# COMPREHENSIVE ORGANIC TRANSFORMATIONS

A Guide to
Functional Group Preparations
Second Edition

By Richard C. Larock

Vol.3

## COMPREHENSIVE ORGANIC TRANSFORMATIONS

A Guide to Functional Group Preparations
Second Edition

Richard C. Larock



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#### **FOREWORD**

The first edition of this book, Comprehensive Organic Transformations – A Guide to Functional Group Transformations, which appeared in 1989, delivered in abundance the information promised by the title. It was truly comprehensive, as it covered countless reactions (starting from or leading to the core functional groups of organic chemistry, from C=C to hydroxyl and amino to carbonyl to carboxylic acid and derivatives), and contained zillions of useful references. Packed within a thousand or so pages was an enormous amount of valuable and readily located synthetic chemistry, covering the literature up to 1987 (mainly from 1950–1987).

No wonder then that Richard Larock's Comprehensive Organic Transformations treatise became a mainstay of academic and industrial synthetic chemists, a great place to look when confronted with a new problem or task. For students, Comprehensive Organic Transformations has served as a concentrated one-volume guide to synthesis, and as a way to deepen and broaden their command of the vast body of knowledge that is synthetic chemistry. It is precisely because Comprehensive Organic Transformations has been of such value to chemists that its devotees, including myself, have hoped that an updated version would be forthcoming as an aid to keeping abreast of the avalanche of new developments in the field of synthesis. I've heard synthetic chemists joke that there are two types of colleagues: those who try to keep up with the literature and fail, and those who have stopped trying. Not so. Richard Larock is a different breed; he is still trying, and he has succeeded. In this new work, the second edition of Comprehensive Organic Transformations, Richard provides us with another scientific treasure chest and a powerful tool in dealing with the superhuman task of keeping up to date in chemistry.

In his Foreword to the first edition of Comprehensive Organic Transformations, H.C. Brown wrote "One must admire Richard Larock's courage in undertaking this monumental task". I agree completely. But, there is an additional comment that I am moved to make on the second edition: Thanks, Richard, for the valiant effort which produced this book; indeed, many thanks from us all.

E. J. Corey
Department of Chemistry & Chemical Biology
Harvard University

#### **PREFACE**

Organic synthesis is one of the most rapidly developing areas in all of chemistry. Every day useful new reagents and reactions are reported worldwide in the chemical literature. It is increasingly difficult for the organic chemist to keep up with the latest in synthetic organic methodology without spending an inordinate amount of time reading a wide variety of chemical journals, including many whose focus is not strictly synthetic organic chemistry.

In recent years, a variety of reviews, books and multi-volume treatises have appeared to aid the organic chemist interested in synthetic methodology, but many of these are either inconvenient, limited in scope, or prohibitively expensive for personal use or for those just entering the field. The intent of the present volume is to provide a comprehensive, highly condensed, systematic collection of useful synthetic methodology that both the beginning student and the long-time practitioner of organic synthesis will find useful.

This book began in 1973 as a series of graduate course handouts on the most important methodology for the synthesis of the major organic functional groups. Like the aforementioned publications, this reference work grew rapidly over the years to a major treatise covering a vast amount of synthetic organic chemistry. In the mid 1980's it was felt that the synthetic organic chemistry community might benefit from this compilation, so a serious effort was made to thoroughly update and organize the material for publication. The result was the first edition of *Comprehensive Organic Transformations*, which appeared in late 1989, and covered the literature through 1987. With the success of that first edition and the continuing need for a single, comprehensive inexpensive compilation on organic synthetic methodology, the author was encouraged to attempt the present major update.

The author takes full responsibility for the reactions, reagents and references covered. In choosing material for this text, the author has observed the following general guidelines. All reactions covered should be either very general in scope or else so unique that the methodology will find real synthetic utility. Yields should generally be at least 50%. Reagents should be readily available or easily prepared and handled in the laboratory. As much as possible, similar transformations appear together in as concise a format as possible. Significant limitations in methodology are noted. No effort has been made to cover the use of protecting groups, since excellent reviews on this subject are already available. Likewise, heterocyclic chemistry has consciously been omitted, except where heterocycles have been employed to effect simple functional group manipulations. Synthetically useful, multiple functional group transformations have been covered and cross-referenced in appropriate sections, although they present certain organizational problems. To those chemists whose contributions to synthetic methodology may have been slighted or altogether ignored, I apologize. It would be appreciated if major errors or omissions are brought to the author's attention, so that future printings and subsequent editions may be corrected.

As in the first edition, all reactions have been systematically organized according to the functional group being synthesized, with no attempt to cover the less important functional groups. Within each chapter, the methodology is further subdivided into major processes, such as oxidation, reduction, alkylation, etc. It is hoped that the reader will easily find the desired transformation by skimming the detailed Table of Contents, although an extensive Transformation Index is available.

The first edition of Comprehensive Organic Transformations covered some 160 or more primary chemical journals and a number of books and reviews published up to 1987. The present update has been generated by carefully scanning every page of the Journal of the American Chemical Society, the Journal of Organic Chemistry, Tetrahedron Letters and Synlett for the years 1988 through 1995, and checking references therein for additional material. Unfortunately, there simply was not enough time available to the author to review the other major, synthetic organic chemistry journals, as thoroughly. Thirty nine new journals and numerous additional reviews and books have been covered in this edition. Obscure journals not readily available to most synthetic organic chemists have been avoided. The names of authors have been omitted to save space. Original publications describing a new transformation have usually been cited, but they have on occasion been omitted if they do not necessarily describe the best reaction conditions for running the reaction or purvey little of the scope of the reaction. References containing full experimental procedures, though they may be buried in an experimental section, have been favored over communications lacking such details. An attempt has been made to highlight reviews and significant publications. The immediate problem one encounters is in deciding where to draw the line on references. Initial reports of a useful, new reaction have received complete coverage. However, a time soon comes when a truly significant reaction, such as the use of ester enolates in synthesis, appears routinely in publication after publication and no reviews have appeared. In such situations, the author has tended to include most of the new material and has not had the time to omit the more inconsequential earlier references.

It is hoped that the reader finds this latest effort worthwhile and will not hesitate to make suggestions on ways this material may be improved. Corrections, additions and suggestions would be deeply appreciated.

Richard C. Larock Ames, Iowa USA

#### **ABOUT THE AUTHOR**

Richard C. Larock was born in Berkeley, California, in 1944 and raised in the San Francisco Bay Area.

He received his B.S. degree summa cum laude in chemistry, at the University of California at Davis, in 1967. While there, he participated in the University of California Education Abroad Program in Göttingen, West Germany, and did undergraduate research with Professor George Zweifel. He was also elected to Phi Kappa Phi and Phi Beta Kappa National Honor Societies and received the Outstanding Achievement Award in the Department of Chemistry, and the Herbert A. Young Award for highest achievement in the College of Letters and Science.

Dr. Larock received an NSF Graduate Fellowship to pursue his graduate training at Purdue University, working with 1979 Nobel Laureate, Herbert C. Brown, on the mercuration of organoboranes. After obtaining his Ph.D. in 1971, he received an NSF Postdoctoral Fellowship to work with 1990 Nobel Laureate, E. J. Corey, at Harvard University.

In 1972, he joined the organic chemistry faculty at lowa State University, where he is presently University Professor of Chemistry. His early work at Iowa State, on new applications of organomercurials in organic synthesis, earned him an Alfred P. Sloan Foundation Fellowship and a DuPont Young Faculty Scholarship, and culminated in the publication of two books in the area: Organomercury Compounds in Organic Synthesis and Solvomercuration/Demercuration Reactions in Organic Synthesis.

Dr. Larock's use of organomercurials to generate synthetically valuable organopalladium intermediates encouraged him to move into the exciting new field of organopalladium chemistry, where his scientific contributions have involved the application of vinylpalladium chemistry to organic synthesis, the discovery of new routes to  $\pi$ -allylpalladium compounds, the development of new methodology based on palladium migration chemistry, the synthesis of prostaglandins  $\nu$ ia palladium intermediates, and most recently, palladium(II)-catalyzed cyclizations and oxidations, and the palladium(0)-catalyzed annulation of alkenes, dienes and alkynes. This work has been described in over 150 publications and 30 patents. Current interests also include the synthesis of industrially useful oils and biodegradable polymers from natural oils, particularly soybean oil.

Dr. Larock has recently been awarded 1997 and 1998 Merck Academic Development Awards in Chemistry, received a 1998 Regent's Award for Faculty Excellence at Iowa State University, and in 1999 been named University Professor of Chemistry.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The preparation of a book of this magnitude requires the assistance of a number of people. The author is indebted to Iowa State University for providing the time and assistance necessary for the preparation of much of this book, and a faculty improvement leave in 1994 to help get this second edition off the ground. The Department of Chemistry at the University of Hawaii at Manoa is gratefully acknowledged for having provided a visiting professorship in 1985 (which allowed the author to push the original manuscript through to publication), and an office during my 1994 faculty improvement leave.

To all those around me who have had to "endure" this book for so long, your encouragement, patience and perseverance are deeply appreciated. The author is particularly indebted to Professor John Maves for all the personal impositions created by this entire endeavor. I thank my students – who have often had to take a back seat to this project – for their understanding and patience.

I must also acknowledge a core of dedicated secretaries, who over the years continually updated the early material for classroom use, particularly Mrs. Helen Eggleston and Mrs. Denise Junod. The author is especially indebted to Mrs. Nancy Qvale, who was responsible for the preparation of a major portion of the final manuscript for the first edition.

Finally, the author wishes to thank his parents Hazel and Ralph Larock for having provided genes with the perseverance and perfectionism necessary to complete this project, when it seemed that the project would never end.

#### LITERATURE ABBREVIATIONS

Acta Chem Scand

Acta Chem Scand B

Acta Chimica Sinica Adv Alicyclic Chem Adv Biochem Eng Adv Carbohydr Chem

Adv Catalysis Adv Chem Ser

Adv Heterocyclic Chem

Adv Org Chem

Adv Organometal Chem

Adv Photochem Adv Phys Org Chem Agric Biol Chem Anal Chem Anal de Quim Angew

Angew Int Ann

Ann Chim
Ann Chim (Rome)

Ann Chim (Rome)
Ann NY Acad Sci
Ann Rep Med Chem
Appl Environ Microbiol

Appl Microbiol

Appl Microbiol Biotechnol

Appl Radiat Isot

Arch Biochem Biophys

Arch Pharm Arkiv Kemi Arzneim Forsch Austral J Chem

BCSJ Ber

Biocatalysis Biochem

Biochem Biophy Res Commun

Biochem J

Biochim Biophys Acta Bio Med Chem Lett Accounts of Chemical Research Acta Chemica Scandinavica

Acta Chemica Scandinavica. Series B: Organic

Chemistry and Biochemistry Acta Chimica Sinica

Advances in Alicyclic Chemistry Advances in Biochemical Engineering Advances in Carbohydrate Chemistry

Advances in Catalysis
Advances in Chemistry Series
Advances in Heterocyclic Chemistry

Advances in Organic Chemistry: Methods and Results

Advances in Organometallic Chemistry

Advances in Photochemistry

Advances in Physical Organic Chemistry Agricultural and Biological Chemistry

Analytical Chemistry Anales de Quimica Angewandte Chemie

Angewandte Chemie, International Edition in English

Justus Liebig's Annalen der Chemie

Annales de Chimie Annali di Chimica (Rome)

Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences Annual Reports in Medicinal Chemistry Applied and Environmental Microbiology

Applied Microbiology

Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology

Applied Radiation and Isotopes

Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics

Archiv der Pharmazie Arkiv for Kemi Arzneimittel-Forschung

Australian Journal of Chemistry

Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan Berichte der Deutschen Chemischen Gesellschaft

Biocatalysis Biochemistry

Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications

Biochemical Journal

Biochimica et Biophysica Acta

Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry Letters

Bioorg Chem

**BSCF** 

Bull Acad Polon Sci, Ser Sci Chem

Bull Acad Sci USSR, Div Chem Sci

Bull Korean Chem Soc

Bull Russ Acad Sci, Div Chem Sci

Bull Soc Chim Belg

CA

Can J Chem Cancer Lett Carbohydr Res Catal Rev CC

Chem Eng News Chem in Britain Chem Ind

Chem Listy

Chem Pharm Bull Chem Phys Lipids

Chem Rev Chem Scripta Chem Soc Rev Chem Weekb Chem Zeitung Chem Zentr Chimia

Chim Ind (Milan)

CL.

Coll Czech Chem Commun

Compt Rend

Compt Rend C

Curr Sci

Discuss Faraday Soc

Dokl

Experientia

Fortschr Chem Forsch Fund Res Homogeneous Catal

Gazz Chim Ital

Helv

Heterocycles

Bioorganic Chemistry

Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France

Bulletin de l'Academie Polonaise des Sciences, Serie

des Sciences Chimiques

Bulletin of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR,

Division of Chemical Science

Bulletin of the Korean Chemical Society

Bulletin of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Division of

Chemical Sciences

Bulletin des Societes Chimiques Belges

Chemical Abstracts

Canadian Journal of Chemistry

Cancer Letters

Carbohydrate Research Catalysis Reviews

Journal of the Chemical Society: Chemical

**Communications** 

Chemical and Engineering News

Chemistry in Britain Chemistry and Industry Chemicke Listy

Chemical and Pharmaceutical Bulletin

Chemistry and Physics of Lipids

Chemical Reviews
Chemica Scripta
Chemical Society Reviews
Chemisch Weekblad
Chemiker Zeitung

Chemisches Zentralblatt

Chimia

Chimica e l'Industria (Milan)

Chemistry Letters

Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications Comptes Rendus Hebdomadaires des Seances de

l'Academie des Sciences

Comptes Rendus Hebdomadaires des Seances de

l'Academie des Sciences. Serie C: Sciences Chimiques

Current Science

Discussions of the Faraday Society

Proceedings of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR,

Chemistry Section

Experientia

Fortschritte der Chemischen Forschung

Fundamental Research in Homogeneous Catalysis

Gazzetta Chimica Italiana

Helvetica Chimica Acta

Heterocycles

Ind Eng Chem Industrial and Engineering Chemistry Ind J Chem Indian Journal of Chemistry Ind J Chem B Indian Journal of Chemistry. Section B: Organic Chemistry and Medicinal Chemistry Inorg Inorganic Chemistry Int J Peptide Protein Res International Journal of Peptide and Protein Research Int J Sulfur Chem International Journal of Sulfur Chemistry Intra-Science Chem Reports Intra-Science Chemistry Reports Israel J Chem Israel Journal of Chemistry Izv Akad Nauk SSSR, Ser Khim Izvestiia Akademii Nauk SSSR. Seriia Khimicheskaia J Am Oil Chem Soc Journal of the American Oil Chemists' Society J Am Pharm Assoc Journal of the American Pharmaceutical Association I Antibiotics Journal of Antibiotics J Bacteriol Journal of Bacteriology J Biochem (Tokyo) Journal of Biochemistry (Tokyo) J Biol Chem Journal of Biological Chemistry J Catalysis Journal of Catalysis J Chem Ed Journal of Chemical Education J Chem Eng Data Journal of Chemical and Engineering Data J Chem Res (S) Journal of Chemical Research. Synopses J Fluorine Chem Journal of Fluorine Chemistry J Gen Chem USSR Journal of General Chemistry of the USSR J Gen Microbiol Journal of General Microbiology J Heterocyclic Chem Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry J Ind Chem Soc Journal of the Indian Chemical Society J Korean Chem Soc Journal of the Korean Chemical Society J Label Compds Journal of Labelled Compounds J Label Cpds Radiopharm Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals J Lipid Res Journal of Lipid Research J Med Chem Journal of Medicinal Chemistry J Mol Catal Journal of Molecular Catalysis J Nat Prod Journal of Natural Products J Nucl Med Journal of Nuclear Medicine J Pharm Sci Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences J Photochem Journal of Photochemistry J Phys Chem Journal of Physical Chemistry J Phys Org Chem Journal of Physical Organic Chemistry J Polym Sci, Polym Chem Ed Journal of Polymer Science: Polymer Chemistry Edition J Prakt Chem Journal für Praktische Chemie J Russ Phys Chem Soc Journal of the Russian Physical Chemical Society J Sci Ind Res B Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research. Part B: Physical Sciences J Vitaminol (Osaka) Journal of Vitaminology **JACS** Journal of the American Chemical Society **JCS** Journal of the Chemical Society JCS A Journal of the Chemical Society. Section A: Inorganic, Physical and Theoretical JCS B Journal of the Chemical Society. Section B: Physical Organic

Journal of the Chemical Society. Section C: Organic

JCS C

ICS D

JCS Dalton JCS Japan JCS Perkin I

JCS Perkin II

JOC

JOC USSR JOMC

Macromolecules Mendeleev Commun Methods Carbohydr Chem

Monatsh

Natl Prod Repts

Nature Naturwiss

Newer Methods Prep Org Chem

Nouv J Chim

Nucleosides and Nucleotides

Org Mag Res Org Photochem Org Prep Proc Org Prep Proc Int

Org Rxs Org Syn

Polym J

Org Syn Coll Vol Organomet

Organomet Chem Rev A

Organomet Chem Syn

Phosphorus Phosphorus and Sulfur Photochem Photobiol Phytochemistry Pol J Chem

Proc Acad Sci USSR, Chem Sec

Proc Chem Soc Proc Ind Acad Sci A

Proc Natl Acad Sci USA

Prog Inorg Chem Prostaglandins PSS Journal of the Chemical Society. Section D: Chemical Communications

Journal of the Chemical Society: Dalton Transactions

Journal of the Chemical Society of Japan

Journal of the Chemical Society: Perkin Transactions I Journal of the Chemical Society: Perkin Transactions II

Journal of Organic Chemistry

Journal of Organic Chemistry of the USSR Journal of Organometallic Chemistry

Macromolecules

Mendeleev Communications

Methods in Carbohydrate Chemistry

Monatshefte für Chemie

Natural Product Reports

Nature

Naturwissenschaften

Newer Methods of Preparative Organic Chemistry

Nouveau Journal de Chimie Nucleosides and Nucleotides

Organic Magnetic Resonance Organic Photochemistry

Organic Preparations and Procedures

Organic Preparations and Procedures International

Organic Reactions
Organic Syntheses

Organic Syntheses. Collective Volume

**Organometallics** 

Organometallic Chemistry Reviews. Section A: Subject

Reviews

Organometallics in Chemical Synthesis

Phosphorus and the Heavier Group Va Elements Phosphorus and Sulfur and the Related Elements

Photochemistry and Photobiology

Phytochemistry

Polish Journal of Chemistry

Polymer Journal

Proceedings of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR.

Chemistry Section

Proceedings of the Chemical Society (London)
Proceedings—Indian Academy of Sciences. Section A,

Part 1: Chemical Sciences

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the

United States of America Progress in Inorganic Chemistry

Prostaglandins

Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related

Elements

Pure Appl Chem

Pure and Applied Chemistry

**Ouart Rev** 

Quarterly Reviews-Chemical Society, London

Rec Chem Prog

Record of Chemical Progress Rec Trav Chim

Recl J R Neth Chem Soc

Recueil des Travaux Chimiques des Pays-Bas Recueil: Journal of the Royal Netherlands Chemical

Rev Chem Intermed Rev Pure Appl Chem

Reviews of Pure and Applied Chemistry Roczniki Chemii

Russ Chem Rev Russ J Chem

Rocz

Russian Chemical Reviews Russian Journal of Chemistry

Reviews of Chemical Intermediates

S Afr J Chem

South African Journal of Chemistry

SL

Synlett

Soc Chem Ind

Society of Chemical Industry, London Chemical Engineering Group, Proceedings

Steroids Syn

Steroids Synthesis

Syn Commun

Synthetic Communications

Tetr

Tetr Asym

Topics Curr Chem Topics Stereochem

Trans Faraday Soc Transition Met Chem Tetrahedron

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry Tetrahedron Letters Topics in Current Chemistry Topics in Stereochemistry

Transactions of the Faraday Society Transition Metal Chemistry (New York)

Z Chem

Z Naturforsch B

Zeitschrift für Chemie

Zeitschrift für Naturforschung. Tiel B: Anorganische Chemie, Organische Chemie, Biochemie, Biophysik,

Biologie

Zh Obshch Khim

Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii

#### **CHEMICAL ABBREVIATIONS**

Ac acetyl acetylacetonate [CH3COCHCOCH3] acac N,N'-bis(1-methyl-3-oxobutylidene)ethylenediamine acaen **AIBN** 2,2'-azobisisobutyronitrile  $[Me_2C(CN)N = NC(CN)Me_2]$ Am amyl aq aqueous Ar aryl 9-borabicyclo[3,3,1]nonyl 9-BBN 9-borabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane BINAP 2,2'-bis(diphenylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl BINOL bipy 2,2'-bipyridyl Boc tert-butoxycarbonyl Bu butyl c cyclo CAN ceric ammonium nitrate cat catalytic CB catecholborane | COD cis, cis-1,5-cyclooctadiene COT 1,3,5-cyclooctatriene Cp cyclopentadienyl Су cyclohexyl **DABCO** 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane DBA dibenzylideneacetone [PhCH=CHCOCH=CHPh] **DBN** 1,5-diazabicyclo[4.3.0]non-5-ene **DBU** 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene DCC dicyclohexylcarbodiimide DDO 2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone DEAD diethyl azodicarboxylate diop (2,3)-O-isopropylidene-2,3-dihydroxy-1,4-bis(diphenylphosphino)butane **DMAP** 4-dimethylaminopyridine **DMBI** 1, 3-dimethyl-2-phenylbenzimidizoline

```
DME
                                      1,2-dimethoxyethane
 DMF
                                      N,N-dimethylformamide
 DMSO
                                      dimethylsulfoxide
 dppb
                                      1,4-bis(diphenylphosphino)butane [Ph<sub>2</sub>P(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>PPh<sub>2</sub>]
 dppe
                                      1,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane [Ph2PCH2CH2PPh2]
 dppf
                                      1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene
 dppp
                                      1.3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane [Ph<sub>2</sub>P(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>PPh<sub>2</sub>]
 E
                                      electrophile
 EDA
                                      ethylenediamine [H2NCH2CH2NH2]
 EDTA
                                      ethylenediaminetetraacetate
 Et
                                      ethyl
 Fer
                                      ferrocenvl
 fod
                                     6,6.7,7,8,8,8-heptafluoro-2,2-dimethyl-3,5-octanedionato
                                        [CF<sub>3</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>COCHCOC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>]
                                     dicarbonyl(η<sup>5</sup>-cyclopentadienyl)iron(I) [Fe(CO)<sub>2</sub>(cyclopentadienyl)]
 Fp
Het
                                     heterocycle
hfacac
                                     1,1,1,5,5,5-hexafluoroacetylacetonate [CF3COCHCOCF3]
HMPA = HMPT
                                     hexamethylphosphoramide
HOAt
                                     1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole
HOBT
                                     1-hydroxybenzotriazole
i
Ipc
                                     isopinocamphe
L
                                     ligand
LDA
                                     lithium diisopropylamide [LiN(i-C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]
                                     meta
MAD
                                     methylaluminum bis(2,6-di-t-butyl-4-methylphenoxide)
Me
```

methyl

**MEM** 

methoxyethoxymethyl [CH3OCH2CH2OCH2-]

Mes

mesal MOM N-methylsalicylaldimine

Ms

methoxymethyl [CH<sub>3</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>]

methanesulfonyl

n

normal

NADPH	nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate
NBA	N-bromoacetamide
NBD	norbornadiene
NBS	N-bromosuccinimide
NCS	N-chlorosuccinimide
NIS	N-iodosuccinimide
NMO	
NMP	N-methylmorpholine oxide ON: Me N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone
Nuc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Nuc	nucleophile
o	ortho
p Dog	para
PCC	pyridinium chlorochromate
PDC	pyridinium dichromate
PEG-400	poly(ethylene glycol)-400
Ph	phenyl
phen	1,10-phenanthroline
PPA	polyphosphoric acid
PPTS	pyridinium p-toluenesulfonate
Pr	propyl
ру	pyridine
R	an organic group
$R_f$	perfluoroalkyl
Salen	N,N'-ethylenebis(salicylideneiminato)
salophen	o-phenylenebis(salicylideneiminato)
sec	secondary
Sia	1,2-dimethylpropyl [(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCHCH <sub>3</sub> ]
S,S-chiraphos	(S,S)-2,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)butane
-	[(S,S)-Ph <sub>2</sub> PCH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )PPh <sub>2</sub> ]
t	tertiary
TCNE	tetracyanoethylene
ТЕМРО	tetracyanoethylene 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl
Tf	trifluoromethanesulfonyl L / J
Th	2-thienyl S
THF	tetrahydrofuran
THP	2-tetrahydropyranyl
TMEDA	N,N,N',N'-tetramethylethylenediamine [Me <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> NMe <sub>2</sub> ]
	[ Me Ma]
ГМР	2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidide  Me N- Me N- Me
<b></b> .	
<b>Tol</b>	tolyl
tolbinap	2,2'-bis(di-p-tolylphosphino)-1,1'-binaphthyl
tpp	tetraphenylporphyrin
T's	p-toluenesulfonyl

#### **CONTENTS**

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