ministry, having come up through the bureaucratic hierarchy, whereas the Foreign Minister himself is a politically innocent diplomat. With this change accomplished, the work of the Foreign Office again got under way, but Ueda considered that YOSHIDA still showed his old reluctance to face issues squarely, see what was going on under his nose, and root out the dangerous reactionary influences in the ministry. When Ueda pointed out the anomaly of having a man like Tatsuo Kawai head the Bureau of Information (see summary of information on Kawai, dated...), YOSHIDA merely spluttered angrily that he was "all right". When Ueda pointed out unsavory connections between the military and the present Cabinet Secretary Harahashi, YOSHIDA protested that he was a fine liberal. When Ueda reminded him that Privy Counsellor Inawa, who exercises the dominant influence in the Shidehara Cabinet, had long and close connections with Tojo and the Inner Group, YOSHIDA refused to face the question. As a result, the relations between the two men began to cool. Meanwhile, YOSHIDA remained in intimate association with the other members of the "Oiso Group", -- Kabayama, Harada, and Shun Hamura (Zaibatsu member and ardent friend of Seihin Ikeda). These men were "liberal" in foreign affairs, strongly conservative in domestic affairs, and their present slogan was: "Don't tell the Americans too much". Because Ueda was of the opinion that the Americans ought to know the whole history of Army and government intrigues in the fullest detail, he was finally ostracized by YOSHIDA and the whole Oiso Group. However, Iwabuchi was of the opinion that he should make a determined effort to see YOSHIDA again before too long and try to persuade him of the dangers of his present course.

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Ueda believed that YOSHIDA was still ignorant of many of the important affairs of the Foreign Office, which were directly under the control of the Vice Minister. It was a long established fact that the secret funds of the Foreign Office were entirely under the control of the Vice Minister, who did not have to make an accounting of them. At the present time, it was common gossip in informed circles that the funds were being used for "propaganda" purposes, for subsidizing magazines and journalists; it was also said that the Vice-Minister received handsome "presents" from some of the beneficiaries of the secret funds. It was possible that two or three million yen might be used from this fund for a certain purpose without YOSHIDA's knowing about it. Ueda recalled that when TANAKA held the office of Foreign Minister concurrently with his premiership, not a single yen of the confidential funds passed through his hands. Since YOSHIDA was a somewhat befuddled and incompetent figure at the head of a slick, reactionary bureaucracy full of men who had worked hand-in-glove with the Inner Group, it would not be surprising if he was ignorant of much that went on beneath him. One of his closest advisors in the ministry was Viscount Kano, Vice President of the Liaison Office and a distant relative of YOSHIDA; Kano, as a director of the Yokohama Specie Bank during the war, had had close connections with the military. Under these circumstances, Ueda thought it highly unlikely that YOSHIDA would ever dig out the true facts of the Ba Maw case by investigation, as announced by the Japanese press.

While Ueda's own interpretation of the facts is open to question, it is believed that he attempts to be scrupulously accurate in his presentation of facts, and it is beyond question that his knowledge of the interrelations between Army and Government Officials is exhaustive. His general thesis about the Inner Group in the Army was recently confirmed by Tomohiko Ushida, private secretary to Prince Konoye, who showed evidence of being considerably startled when he realized that the Americans knew of the existence of this group and its opposition to the Kodo group of General Masaki. Ueda is shortly to have a political conference with Prince Takamatsu, whom he hopes to see Regent of the country before too long, and is likely to stress to him the need for a purge of the reactionary bureaucracy.

PENDING.

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30 January 1946

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Language:
Japanese

Comment by:
IRD, CCD

Disposition of Commun:
Passed

Type of Commun:
See comment

COMMENT

KEMPEI TAI NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF POSSIBLE MEMBERS OF KEMPEI TAI

The following list of names and addresses of possible members of Kempei Tai appeared in otherwise innocuous communications:

<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>DATE OF COMMUN</u>	<u>TYPE OF COMMUN</u>
YOSHIDA Fusakichi	Kempei Pu-tung Unit o/o Shanghai Kempei Hq., Central China, Exp. Force	7 Dec 45	Postcard
YOSHIDA Toshio	Shinfeng Kempei Det., Shinfeng Pref., Shan-shi Prov. N. China	3 Dec 45	Postcard
TSUNEMI Masaichiro	Suchou Kempei Tai Hq., Central China	5 Jan 46	Postcard
MORIKAWA Kiyoshi	Busan Area Kempei Tai, Taeshin Town Busan Bu- Korea	2 Sep 45	Letter

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<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>DATE OF COMMUN</u>	<u>TYPE OF COMMUN</u>
HASEGAWA Kanji	Kempei Tai South China Exp. Force	None	Postcard
SHIMA Asajiro	Chindo Kempei Det., Chindo-gun, South Cheonla Korea	20 Aug 45	Postcard
MAEDA Yoshitaka	Tasa-do Tsi Kempei Tai, Det., Wonseong Dong Bula men Ryong Cheon-gun, Pyeong-an- Bukdo Prov. Korea	21 Jul 45	Letter
KUSUNOKI Shigesaka	V of 5 Training Unit Military Kempei School Kakoi-cho, Nakano-ku, Tokyo	None	Postcard
YAMAMOTO Seiji	Inchbon Kempei Det., Sansu Town, Incheon-bu, Korea	5 Dec 45	Postcard
TOBITA Kokichi	Tsingtao Kempei Det., N. China	31 Dec 45	Letter
HAYASHI Hiroshi	Chunghsien Kempei Unit Honan Prov. N. China	1 Jan 46	Postcard
MUNE Tadao	Masan Kempei Tai Det., Masan-bu. Kyeong-sang Namdo Prov. Korea	Aug 45	Letter
LEADING PVT ODA	Pyeongtiak-eup- Kempei Det., Pyeongtiak, gun, Kyeonggido, Prov. Korea	29 Aug 45	Letter
SAKAMOTO Ichiji	Cheonan Kempei Det Cheonan-iup, Chungcheong Namdo Prov. Korea.	6 Aug 45	Letter
AIBARA Makio	c/o The Former Kem- pei Tai hq., Chungshan Peiloo Nanking China	19 Dec 45	Postcard
SUZUKI Osamu	Incheon Kempei Det., Sansu Cheong Incheon-bu, Korea	3 Aug 45	Letter

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Comment Sheet

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<u>NAME</u>	<u>DATE OF COMMUN</u>	<u>TYPE OF COMMUN</u>
KUROZAWA c/o China Kempei Tai Hq., c/o 230th Field P.O. French Indo China Exp. Force	Illegible	Postcard
HOSODA Shinzaburo Chihkeng Kempei Tai S- China Exp. Force	20 Nov 45	Postcard
YAMAZAKI Yoshitomo Shashih Kempei Tai c/o 149th Field P.O.; Central China, Exp. Force	27 Jul 45	Postcard
KOBAYASHI Fukushige Pathih Kempei Tai Commanding Officer, Pathih Pref., Java	25 Nov 45	Postcard
KATO TONE Harukoma c/o Field P.O. Hanoikempei Tai Fr. Indo China Exp. Force	None	Postcard
AOKI Kiyoshi c/o 65th Field P.O. 13th Army 65th Div. Unit Hsuehchow Central China Exp. Force	Illegible	Postcard
MATSUMOTO Yasuyoshi Busan Dist. Kempei Tai Busan Bu Korea	10 Sep 45	Postcard
JUJII Iwakichi Busan Dist. Kempei Tai Busan Bu Korea	5 Aug 45	Letter
MORISHITA Yoshio Kempei Tai Quarters Tong Tpes Hinchong (Iff - 1 chome)	2 Sept 45	Letter
MURAKAMI Undsuke Busan Distr. Kempei Tai Branch quarters Busan Bu Korea	24 Jul 45	Letter
KONDO Tsugumichi Taihsien Kempei Tai c/o 101st Field P.O. Central China	15 Dec 45	Postcard
SHIMODA Sadayoshi Chinghae Kempei Det., Korea	3 Aug 45	Letter
KINOSHITA Riyoshi Itsukakempei Det., c/o Hojo Coal Mine Hojomura Tagawacuir Fukuoka Pref., Japan	16 Jul 45	Letter
MADA Hiromichi Buan Det., Hoseon Kempeitai Bulan Eup Buan-gun Cheong Labukdo Prov., (Northern Chedng- La, Korea)	30 Jul 45	Letter

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Comment Sheet JP/TOK/6117 Page 4 Cont.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>DATE OF COMMUN</u>	<u>TYPE OF COMMUN</u>
YASUDA Seichiro	Taniguchi Unit. c/o Kempei Tai Exp. Forces in Malaya	No date	Letter
ISHIKAWA Kazuyoshi	Kempei Tai in Pusan Dist., Korea	1 Aug 45	Postcard
SASAKA Yasuo	Nanshi Unit, Shanghai Kempei Tai c/o 22 Army Field P.O. Middle China	5 Jan 46	Postcard
YAMADA Takamesa	Wanabe Unit, 224 Troop in Korea, Taiden-fu Korea	6 Aug 45	Postcard
TAMARU Jiro	7, 2-chome Nakasu machi, Tokushima Tokushima Pref., Japan	21 Jan 46	Letter
LIEUTENANT COLONEL SHIRAHAMA	Shikiko Kempei Tai Saghalien	Illegible	Postcard
MIZUTANI Katsu	Kempei Tai Kyoshu Unit, South China Exp. Forces	Unknown	Postcard
KIKUSHIMA Kaname	Haichow Kempei Tai Central China	22 Jan 46	Letter
KUWABARA Toyoji	Hankow Kempei Tai	7 Jan 46	Postcard
OTA Kuranosuke	Ikegami Kempei Tai, Det., Ikegami-sho, Kanzan gun, Taito Prov. Formosa	Unknown	Postcard
FUKAZAWA Megui	Kempei Tai, Kempei Tai Dispatched to Thailand	19 Jan 46	Postcard
FUJIEDA Fukuji	Changchiakow Det., Changchiakow Kempei Tai, N. China	26 Jan 46	Postcard
NAKADE Toyokichi	Hankow Kempei Tai Hq., Central China	18 Jan 46	Postcard
YAMABE Yoshinobu	Shinten Kempei Det. Shinten-gai, Bunsan-gun, Taihoku Pref., Formosa	13 Oct 45	

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Comment Sheet JP/TOK/6117 Page 5 Cont.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>DATE OF COMMUN</u>	<u>TYPE OF COMMUN</u>
OKAMOTO Toraichi	Shinten Kempei Det. Illegible Sinten-gai, Bunzan-gun, Taihoku Pref., Formosa		
URA Minoru	Shinten Kempei Det. Illegible SRinten-gai, Bunzan-gun, Taihoku City, Formosa		
ONO Kaoru	Shinten Kempei Det No postal Shinten-gai, Cancellation Taihoku Pref., Formosa		
NAGAI Ippai	Shinten Kempei Det 15 Oct 45 Shinten-gai, Bunzan-gun, Taihoku Pref., Formosa		
KIDA Nobuyuki	Shinten Kempei Det. No postal Shinten-gai, Cancellation Bunzan-gun, Taihoku City, Formosa		
YAMASHITA Kenichi	Sekizan Kempei No postal Det., Sekizan-sho Cancellation Sekizan-gun, Daito Pref., Formosa		
TSUCHIDA Yoshiro	Kempei Tai Heito 22 Jan 46 Formosa		Postcard
OKAMURA Hiroshi	Yasui Squad, 21 Dec 45 Singapore Malay Exp. Force		Postcard
AZUMA Mikako	10, Ichome, Naka- 25 Dec 45 noshima Osaka City, Japan		Postcard
AZUMA Yukichi	Indo China Kempei 25 Dec 45 Tai Hq., French Indo China Exp. Force		Postcard
SUIBASHI Harue	Shimotanaka 5 Jan 46 Tasuiyama mura, Chikuba-gun, Ibaragi Pref., Japan		Postcard
SUIBASHI Minematsu	Tientsin Kempei 5 Jan 46 Det., Tientsin City, N. China		Postcard
KAIMOTO Chujiro	26, Shimmachi, Jinsen 26 Aug 45 City, Korea		Letter

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Comment Sheet JP/TOK/6117 Page 6 Cont.

<u>NAME</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>DATE OF COMMUN</u>	<u>TYPE OF COMMUN</u>
WAKABAYASHI Toshio	43, Ishizuka machi, Wakamatsu City, Fukushima Pref., Japan	4 Jan 46	Postcard
WAKABAYASHI Seizaburo	Nagatsuka Unit Kempei Tai Training Unit North China Exp. Force	4 Jan 46	Postcard
TANAKA Toshiji	421 Kita Kazuka City, Osaka Dist.	26 Aug 45	Letter
MURATA Hiroshi	Secongjin Kempei Det., Hambuk, Korea	20 Oct 45	Postcard
ONISHI Yoshio	Special High Div. of Kempei Tai Hq., c/o Saseho P.O.	31 Oct 45	Letter
SHIMAZAKI Kenju	Hinatawada, Ome- machi, Nishitama-gun, Tokyo, Japan	Unknown	Postcard
OKADA Minoru	c/o Koshu Kempei Tai Zennan, Korea	Postmark Illegible	Postcard
IGARASHI Kazuo	c/o Tokuken Kempei Buntai, Tokukenshi, Shantung North China	13 Jan 46	Postcard
KINEBUCHI Giichiro	Kempei Exp. Squad Taimari Taimari-sha, Taito- cho, Formosa	27 Jan 46	Postcard
SUZUKI Moichi	Mingyan Unit, Burma Kempei Tai, Burma Exp. Force	24 Jan 46	Postcard
IKEDA Naisenkakari	c/o Secret Police Section, Mita Police Station 1 Akabane-cho, Shiba-ku, Tokyo, Japan	28 Jul 45	Letter
FURUKAWA Tsunetoshi	Kempei Uraguchi Unit None c/o 44th Army P.O. Central China		Postcard

IRD NOTE: The original comments appeared in Comment Sheets JP/
TOK/6117/6532/6533/6540/6570/6571/6604/7676/7678/7679/7680/7686/
7722/7726/7727/7728/7729/7753/and 7754/

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JP/TOK/6296

CIVIL CENSORSHIP DETACHMENT
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14 February 1946

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Date of Commun:
5 Feb 46

Comment by:
RPL 166

Type of Commun:
Reg. Letter
#242

Number of Enclosures:
Two

Language:
Japanese

Disposition of Commun:
Passed

COMMENT

KEMPEI TAI: REQUEST FOR COURT RANK PROMOTION OF TWO OFFICERS.

Cover contains the following list of officers submitted for pro-
motion in Imperial Court Rank among whom two are members of the
Kempei Tai :

Kempei tai:

Lt. Col. Tsuneyoshi Yoshitomo
1936-1945
1st Lt. Matsuura Mamoru

Army:

Veterinary Lt. Col. Wada Shigeo
Maj. Kumamoto Yoshinori
Lt. Col. Iriya Muneyoshi
Col. Kawaguchi Suichi
Surgeon Lt. Col. Yoshimitsu Michio
2nd Lt. Ikegami Masayuki
" " Tanaka Minoru
Paymaster 2nd Lt. Ohiihara Kunitaka
Captain Tabata Shigeyoshi
Maj. Gen. Haraka Tsutomu
Examiner:

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(Continued)

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1st Lt. Miyaji Takeo
" " Morizono Tsunao
" " Akune Tetsuo
2nd Lt. Nomura Kanji
" " Karazono Toshio
" " Azuma Takanori
1st Lt. Asakuma Eu
2nd Lt. Yamashita Tadao
" " (Technical Branch) Horinouchi Kujoie
" " Kaseeda Yorimasa
Paymaster 2nd Lt. Shinohara Masamichi
Surgeon 2nd Lt. Takagi Kodai
1st Lt. Tanaka Isamu
2nd Lt. Higashiguchi Nobuo
" " Nagata Eiichiro
" " Fujii Mitsuharu
Captain Tanaka Ryuzo
" Narahara Isao
" Origuchi Norio
" Yamamoto Tsuchio
Surgeon Captain Baba Kazuma
Captain (Technical) Urashima Sakae
1st Lt. Ajisaka Tatsuzo
" " Ajisaka Kiyoka
1st Lt. Hiramane Tetsu
" " Osako Fujimi
" " Omatsu Yoshinori
" " (Technical) Nakamura Tatsuo
Veterinary 1st Lt. Makisumi Kazue
Paymaster " " Fujisaki Kenji
2nd Lt. Tashiro Chikayoshi
" " Naniwa Kunio
" " Nakano Akio
" " Imakyure Shinichi
" " Tsuru Hisao
" " Tada Mamoru

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(Continued)

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2nd Lt. Shimosakida Keiji
2nd Lt. Naka Satoru
2nd Lt. Yamamoto Uichiro
Surgeon 2nd Lt. Makisumi Jun
Paymaster 2nd Lt. Fukushima Hisashi
2nd Lt. Tashiro Kujohide
2nd Lt. Tokumatsu Kenji
2nd Lt. Nagata Yasushi
2nd Lt. Sakashita Tatsu
2nd Lt. Takakura Masakiyo
2nd Lt. Kawasaki Michio
2nd Lt. Nagata Yoneo
2nd Lt. Nagano Masaaki
2nd Lt. Kato Tadao
2nd Lt. Fukushima Tokujiro
2nd Lt. Komata Kiyomi
2nd Lt. Yoshimine Shigeo
2nd Lt. Morita Yukio
2nd Lt. Nishimura Kunio
2nd Lt. Nagata Masahide
2nd Lt. Nakayama Masuo
2nd Lt. Noge Shigezo
2nd Lt. Idani Hidetaro
2nd Lt. Sakeda Michinori
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Surgeon 2nd Lt. Oyama Mitsuo
Surgeon 2nd Lt. Toshiyama Atsuchi
Surgeon 2nd Lt. Ajisaka Sadami
Surgeon 2nd Lt. Shiihara Tetsugi
Surgeon 2nd Lt. Maruno Hideya
Surgeon 2nd Lt. Oyama Tsukasa
Veterinary 2nd Lt. Ohara Toshio
Veterinary 2nd Lt. Nakamura Kanichi
2nd Lt. Nishi Mashi
2nd Lt. Yasunaga Shusaku
2nd Lt. Yamashita Tsuyoshi

2 inclosures as listed above.

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