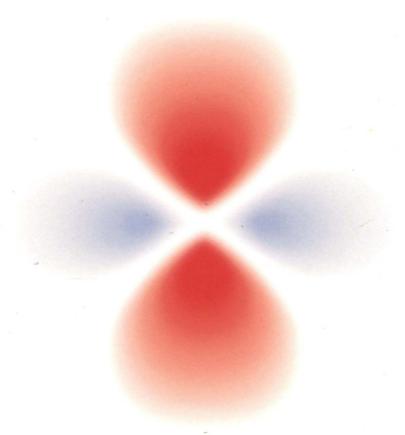


Second edition

CHEMICAL STRUCTURE and REACTIVITY

an integrated approach



James Keeler | Peter Wothers

Chemical Structure and Reactivity:

an integrated approach

Second edition

James Keeler

Department of Chemistry and Selwyn College, University of Cambridge

Peter Wothers

Department of Chemistry and St Catharine's College, University of Cambridge







Great Clarendon Street, Oxford OX2 6DP

Oxford University Press is a department of the University of Oxford. It furthers the University's objective of excellence in research, scholarship, and education by publishing worldwide. Oxford is a registered trade mark of Oxford University Press in the UK and in certain other countries

© James Keeler and Peter Wothers 2014

The moral rights of the authors have been asserted

First Edition copyright 2008 Impression: 1

All rights reserved. No part of this publication maybe reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, without the prior permission in writing of Oxford University Press, or as expressly permitted by law, by licence or under terms agreed with the appropriate reprographics rights organization. Enquiries concerning reproduction outside the scope of the above should be sent to the Rights Department, Oxford University Press, at the address above

You must not circulate this book in any other binding or cover and you must impose the same condition on any acquirer

Published in the United States of America by Oxford University Press 198 Madison Avenue, New York, NY 10016, United States of America

British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data
Data available
Library of Congress Control Number: 2013943937

ISBN 978-0-19-9604135

Typeset by the authors in LATEX Printed in Great Britain by Bell & Bain Ltd, Glasgow

Links to third party websites are provided by Oxford in good faith and for information only. Oxford disclaims any responsibility for the materials contained in any third party website referenced in this work.

Chemical Structure and Reactivity

Preface

We are pleased to be able to present a second edition of this book, and have taken the opportunity both to make some revisions and changes of our own, as well as to act on the helpful suggestions that a number of people have been kind enough to make. The overall approach and intention are much the same as in the first edition, but we have reorganized some of the material and added two new chapters to Part I. The first of these appears early on and introduces the important topic of molecular symmetry, and the second further develops the general discussion of the kinds of structures which occur when elements bond, first to themselves and then with other elements.

The other main change to the text is the inclusion in each chapter of a number of *Self-test exercises*, the answers to which are given at the end of each chapter. We hope that completing these straightforward problems will help students to get to grips with the material and gain confidence. The *Questions* associated with each chapter now appear in the Online Resource Centre.

From the preface to the first edition

Our intention in writing this book was to produce a *single* text to accompany the first year, and somewhat beyond, of typical UK degree courses in chemistry. We also had it very much in mind that we wanted to treat the subject *as a whole*, rather than dividing it up in the traditional way. This enables us to emphasize the important connections between different topics, to develop a unified view of the whole subject, and to present the material in rather a different way than is conventional.

Our presentation is very much based on the idea that both structure and reactivity can be understood, or at least rationalized, by thinking about the orbitals (atomic and molecular) involved, their energies, and the way they interact. This is the unifying theme of the whole text, taking us right from the description of the simplest molecules, through to an understanding of reaction mechanisms. This central importance of an orbital description is reflected in the fact that three chapters right at the start of the book are devoted to establishing these ideas.

The quantitative and more theoretical aspects of chemistry are not ignored, but we have been at pains to present these in a way which emphasizes their wider relevance. There are chapters covering the traditional physical chemistry topics of thermodynamics, kinetics, and quantum mechanics, but these are interspersed throughout the book and are strongly connected to the rest of the discussion.

Content

The content of this book has been tailored to fit in with chemistry courses at UK universities. However, a sufficiently wide range of topics are covered that the text should also be useful in other countries.

Although this book contains a blend of inorganic, organic, and physical chemistry, it is emphatically not a 'general chemistry' text of the type produced for North American universities. Our approach, the content, and the starting point are all significantly different from general chemistry texts. In particular, we have included notably more organic chemistry than one typically finds in such books.

Given that we certainly did not want to produce a book of overwhelming size, we have had to be careful in the selection of the topics which are included and the level to which they are discussed. Our feeling is very much that at this level the most important thing is to understand the key ideas and concepts, and know how to use them. We have therefore devoted a lot of space to setting out these ideas carefully and in detail, so as to provide a sound basis for further study.

Space has not allowed us to include lengthy discussions of the chemistry of each group, nor to explore in detail the subtleties of synthetic organic chemistry, nor to delve deeply into the intricacies of quantum mechanics. Nevertheless, we believe that the material which is presented here forms both a coherent story and a suitable basis on which to begin to get to grips with more advanced chemistry.

How the text is organized

The book is divided into three parts. The twelve chapters in Part I are closely integrated with one another and designed to be studied in the order they appear. Together, they set out the fundamental ideas needed for the study of chemistry at this level. Although thermodynamics and kinetics appear in Chapters 7 and 12, they are treated with the absolute minimum of mathematics, and in particular without calculus. We have chosen this approach so that those students who are still developing their mathematical skills can nevertheless obtain a good grasp of these essential topics.

The chapters in Part II either introduce further topics or take the discussion started in Part I on to a higher level. For example, with the aid of calculus, Chapter 19 discusses thermodynamics in a somewhat more formal way than was the case in Chapter 7. Similarly, the quantum mechanical ideas which were used qualitatively in Part I are explored in more detail in Chapter 18. Generally speaking, the chapters in Part II can be studied in any order.

In Part III, Chapter 22 is a brief but self-contained exposition of the key mathematical ideas used in the rest of the book. While this chapter is certainly no substitute for an appropriate course in mathematics, we hope that it will be a convenient reference and handy refresher on the key ideas.

Each chapter has associated with it a set of questions, available from the Online Resource Centre, which are designed to test both a basic understanding of the material presented in the chapter, as well as the ability to apply the concepts in more unfamiliar situations. We have also listed in Further reading some other texts which can be consulted for an alternative view, or a more advanced or detailed discussion.

Acknowledgements

We are very grateful to many of our colleagues in the Department of Chemistry for finding the time and patience to answer our questions, direct us to relevant literature, or provide data. In particular we would like to thank both Ruth Lynden-Bell and Anthony Stone for greatly helping our understanding of the underlying theory. Duncan Howe and Paul Skelton from the physical methods section ran many NMR and mass spectra for us with great skill, for which we are most grateful. Alfa Aesar (Heysham, Lancs.) contributed all the samples used to run the NMR spectra, and the GCMS trace shown in Fig. 13.11 was provided by Phil Teale and Simon Hudson (HFL Ltd, Newmarket): we thank them for their contributions.

Several people read and commented on drafts of parts of the book and we remain much indebted to them for their contributions. From Cambridge we would like to acknowledge John Kirkpatrick, Finian Leeper, Rob Paton, Mike Rogers, and Steven Smith. We would also like to acknowledge Michael Clugston (Tonbridge School), Ian Cooper (Newcastle University), Bridgette Duncombe (Imperial College, London), Jason Eames (University of Hull), David McGarvey (Keele University), Ruud Scheek (University of Groningen), Edward Smith (Imperial College, London), Patrick Steel (Durham University), David Worrall (Loughborough University), Rossana Wright (University of Nottingham), and Timothy Wright (University of Nottingham).

Steven Smith has also prepared, with great skill and care, a significant part of the solutions manual. Stephen Elliott contributed a great deal to the development of the Online Resource Centre, and we are very grateful to him for producing some really outstanding resources.

This book has been typeset by the authors using the LaTeX text processing system, in the implementation distributed by MiKTeX (http://miktex.org/). We acknowledge the exceptional and continuing effort of the many people throughout the world who have contributed to the LaTeX system and made it freely available.

Cambridge, August 2013

Online Resource Centre

The Online Resource Centre provides both students and teachers with additional materials to complement and extend the text. It also provides a mechanism for all users of the book to feed back their comments and observations to the authors.

www.oxfordtextbooks.co.uk/orc/keeler2e/



For students

Each chapter has associated with it a set of *Questions* which can be downloaded from the resource centre.

Throughout the text, relevant online resources are indicated by *Weblink* boxes in the margin. On the website the links are arranged according to chapter, so you should easily be able to navigate to the particular link you are looking for.



Online resources are indicated by boxes like this one, located in the margin. The material on the web is not simply a repeat of a diagram in the text. Rather, it is an interactive resource in which you can alter the view of some three-dimensional object, or see how a graph changes in real time when you alter the parameters. There are four main kinds web resources

• Three-dimensional representations of molecules and lattices which you can rotate, zoom and view in different ways.



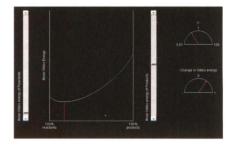
• Three-dimensional representations of orbitals which you can also rotate and zoom so that you can get a real feel for their shape.



'Movies' showing how orbitals change during reactions.



• Graphs or plots in which you can change the parameters (usually with realtime sliders), so that you can get a real feel for how the graph responds.



For teachers

Detailed worked solutions to all of the questions are available to *bona fide* teachers; the resource centre gives details of how to request the solutions manual. Registered adopters of this book will also have access to all the figures, in a high-resolution digital format.

The *Weblink* resources can also be projected during lectures, and provide both excellent illustrations of the topics as well as helping to vary the presentation during the lecture.

Brief contents

Part	The	fund	lament	tals
------	-----	------	--------	------

1	Molecules and molecular structures: an overview	3
2	Electrons in atoms	35
3	Symmetry	79
4	Electrons in molecules: diatomics	99
5	Electrons in molecules: polyatomics	141
6	Bonding in solids	181
7	Thermodynamics and the Second Law	201
8	Trends in bonding	257
9	Bonding between the elements	297
10	Describing reactions using orbitals	319
11	Organic chemistry 1: functional groups	343
12	The rates of reactions	407
Pa	rt II Going further	
13	Spectroscopy	441
14	Organic chemistry 2: three-dimensional shapes	503
15	Organic chemistry 3: reactions of π systems	539
16	Main-group chemistry	589
17	Transition metals	625
18	Quantum mechanics and spectroscopy	661
19	Chemical thermodynamics	723
20	Chemical kinetics	761
21	Electrochemistry	791

Brief contents

Part III Reference material

22 Dimensions, units and some key mathematical ideas	833
Index	86.
Orbital energies	87

Full contents

Part I The fundamentals

1 Mo	lecules and molecular structures: an overview	3
1.1	Simple covalent molecules	4
1.2	Structure determination by X-ray diffraction	14
1.3	Where are the bonds?	17
1.4	Types of bonding	19
1.5	Weaker non-bonded interactions	21
1.6	Solids	25
1.7	How to draw molecules	25
1.8	Common names and abbreviations	27
1.9	The ideal gas	28
1.10	Moving on	32
Answ	vers to self-test exercises	34
2 Ele	ctrons in atoms	35
2.1	Introducing quantum mechanics	36
2.2	Introducing orbitals	39
2.3	Hydrogen atomic orbitals	43
2.4	Spin	62
2.5	Hydrogen-like atoms	63
2.6	Multi-electron atoms	64
2.7	Ionization energies	71
2.8	Moving on	77
Furth	er reading	77
Answ	ers to self-test exercises	77
3 Syr	nmetry	79
3.1	Why symmetry is important	79
3.2	Symmetry elements and symmetry operations	80
3.3	Point groups	85
3.4	Applications of symmetry	89
3.5	Classification of orbitals according to symmetry	93
3.6	Moving on	96
Furth	er reading	96
Answ	ers to self-test exercises	96

4 Fle	ctrons in molecules: diatomics	99
4.1	Introducing molecular orbitals	100
4.2	H ₂ , He ₂ and their ions	111
4.3	Homonuclear diatomics of the second period	112
4.4	Photoelectron spectra	130
4.5	Heteronuclear diatomics	132
4.6	Moving on	139
	er reading	139
	ers to self-test exercises	139
5 Ele	ctrons in molecules: polyatomics	141
5.1	The simplest triatomic: H ₃	142
5.2	More complex linear triatomics	146
5.3	MOs of water and methane	149
5.4	Hybrid atomic orbitals	153
5.5	Comparing the hybrid and full MO approaches	159
5.6	Extending the hybrid concept	161
5.7	Bonding in organic molecules	164
5.8	Delocalized bonding	167
5.9	Delocalized structures including heteroatoms	175
5.10	Moving on	177
	er reading	178
	ers to self-test exercises	178
6 Bor	nding in solids	181
6.1	Metallic bonding: introducing bands	182
6.2	lonic solids	190
6.3	Moving on	199
Furth	er reading	199
	ers to self-test exercises	199
7 The	ermodynamics and the Second Law	201
7.1	Spontaneous processes	202
7.2	Properties of matter: state functions	204
7.3	Entropy and the Second Law	205
7.4	Heat, internal energy and enthalpy	212
7.5	Entropy in terms of heat	213
7.6	Calculating the entropy change of the Universe	216
7.7	Gibbs energy	219
7.8	Chemical equilibrium	221
7.9	Finding the standard Gibbs energy change	226
7.10	Interpreting the value of $\Delta_r G^\circ$	232
7.11	$\Delta_r \emph{H}^\circ$ and $\Delta_r \emph{S}^\circ$ for reactions not involving ions	234
7.12	$\Delta_{\rm r} \emph{H}^{\circ}$ and $\Delta_{\rm r} \emph{S}^{\circ}$ for reactions involving ions in solution	237
7.13	Applications	240
7.14	Acidity, basicity and pK_a	243
7.15	How much product is there at equilibrium?	250

	7.16	Moving on	254
		er reading	255
	Answ	ers to self-test exercises	255
3	3 Trei	nds in bonding	257
	8.1	Electronic configuration and the periodic table	257
	8.2	Orbital energies and effective nuclear charges	260
	8.3	Atomic sizes across the periodic table	270
	8.4	Ionization energies and electron affinities	273
	8.5	Trends in oxidation states across the periodic table	278
	8.6	Summary of the trends in orbital energies and sizes	279
	8.7	Bonding in the elements – non-metals	280
	8.8	Metallic structures	287
	8.9	The transition from metals to non-metals	292
	8.10	Moving on	295
		er reading	295
	Answ	ers to self-test exercises	295
9	Bor	nding between the elements	297
	9.1	The effect of orbital size and energy mismatch	297
	9.2	The classification of compounds as ionic or covalent	302
	9.3	Structural trends across the periodic table	304
	9.4	Radius ratio rules	307
	9.5	Compounds with lower coordination numbers	312
	9.6	Moving on	316
		er reading	316
	Answe	ers to self-test exercises	316
C	Des	scribing reactions using orbitals	319
	10.1	The redistribution of electrons in a reaction	319
	10.2	HOMO-LUMO interactions	322
	10.3	Interactions involving nonbonding LUMOs	325
	10.4	Interactions involving π antibonding LUMOs	329
	10.5	Interactions involving σ antibonding LUMOs	332
	10.6	Summary of the effects of different HOMO–LUMO interactions	335
	10.7	The role of protonation in reactions	335
	10.8	Intramolecular orbital interactions	338
	10.9	Rearrangement reactions	339
		Moving on ers to self-test exercises	341 342
1		anic chemistry 1: functional groups	343
	11.1	Functional groups	344
	11.2	Changing functional group level	349
		Level two to level one – carbonyl addition reactions	353
		Transformations within functional group level two	358
	11.5	Transformations within functional group level three Moving down from functional group level three	368 385
	1 1 . 1 .	INDVING ACTURE INTERPREDICTION OF THE FOREST STATES.	UL 1, 1

Furth	Transformations within level one er reading ers to self-test exercises	392 405 405
12.1 12.2 12.3 12.4 12.5 12.6 12.7 12.8 12.9 Furth	The rate of a reaction Rate laws Temperature dependence The energy barrier to reaction Elementary reactions and reaction mechanisms Reactions in solution Sequential reactions Analysing the kinetics of complex mechanisms Chain reactions er reading ers to self-test exercises	407 408 410 413 414 417 418 419 426 431 437
Part II	Going further	
13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7 Furth	Mass spectrometry Spectroscopy and energy levels IR spectroscopy – introduction Interpreting IR spectra Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) Coupling in NMR More complicated coupling patterns – proton NMR er reading ers to self-test exercises	441 442 451 455 462 470 480 492 501
14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 Furth	The relationships between isomers The effect of rotations about bonds Isomerism in alkenes Enantiomers and chirality Symmetry and chirality The conformation of cyclic molecules Moving on er reading ers to self-test exercises	503 504 506 512 514 523 524 535 536
15 Org 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 15.5	Elimination reactions – the formation of alkenes Electrophilic addition to alkenes Enols and enolates The reactions of enols and enolates Introduction to aromatic systems	539 540 550 560 567 573

Further reading Answers to self-te	est exercises	587 587
16 Main-group chemistry		589
16.1 Overview	nonnon y	590
	pts in main-group chemistry	591
,	of chlorides	601
16.4 Oxides	or ornoridos	610
	ey of the chemistry of each group	611
16.6 Moving on		623
Further reading		623
Answers to self-te	est exercises	623
17 Transition me	etals	625
	ergies and oxidation states	626
17.2 Complexes		630
	octahedral complexes	632
_	and low-spin octahedral complexes	639
	and spectroscopic properties of complexes	641
	nces of the splitting of the <i>d</i> orbitals	643
	ll and square-planar complexes	647
17.8 Crystal-fiel		649
17.9 Organome		649
	hemistry and oxoanions	655
17.11 Moving on		658
Further reading		658
Answers to self-te	est exercises	659
18 Quantum me	chanics and spectroscopy	661
18.1 The postul	ates of quantum mechanics	663
18.2 A free part	icle moving in one dimension	669
18.3 Particle in	a box	672
18.4 Particle in	a two-dimensional square well	681
18.5 The harmo	onic oscillator	683
18.6 Spectrosco	opy and energy levels	690
18.7 The IR spe	ectrum of a diatomic	693
18.8 Vibrations	of larger molecules	702
18.9 Raman spe	ectroscopy	704
18.10 Summary	of the features of vibrational spectroscopy	705
18.11 The rigid ro	otor	706
18.12 The microv	vave spectrum of a diatomic	708
	otation spectrum of a diatomic	713
18.14 The hydrog		717
18.15 Electronic	transitions	718
Further reading		721
Answers to self-to	act evereigns	721

19 Ch	emical thermodynamics	723
19.1	The First Law	724
19.2	Work of gas expansions	727
19.3	Internal energy, enthalpy and heat capacity	733
19.4	The Gibbs energy	738
19.5	The mixing of ideal gases	74
19.6		743
19.7		750
19.8	3,	752
	The temperature dependence of the equilibrium constant	755
	Determination of absolute entropies	759
	ner reading	760
Answ	vers to self-test exercises	760
20 Ch	emical kinetics	761
20.1	Measuring concentration	761
20.2	Integrated rate laws	769
20.3	Other methods of analysing kinetic data	777
	Collision theory	778
	Potential energy surfaces	783
	Transition state theory	784
	ner reading	789
Answ	vers to self-test exercises	789
21 Ele	ectrochemistry	791
21.1	Electrochemical cells	792
21.2	Thermodynamic parameters from cell potentials	796
21.3	The Nernst equation and standard cell potentials	799
21.4	The spontaneous cell reaction	805
21.5	Summary	806
21.6	Types of half cells	807
21.7	Assessing redox stability using electrode potentials	811
21.8	The limits of stability in aqueous solution	814
21.9	Using cell potentials to determine thermodynamic parameters	816
	Oxidation state diagrams Measurement of concentration	820
	ner reading	825
	vers to self-test exercises	829
7111011	ord to don't con exercises	020
Part II	I Reference material	
00 5	i i dicircino material	
		000
	nensions, units and some key mathematical ideas	833
22.1	nensions, units and some key mathematical ideas Dimensional analysis	833
22.1 22.2	nensions, units and some key mathematical ideas Dimensional analysis Units	833
22.1	nensions, units and some key mathematical ideas Dimensional analysis	833