# Psychology Today

AN INTRODUCTION



SEVENTH EDITION

# Psychology Today

## AN INTRODUCTION

Richard R. Bootzin
University of Arizona

Gordon H. Bower Stanford University

Jennifer Crocker
State University of New York at Buffalo

Elizabeth Hall

McGraw-Hill, Inc.

New York St. Louis San Francisco Auckland Bogotá Caracas Hamburg Lisbon London Madrid Mexico Milan Montreal New Delhi Paris San Juan São Paulo Singapore Sydney Tokyo Toronto

#### PSYCHOLOGY TODAY: An Introduction

Copyright © 1991, 1986, 1983, 1979, 1975 by McGraw-Hill, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the United States of America. Except as permitted under the United States Copyright Act of 1976, no part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, or stored in a data base or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of the publisher.

1234567890 VNH VNH 9543210

#### X-PE2400-70 NBZI

This book was set in Stempel Garamond by York Graphic Services, Inc. The editors were Christopher Rogers, Cele Gardner, and Sheila H. Gillams; the cover and interior design were done by Armen Kojoyian; the production supervisors were Stacey Alexander and Janelle S. Travers. Cover illustration by Jim Finlayson.

Von Hoffmann Press, Inc., was printer and binder.

#### Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

```
Psychology today: an introduction / Richard R. Bootzin . . . [et al.].
  —7th ed.
    Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
    ISBN 0-07-006539-X
    1. Psychology. I. Bootzin, Richard R., (date).
 BF121.P85
  150-dc20
                                                                   90-36651
```

### About the Authors

Richard R. Bootzin is a specialist in personality and abnormal psychology, and a prominent researcher in the areas of sleep and sleep disorders, principles of behavior change, and mental health evaluation. Dr. Bootzin received his Bachelor's degree from the University of Wisconsin at Madison and his Ph.D. from Purdue University in 1968. From 1968 through 1986, he was a faculty member at Northwestern University, serving as Chairman of the Psychology Department from 1980 to 1986. Since 1987, he has been Professor of Psychology and Director of the Graduate Program in Clinical Psychology at the University of Arizona.

Dr. Bootzin is a fellow of the American Psychological Association (APA), a member of the American Psychological Society (APS), a member of the Forum on Research Management of the Federation of Behavioral, Psychological, and Cognitive Sciences, and a member of the Executive Board of the Council of University Directors of Clinical Psychology. He has served as a reviewer for more than twenty-five journals, including the Journal of Abnormal Psychology, the Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology, the Archives of General Psychiatry, and the Journal of Personality and Social Psychology. He has published five books and more than seventy-five scientific papers. He is coauthor of Abnormal Psychology: Current Perspectives, 5th edition, published in 1988 by McGraw-Hill.

Gordon H. Bower is a cognitive psychologist who specializes in studies of human learning and memory. His work includes research on the influence of imagery and organizational factors on the storage, retrieval, and forgetting of memorized material. Dr. Bower received his Bachelor's degree from Western Reserve University, and his Ph.D. from Yale University in 1959. He holds a distinguished chair professorship in Stanford University's Psychology Department where he has remained his entire academic career. Earlier he served as Chairman of the Department and then as Associate Dean of the School.

Dr. Bower has received many honors including election to the National Academy of Sciences, the Society of Experimental Psychologists, the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and is a fellow of the American Psychological Association and the American Psychological Society. Over the years he has been elected to the Presidency of the Psychonomic Society, the Cognitive Science Society, the Society of Experimental Psychologists, APA's Division of Experimental Psychologists, the Western Psychological Association, and the Board of Directors of APS. His honors include the Distinguished Scientific Contributions Award of APA and the Warren Medal from SEP. Dr. Bower has published six books and over 150 scientific papers. He has served on the editorial board for many professional journals (currently Cognitive Science and the Annual Review of Psychology); and he edits an annual volume of research on learning and motivation.

Jennifer Crocker received her Bachelor's degree from Michigan State University, and her Ph.D. in Social Psychology from Harvard University in 1979. From 1979 to 1985 she served as Assistant Professor at Northwestern University and at the University of Minnesota. In August 1985 she became an Associate Professor of Psychology at the State University of New York at Buffalo. She was promoted to Full Professor in August 1989. She currently serves as Associate Chair of the Psychology Department.

Dr. Crocker's research concerns stereotyping and prejudice, and the effects of social stigma on self-esteem. She has received major grants from the National Science Foundation to support her research on these topics, and has published over thirty journal articles and chapters in books. She received the 1988 Gordon Allport Intergroup Relations Prize from Division 9 of the American Psychological Association of the Psychologi

cal Association for the best paper on intergroup relations.

Dr. Crocker is Associate Editor of Personality and Social Psychology Bulletin, and has served on several editorial boards, including Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, Psychological Bulletin, Social Cognition, and Journal of Consumer Research. She has also served as a reviewer for over fifteen psychology journals, and served as a grant review panel member for the National Science Foundation. She was elected to the Executive Committee of the Society for Experimental Social Psychology (SESP), and is currently the secretary-treasurer of that organization. She has been elected Chair of the Executive Committee of SESP effective October 1990.

Elizabeth Hall is a science writer and consultant in the human sciences to Casa Editrice Giunti Barbera, an Italian publishing firm. She is coauthor of Seasons of Life, the companion book to the 1990 PBS television series on human development, as well as coauthor of Developmental Psychology Today, 5th edition, of Child Psychology Today, 2d edition, and of Sexuality (all published by McGraw-Hill), and of Adult Development and Aging. A former managing editor of Psychology Today, Ms. Hall was with that magazine from its inception in 1967 until she left in 1976 to found Human Nature, a magazine about the human sciences, as its editor-in-chief. She continues to contribute to Psychology Today, and some of her magazine conversations with prominent psychologists have been collected as Growing and Changing: What the Experts Say (1987). Of her many books for children, two—Why We Do What We Do: A Look at Psychology and From Pigeons to People: A Look at Behavior Shaping—received Honorable Mention in the American Psychological Foundation's National Media Awards.

Psychology Today has long been recognized as one of the most up-to-date and comprehensive introductory psychology textbooks on the market. In keeping with that tradition, we have updated the text throughout for this new edition, incorporating the latest theories and most recent work in the various areas of psychology. We have, however, departed from past practices in an important way: we have decided that it is possible to be comprehensive without being encyclopedic. Accordingly, we have consolidated the text into five fewer chapters than in previous editions, and we have integrated its concepts and themes so as to reflect the integration that is taking place in the field itself. We have also presented the material in a way that encourages students to think critically about what they have read, so that they identify connections between concepts and understand and evaluate the research from which these concepts were derived.

The process begins in Chapter 1, where we present an overview of the origins of psychology, the emergence of the theoretical perspectives that have come to dominate the field, and the major areas of professional specialization in psychology today. This foundation prepares the student for the chapter's exploration of five enduring psychological themes that reflect the interaction of forces outside and within individuals: heredity and environment, biological continuity and human uniqueness, conscious and unconscious experience, individual differences and universal principles, and the individual and society. In subsequent chapters, these themes frequently emerge as principles by which the work of psychologists, regardless of differences in theoretical perspectives, can be integrated. Thus, for example, the spectrum of viewpoints on the nature/nurture issue is covered where appropriate throughout the book, with special emphasis in the chapters on intelligence and development. We believe that this thematic unity lends the text a greater degree of coherence and clarity.

Three features are used to stimulate critical thinking. First, we describe major studies in detail so that students can assess their validity and relevance. Second, Mark Garrison of Kentucky State University has provided two types of questions at the end of each chapter: concept-review questions, which require students to articulate the main ideas; and critical-thinking questions, which ask students to analyze and integrate theories, studies, or perspectives discussed in the chapter. Third, John Vitkus of Barnard College has written seven critical-thinking essays, which are published in the Study Guide that accompanies the textbook. Each essay focuses on a single issue that is central to the corresponding unit of the book. The essay describes one or more studies that have explored some aspect of the issue, offers a critical analysis of that research, and sums up the research findings.

# NEW ORGANIZATION AND CONSOLIDATION

We have reduced the number of chapters in this edition from twenty-eight to twenty-three and have reorganized the material as follows:

- The discussion of biological perspectives on behavior is presented where relevant in various chapters, rather than in a separate chapter.
- Human development through the life span is discussed in two chapters instead of three.

- Psychoanalytic theories of personality are combined with humanistic, behavioristic, and trait theories in a single chapter.
- The various theoretical perspectives on abnormality are not discussed in a separate chapter, but are incorporated into the chapter on psychological disorders.
- The sixth edition's two chapters on attitudes and interpersonal perception are consolidated into one chapter.
- There is now a separate chapter on intelligence, which presents the latest research on the nature of intelligence and incorporates an updated discussion of IQ testing.
- The use of statistics in psychological research is now presented in an appendix at the back of the book.

With this reorganization and consolidation, we believe, the sequence of chapters becomes more logical and organic. It serves our goal of integration, leading student readers smoothly through the various recurrent themes as they apply to the biological bases of behavior (Chapters 3-6), to cognitive processes (Chapters 7-14), to the development and psychological adjustment of the individual (Chapters 15-20), and finally to the behavior of individuals in the social context (Chapters 21-23).

#### PEDAGOGICAL AIDS

Each chapter contains one or more boxed features on an aspect of "Psychology Today and Tomorrow." The topic may be classic or recent research in an area that pertains to the chapter or the very latest work in an area that points the way toward psychology's future.

Each chapter begins with an outline of its contents, to help orient readers to the chapter's topic and coverage. Each chapter is followed by a summary in bulleted-list form (easier to use than a narrative, paragraph-style summary); an alphabetical list of the key terms that are introduced in the chapter; and the concept-review and critical-thinking questions described above.

A running glossary of key terms now appears in the text margins, in addition to the alphabetical glossary at the back of the book.

#### DESIGN AND ILLUSTRATIONS

The book has been completely redesigned. The text is printed in a single column, which is visually more "open" and accessible to student readers than the two-column format of previous editions.

This edition contains more than 250 photographs—many more than in any past edition, and the vast majority of them in full color. New tables and diagrams have been selected for their value in elucidating the text.

#### **ANCILLARIES**

A full range of ancillary materials is available, integrated with the text and with one another by Mark Garrison via the Instructor's Manual. The ancillaries include:

■ Instructor's Manual, by Paul Rosenfeld and Mark Garrison. Contains outlines of the text chapters accompanied by detailed suggestions for using the other ancillaries, answers to the end-of-chapter concept-review and critical-thinking

PREFACE xvii

questions, and answers to the questions that follow the seven critical-thinking essays that appear in the Study Guide.

- Computerized Instructor's Manual (for IBM and Apple).
- Study Guide, by Daniel Paulk and Mark Garrison. Now includes comprehensive critical-thinking essays, questions, and exercises.
- Computerized Study Guide.
- Test File, by Wendy Dunn of Coe College.
- Computerized test systems (for IBM 3½ and 5¼, Apple, and Macintosh).
- Overhead transparencies.
- Slide Set. A "library of films and videos" to select from. Adopters may choose one free video per 100 books purchased from McGraw-Hill.
- Additional software: PsychWorld, 2d ed. (for IBM 3½ and 5¼ and Apple); Mac Laboratory, 2d ed. (for Macintosh); Computer Activities for Psychology, 4th ed. (CAPS IV, for IBM and Apple); Report Card (a computerized grade-management program, for IBM and Apple); Experiments and Personal Applications in Psychology (for IBM and Apple); and Statistical Computation Program for Students (for IBM and Apple).

These improvements and innovations make this the best edition yet of *Psychology Today*. Students can embark on their introduction to psychology with full confidence that they will find the experience enjoyable and rewarding. It is our hope that instructors will find this new edition a valuable review of past research integrated with the newest research and ideas in the field of psychology.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

We would like to thank the many consultants and reviewers who assisted us on this revision. We are indebted to the consultants who supervised the preparation of both new and revised chapters outside our areas of expertise. Our thanks also go to the specialists who carefully reviewed and helped fine-tune specific chapters. We are grateful to the "core" reviewers who advised us on the revision of the entire text. And, of course, we are deeply appreciative of the time and effort our general reviewers gave to the various chapters. Because their contributions were invaluable to us, we have featured the names of these consultants and reviewers on page ii of the book.

We are indebted to Dr. Robert B. Zajonc of the University of Michigan for his work on previous editions. Our special thanks go to Betty Gatewood, Jinny Joyner, and Mary Marshall, who helped us write some of the chapters.

Richard R. Bootzin Gordon H. Bower Jennifer Crocker Elizabeth Hall

## Contents in Brief

#### Preface xv PART ONE - ABOUT PSYCHOLOGY 1 Understanding Psychology: An Introduction 3 2 The Methods of Psychology 29 PART TWO - BIOLOGY, PERCEPTION, AND AWARENESS 3 The Brain and Behavior 47 4 Sensation and the Senses 79 5 Perception 117 6 Consciousness 145 PART THREE • LEARNING, THINKING, AND COMMUNICATING 7 Learning 175 8 Memory 207 9 Cognition 241 10 Language 275 11 Intelligence and Intelligence Testing 309 PART FOUR • EMOTION AND MOTIVATION 12 Emotion 343 13 Motivation 375 14 Sexuality and Love 403 PART FIVE - THE DEVELOPING PERSON 15 Infancy and Childhood 433 16 Adolescence and Adulthood 469 PART SIX - PERSONALITY, ABNORMALITY, AND ADJUSTMENT 17 Personality 501 18 Psychological Disorders 533 19 Approaches to Treatment 567 20 Health Psychology and Adjustment to Stress 597 PART SEVEN - SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY 21 Attitudes, Social Cognition, and Interpersonal Attraction 627 22 Social Influence and Group Processes 657 23 Industrial/Organizational Psychology 687 APPENDIX - USING STATISTICS IN RESEARCH 715 Glossary G-1

References R-1 Indexes I-1

# CONTENTS

Preface xv	Box: The Mystery of Alzheimer's Disease 57
PART ONE - ABOUT PSYCHOLOGY	Psychological Functions and Brain Organization 57
Chapter 1 . Understanding	Hemispheric Specialization 68
Chapter 1 • Understanding Psychology: An Introduction 3	Gathering Information about the Brain 72
What Is Psychology? 4 Perspectives in Psychology Today 8 Theory and Practice: The Diverse Professions within Psychology Today 15 Psychology and Critical Thinking 21 Box: The Psychological Consequences of Abortion: Critical Thinking about Research on a Sensitive Issue 22 Enduring Themes in Psychology	Box: Replacing Brain Parts 74 Partner to the Nervous System: The Endocrine System 75 Summary 76 Key Terms 77 Concept Review 77 Critical Thinking 77  Chapter 4 • Sensation and
Today 23	the Senses 79
Summary 26 Key Terms 27 Concept Review 27 Critical Thinking 27  Chapter 2 • The Methods of Psychology 29  The Scientific Method 30 The Research Methods of Psychology 32 Box: What Happens to Bad-Tempered Boys: A Correlational Study 38 Ethical Issues and Principles 41 Summary 43	Our Senses and the World 80 Basic Principles of Sensory Systems 82 Vision 87 Hearing 100 Box: Helping the Deaf Hear 105 The Skin Senses: Touch 105 Smell 108 Box: Can You Recognize the Scent of Spruce? 108 Taste 109 The Vestibular Sense 111 The Kinesthetic Sense 111 Summary 112 Key Terms 113
Key Terms 44	Concept Review 114
Concept Review 44	Critical Thinking 114
Critical Thinking 44	Chapter 5 • Perception 117
PART TWO - BIOLOGY, PERCEPTION, AND AWARENESS	The Active but Selective Nature of Perception 118 Enduring Issues in Perception 121
Chapter 3 • The Brain and Behavior 47	Functions of Perception 125 Box: Seeing without Seeing 126
An Overall View of the Nervous System 49 The Nervous System's Basic Units: Neurons 50	Life-Span Changes in Perception 137 Box: Finding Out What Babies Look At 138 Summary 141 Key Terms 142

x CONTENTS

Concept Review 142 Critical Thinking 142

#### Chapter 6 • Consciousness 145

The Nature of Consciousness 146
Natural States of Consciousness 151
Box: Sleep Disorders 156
Altered States of Consciousness 161
Summary 171
Key Terms 172
Concept Review 172
Critical Thinking 172

PART THREE • LEARNING, THINKING, AND COMMUNICATING

#### Chapter 7 • Learning 175

What Is Learning? Definitions and Perspectives 176 Habituation 177 Classical Conditioning 178 Instrumental Conditioning 187 Box: Tacit Knowledge: What Makes a Decision "Feel Right"? 190 Box: How We Learn Superstitions 194 Skill Learning: Chaining and Shaping Spatial Learning and Cognitive Maps Observational Learning and Social Cognitive Theory Summary 203 Key Terms 204 Concept Review 204 Critical Thinking 205

#### Chapter 8 • Memory 207

An Overview of Memory 208 Sensory Memory 212 Short-Term Memory 213 Long-Term Memory 218 Box: Memory and Eyewitness Testimony 222 Box: The Body's Own Memory Enhancers 224 Modifying Our Memory Capabilities 232 Box: The PQ4R Method of Remembering What You Study 236 Summary 236 Key Terms 237 Concept Review 237 Critical Thinking

#### Chapter 9 • Cognition 241

What Is Cognition? 242
Reasoning 248
Decision Making and Judgments 252
Problem Solving 257
Box: How To Make Better Decisions 259
Box: Expert Systems in Business: Deciding
When To Extend Credit 267
Box: The Super Expert Problem
Solver 268
Summary 272
Key Terms 273
Concept Review 273
Critical Thinking 273

#### Chapter 10 • Language 275

Universal Features of Human
Language 276
Linguistic Structure 278
Box: Talking with the Hands 280
Designing and Using Speech
in Daily Life 284
Understanding Language 288
Box: Speed Reading 292
Box: What Is Dyslexia? 294
Language and Thought 296
Biological Foundations of Language 300
Summary 305
Key Terms 306
Concept Review 306
Critical Thinking 307

# Chapter 11 • Intelligence and Intelligence Testing 309

What Is Intelligence? 310 The Measurement of Intelligence Attempts to Describe Intelligence 316 Box: Gardner's "Frames of Mind" 319 How Good Are Intelligence Tests? Box: Does Coaching Raise SAT Scores? 327 The Determinants of Intelligence: Heredity, Environment, and Education 331 Box: Resemblances between Identical Twins Raised Apart Summary 338 Key Terms 339 Concept Review 339 Critical Thinking

CONTENTS xi

# PART FOUR • EMOTION AND MOTIVATION

#### Chapter 12 • Emotion 343

What Is Emotion? 344
Arousal 346
Expressive Behavior 353
Box: How Our Emotions Can Make It
Harder for Us To Lie 354
Appraisal 359
Box: Do Men and Women Live in
Different Emotional Worlds? 362
Happiness: An In-Depth Look
at One Emotion 365
Cultural Aspects of Emotion 368
Summary 370
Key Terms 371
Concept Review 371
Critical Thinking 372

#### Chapter 13 • Motivation 375

Overview of Motivational Concepts 376
Basic Biological Motivation: Thirst and
Hunger 379
Acquired Motivation: Stimulus Seeking
and Arousal 385
Social Motivation: Achievement
and Self-Esteem 387
Box: Why Are Some Drugs
Addictive? 388
Box: Achieving Intimacy: What Are
Friends For? 390
Summary 400
Key Terms 401
Concept Review 401
Critical Thinking 401

#### Chapter 14 • Sexuality and Love 403

The Development of Sexual Identity 404
Human Sexual Responses 407
Box: Methods of Studying Sexual
Behavior 415
Sexual Behavior in America 416
Box: Does Violent Pornography Cause Sex
Crimes? 422
Sex, Intimacy, and Love 425
Summary 428
Key Terms 429
Concept Review 429
Critical Thinking 429

#### PART FIVE • THE DEVELOPING PERSON

# Chapter 15 • Infancy and Childhood 433

Themes and Issues in Development 434 Prenatal Development 437 Development of the Newborn 440 Physical Development in Infancy and Childhood Cognitive Development 446 Box: Piaget Observes His Children 449 Social Development 455 Box: The Changing American Family and Day Care 459 Summary 465 Key Terms 466 Concept Review 466 Critical Thinking 467

# Chapter 16 • Adolescence and Adulthood 469

Adolescence 470
Adulthood 482
Box: Living with Alzheimer's
Disease 484
Box: Prolonged Adolescence in Young
Adulthood 491
Death and Dying 496
Summary 497
Key Terms 497
Concept Review 498
Critical Thinking 498

#### PART SIX • PERSONALITY, ABNORMALITY, AND ADJUSTMENT

#### Chapter 17 • Personality 501

Freud and Psychoanalytic Theories 503 Box: "It Looks Like a Monster with Big Feet" 510 Trait Theories of Personality 513 Behavioral Theories of Personality 519 Box: Studying Cognitive Strategies for Managing a Situation 523 The Humanistic Perspective 525 The Biological Perspective 529 Summary 530 Key Terms 531 Concept Review 531 Critical Thinking 531

xii CONTENTS

# Chapter 18 • Psychological Disorders 533

Understanding Abnormality 534 Anxiety Disorders 541 Box: Eating Disorders 543 Somatoform Disorders Dissociative Disorders 546 Mood Disorders 547 Box: Why Do Adolescents Kill Themselves? 551 Schizophrenia 551 Social Disorders Box: Criteria for Drug Dependence Integrating Perspectives on Abnormality Summary 563 Key Terms 564 Concept Review Critical Thinking 564

# Chapter 19 • Approaches to Treatment 567

The Nature of Psychotherapy 568 Psychodynamic Therapies 569 Behavior Therapies 571 Humanistic Therapies 577 Group and Family Approaches 578 The Effectiveness of Psychotherapy Box: How To Choose a Therapist 582 Integration and Eclecticism in Psychotherapy Biomedical Approaches to Therapy Community Mental Health Services 587 Box: The Homeless: Victims of Good Intentions 591 Prevention of Psychological Disorder 592 Box: Self-Help Books: Do They Help? 593 Summary 594 Key Terms 595 Concept Review 595

# Chapter 20 • Health Psychology and Adjustment to Stress 597

Critical Thinking

Health Psychology: Mind and Body 598 Keeping Healthy 599 Box: Promoting a Poor Health Habit: The Example of Cigarette Advertising 604 Stress and Health 606 Box: Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder among Vietnam Veterans 610

595

Coping with Stress 618
Box: Exam Stress and Immune
Functioning 619
Summary 623
Key Terms 623
Concept Review 623
Critical Thinking 624

#### PART SEVEN - SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

# Chapter 21 • Attitudes, Social Cognition, and Interpersonal Attraction 627

Attitudes 628
Box: The Functions of Attitudes 638
Social Cognition 639
Interpersonal Attraction and
Friendship 648
Box: Are White Americans' Racial
Attitudes Really Changing? 649
Summary 654
Key Terms 655
Concept Review 655
Critical Thinking 655

# Chapter 22 • Social Influence and Group Processes 657

Social Influence 658 Box: Do Women Conform More Than Men? 664 Helping and Hurting: Prosocial and Antisocial Behavior 669 Box: Media Reports of Prize Fights and Executions: The Impact on the Murder Rate 677 Group Processes: Cooperation and Performance 678 Environmental Psychology 682 Summary 684 Key Terms 685 Concept Review 685 Critical Thinking 685

# Chapter 23 • Industrial/Organizational Psychology 687

The Birth and Development of Industrial/Organizational Psychology 688 Matching Workers to Jobs 690 Work Motivation 695
Box: The Realistic Job Preview 696
Box: Equity Theory: A Window Office May Be as Rewarding as a Raise 699

CONTENTS xiii

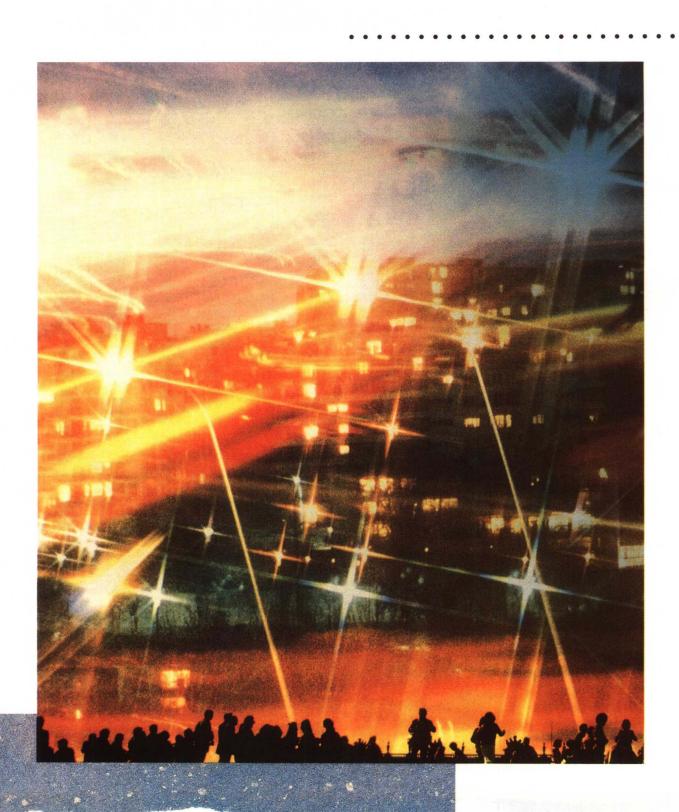
Work-Related Attitudes 702
Social Influences at Work 704
Box: Workers' Attitudes and Absenteeism after a Blizzard 705
Summary 712
Key Terms 713
Concept Review 713
Critical Thinking 713

Appendix • Using Statistics in Research 715

Statistics: The Basics 716 Frequency Distribution 718 Measures of Central Tendency 720
Box: Calculating the Mean 721
Measures of Variability 721
Normal Curves 722
Box: How To Find the Standard
Deviation 723
Graphing a Linear Relationship among
Variables 725
Measuring Correlations 726

Glossary G-1 References R-1 Name Index I-1 Subject Index I-9 Credits and Acknowledgments C-1

# About Psychology



# .... Understanding Psychology: An Introduction

#### WHAT IS PSYCHOLOGY?

A Working Definition
An Old Tradition, a New Science

## PERSPECTIVES IN PSYCHOLOGY TODAY

The Behavioral Perspective
The Cognitive Perspective
The Physiological Perspective
The Psychodynamic Perspective
The Humanistic Perspective

#### THEORY AND PRACTICE: THE DIVERSE PROFESSIONS WITHIN PSYCHOLOGY TODAY

Major Areas of Specialization
Research Specialties
Applied Specialties
The Field Expands

#### PSYCHOLOGY AND CRITICAL THINKING

Using Psychology To Understand Critical Thinking Using Critical Thinking To Understand Psychology

Box: The Psychological Consequences of Abortion: Critical Thinking about Research on a Sensitive Issue Evaluating the Quality of Psychological Research

Analyzing Complex Problems from Divergent Viewpoints

# ENDURING THEMES IN PSYCHOLOGY TODAY

Nature and Nurture
Biological Continuity
and Human Uniqueness
Conscious and Unconscious Experience
Individual Differences
and Universal Principles
The Individual and Society