托福字彙試題



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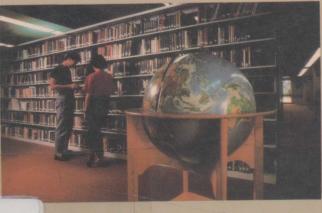
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巨暉留學英語

托福字彙 2300題

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發行人序

你討厭背單字嗎? 你想背單字却無法專心背10分鐘嗎? 不願枯燥背單字而又想托福高分的人

一一有救星了——

本書擁有的2000餘題字彙歷屆考題

能幫助你自然記憶

多達10000常考字而且還印象深刻! 因爲全部用考的所以不必死背!

* * *

用法注意:每題的劃線字與答案字均標於該題 下方,且均註明各字的近義字或同義字。

> 發行人 陳淑媛 謹識于台北

		1
1.	Elizabeth Blackwell founded an aca 1868.	demy to train women physicians in
		(B). a clinic
	(C). a school	(D). a company
	*academy: school, college, unive	rsity, educational establishment
	(C). school: academy, education	al establishment
2.	In a blockade action naval vessels	are often used to cut off access
	to a coast.	×
		(B). connection
		(D). shipping
	*access: entrance, entry, inlet,	ingress
	(A). entrance: admission, admits	tance, access
3.	Ron O'Neal received widespread accord Dream on Monkey Mountain.	laim for his acting in productions
	and the second s	(B). confidence
		(D). training
	*acclaim: applause, ovation, prai	
	(A). recognition: apperception,	applause, praise
4.	When he was director of the company bring about better working condition	y, his first accomplishment was to
	(A). accumulation	(B). achievement
	(C). defeat	(D). job
	*accomplishment: acquirement, ach	nievement, acquisition

- (B). achievement: acquirement, accomplishment, attainment
- 5. Thoreau said that he required from every writer a simple and sincere account of his own life.
 - (A). analysis

(B). impartation

(C). description

(D). arrangement

- *account: statement, description, delineation, portrayal, report
 - (C). description: account, narrative, story, tale
- 6. It is now generally assumed that the planets were formed by the accretion of gas and dust in a cosmic cloud.
 - (A). separation

(B). reaction

(C). accumulation

(D). motion

- *accretion: growth, accrual, accruement, accumulation
- (C). accumulation: increase, growth, build-up, accretion, pile-up
- 7. Usually, in an attack of influenza, the patient's limbs ache.

(A). hurt

(B). stiffen

(C). get numb

- (D). get hot
- *ache: throb, hurt, smart, gnaw, twinge, pinch
- (A). hurt: ache, smart, burn, sting, bite, nip, pinch

- Before his defeat at Moscow, Napoleon had attained the <u>acme</u> of success.
 - (A). highest point

(B). achievement

(C). glory

- (D). jubilation
- *acme: zenith, climax, culmination, apex, vertex, apogee
 - (A). highest point: acme, climax, summit
- Lindbergh's first non-stop flight across the Atlantic Ocean was an act of great daring and courage.
 - (A). a plight

(B). a feat

(C). a deck

- (D). a gust
- *act: exploit, dead, gest, achievement, step
 - (B). feat: adventure, exploit, gest, achievement, act
- 10. One of the most striking phenomena of vision is the dark adaptation of the eye.
 - (A). adjustment

(B). absorption

(C). exertion

- (D). destination
- *adaptation: adjustment, modification, moderation, accommodation
 - (A). adjustment: adaptation, fit, accommodation, agreement
- 11. Treasurer of the United States Katherine Ortega delivered the keynote address at the 1984 Republican National Convention in Dallas, Texas.

(A). bid

(B). speech

(C). envelope

- (D). nomination
- *address: speech, oration, discourse, declamation, eulogy
 - (B). speech: talk, oration, address, declamation
- 12. Ronald Reagan is a fervent adherent to Supply-Side economics.
 - (A). optimist

(B). pessimist

(C). follower

- (D). pioneer
- *adherent: follower, supporter, disciple, pupil,
- (C). follower: adherent, disciple
- 13. Artist Isamu Noguchi is best known for his abstract sculptures designed as adjuncts to architectural works.
 - (A). additions to

(B). adaptations of

(C). advertisement

- (D). advancements in
- *adjuncts to: annexments to, additions to, extensions to
 - (A). additions to: superadditions to, affixtures to attachments to, annexations to

	3
14. The <u>adulation</u> of rock stars by vast audiences is a dispuzzles earlier generations.	lay that
(A). eminence (B). indecency (C). flattery (D). indignation	
*adulation: flattery, sycophancy, blandation, cajolery, blandishment	
(C). flattery: eulogy, panegyric, adulation	
15 mbs analystanis and action (block)	

- 15. The prehistoric art of inscribing figures and designs on rock surfaces seems to have slowly disappeared with the <u>advent</u> of agriculture, which required a large amount of time and energy.
 - (A). coming

(B). arrest

(C). financing

- (D). stability
- *advent: approach, access, accession, coming
 - (A). coming: advent, approach, accession, access, nearing
- 16. Martin Luther King, influenced by Mahatma Gandhi, made many adversaries in his nonviolent quest for equality.
 - (A). friends

(B). advances

(C). improvements

- (D). foes
- *adversary: opponent, antagonist, enemy, foe
 - (D). foe: enemy, opponent, antagonist, adversary
- 17. Adversity was widespread during the Great Depression of the Thirties.
 - (A). bribery

(B). disillusion

(C). patriotism

- (D). misfortune
- *adversity: misfortune, affliction, hurt, harm, ruin
 - (D). misfortune: affliction, adversity, hurt, harm, woe
- 18. Because of its affinity for water and its high viscosity, glycerol is a valuable constituent of stamp-pad inks.
 - (A). repulsion for

(B). attraction to

(C). tincture in

- (D). solubility in
- *affinity: natural liking, attraction, inclination, predilection
 - (B). attraction to: affinity, inclination, tendency
- Vaccination is prophylactic in the sense of entirely circumventing an affliction.
 - (A). an affection

(B). medication

(C). suffering

- (D). malpractice
- *an affliction: suffering, distress, torment, torture, agony
 - (C). suffering: affliction, agony, torture, torment

20. The affluence of most American people is astonishing. (A). essence (B). ostentation (C). wealth (D). poverty *affluence: wealth, opulence, riches, fortune (C). wealth: opulence, affluence, richness
21. Meetings of a corporate board of directors will first follow a set agenda, and only afterwards will allow discussion of new business. (A). agreement (B). schedule (C). issue (D). rules *agenda: programme, schedule, outline, timetable, plan (B). schedule: agenda, programme, plan, itinerary
22. The partnership between the cleaning fish and the large predatory fish plays an important role in promoting local aggregations of fish. (A). confrontations (B). gatherings (C). anomalies (D). emigrations *aggregation: gathering, collection, amassment, accumulation (B). gathering: assemblage, aggregation, accumulation
23. Chlorpromazine is a drug prescribed by doctors to reduce agitation. (A). swelling (B). nervousness (C). infection (D). discomfort *agitation: disquiet, unrest, disturbance, excitement, nervousness (B). nervousness: perturbation, agitation, upset, disquiet, distress, worry

- 24. Unless the agreement contains a provision for a United Nations
- peace-keeping force to patrol the borders, the General Assembly is not likely to ratify it.

(A). creed

(B). conjecture

(C). concord

(D). conversion

- *agreement: mutual understanding, accord, accordance, concord
 - (C). concord: agreement, accord, accordance, compliance, conformity
- 25. Herbal medicine has been used through the ages for treating ailments.

(A). doctors

(B). diseases

(C). patients

(D). livestock

- *ailment: malady, disorder, complaint, disease, infection, morbidity
 - (B). disease: malady, illness, sickness, ailment

	*ailments: illnesses, sicknesses, indispositions, afflictions
	(C). illness: sickness, ailment, malady, disorder, disease
27.	In wartime, laws governing <u>aliens</u> , particularly those from enemy countries, are usually stricter.
	(A). immigrants (B). foreigners
	(C). emigrants (D). expatriates
	*aliens: foreigners, outsiders, strangers
	(B). foreigners: aliens, non-natives, outlanders. outsiders, strangers
28.	Ocean-going vessels have often used flags to indicate their national allegiance.
	(A). loyalty (B). destination
	(C). cargo (D). allowance
	*allegiance: loyalty, fidelity, faithfulness, constancy
	,
	(A). loyalty: allegiance, patriotism, devotion, dedication
29.	The allies face elemental problems that should not be minimized.
	(A). confederates (B). aliens
	(C). opponents (D). foes
	*allies: confederates, partners, comrades, associates, consociates
	(A). confederates: leagues, allies, partners, comrades
30.	The altercation ended after only a few minutes.
	(A). pleasant discussion (B). inspiring talk
	(A). pleasant discussion (B). inspiring talk (C). religious observation (D). angry dispute
	*altercation: quarrel, bickering, dispute, controversy
	(D). angry dispute: quarrel, wrangle, altercation, clash, bickering, squabble
	្ត . សារីអ៊ែកស្រី «សាសាស្តេចជ័យ» ឬ ១០ ខ្នាំ «» ។
31.	Several alternatives to the governor's proposal were suggested.
	(A). solutions to (B). drawbacks to (C). substitutes (D). ramifications of
	*alternative to: choice to, option to, selection to, substitute for

(C). substitute for: replacement for, alternative to,

succedaneum, surrogate, deputy, scapegoat

26. Many modern ailments can be linked to today's environment and the

(B). illusions

(D). symptoms

way we live.

(A). accidents

(C). illnesses

- 32. A fully developed person is a complicated amalgam of drives, motivations, skills, and emotions.
 - (A). being

(B). mixture

(C). structure

- (D). intersection
- *amalgam: mixture, combination, blend, fusion, coalescence, union
 - (B). mixture: combination, amalgamation, assimilation, incorporation
- 33. Athletes who compete in the Olympic games are supposed to be amateurs.

(A). well trained

(B). novices

(C). physically fit

- (D). nonprofessionals
- *amateur: nonprofessional, layman, dilettante, novice, neophyte
 - (D). nonprofessional: amateur, dabbler, dilettante
- 34. His ambivalence prevented him from making a decision.

(A). morbid fear

(B). mental deterioration

(C). lack of information

- (D). conflicting feelings
- *ambivalence: conflict, contradiction, opposition, antinomy, paradox
 - (D). conflicting feelings: disagreement, discord, dissension, conflict
- 35. Nowadays, in America, most dwellings are provided with all the amenities.
 - (A). accommodations

(B). facilities

(C). conveniences

- (D). excitements
- *amenities: pleasantness, agreeability, affability, refinement
 - (C). conveniences: utilities, usefulness, adaptability
- 36. The amenities of civilization are left behind when an individual embarks on a camping trip in a remote area.

(A). activities

(B). rules

(C). comforts

- (D). signs
- *amenities: pleasantness, pleasurableness, comforts
 - (C). comforts: enjoyment; cheer, snugness, cosines
- 37. In infantile amnesia, one finds strange mythological fragments that also often appear in later psychoses.
 - (A). deterioration of health (B). loss of memory

(C). lack of vitality

- (D). paralysis
- *amnesia: loss of memory
 - (B). loss of memory: amnesia, inability to recall, inability to remember

38.	Не	states	the	paper	logically	and	draws	an	analogy	between	an	eye
	and	i a came	era.									

(A). a simplicity

(B). a similarity

(C). a difference

- (D). a significance
- *analogy: likeness, resemblance, semblance, similarity
 - (B). similarity: analogy, approximation, parallel, homogeneity, uniformity, consistency
- 39. The fear of smallpox, which terrorized the eighteenth century, has no analogy today.

(A). occurrence

(B). remnants

(C). witnesses

(D). parallel

- *analogy: similarity, parity, parallel, equivalence, alikeness
 - (D). parallel: correspondence, analogy, similitude, similarity, likeness, resemblance
- 40. The Chinese people worship their ancestors.

(A). fossils

(B). elders

(C). forefathers

- (D). heirs
- *ancestor: forefather, forbear, progenitor, primogenitor
 - (C). forefather: ancestor, forebear, grandfather, progenitor, primogenitor
- 41. There is a famous <u>anecdote</u> that Newton was led to the discovery of the law of gravitation by the sight of an apple falling from a tree.

(A). maxim

(B). epigram

(C). parody

(D). brief story

- *anecdote: short story, sketch, narrative, relation, tale
 - (D). brief story: short story, anecdote, tale, narrative
- 42. Left to itself and without the human response from conscious, they can destroy its own gifts and sooner or later sweep them into annihilation.

(A). erosion

(B). jeopardy

(C). destruction

(D). existence

- *annihilation: extermination, obliteration, extinction, destructio
 - (C). destruction: annihilation, discreation, extermination, extirpation
- 43. Among the 50 states, New Hampshire is an anomaly, and a pleasant one, because it has no sales or income tax.
 - (A) a good example

(B). an irregularity

(C). an asset

(D). a burden

- *anomaly: abnormality, abnormity, irregularity, variation
 - (B). irregularity: anomaly, aberration, perversion, abnormality

8	
44.	Although many people had long regarded the "Star-Spangled Banner" as the national anthem, it was not officially designated as such until 1916.
	(A). symbol (C). motto (D). song *anthem: hymn, sacred song, psalm, paean
	(D). song: melody, tune, air, chorus, anthem, paean, cantata
45.	Archeologists engage in the search for ancient coins, cooking

- utensils, fragments of buildings and monuments, and other
 - antiquities.
 - (A). objects (C). ornaments

- (B). souvenirs
- (D). ancient relics
- *antiquities: relics, artifacts, fossils, archaisms, ruins,
 - (D). ancient relics: remains, ancient objects, vestiges, antiquities
- 46. Zero is the first of ten symbols with which we are able to represent any of an infinitude of numbers.
 - (A). most

(B). a number

(C). some

(D). all

- *any: every, all
 - (D). all: any, any whatever, any and every
- 47. Screw shells are beautiful examples of shells with many whorls that expand very gradually towards the aperture.
 - (A). top

(B). opening

(C). mid point

- (D). bottom
- *aperture: opening, hole, eye, puncture, perforation, interstice
 - (B). opening: hole, cavity, aperture, orifice, interstice, pore
- 48. Birthplace of Spinoza and residence of Rembrandt, Amsterdam reached its apex as a cultural center in the 17th century.
 - (A). goal

(B). culmination

(C). destination

- (D). aim
- *apex: acme, zenith, maximum, climax, culmination
 - (B). culmination: summit, apex, vertex, apogee, crest, spire
- 49. The apex of Mount Everest is 29,028 feet above sea level.
 - (A). summit

(B). trail

(C). attitude

- (D). length
- *apex; acme, zenith, summit, climax, crest
 - (A). summit: apex, vertex, apogee, crest, pinnacle, peak, spire

- 50. By the 1850s photographs were being used for magic lantern slides, and the introduction of electricity allowed for strong and more constant light for the projection apparatus.
 - (A). cameras

(B). lenses

(C). booths

- (D). tools
- *apparatus: equipment, instruments, tools, utensils, gear, paraphernalia
 - (D). tools: implements, instruments, utensils, apparatus, devices
- 51. When apprentices in colonial America satisfactorily completed their training periods, each received two sets of apparel as a graduation gift.
 - (A). clothes

(B). credentials

(C). wages

- (D). tools
- *apparel: clothing, clothes, attire, wear, garments, vestments
 - (A). clothes: apparel, wearing, dress, attire, garb, clothing
- 52. Death row inmates usually try to appeal their convictions.
 - (A). evade

(B). plea

(C). confront

- (D). perplex
- *appeal: attract, charm, allure, fascinate, plea
 - (B). plea: appeal, entreat, request, petition, solicit
- 53. Since he had never been in such a situation before, his apprehension was understandable.
 - (A). eagerness

(B). fear

(C). hesitation

- (D). excitement
- *apprehension: fear, foreboding, presage, solicitude, suspicion
 - (B). fear: apprehension, misgiving, uncertainty, suspicion, mistrust, qualms
- 54. Samuel Morse requested from the Congress of the United States an appropriation to construct an experimental telegraph line.

(A). quidance

(B). funding

(C). property

- (D). power
- *appropriation: property, grant, allotment, allowance, assistance, stipend
 - (C). property: possessions, belongings, stipend
 - (C). property: ownership, dominion, propriety, possession
- 55. During a divorce case, an arbiter will make the settlement.
 - (A). a lawyer

(B). a couple

(C). a witness

- (D). a judge
- *arbiter: judge, determiner, decider, adjudicator, moderator, umpire, referee, negotiator
 - (D). judge: arbiter, determiner, decider, moderator

- 56. Wherever Carl G. Jung observed meaningful coincidences in an individual's life, it seemed that there was an archetype activated in the unconscious of the individual concerned.
 - (A). agony

(B). antagonism

(C). antipathy

- (D). original pattern
- *archetype: pattern, paradigm, form, mould, model, standard
 - (D). original pattern: original, archetype, matrix, prototype, paragon
- 57. Venus's-flytrap is a plant found in a small area of coastal North South Carolina.

(A). stream

(B). vicinity

(C). amount

- (D). base
- *area: locality, district, neighborhood, vicinage, vicinity
 - (B). vicinity: locality, area, district, neighborhood, vicinity
- 58. The "problem play" has brought the theater into the arena of social reform.
 - (A). phase

(B). role

(C). background

- (D). sphere
- *arena: batterfield, field of conflict, sphere of action
 - (D). sphere: field, domain, realm, district, arena
- 59. Coffee is famous for it's wonderful aroma that can be smelled from long distances away.
 - (A). sight

(B). taste

(C). vapor

- (D). pleasant odour .
- *aroma: odour, scent, fragrance, perfume, smell, redolence
 - (D). pleasant odour: smell, scent, aroma, fragrance, perfume
- 60. Located in Washington, D.C., the Library of Congress contains an imposing array of books on every conceivable subject.
 - (A). history

(B). catalog

(C). shelf

- (D). collection
- *array: assembling, amassing, amassment, collection, agglomeration, aggregation
 - (D). collection: set, series, array, assortment, amassment
- 61. There are entertainers like Rich Little and Lily Tomlin whose arsenal of impersonations enchant their audiences.
 - (A). wisdom

(B). performance

(C). repertory

- (D). adaptation
- *arsenal: depository, repository, repertory
 - (C). repertory: inventory, repertoire, arsenal

			11
62.	. ,	. choices . desires	eer
	(D). desires: attractions, aspirati	ons, emulations, ambitions	3
63.		ers of art, both by writing art imagination . opportunities	
	(C). ambitions: aspirations, hopes, covetousness, years	wishes, desires, ings	
64.	(11)	3). advantage 3). pride	
	(B). advantage: asset, benefit, god	od, comfort	
65.	(/	c, guardian or anyone else 3). children 3). items of property	in a
	(D). items of property: means, invo	estments, assets, fortune	
66.		3). neighbors 3). students	
	(A). colleagues: associates, peers	, mates, assistants	
67.		the loan would be repaired B). approval D). presence	•:

(C). quarantee: assurance, warrant, contract

attestation

*assurance: guaranty, guarantee, warrant, contract, bond,

- 68. In general, formal <u>attire</u> is required of quests at state functions in the White House.
 - (A). dress

(B). speech

(C). invitations

- (D). introductions
- *attire: apparel, wear, clothes, dress, garb, costume
 - (A). dress: clothing, apparel, garb, attire, dress, gear
- 69. Students on campus can consult with a student attorney any time of the day.
 - (A). psychologist

(B). specialist

(C). lawyer

- (D). doctor
- *attorney: lawyer, legal advisor, counsel, barrister, solicitor, deputy
 - (C). lawyer: attorney, legal advisor, counsel
- 70. All living things have certain <u>attributes</u> that are passed on from one generation to the next.
 - (A). cells

(B). viruses

(C). traits

- (D). flaws
- *attributes: characteristics, characters, features, traits, graces, virtues
 - (C). traits: characteristics, qualities, features, attributes, properties
- 71. The International Conference on the Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy was set up under the <u>auspices</u> of the United Nations to encourage the free exchange of non-military nuclear data among scientists.
 - (A). guidance

(B). superintendence

(C). sponsorship

- (D). command
- *auspices: patronage, support, sponsorship, protection, aegis
 - (C). sponsorship: backing, aegis, auspices, patronage
- 72. The salon was the most elegant room Madeline had ever seen, despite its austerity.

(A). flexibility

(B). design

(C). decoration

- (D). simplicity
- *austerity: simplicity, plainness, unadornment, commonness
 - (D). simplicity: plainness, modesty, unadornment, austereness
- 73. Each year, the IBM corporation gives out many <u>awards</u> to gifted university students.
 - (A). positions

(B). jobs

(C). grants

- (D). assistance
- *awards: grants, allotments, scholarships, fellowships
 - (C). grants: awards, tributes, honorariums, offerings, bounties

1.	Some hotels in the United States have imposed a <u>ban</u> on cigarette smoking. (A). restriction (C). fine (D). prohibition *ban: prohibition, interdiction, interdict, forbiddance, taboo, embargo
	(D). prohibition: ban, embargo, proscription, disallowance
2.	In certain types of quartz, bands of color form an irregular pattern.
	(A). shades (B). grains
	(C). drops (D). stripes *bands: stripes, streaks, striation, strokes, lines, strips
	(D). stripes: strips, braids, tapes, strings, strata
3.	Primates are almost always found in <u>bands</u> consisting of several males, a larger number of females, and dependent young of both sexes.
	(A). groups (B). wide areas
	(C). flat terrains(D). arid regions*bands: company, groups, bodies, assemblage, aggregation, swarms
	(A). groups: teams, crews, bands, troupes, squads, gangs
4.	It is customary to give a retiring employee with over 30 years experience a banquet.
	(A). memorial (B). gift (C). dancing party (D). feast
	(C). dancing party (D). feast *banquet: feast, repast, meal, treat, festival

(D). feast: banquet, repast, collation, meal, fare

5. Humanitarians tried to remove all the barriers. (A). obstables

(B). targets

(C). measures (D). discards

*barriers: bars, checks, obstacles, hindrances, impediments, obstructions

- (A). obstacles: barriers, barricades, obstructions, blockades, impediments, hindrances
- 6. The Great Wall of China is a defensive barrier that stretches for thousands of miles.

(A). barricade

(B). design

(C). boarder

(D). limitation

*barrier: barricade, blockade, stopper, bar, check

(A). barricade: barrier, obstacle, hindrance, rampart

7. On the scales of most fishes there is a thin, mucus-covered layer of skin which provides an effective barrier against the entry of diseasecarrying organisms. (B). antibody (A). obstruction (D). resistance (C). surface *barrier: bar, check, obstacle, hindrance, obstruction (A). obstruction: obstacle, impediment, barrier, stop, hindrance 8. Life in the forest is a constant battle for survival. (A). flight (B). struggle (C). option (D). guess *battle: clash, struggle, strife, contention, brawl (B). struggle: battle, fight, combat, altercation 9. The bedrock on which psychoanalysis rests is a belief in the unconscious. (A). impasse (B). foundation (C). bias (D). viewpoint *bedrock: base, foundation, ground, substratum (B). foundation: base, bedrock, ground, basis 10. According to legend, Betsy Ross made the first American flag at the behest of George Washington. (B). in defense (A). on behalf (D). at the inauguration (C). at the request *the behest: solicitation, requisition, request, proposal, petition (C). at the request: upon the requisition, at the behest, upon the demand 11. The struggle of the Polish people offers a choice of great costs or great benefits. (A). sacrifices (B). victims (C). advantages (D). awe *benefit: advantage, behoof, interest, good, well-being (C). advantage: benefit, behoof, good, profit, advancement 12. Soon after the colonists arrived in the New World, they learned to produce beverages from fruit and grain. (B). medicines (A). cakes (D). jellies (C). drinks

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*beverage: drink, potable, soda, liquor

(C). drink: beverage, liquor, liquid